
**User's
Manual**

***DXAdvanced* R4!**

**DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000
Communication Interface**

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the DX1000/DX2000.

This Communication Interface User's Manual contains information about the Ethernet/serial interface communication functions. To ensure correct use, please read this manual thoroughly before operation.

Keep this manual in a safe place for quick reference in the event a question arises.

The following manuals, including this one, are provided as manuals for the DX.

- **Paper manual**

Manual Name	Manual No.	Description
DX1000/DX1000N Operation Guide	IM 04L41B01-02E	Explains concisely the operating procedure of the DX1000 and DX1000N.
DX2000 Operation Guide	IM 04L42B01-02E	Explains concisely the operating procedure of the DX2000.
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 Control of Pollution Caused by the Product	IM 04L41B01-91C	Gives a description of pollution control.

- **Electronic manuals**

Manual Name	Manual No.	Description
DX1000/DX1000N Operation Guide	IM 04L41B01-02E	This is the electronic version of the paper manual.
DX2000 Operation Guide	IM 04L42B01-02E	
DX1000/DX1000N User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-01E	Describes how to use the DX. The communication and network functions, custom display functions, and some of the options are excluded.
DX2000 User's Manual	IM 04L42B01-01E	
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 Multi Batch (/BT2) User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-03E	Describes how to use the multi batch function (/BT2 option).
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 Custom Display User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-04E	Describes how to use the custom display function.
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-05EN	Describes how to use the advanced security function (/AS1 option).
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 Communication Interface User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-17E	Explains the communication functions of the DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 using the Ethernet/serial interface.
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 PLC Communication Protocol Communication Interface User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-18E	Describes how to use communication functions through the PLC communication protocol interface.
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 PROFIBUS-DP (/CP1) Communication Interface User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-19E	Describes how to use communication functions through the PROFIBUS-DP interface (/CP1 option).

- **DAQSTANDARD Manuals**

Manual Title	Manual No.
DAQSTANDARD Viewer User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-63EN
DAQSTANDARD Hardware Setup User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-64EN
DAQSTANDARD DX100P/DX200P Hardware Configurator User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-65EN
Installing DAQSTANDARD	IM 04L41B01-66EN

Notes

- The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice as a result of continuing improvements to the instrument's performance and functions. The figures given in this manual may differ from those that actually appear on your screen.
- Every effort has been made in the preparation of this manual to ensure the accuracy of its contents. However, should you have any questions or find any errors, please contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.
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- The TCP/IP software of this product and the document concerning the TCP/IP software have been developed/created by YOKOGAWA based on the BSD Networking Software, Release 1 that has been licensed from the Regents of the University of California.
- This manual follows the guidelines of Microsoft Corporation for displaying screen captures.

QR Code

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It enables confirming the specifications of purchased products and user's manuals. For more details, please refer to the following URL.

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Revisions

- 1st edition: December 2005
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- 5th edition: November 2008
- 6th edition: March 2010
- 7th edition: December 2010
- 8th edition: March 2016
- 9th edition: May 2019
- 10th edition: June 2020
- 11th edition: December 2022

DX's version and functions described in this manual

For details on the functions that have been added or changed, see "DX's Version and Functions Described in This Manual" in the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

Edition	DX	Description
2	Version 1.11	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	Version 1.21	
3	Release number 2 (Version 2.0x)	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	Style number 2	NEMA4 compliance.
4	Same as edition 3.	Additions and improvements to functionality.
		Changed the direction of the clamp input terminal (/H2 option).
5	Release number 3 (Version 3.0x)	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	Style number 3	Changed the boot ROM.
6	Release number 4 (Version 4.0x)	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	Style number 3	Added models with 400 MB of internal memory (internal memory suffix code -3).
7	Same as edition 6.	Additions and improvements to explanations.
8	Release number 4 (Version 4.0x)	Additions and improvements to explanations. NLF is supported. User's manuals are supplied by downloading them on the web site. DX1000: LCD is changed. DX2000: LCD is changed.
	Style number DX1000, DX2000: 4 DX1000N: 3	
9	Same as edition 8.	Additions and improvements to explanations.
10	Release number 4 (Version 4.2x)	Changed the style (H). Changed the EtherNet/IP name.
	Style number DX1000, DX2000: 5 DX1000N: 5	
11	Same as edition 10.	Additions and improvements to explanations.

Conventions Used in This Manual

- **Unit**
 - k: Denotes 1000. Example: 5 kg, 100 kHz
 - K: Denotes 1024. Example: 640 KB

- **Markings**

The following markings are used in this manual.



Refer to corresponding location on the instrument. This symbol appears on dangerous locations on the instrument which require special instructions for proper handling or use. The same symbol appears in the corresponding place in the manual to identify those instructions.

WARNING

Calls attention to actions or conditions that could cause serious injury or death to the user, and precautions that can be taken to prevent such occurrences.

CAUTION

Calls attentions to actions or conditions that could cause light injury to the user or damage to the instrument or user's data, and precautions that can be taken to prevent such occurrences.

Note

Calls attention to information that is important for proper operation of the instrument.

- **Bold characters**

Bold characters are mainly characters and numbers that appear on the display. The ◊ symbol indicates key and menu operations.

Models Covered in This Manual

This manual mainly describes the operating procedures on the DX1000. When the procedures differ between the DX2000 and the DX1000, the procedures (including the menu operation) on the DX2000 are also given.

High-Speed and Medium-Speed Model Groupings

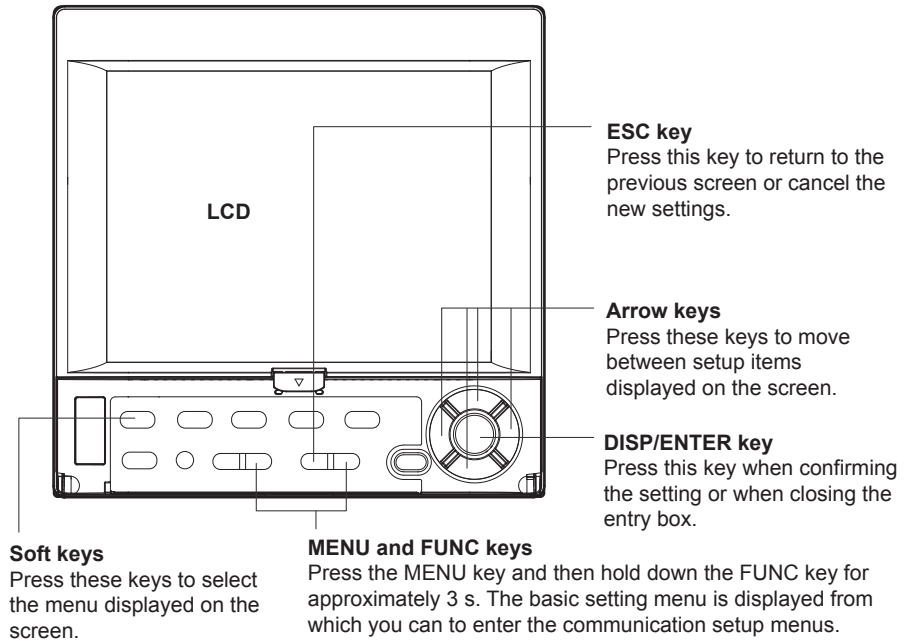
This manual uses the terms high-speed input model and medium-speed input model to distinguish between DX models as follows:

Model	Type Model
High-speed input model	DX1002, DX1004, DX1002N, DX1004N, DX2004, and MV2008
Medium-speed input model	DX1006, DX1012, DX1006N, DX1012N, DX2010, DX2020, DX2030, DX2040, and DX2048

Names and Uses of Parts and the Setup Procedures Using the Operation Keys

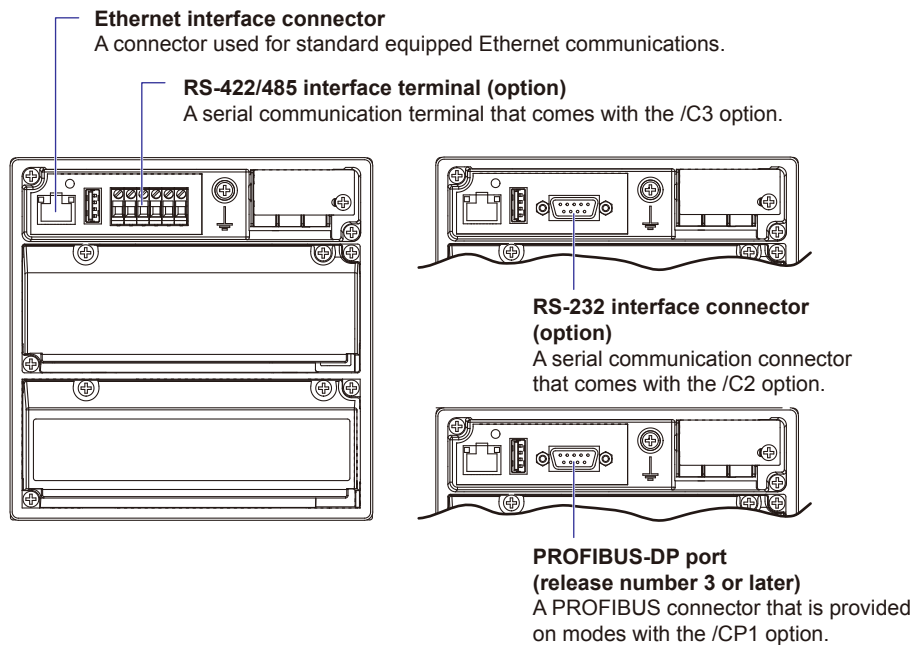
Front Panel

DX1000



Rear Panel

DX1000



Blank

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1.1 DX Features

This section gives an overview of the communication functions that the DX can control when it is connected to a network via the Ethernet interface.

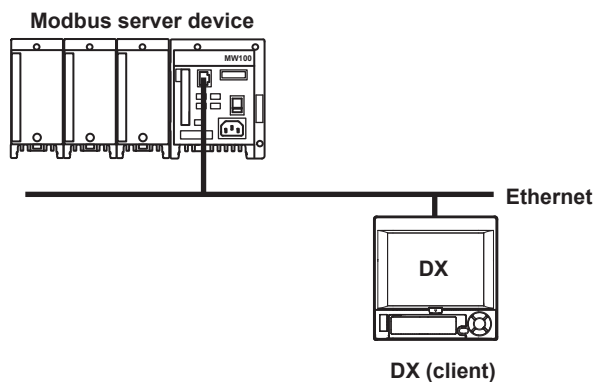
Modbus Client

- The DX acting as a Modbus client device can connect to a Modbus server device and read or write to the internal register. The read data can be used as communication input data of the computation function* on a computation channel. The data can also be handled on the external input channel**. The data that can be written to the internal register is measured data and computed data.

* /M1 and /PM1 options

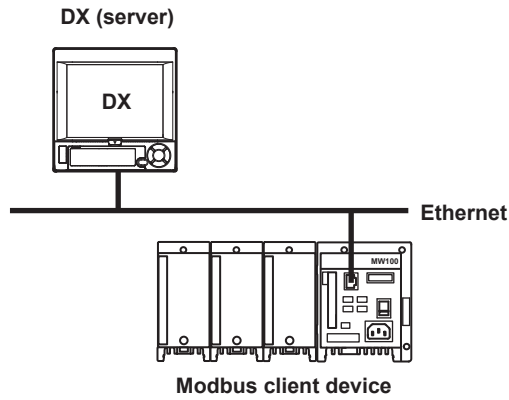
** DX2000 with /MC1 option

- For details on the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.10.



Modbus Server

- A Modbus client device can carry out the following operations on the DX that is operating as a Modbus server device.
 - Load data from measurement, computed,* and external input channels** (using the input register)
 - Load communication input data* (using the hold register)
 - Write communication input data* (using the hold register)
 - Write to external input channels* (using the hold register)
 - Start and stop recording, write messages, and perform other similar operations (using the hold register; models with release number 3 or later)
 - Load the recording start/stop condition, message strings, and other types of data (using the hold register; models with release number 3 or later)
- * /M1 and /PM1 options
- For details on the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.9.



Setting/Measurement Server

- This function can be used to set almost all of the settings that can be configured using the front panel keys. However, you cannot turn the power on and off or configure the following settings:
User registration^{*1}, the root password and authentication key of the password management function^{*2}, the key lock password, the connection destination of the FTP client function, SMTP authentication, and POP3 settings.
*1 Can be configured on DXs with the /AS1 option.
*2 /AS1 option
- The following types of data can be output.
 - Measured, computed^{*3}, and external input^{*4} data.
 - Files in the internal memory or files on the external storage medium.
 - Setup information and status byte.
 - A log of operation errors and communications.
 - Alarm summary and message summary.
 - Relay status information.

The measured, computed^{*3}, and external input^{*4} data can be output to a PC in BINARY or ASCII format. Other types of data are output in ASCII format. For a description of the data output format, see chapter 4.

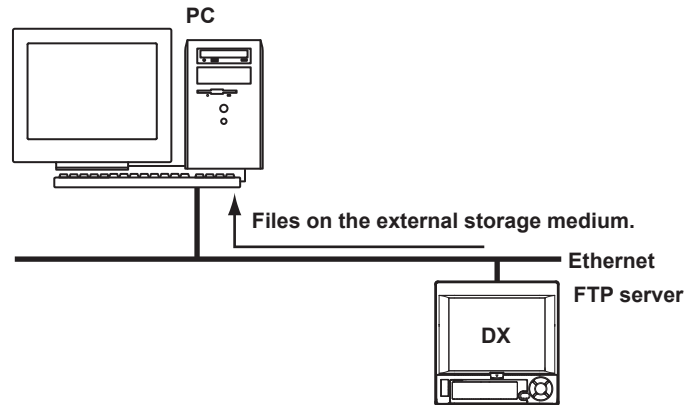
*3 /M1 or /PM1 option
*4 DX2000 with /MC1 option
- For details on how to use this function, see section 1.12.
- The commands that can be used with this function are setting commands (see sections 3.4 and 3.5), basic setting commands (see section 3.6), and output commands (see sections 3.7 and 3.8).
- This function can be used when communicating via the Ethernet interface or the serial interface (option).
- For information about the settings and operations for using this function through serial commands, see chapter 2.

Application timeout

This function closes the connection with the PC if there is no data transfer for a given time. For example, this function prevents a PC from being connected to the DX indefinitely without transferring data and prohibiting other users from making new connections for data transfer.

FTP Server

- You can use a PC to access the DX via FTP. You can perform operations such as retrieving directory and file lists from the external storage medium of the DX and transferring and deleting files. In addition, you can also retrieve the directory or file list and transfer files in the internal memory.
- On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option, you cannot create or delete files on the external storage media connected to the DX.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.6.

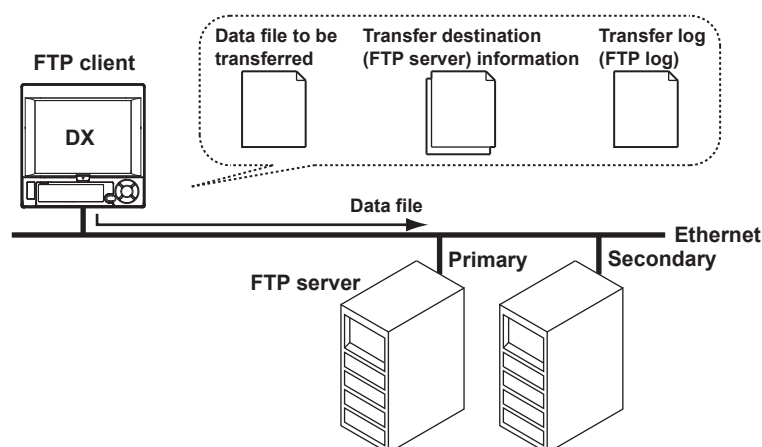


FTP Client

Automatic transferring of files

- The display data file, event data file, report data file, snapshot data file, setup file^{*1}, and change settings log file^{*1} that are created in the internal memory of the DX can be automatically transferred to a remote FTP server. The result of the transfer is recorded in the FTP log. The FTP log can be shown on the DX's display (see "Log Display" described later) or output to a PC using commands. If there is no CF card in the DX, file transfer is possible.

^{*1} /AS1 option



You can specify two destination FTP servers, primary and secondary. If the primary server is down, the file is transferred to the secondary server.

- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.7.
- FTP test**
 - You can test whether files can be transferred by transferring a test file from the DX to a remote FTP server.
 - The result of the FTP test can be confirmed on the FTP log display.
 - For the procedure to use this function, see section 1.7.

Maintenance/Test Server

- This function can be used to output connection information, network information, and other information regarding Ethernet communications.
- The commands that can be used with this function are maintenance/test commands (see section 3.10).
- The close command cannot be used on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option. The close command closes the connection between a DX (other than the DX that you are operating) and a PC.

Instrument Information Server

- This function can be used to output the serial number, model name, and other information about the DX connected via the Ethernet network.
- The commands that can be used with this function are instrument information output commands (see section 3.12).

Login (On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option)

- This function can be used only when using the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and the FTP server functions.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.
- For a description of the login process of the setting/measurement server and maintenance/test server, see appendix 2.

User registration

Users are registered using the login function of the DX. There are two user levels: administrator and user.

- **Administrator**

An administrator has privileges to use all the functions of the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and FTP server. An administrator can access the operator and monitor pages through the Web server function.

- **User**

A user has limited privileges to use the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and FTP server. For the limitation on the commands, see section 3.2.

- Limitations on the use of the setting/measurement server
A user is not authorized to change the settings that would change the operation of the DX. However, a user can output measured and setting data.
- Limitations on the use of the maintenance/test server
A user cannot disconnect a connection between another PC and the DX. A user can disconnect the connection between the PC that the user is using and the DX.
- Limitations on the use of the FTP server
A user cannot save files to the external storage medium of the DX or delete files on it. A user can load files.

A user can access the monitor page through the Web server function.

Login (On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option)

- You have to log in to use the setting/measurement server and Web server functions.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM 04L41B01-05EN)*.
- For a description of the login process of the setting/measurement server, see appendix 2.

Setting/Measurement Server

- **User Registration**

You can use the DX login function to register users. There are two user levels: administrator and user.

Administrator

There are two types of connections that can be made to the DX setting/measurement server: connections to the setting function (setting connection) and connections to the monitoring function (monitoring connections). When you connect to the setting function as an administrator, you can perform all the commands. When you connect to the monitoring function, you can only produce measurement and setup data and execute input commands for communication input data and external input channels. For information about what commands can be sent, see section 3.2.

User

If you log in to the monitoring function as a user, you can perform the same commands that you can perform when you log in as an administrator. When you connect to the setting function, in addition to the monitoring function commands, you can also perform some control commands. The commands that you can perform are those that have been enabled by the user privileges. See section 3.2.

Web Server

- **User Registration**

You can use the DX login function to register Web server users. There are two user levels: administrator and user.

Administrator

An administrator can access the operator and monitor pages through the Web server function. See section 1.5.

User

A user can access the monitor page through the Web server function.

Note

Accessing the Maintenance/Test Server

Log in with the user name "admin" or "user."

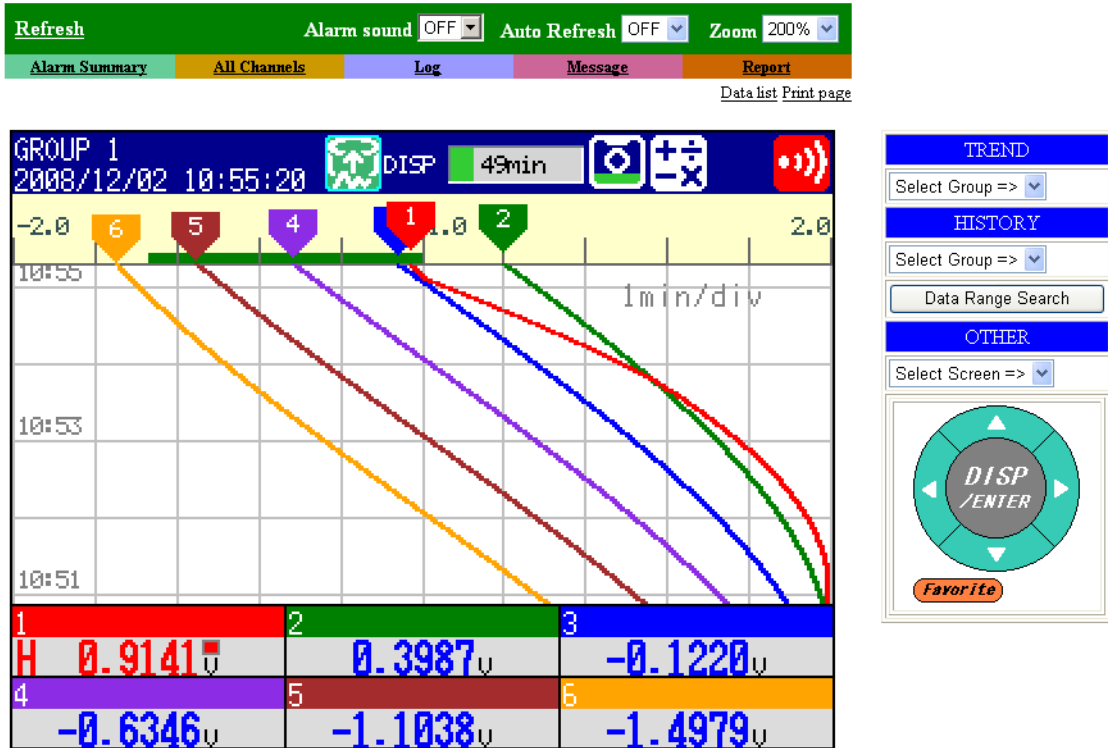
Accessing the FTP Server

Log in with the user name "admin," "user," or "anonymous."

Web Server

Microsoft Internet Explorer can be used to display the DX screen on the PC.

- The following two pages are available.
 - Monitor page: Screen dedicated for monitoring.
 - Operator page: You can switch the DX screen. You can also modify and write messages.
- You can set access control (user name and password specified with the login function) on each page.
- The screen can be updated at a constant period (approximately 10 s).



For the procedure to set the Web server function, see section 1.5.

For operations on the monitor page and operator page, see section 1.5.

E-mail Transmission

Transmitting e-mail messages

The available types of e-mails are listed below. E-mail can be automatically transmitted for each item. You can specify two groups of destinations and specify the destination for each item. In addition, you can set a header string for each item.

- Alarm mail
Reports alarm information when an alarm occurs or clears. Alternatively, reports alarm information only when an alarm occurs.
- System mail
Notifies the time of the power failure and the time of recovery when the DX recovers from a power failure.
Notifies the detection of memory end when it is detected.
Notifies the error code and message when a media-related error occurs (an error on the external storage medium or when the data cannot be stored due to insufficient free space on the external storage medium).
Notifies the error code and message when an error related to FTP client (when a data transfer fails using the FTP client function) occurs.
On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option, this type of e-mail indicates that a user has been locked (“Invalid user”).
- Scheduled mail
Transmits an e-mail message when the specified time is reached. This can be used to confirm that the e-mail transmission function including the network is working properly. You can specify the reference time and the e-mail transmission interval for each destination.
- Report mail (only on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1 option))
Notifies the report results.

For the procedure to set the e-mail transmission function, see section 1.4.

For the e-mail transmission format, see section 1.4.

For the procedure to start/stop e-mail transmission, see section 1.4.

Example of an e-mail sent at a scheduled time

From: DX1000@daqstation.com	
Date: Sun, 5 Oct 2003 08:00:45 +0900 (JST)	
Subject: Periodic_data	Subject
To: user1@daqstation.com, user2@daq.co.jp	
LOOP1	Header 1
TEMPERATURE	Header 2
Time	
Host name	
DX1000	
Time of transmission	
10/05 08:00:01	

E-mail test

- You can send a test message from the DX to the destination to check e-mail transmissions.
- You can confirm the result of the e-mail test on the e-mail log screen.
- For the procedure to use this function, see section 1.4.

SNTP Server/Client

The client function retrieves time information from a specified SNTP server such as at the specified interval.

The server function provides time information to DXs connected to the same network.

DHCP Client

This function can be used to automatically retrieve IP addresses from a DHCP server. You can also manually request or release network information.

PLC communication protocol Server (Release number 3 or later)

The DX supports the following features.

- Loads data for measurement, computed, and external input channels.
- Writes to communication input data and external input channels.

For operating instructions, see the PLC Communication Protocol *Communication Interface User's Manual (IM04L41B01-18E)*.

Other Functions

Checking the connection status of the Ethernet interface

You can check the connection status of the Ethernet interface on the rear panel or on the display of the DX.

For a description on the location and meaning of the connection status indicator, see section 1.3.

Keepalive (extension function of TCP)

This function drops the connection if there is no response to the inspection packet that is periodically transmitted at the TCP level.

For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.3.

Log display

You can display operation logs on the log display. The log can also be confirmed using a communication command. In addition, the Web screen can show the log display (excluding the communication log and DHCP log).

- Error log screen: Log of operation errors
- Communication log screen: Log of communication input/output to the setting measurement server
- FTP log screen : Log of file transfers carried out using the FTP client function.
- WEB log screen : Log of operations using the Web server function
- Mail log screen : Log of E-mail transmissions
- Login log screen^{*1} : Log of login, logout, items related to time adjustment, and calibration management operations.
- SNTP log screen : Log of access to the SNTP server
- DHCP log screen : Log of access to the DHCP server
- Modbus log screen : Log of Modbus status (access to the master or client)
- Operation log screen^{*2}: Log of operations
- Change settings log screen^{*2}: Log of setting changes

^{*1} Only on DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option

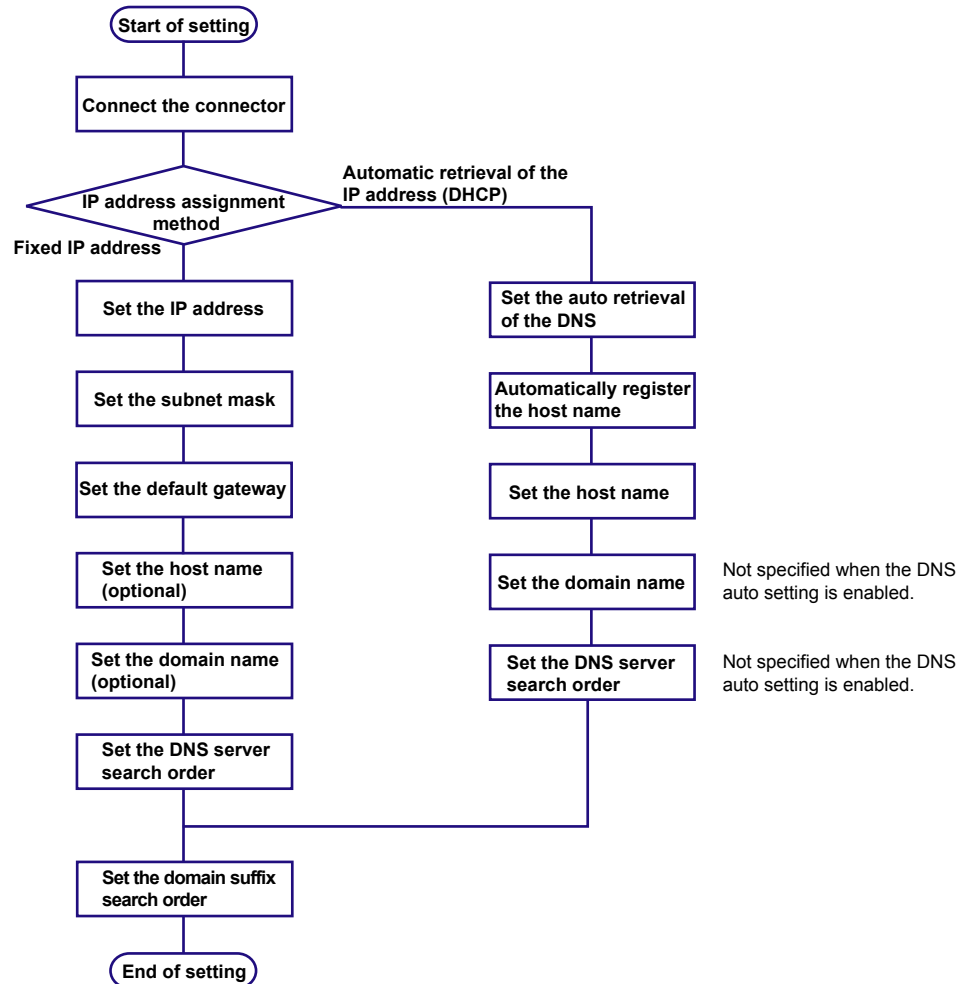
^{*2} Only on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option

For the operating procedure of the log screen and the details on the displayed contents, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*. For details on the Modbus status log, see section 1.10.

For details on the log output using communication commands, see section 4.2. For a description of the log display on the Web screen, see section 1.5.

1.2 Flow of Operation When Using the Ethernet Interface

Follow the flowchart below to set the Ethernet communications.

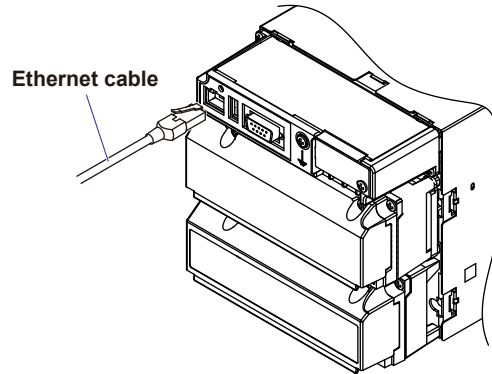


1.3 Connecting the DX

Connecting to the Port

Connector

Connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port on the DX rear panel.

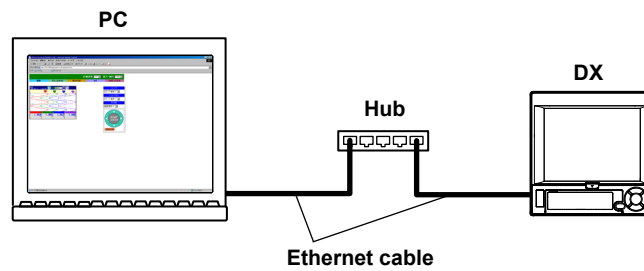


CAUTION

Do not connect an Ethernet cable whose plug does not comply with FCC specifications. If you do, the DX may malfunction.

Connecting to the PC

Make the connection via a hub. For a one-to-one connection with a PC, make the connection as shown in the figure below. Multiple DXs can be connected to a single PC in a similar manner.



Setting the IP Address and Host Information

- DX1000
 - ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **IP address**.
 - ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Host settings**.
 - ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **DNS settings**.
- DX2000
 - ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **IP Address, Host settings**.
 - ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **DNS settings**.

IP address setting

Basic Setting Mode		Ethernet Link
IP-address		
DHCP	<input type="button" value="Not"/>	
Fixed IP-address		
IP-address	10. 0. 23. 75	
Subnet mask	255.255.255. 0	
Default gateway	10. 0. 23. 1	
<input type="button" value="Use"/>		<input type="button" value="Not"/>

Host name setting

Basic Setting Mode		Ethernet Link
Host settings		
Host name	<input type="text" value="dx1000"/>	
Domain name	<input type="text" value="daestation.com"/>	
<input type="button" value="Input"/>		<input type="button" value="Clear"/> <input type="button" value="Copy"/>

DNS setting

Basic Setting Mode		Ethernet Link
Server search order		
Primary	<input type="text" value="0. 0. 0. 0"/>	
Secondary	<input type="text" value="0. 0. 0. 0"/>	
Domain suffix search order		
Primary	<input type="text"/>	
Secondary	<input type="text"/>	
<input type="button" value="Input"/>		

Set the IP address to a fixed IP address or obtain it automatically (DHCP). Consult with your network administrator for the network parameters such as the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS.

When using a fixed IP address

- **DHCP**
Set DHCP to **Not**.
- **IP address**
Set the IP address to assign to the DX.
- **Subnet mask**
Set the subnet mask according to the system or network to which the DX belongs.
- **Default gateway**
Set the IP address of the gateway.
- **Host name**
Set the DX's host name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters. You do not have to set this parameter.
- **Domain name**
Set the network domain name that the DX belongs to using up to 64 characters. You do not have to set this parameter.
- **Server search order**
Register up to two IP addresses for the primary and secondary DNS servers.
- **Domain suffix search order**
Set up to two domain suffixes: primary and secondary.

When obtaining the IP address from DHCP

- **DHCP**
Set DHCP to **Use**.
- **DNS accession**
To automatically obtain the DNS server address, select **Use**. Otherwise, select **Not**. If you select **Not**, you must set the server search order.
- **Host-name register**
To automatically register the host name to the DNS server, select **Use**.
- **Host name**
Set the DX's host name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.
- **Domain name**
Set the network domain name that the DX belongs to using up to 64 characters.
- **Server search order (not necessary when DNS accession is enabled)**
Register up to two IP addresses for the primary and secondary DNS servers.
- **Domain suffix search order**
Set up to two domain suffixes: primary and secondary.

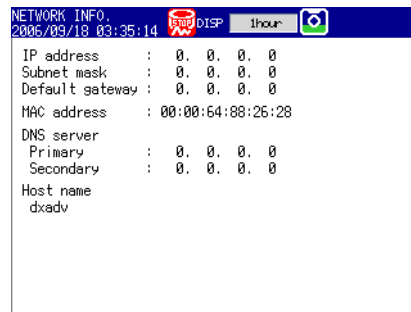
Requesting/Releasing Network Information from DHCP

You can manually request or release network information such as the IP address.

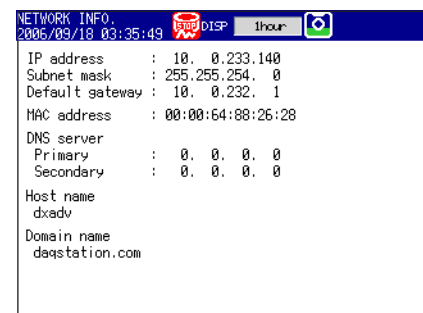
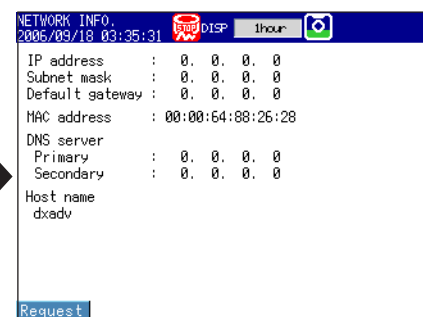
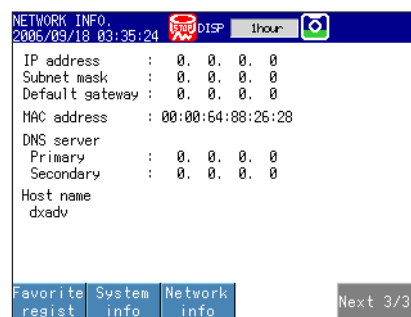
This operation applies when DHCP is set to Use. Perform the request or release after displaying the network information screen.

Requesting Network Information

1. Display the network information screen.
 - ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **Network info**.



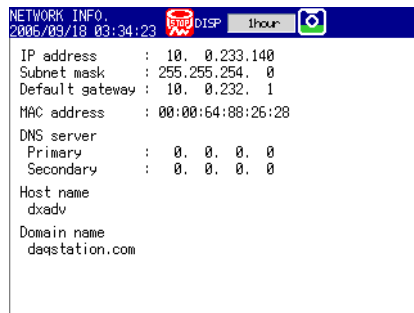
2. Execute the network information request.
 - ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **Network info > Request**.



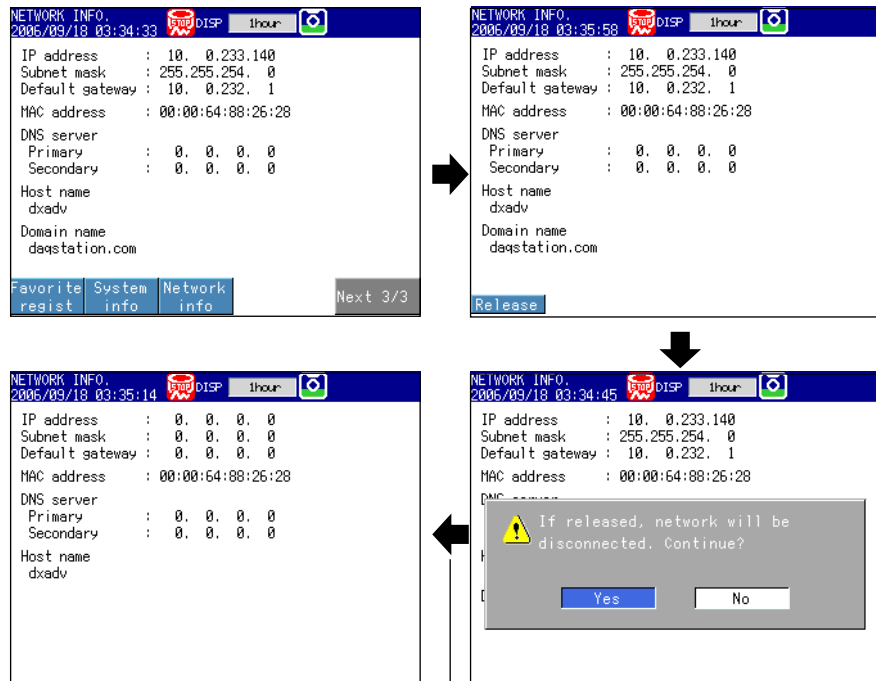
The network information is displayed.

Releasing Network Information

1. Display the network information screen.
 - ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **Network info**.



2. Execute the network information release.
 - ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **Network info > Release**.

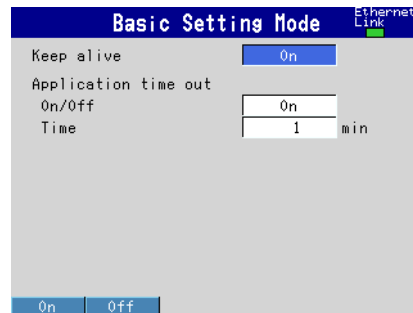


The network information is released.

DISP/ENTER key

Setting the Communication Status

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Keep alive, Timeout**.



Setting the keepalive

To disconnect when there is no response to the test packets that are periodically sent, select **On**. Otherwise, select **Off**.

Setting the application timeout

- Selecting On/Off
To use the application timeout function, select **On**. Otherwise, select **Off**. If you select **On**, a timeout item is displayed.
- Time
Set the timeout value between 1 and 120 (minutes).

Checking the communication status

The Ethernet communication status can be confirmed with the LED lamp that is provided on the Ethernet connector on the DX rear panel or the Ethernet link that is shown at the upper right of the basic setting screen.

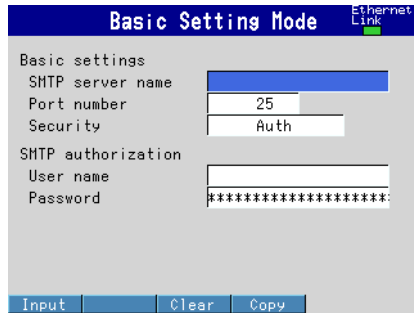
1.4 Sending E-mail Messages

Settings for Sending E-mail

Set the server configuration and the contents of the e-mail transmission.

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **E-Mail**.

Basic settings



Basic Setting Mode Ethernet Link

Basic settings

SMTP server name

Port number 25

Security Auth

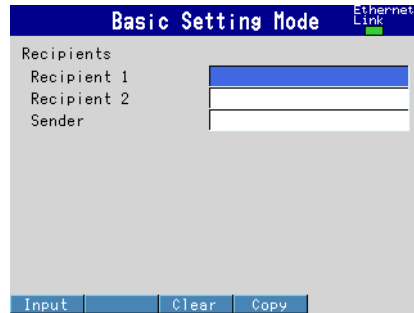
SMTP authorization

User name

Password *****

Input Clear Copy

Recipients



Basic Setting Mode Ethernet Link

Recipients

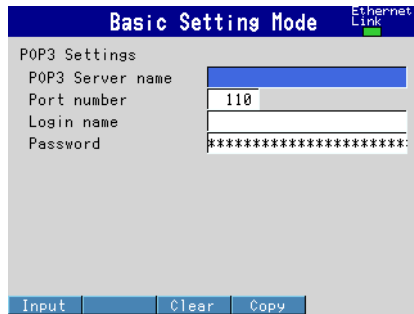
Recipient 1

Recipient 2

Sender

Input Clear Copy

POP3 Settings



Basic Setting Mode Ethernet Link

POP3 Settings

POP3 Server name

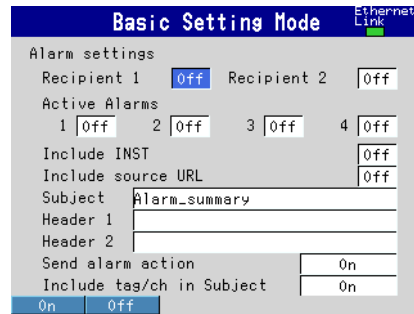
Port number 110

Login name

Password *****

Input Clear Copy

Alarm settings



Basic Setting Mode Ethernet Link

Alarm settings

Recipient 1 Off Recipient 2 Off

Active Alarms

1 Off 2 Off 3 Off 4 Off

Include INST Off

Include source URL Off

Subject Alarm_summary

Header 1

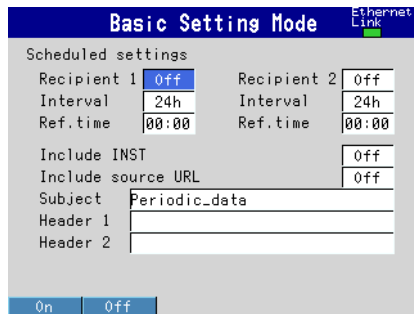
Header 2

Send alarm action On

Include tag/ch in Subject On

On Off

Scheduled settings



Basic Setting Mode Ethernet Link

Scheduled settings

Recipient 1 Off Recipient 2 Off

Interval 24h Interval 24h

Ref.time 00:00 Ref.time 00:00

Include INST Off

Include source URL Off

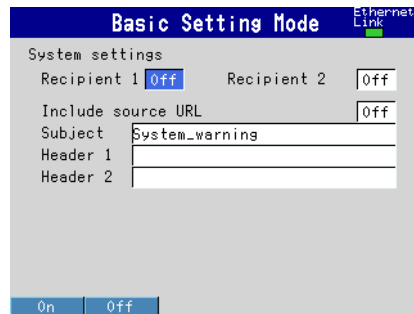
Subject Periodic_data

Header 1

Header 2

On Off

System settings



Basic Setting Mode Ethernet Link

System settings

Recipient 1 Off Recipient 2 Off

Include source URL Off

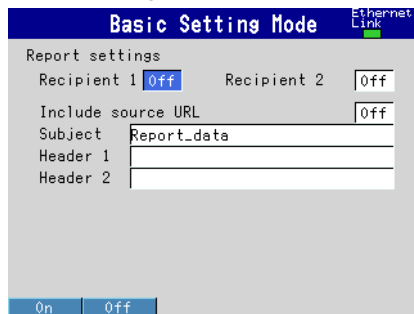
Subject System_warning

Header 1

Header 2

On Off

Report settings



Basic Setting Mode Ethernet Link

Report settings

Recipient 1 Off Recipient 2 Off

Include source URL Off

Subject Report_data

Header 1

Header 2

On Off

Basic Settings

Set the SMTP server and mail address.

- **SMTP server name**
Enter the host name or IP address of the SMTP server.
- **Port number**
Unless specified otherwise, set the number to the default value. The default value is 25.
- **Security (release number 3 or later)**
Select **PbS** if you want to enable POP before SMTP. To enable authenticated e-mail transmission (Authentication SMTP), select **Auth** (release numbers 4 and later). When you select **Auth**, the SMTP authorization items appear.

SMTP authorization (Release numbers 4 and later)

To enable support for authenticated e-mail transmission (Authentication SMTP), set a user name and password to use for authentication.

- **User name**
Enter the user name. You can enter up to 32 characters.
- **Password**
Enter the password. You can enter up to 32 characters.

Recipients

- **Recipient1 and Recipient2**
Enter the e-mail address. Multiple e-mail addresses can be entered in the box of one recipient. When entering multiple addresses, delimit each address with a space. Up to 150 characters can be entered.
- **Sender**
Enter the sender e-mail address. You can enter up to 64 characters.

POP3 Settings (release number 3 or later)

If you need to use POP before SMTP, specify the POP3 server that will be used for authentication.

For instructions on how to set the POP3 login method, see “Configuring the POP3 Server Connection” later in this section.

- **POP3 Server name**
Enter the POP3 server host name or IP address.
- **Port number**
Use the default setting unless you need to change it. The default value is 110.
- **Login name**
Enter the POP3 server login name.
- **Password**
Enter the POP3 server login password using up to 32 characters.

Alarm Settings

Specify the settings for sending e-mail when alarms occur or release.

- **Recipient1 and Recipient2**
Set the e-mail recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select **On** to send e-mail or **Off** to not send e-mail.
- **Active alarms**
Sends an e-mail when an alarm occurs or releases. You can select **On** (send e-mail) or **Off** (not send e-mail) for alarms 1 to 4.
- **Include instantaneous value**
Select **On** to attach instantaneous value data. The data that is attached is the instantaneous value that is measured at the time the e-mail is transmitted.

1.4 Sending E-mail Messages

- **Include source URL**
Select **On** to attach the source URL. Attach the URL when the Web server is enabled.
- **Subject**
Enter the subject of the e-mail using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The default setting is Alarm_summary.
- **Header1 and Header2**
Enter header 1 and header 2 using up to 64 characters.
- **Send alarm action (Release number 3 or later)**
To send e-mail when an alarm occurs and when it is cleared, select **On+Off**. To only send e-mail when an alarm occurs, select **On**.
- **Include tag/ch in Subject (Release number 3 or later)**
Select **On** to include a tag number in the subject. If the tag number is not set, the corresponding channel number is included.

Scheduled Settings

Specify the settings for sending e-mail at scheduled times.

- **Recipient1 and Recipient2**
Set the e-mail recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select **On** to send e-mail or **Off** to not send e-mail.
- **Interval**
Select the interval for sending e-mail to Recipient1 and Recipient2 from 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, and 24 hours.
- **Ref. time**
Enter the time used as a reference for sending the e-mail at the specified interval to Recipient1 and Recipient2.
- **Include instantaneous value, Include source URL, Subject, and Header**
These items are the same as the e-mail that is sent when an alarm occurs. The default subject is Periodic_data.

System Settings

Specify the settings for sending e-mail when the DX recovers from a power failure, at memory end, and when an error occurs.

- **Recipient1 and Recipient2**
Set the e-mail recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select **On** to send e-mail or **Off** to not send e-mail.
- **Include source URL, Subject, and Header**
These items are the same as the e-mail that is sent when an alarm occurs. The default subject is System_warning.

Report Settings

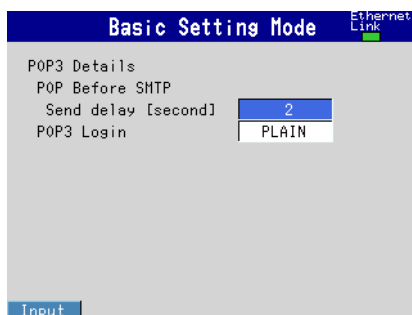
Specify the settings for sending e-mail when reports are created.

- **Recipient1 and Recipient2**
Set the recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select **On** to send e-mail or **Off** to not send e-mail.
- **Include source URL, Subject, and Header**
These items are the same as the e-mail that is sent when an alarm occurs. The default subject is Report_data.

Configuring the POP3 Server Connection (Release number 3 or later)

Specify how the DX operates when it connects to a POP server.

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode) and select the **Environment** tab > **Communication** > **POP3 Details**.



Send delay [seconds]

Enter the delay between a POP3 server authentication and the transmission in the range of 0 to 10 seconds.

POP3 Login

To encrypt the password when logging into the POP3 server, select APOP. To send it in plain text, select PLAIN.

E-mail Test

- ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **E-mail test** > **Recipient1** or **Recipient2**.
You can send a test e-mail to check the e-mail settings.

Starting/Stopping the E-mail Transmission

Starting the e-mail transmission

- ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **E-Mail START**.
The e-mail transmission function is enabled.

Stopping the e-mail transmission

- ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **E-Mail STOP**.
The e-mail transmission function is disabled. Unsent e-mail messages are cleared.

E-mail retransmission

If the e-mail transmission fails, the message is retransmitted up to three times at 30-s, 1-minute, or 3-minute intervals. If retransmission fails, the e-mail message is discarded.

E-mail Format

The formats of alarm e-mails, scheduled e-mails, system e-mails, invalid user mails (/AS1 advanced security option), report e-mails, and test e-mails are given below. For details on the common display items, see “Common Display Items for All Formats” in this section.

Alarm Notification E-mail Format

- **Subject**

Subject: Alarm Summary(-[tag number or channel number])

The tag number or channel number enclosed in parentheses is used only when they are configured to be included in the subject (on models with release number 3 or later).

- **Syntax**

```
header1CRLF
header2CRLF
CRLF
Alarm_summary.CRLF
<Host_name>CRLF
hostCRLF
CRLF
<CH>ccc...cCRLF
<Type>lqCRLF
<aaa>mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF
CRLF
<Inst._value>CRLF
mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF
ccc...c=ddd...dCRLF
.....
CRLF
Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF
http://host.domain/CRLF
CRLF
```

- ccc...c Channel number, tag comment, or tag number
(Up to 16 characters. Channels set to Skip or Off are not output. (For the channel number, see section 3.3.)
- l Alarm level (1 to 4)
- q Alarm type (H, L, h, l, R, or r)
H (high limit alarm), L (low limit alarm), h (difference high limit alarm), l(difference low limit alarm), R(high limit on rate-of-change alarm), r(low limit on rate-of-change alarm)
- aaa Alarm status (off or on)
- ddd...d Measured/Computed value (up to 10 digits including the sign and decimal point) + unit (up to 6 characters)
 - +OVER: Positive overrange
 - OVER: Negative overrange
 - Burnout: Burnout data
 - ****: Error data

The DX transmits channel numbers, alarm types, and alarm statuses for up to 10 events in a single e-mail. If the DX is configured to include a tag number or a channel number in the e-mail subject, one e-mail is sent for each event.

Scheduled E-mail Format• **Subject**

Subject:Periodic_Data

• **Syntax**

header1CRLF

header2CRLF

CRLF

Periodic_data.CRLF

<Host_name>CRLF

hostCRLF

CRLF

<Time>CRLF

mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

CRLF

E-mail_message(s)_did_not_reach_intended_recipient(s).CRLF

ttt...t

Count=nnCRLF

mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

.....

CRLF

<Time>CRLF

mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

ccc...c=ddd...dCRLF

.....

CRLF

Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF

http://host.domain/CRLF

CRLF

ccc...c Channel number, tag comment, or tag number

(Up to 16 characters. Channels set to Skip or Off are not output. (For the channel number, see section 3.3.)

ttt...t Type of discarded e-mail

Alarm_summary: Alarm mail

Periodic_data: Scheduled mail

System_warning: System mail

Report_data: Report mail

nn Number of discarded e-mails

ddd...d Measured/Computed value (up to 10 digits including the sign and decimal point) + unit (up to 6 characters)

+OVER: Positive overrange

-OVER: Negative overrange

Burnout: Burnout data

*****: Error data

The time that follows the type and count of discarded e-mails is the time when the e-mail is discarded last.

System Mail (Power Failure) Format

- **Subject**

Subject: System_warning

- **Syntax**

header1CRLF

header2CRLF

CRLF

Power_failure.CRLF

<Host_name>CRLF

hostCRLF

CRLF

<Power_fail>mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

<Power_on>mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

CRLF

Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF

http://host.domain/CRLF

CRLF

System Mail (Memory Full) Format

- **Subject**

Subject: System_warning

- **Syntax**

header1CRLF

header2CRLF

CRLF

Memory_full.CRLF

<Host_name>CRLF

hostCRLF

CRLF

<Memory_remain>ppp...pMbytesCRLF

<Memory_blocks>bbb/400CRLF

<Media_remain>rrr...rMbytesCRLF

CRLF

Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF

http://host.domain/CRLF

CRLF

ppp...p Remaining amount of internal memory

bbb Number of unsaved blocks (0 to 400)

rrr...r Remaining free space on the external storage medium (when an external storage medium is connected)

System Mail (Error) Format• **Subject**

Subject: System_warning

• **Syntax**

header1CRLF

header2CRLF

CRLF

Error.CRLF

<Host_name>CRLF

hostCRLF

CRLF

mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

ERROR:fffCRLF

.....

"Operation_aborted_because_an_error_was_found_in_media."CRLF

CRLF

Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF

http://host.domain/CRLF

CRLF

fff Error number (200, 201, 211, 281 to 285)

For details on the error, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.**System Mail (Invalid User) Format**• **Subject**

Subject: [System_warning]

• **Syntax**

header1CRLF

header2CRLF

CRLF

User lockedCRLF

<Host_name>CRLF

hostCRLF

CRLF

mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

ERROR:fffCRLF

<User_name>

uuu...u

.....

CRLF

Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF

http://host.domain/CRLF

CRLF

mo/dd_hh:mi:ss Time when the e-mail was created

uuu...u Name of the invalid user (up to 20 characters)

Report Mail Format

• **Subject**

Subject:Report_data

• **Syntax**

```
header1CRLF
header2CRLF
CRLF
ti_report.CRLF
<Host_name>CRLF
hostCRLF
CRLF
mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF
<CH>ccc...cCRLF
<tp>eee...eCRLF
<tp>eee...eCRLF
<tp>eee...eCRLF
<tp>eee...eCRLF
<Unit>uuu...uCRLF
.....
CRLF
Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF
http://host.domain/CRLF
CRLF
```

- ti Contents of the report mail (hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly report)
- ccc...c Channel number, tag comment, or tag number
(Up to 16 characters. Channels set to Skip or Off are not output. For the channel number, see section 3.3.)
- tp Report content (average, maximum, minimum, instantaneous, and sum. Four items among these are output.)
- eee...e Measured/Computed value (up to 10 digits including the sign and decimal point). However, for the sum value, the value is output as a combination of the sign, mantissa, E, sign, and exponent such as in -3.8000000E+02.
 - +OVER: Positive overrange
 - OVER: Negative overrange
 - Burnout: Burnout data
 - Empty data: Error data
- uuu...u Unit (up to 6 characters)

Test E-mail Format• **Subject**

Subject: Test

• **Syntax**

Test_mail.CRLF

<Host_name>CRLF

hostCRLF

CRLF

<Time>CRLF

mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF

CRLF

<Message>CRLF

x:msCRLF

.....

CRLF

- | | |
|----|---|
| x | Message number (1 to 10) |
| ms | Message content (only specified messages are output.) |

Common Display Items for All Formats

• Time information

mo Month (01 to 12)

dd Day (01 to 31)

hh Hour (00 to 23)

mi Minute (00 to 59)

ss Second (00 to 59)

The month, day, hour, minute, and second of the time information are output in the order specified by the date format in the basic setting mode.

• Host name, domain name, and header information

header1 Header 1 (displayed only when it is set)

header2 Header 2 (displayed only when it is set)

host Host name or IP address (IP address when the host name is not assigned. In the case of an IP address, the <Host> section is set to <IP address>.)

domain Domain name

_ Space

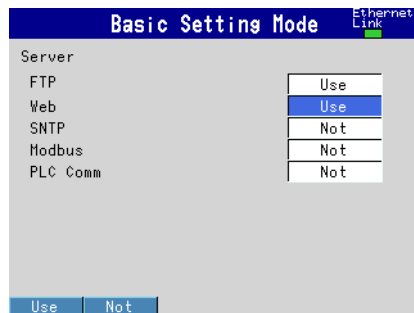
1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

Setting the Web Server Function

From the basic setting mode menu, set the server function and Web page of Communication (Ethernet).

Setting the Web server

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Server** > **Server modes**.



- **Web**

For the Web item under Server, select **Use** or **Not** (don't use). When **Use** is selected, the Web page item is added to the basic setting mode menu.

Port Number

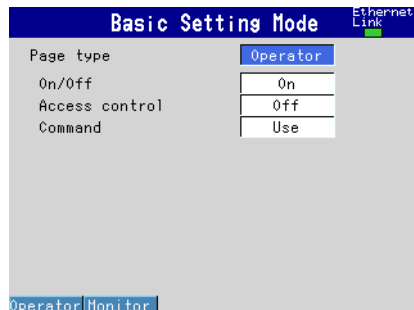
The default value is 80. To change the setting,

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Environment** tab > **Communication** > **Service port**. For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

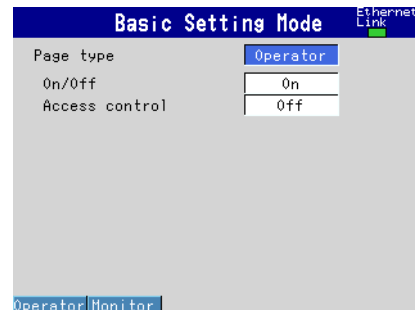
Setting the Web page

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Web page**.

On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option



On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option



Page Type

• Monitor

Configure the monitor page. You can carry out the following operations on the monitor page.

- Display the alarm summary
- Display the measured and computed values of all channels
- Display logs (message summary, error log, etc.)
- Print the DX screen with an attached title and comment
- Display reports
- Connect to the DX via FTP and retrieve files
- Make an alarm sound when an alarm occurs on the DX.

For screen examples, see “Monitoring with the Browser” in this section.

• Operator

Set the operator page. The following operations can be carried out in addition to the functions available on the monitor page.

- Switch the operation screen
- Control the DX’s DISP/ENTER key, arrow keys, and favorite key
- Write messages (this operation cannot be performed on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option).
- Search data by date and time

For screen examples, see “Monitoring with the Browser” in this section.

Setting the monitor page

• Page type

Select **Monitor**.

• Setting On/Off

To display the monitor page on a browser, select **On**; otherwise, select **Off**.

• Access control

To use access control, select **On**.

On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option:

If you set this to On, you must enter a user name and password to display the monitor page. Set the user name and password through the **Login** item. For details, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User’s Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option:

If you set this to On, you must enter a user name and password to display the monitor page. Set the user name and password through the **Login** item. See the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User’s Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

Setting the operator page

• Page type

Select **Operator**.

• On/Off

To display the operator page in the browser, select **On**. Otherwise, select **Off**.

• Access control

This is the same as the setting on the monitor page.

• Command input

On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option:

To use message write commands, select **On**. Otherwise, select **Off**.

On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option:

You cannot use message write commands. This setting is fixed at **Off**.

Monitoring with a Browser

Setting the URL

Set the URL appropriately according to the network environment that you are using. You can access the DX by setting the URL as follows:

http://host name.domain name/file name

http

Protocol used to access the server.

Host name.domain name

Host name and domain name of the DX.

You can also use the IP address in place of the host name and domain name.

File name

File name of the monitor page and operator page of the DX.

File name of the monitor page: monitor.htm

File name of the operator page: operator.htm

Omitting the file name is equivalent to specifying the monitor page. However, if the monitor page is disabled, it is equivalent to specifying the operator page.

Example

To display the operator page on a PC in the same domain as the DX, enter the URL in the Address box of the browser as follows:

http://dx1000.adv.daqstation.com/operator.htm or

http://192.168.1.100/operator.htm

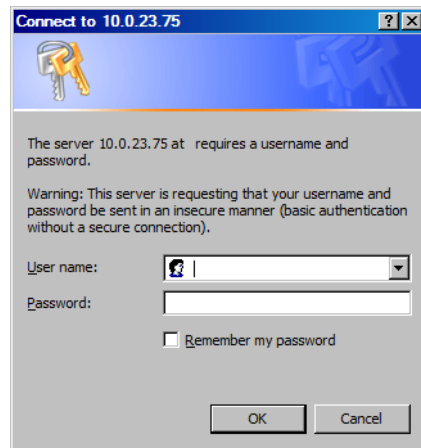
(In the example, the domain name is set to adv.daqstation.com, the host name to dx1000, and the IP address to 192.168.1.100.)

Login (On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option)

You need to configure the following settings to use the login function.

No.	Setting	Description and Reference
1	Communication login (Security > Communication)	To access the DX through a communication interface, you must log in. For details, see section 8.2 in the <i>DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual</i> .
2	Login	Register the users who can access the Web server. For details, see section 8.2 in the <i>DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual</i> .
3	Web page	Set Access control to On in the operator and monitor pages.

Only users whose mode is set to Web, Com, or Key+Com can access the DX Web page. When you access the page, you will be prompted for a user name and password. Enter the user name and password that you set in item 2 in the table.



Login (On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option)

You need to configure the following settings to use the login function.

No.	Setting	Description and Reference
1	Communication login (Security > Communication)	To access the DX through a communication interface, you must log in. See section 1.3 in the <i>Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual</i> .
2	Login	Register users whose mode is "Web." See section 1.3 in the <i>Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual</i> .
3	Web page	Set Access control to On in the operator and monitor pages.

Only users whose mode is set to Web can access the DX Web page. When you access the page, you will be prompted for a user name and password. Enter the user name and password that you set in item 2 in the table.

Contents of the Monitor Page

Note

If the DX is in setting mode or basic setting mode, you cannot display the monitor page or the operator page. If you try to do so, an error message appears. For details on the different modes, see the *Operation Guide (IM04L41B01-02E or IM04L42B01-02E)*.

Refresh the screen

Display the alarm summary
Displays the alarm summary in a separate window.

All channel display
Displays the measured values and alarm statuses of all channels in a separate window.

Alarm sound
Select On to produce an alarm sound when an alarm occurs on the DX.

Log
Displays various logs in a separate window.

Automatically refresh the screen
Turn this ON to automatically refresh the screen.

Report (/M1 and /PM1 options)
Display and prints reports

Zoom
Change the zoom rate of the screen.
DX1000 : 100%, 200%
DX2000 : 75%, 100%

Print page
Print the DX screen by attaching a title and comment.

Data list*
Connect to the DX FTP server and download files from its internal memory and external medium.
* Does not appear when the login function is being used.

The screenshot shows a control bar with buttons for 'Refresh', 'Alarm Summary', 'All Channels', 'Log', and 'Report'. It also includes dropdown menus for 'Alarm sound' (OFF), 'Auto Refresh' (ON), and 'Zoom' (100%). Below the control bar is a graph with multiple colored lines representing data channels. At the bottom of the graph is a data table with 5 columns and 2 rows of numerical values.

1	2	3	4	5
H 1.8953 _v	1.6580 _v	1.3121 _v		
4 0.8767 _v	0.3816 _v	-0.1395 _v		

DX screen image

Refreshing the page

- The monitor page can be refreshed automatically or manually.
- Auto Refresh ON
Refreshes the monitor page once approximately every 10 seconds.
 - Auto Refresh OFF
Does not automatically refresh the monitor page. It is refreshed when you click **Refresh**. You cannot refresh the page within approximately 10 seconds of the previous refreshing of the page, even if you click **Refresh**.

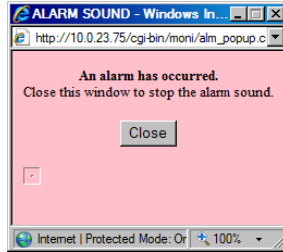
Zoom

Select the zoom factor from the list box to zoom into or out of the DX screen.

Sounding and Stopping Alarm Sounds

When an alarm occurs on the DX, the alarm sound popup window appears, and an alarm is sounded.

The alarm can be sounded on a PC that can produce sound. The popup blocking settings of your browser may prevent the alarm sound window from appearing.



The alarm sound stops when you click Close.

Note

- Alarm Sound Output
 - Alarm detection occurs when the screen is refreshed. The screen can be refreshed through manual refreshing, automatic refreshing, menu operations, and screen operations. We recommend that you enable automatic refreshing when you use the alarm sound.
 - An alarm is sounded when the alarm status in the status display section is red, blinking red, or blinking green (for the meanings of the different alarm statuses, see the *DX1000/ DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*).
 - Even if you release the alarm on the DX (so that no alarm status is displayed), the alarm will continue to sound on the PC until you stop it.
- Alarm Sound Off

The DX is not affected when you stop the alarm sound. Stopping the alarm is not equivalent to performing the alarm ACK operation on the DX.
- Alarm Sound Specifications

The alarm sound is stored in a WAV file on the DX. It cannot be changed.
- When the pages of multiple DXs are being displayed:

If they are being displayed by the same browser, they all share one alarm sound window.

1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

Contents of the Operator Page

When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use

The screenshot shows the Operator Page interface with several callouts explaining its features:

- Message**: Write a message. Does not appear on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.
- Select the trend screen**: Directly select the group you want to display.
- Select the historical screen**: Directly select the group you want to display.
- Search by date and time**: Search data by date and time.
- Select other displays**: You can select the overview display, digital display, bar graph display, or custom display.
- Arrow keys and DISP/ENTER key**: Carry out the same operation as the corresponding keys on the DX.
- Favorite key**: Carry out the same operation as the corresponding key on the DX.

The interface includes a top navigation bar with 'Refresh', 'Alarm sound OFF', 'Auto Refresh ON', and 'Zoom 100%'. Below this are tabs for 'Alarm Summary', 'All Channels', 'Log', 'Message', and 'Report'. A central graph displays 'GROUP 1' data with a '1min/div' scale. A table at the bottom shows six data points:

1	1.8444 V	2	1.9817 V	3	1.9840 V
4	1.8510 V	5	1.5920 V	6	1.2244 V

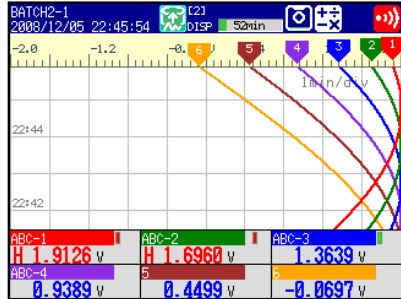
Additional controls include 'TREND', 'HISTORY', 'Data Range Search', and 'OTHER' buttons, along with a 'DISP / ENTER' key and a 'Favorite' key.

When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use
Batch single mode

Refresh Alarm sound OFF Auto Refresh ON Zoom 100%

Alarm Summary All Channels Log Message Report

Data list Print page



SCREEN MODE

Select Screen Mode =>

TREND

Select Group =>

HISTORY

Select Group =>

Data Range Search

OTHER

Select Screen =>

Select the screen mode.
List box

SCREEN MODE

Select Screen Mode =>

- Select Screen Mode =>
- Batch Overview
- Batch Group1
- Batch Group2
- Batch Group3
- Batch Group4

Batch overview mode

Refresh Alarm sound OFF Auto Refresh ON Zoom 100%

Alarm Summary All Channels Log Message Report

Data list Print page

BATCH OVERVIEW
2008/12/02 14:21:58 ALL BATCH

[1]	[3]
AAA 11 RUNNING	0 OFF
DISP 59min	DISP 1hour
[2]	[4]
BBB 1234 RUNNING	0 OFF
DISP 59min	DISP 1hour

SCREEN MODE

Select Screen Mode =>

Select the screen mode.
List box

SCREEN MODE

Select Screen Mode =>

- Select Screen Mode =>
- Batch Overview
- Batch Group1
- Batch Group2
- Batch Group3
- Batch Group4

Switching the Screen (Operator page only)

- **Screen Mode (Only when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)**

From the **Select Screen Mode** list box, select **Batch Overview** (batch overview mode) or **Batch Group#** (batch single mode).

- **Trend and Historical Trend**

Using the **Select Group** list box, you can switch to the trend or historical trend display for the group that you specify.

If you are using the multi batch function (/BT2 option) and are displaying the batch single mode screen, you can switch between the screens in the displayed batch group.

- **Other Screens**

From the **Select Screen** list box, you can switch the screen by specifying digital, bar graph, overview, or custom.

If you are using the multi batch function (/BT2 option) and are displaying the batch single mode screen, you can switch between the screens in the displayed batch group.

- **DISP/ENTER Key, Arrow Keys, and Favorite Key**

If the DX is in operation mode, you can click the DISP/ENTER, arrow, and favorite keys to carry out the corresponding operation on the DX.

On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option, you cannot switch the screen when:

- There is a user who has logged in to the DX through key operations.
- There is a user who is connected to the DX setting function through an Ethernet connection.
- There is a user who is executing the LL command through serial communication.

Alarm Summary

Click **Alarm Summary** to display the alarm summary. Click **Refresh** to update the data.

- You can display information for up to 400 alarms.
- Based on the DX settings, the Channel column displays channel numbers, tag comments, or tag numbers and tag comments.
- Alarms are displayed using the specified alarm colors.
- When individual alarm acknowledgment is enabled, the channels and alarm levels are displayed.

Alarm summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use)

Refresh Close Creation date : 2008/12/06 16:51:03

Status	Channel	Type	Alarm Time
ON	ABC-3	1L	2008/12/06 16:50:41
OFF	ABC-1	1H	2008/12/06 16:49:45
OFF	ABC-2	2H	2008/12/06 16:47:43
ACK			2008/12/06 16:42:14
ON	ABC-2	2H	2008/12/06 16:39:41
ON	ABC-1	1H	2008/12/06 16:39:38

Alarm summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use; release number 3 or later)

Select the batch group from the list box. If you select **All**, the alarm information for every batch group is displayed.

Alarm Summary
Batch Group1

Refresh Close Creation date : 2008/12/06 16:59:52

Status	Channel	Type	Alarm Time
ACK			2008/12/06 16:59:28
ON	ABC-2	2H	2008/12/06 16:58:30
ON	ABC-1	1H	2008/12/06 16:58:27

All Channel Display

Click **All Channels** to display the measured values and alarm status of all channels.

Click **Refresh** to update the data.

- Based on the DX settings, the Channel column displays channel numbers, tag comments, or tag numbers and tag comments.
- Alarms are displayed using the specified alarm colors.
- If you are using the annunciator function, the alarm display is based on the annunciator sequence. However, the indicators do not blink.
- Channels are not displayed in batch groups even if you are using the multi batch function (/BT2 option).

All channel display example

Refresh Close Creation date : 2008/12/02 13:29:32

Channel	Alarm status				Reading	Units
	1	2	3	4		
ABC-1	H				-0.6014	V
ABC-2		H			-1.0745	V
ABC-3			L		-1.4745	V
ABC-4					-1.7740	V

1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

Log

Displays the message summary^{*1}, error log, FTP log, login log^{*2}, Web operation log, e-mail log, SNMP log, Modbus log, operation log^{*3}, and change settings log^{*3} in a separate window. From the **Log** list box, select the log you want to display. Click **Refresh** to update the data.

*1 You can display up to 100 messages and up to 50 added messages.

*2 Only on DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option

*3 Only on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option. Up to 100 operation log items can be displayed.

Message summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use)

LOG

MESSAGE ▾

Refresh
Close
Creation date : 2008/12/02 13:54:41

Time	Message	Group	User Name
2008/12/02 13:54:29	hold1	ALL	[Communication]
2008/12/02 13:53:25	start	ALL	[Key]
2008/12/02 13:53:15	hold1	ALL	[Key]
2008/12/02 13:53:09	start	ALL	[Key]
2008/12/02 13:52:56	stop	ALL	[Key]
2008/12/02			

Message summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use; release number 3 or later)

Displays the batch group that messages were written to.

LOG

MESSAGE ▾

Refresh
Close
Creation date : 2008/12/02 14:30:35

Time	Message	Batch Group	Group	User Name
2008/12/02 14:30:33	start	2	ALL	[Key]
2008/12/02 14:28:49	start	1	ALL	[Key]

Displaying and Printing Report Data (/M1 and /PM1 options; release number 3 or later)

You can display report data in the specified format (layout) and print it.

• Procedure

- Set the report display layout before you carry out this operation. In the layout, set the report title, the report channels to display, and the item names.
- From the operator or monitor page, open the create web report window, and select the report file and the layout to use.

Report layout example

Daily report

Plant Section 50 Industrial water					
Daily report Start time: 2007/03/01 01:00:00					
Timeout time	Minimum pump volume [k]	Maximum pump volume [k]	Average pump volume [k]	Integrated pump volume [k]	Flow rate [m3]
03/02 1:00:00					
03/03 1:00:00					
03/04 1:00:00					
03/05 1:00:00					
03/06 1:00:00					
03/07 1:00:00					
03/08 1:00:00					
03/09 1:00:00					
03/10 1:00:00					
03/11 1:00:00					
03/12 1:00:00					
03/13 1:00:00					
03/14 1:00:00					
03/15 1:00:00					
03/16 1:00:00					
03/17 1:00:00					
03/18 1:00:00					
03/19 1:00:00					
03/20 1:00:00					
03/21 1:00:00					
03/22 1:00:00					
03/23 1:00:00					
03/24 1:00:00					
03/25 1:00:00					
03/26 1:00:00					
03/27 1:00:00					
03/28 1:00:00					
03/29 1:00:00					
03/30 1:00:00					
03/31 1:00:00					
04/01 1:00:00					

Please enter comments.

Daily and monthly reports

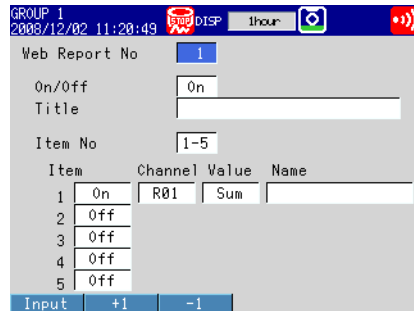
Plant Section 50 Industrial water					
Daily report Start time: 2007/03/01 01:00:00					
Timeout time	Minimum pump volume [k]	Maximum pump volume [k]	Average pump volume [k]	Integrated pump volume [k]	Flow rate [m3]
03/02 1:00:00					
03/03 1:00:00
03/31 1:00:00					
04/01 1:00:00					
Monthly report Start time: 2007/03/01 01:00:00					
Timeout time	Minimum pump volume [k]	Maximum pump volume [k]	Average pump volume [k]	Integrated pump volume [k]	Flow rate [m3]
04/01 1:00:00					
Please enter comments.					

• **Setting the Report Layout**

This item only appears on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1 option) when the basic setting items are set as follows:

- The type of report to create is specified (**Report > Basic settings**).
- Web server is set to **Use (Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Server modes)**.
- The operator or monitor page is set to **On (Communication (Ethernet) > Web page)**.

◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu tab > Web Report**



Web Report No

You can configure 10 different report layouts. Set the number in the range of 1 to 10.

On/Off

Select **On** to use the layout.

Title

The report title. This title is used to select the layout when displaying reports on the Web browser. Enter the title using up to 64 alphanumeric characters and symbols.

Item No (DX1000 and DX1000N only)

You can set up to 10 items. Select **1-5** or **6-10**.

Item, Channel, Value, and Name

For each item number, set the report channel, computation type, and name to assign to the item.

Enter the name using up to 16 alphanumeric characters and symbols.

For the procedure to configure the report, see section 9.5 in the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

- **Displaying a Report**

1. Click **Report** to open the Create Web Report window.

2. Select the layout and report data.

Select Layout






Select the layout title from the list box.

Select Report Data

Select the report data from the list box. The report data is the data in the DX internal memory. The report data is displayed using the date when the report was created and the report value.

Status

To display the report data status, select **On**.

Status Indication	Description
	A burnout occurred during the reporting period.
	A measurement or computation error occurred during the reporting period.
	Over range or computation overflow occurred during the reporting period.
	A power failure occurred during the reporting period.
	The time was changed during the reporting period.

Font Size

Select a display font size from 6 points to 12 points.

1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

3. Click **Create**.

The report data appears in a separate window.

Time Up	PUMP 1[V]	PUMP 2[V]	PUMP 3[V]	PUMP 4[V]	PUMP 5[V]
12/06 20:00:00	6.811100E+00	2.147660E+01	1.1958	4.551670E+01	5.325290E+01
12/06 21:00:00	9.986400E+00	2.073220E+01	1.3666	3.734930E+01	4.208800E+01
12/06 22:00:00	2.719522E+02	3.405181E+02	1.8375	4.049394E+02	3.964047E+02
12/06 23:00:00	3.777920E+01	3.988270E+01	1.9634	3.597750E+01	3.023500E+01

Please enter comments.

• **Printing a Report**

Title

You can edit the report title. Click within the report title box, and edit the text using up to 64 characters. The title that you enter here does not affect the DX setting.

Comment

You can enter two lines of comments in the comment text field. Click within the comment text field, and enter text.

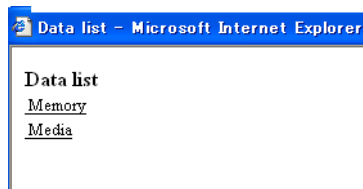
Print

Print the report from the browser.

Data list (Release number 3 or later)

You can easily retrieve files via FTP using the data list link, without having to specify the URL.

For operating instructions, see section 1.6.



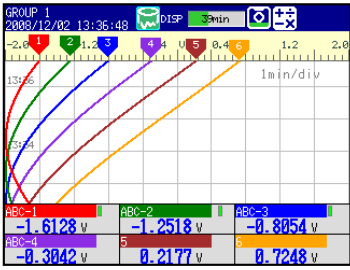
Printing the Screen (Release number 3 or later)

You can print a screen capture with an optional title and comment attached.

Title box

The default title is the IP address or host name.
You can overwrite the default title with your own title.

bdv001-0m9955



Please enter comments.

Comment input box

Enter comments. You can enter more than five lines of comments, but only the first five lines will be printed.

Print button

Opens the print window.

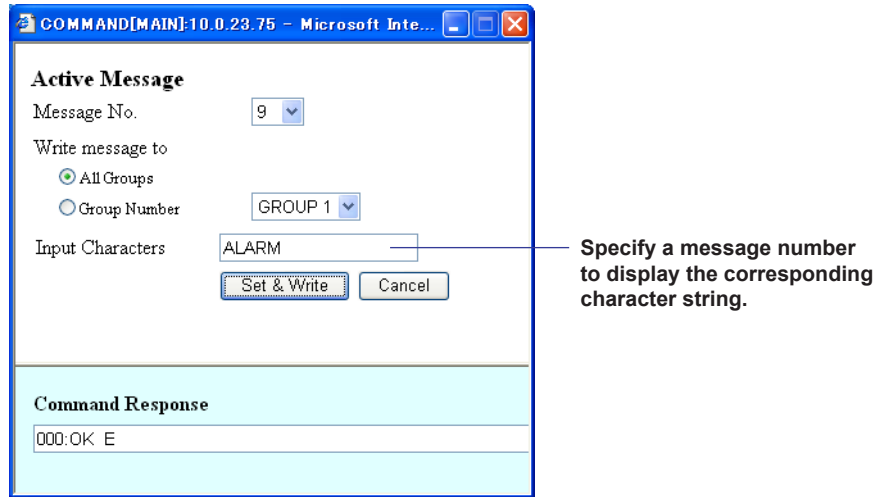
Click **Print** to open the Print window.

1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

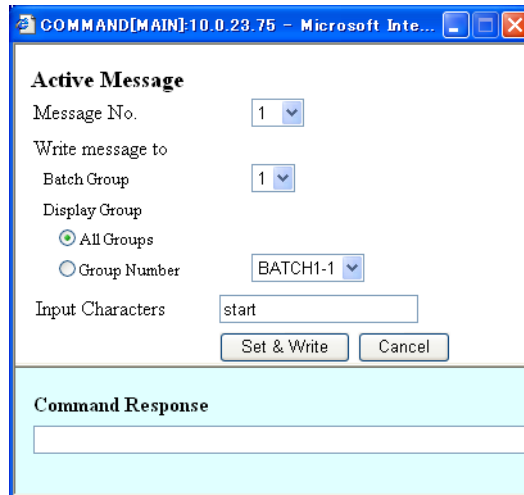
Writing Messages (Operator page only)

You can assign a text string to one of the DX messages 1 through 10 and write the message to a specified group at the same time. The maximum message length is 32 alphanumeric characters. The current message setting is overwritten. This operation is not available on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Example of Writing a Message (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use)
Use message number 9 and write the message "ALARM" to all groups. Successful completion of the writing operation is indicated in the Command Response box.



Example of Writing a Message (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
Use message number 1 and write the message "start" to all display groups in batch group 1. Successful completion of the writing operation is indicated in the Command Response box.



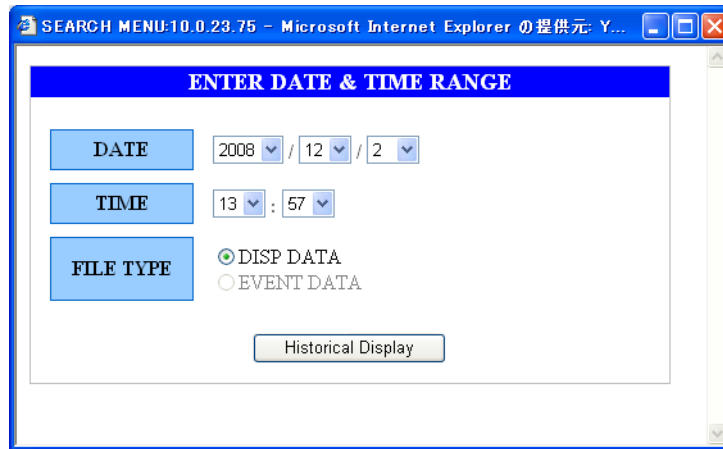
Displaying the Measured Data at the Specified Date and Time (Operator page only; release number 3 or later)

You can search for measured data at the specified date and time and display the results. You can search the display data or event data in the DX internal memory.

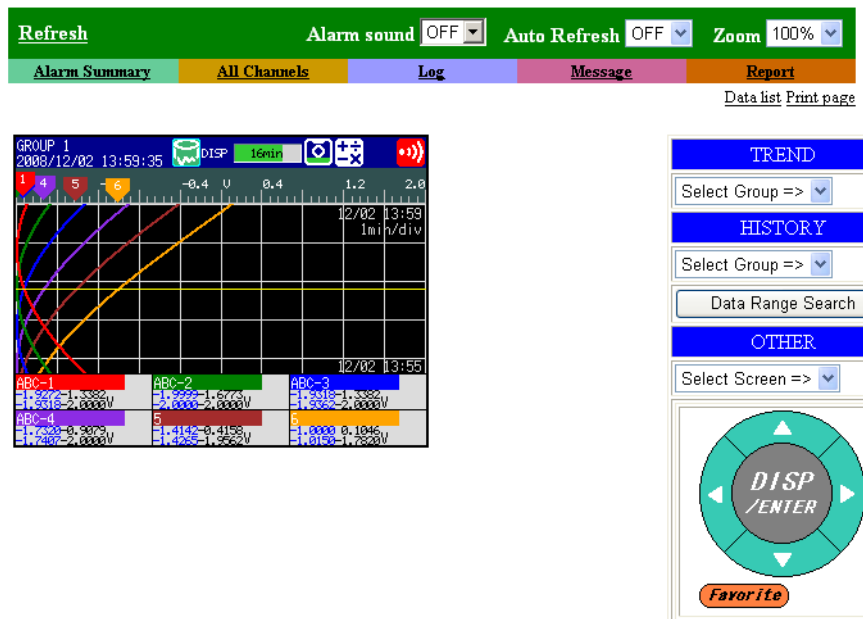
Note

- This function uses the DX function that displays the measured data at the specified date and time.
- You can search the last 10 years of data excluding the data before year 2000.
- For details on the display conditions, see section 4.3 in the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

1. Click **Data Range Search** to open the ENTER DATE & TIME RANGE window.
2. Set the date and time of the data recording and the data type.



3. Click **Historical Display**.
The DX screen switches and the data at the specified date and time appears.



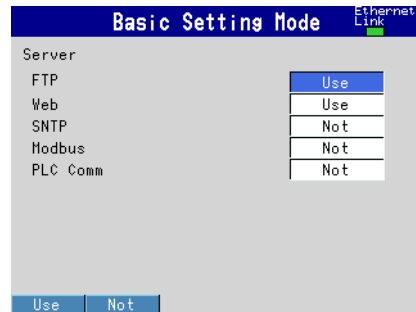
1.6 Accessing the Measurement Data File on the DX from a PC (FTP Server)

You can access data files stored on the external storage medium.

Setting the FTP Server

Server Function

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Server** > **Server modes**.

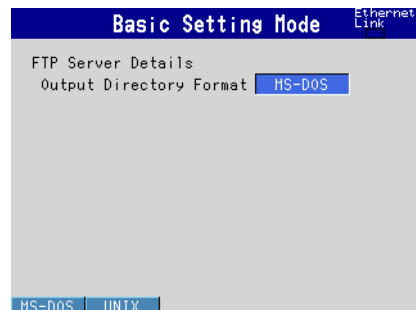


- **FTP**

For the FTP item under Server, select **Use** or **Not** (don't use).

FTP Server Directory Output Format (Release number 3 or later)

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Environment** tab > **Communication** > **FTP Server Details**.



- **Directory Output Format**

Set the directory output format to **MS-DOS** or **UNIX**.

When Not Using the Login Function

You can connect to the server using the user name "admin," "user," or "anonymous." You can use a PC to access the DX via FTP. You can perform operations such as retrieving directory and file lists from the external storage medium of the DX and transferring and deleting files. In addition, you can also retrieve the directory or file list and transfer files in the internal memory.

Accessing Data Files from the Web Browser

1. Click **Data list**.
2. Click **Memory** or **Media**.
3. From the file list, select the files you want to retrieve.

1.6 Accessing the Measurement Data File on the DX from a PC (FTP Server)

Note

- You can view the files by installing the provided DAQSTANDARD software on the PC and by associating DAQSTANDARD with the files you want it to receive.
- Memory is linked to ftp://hostname/MEMO/DATA.
- Media is linked to ftp://hostname/DRV0/. The external storage medium is the CF card.
- You cannot retrieve data files that are being created.
- The display is not automatically updated. Perform the operation again if necessary.

Connecting from a PC via the FTP

An example of retrieving files using a browser is described below. In the Address box, enter the following:

ftp://host name.domain name/file name

Drag the data you want to retrieve from the /MEMO/DATA0 folder in the case of internal memory data or the /DRV0 folder in the case of data on the external storage medium to the PC. You can also use the IP address in place of the "host name.domain name."

When Using the Login Function (Standard)

You will be prompted for a user name and password when you access the server. Enter a user name and password that are registered on the DX to connect to it. For information about the operations that can be executed, see the explanation in section 1.1, "Login (On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option)." You cannot perform the operations described under "Accessing Data Files from the Web Browser" or "Connecting from a PC via the FTP."

When Using the Login Function on a DX With the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

Although you can connect to the server using the user name "admin," "user," or "anonymous," you cannot delete or change the names of files on the server (the DX), nor can you transfer files to the server.

Port Number

The default value is 21. To change the setting,

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Environment** tab > **Communication** > **Service port**

For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

1.7 Transferring Data Files from the DX (FTP Client)

The display and event data files, report data files, snapshot data files, setup files, and change settings log files created in the internal memory of the DX can be automatically transferred using FTP at the time the files are created.

Files to Be Transferred via FTP

The display or event data files are automatically transferred to the FTP destination described in the next section at appropriate times.

File Type	Description
Display data file	Data files are automatically transferred at each file save interval.
Event data file	Files are automatically transferred when the data length of data is recorded.
Report data file	When the file division mode is Combine [†] or Separate, [†] data files are automatically transferred when a report file is closed (or divided). For example, data files are transferred once per month when generating only daily reports. When the mode is Seprt2, [†] an individual report file is output for each event. [†] See section 9.5 in the <i>DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual</i> .
Snapshot data file	The files are automatically transferred when a snapshot* is executed. They are transferred regardless of the media storage setting. FTP transfer is executed regardless of the execution result of saving an snapshot data to a CF card or USB flash memory (except execution by communication command (EV2 command)). * Indicates snapshot using the FUNC key, communication command (EV2 command), USER key, or remote control function.
Setup file and change settings log file when the settings have changed ^{*2}	The DX automatically transfers the setup file and change settings log file that are automatically saved to the CF card when the settings are changed.

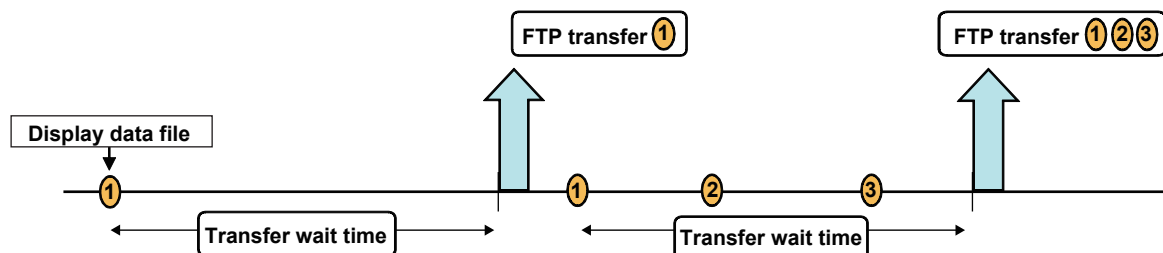
*1 When "FTP transfer at signing" is enabled on a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option, this file is automatically transferred after you sign in. See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual*.

*2 Only on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option

Shifting the Transfer Time (Release number 3 or later)

There may be cases when data cannot be transferred from the DX to the FTP server due to too many simultaneous connections to the FTP server. An example is when multiple files are created and need to be transferred at the same time from multiple DXs. By shifting the transfer time, you can avoid having too many simultaneous connections to the FTP server. The time that display data files, event data files, and report files are transferred can be shifted.

- Even if a new event that requires an FTP transfer occurs while the DX is waiting to transfer the data of the previous event, it does not affect the transfer wait time of the previous event. When the transfer shift time passes, all data files of the same type that have been created (all of the files that have not been transferred) are transferred via FTP. The following figure is an example for display data.
- To avoid accumulating too many files that have not been transferred, we recommend that you set the transfer wait time shorter than the interval at which events that require FTP transfers occur.



- Even if you turn the power off during FTP transfer wait time, the elapsed time is recorded.
- If you change the FTP transfer time settings during FTP transfer wait time, the data files that are being held are transferred using the previous setting. Subsequent data files are sent according to the new setting.
- If you initialize the DX during FTP transfer wait time (using Clear1, Clear2, or Clear3, Clear 4), the elapsed time is cleared.
- When “FTP transfer at signing” is enabled,^{*1} changes to the FTP transfer time settings for measured data are invalid.

*1 See the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual*.

Setting the FTP Client

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **FTP client** > **FTP transfer file**.

FTP transfer file settings

FTP connection destination settings

Setting the FTP transfer files

- **Display and Event Data**
Select **On** when automatically transferring display and event data files.
- **Report**
Select **On** when automatically transferring report data files (including template-based report files).
- **Snapshot**
Select **On** when automatically transferring snapshot data files.
- **Setting**
This item is only available on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option. Select **On** when automatically transferring the setup file and change settings log file that are saved when the settings have changed.

Transfer wait time

- **Disp&Event data**
Set the time to delay the data transfer to the FTP server in the range of 0 to 120 minutes.
When “FTP transfer at signing” is enabled on a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option, changes to the FTP transfer time settings are invalid. See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual*.
- **Report**
Set the time to delay the data transfer to the FTP server in the range of 0 to 120 minutes.

Setting the FTP connection destination

Consult your network administrator when setting parameters such as the primary/secondary FTP servers, port number, login name, password, account, and availability of the PASV mode.

- **FTP connection**

You can specify two destination FTP servers, **Primary** and **Secondary**. If the primary FTP server is down, the file is transferred to the secondary FTP server.

- **FTP server name**

Enter the name of the file transfer destination FTP server using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- If the DNS is used, you can set the host name as a server name. For details on setting the DNS, see section 1.3.
- You can also set the IP address. In this case, the DNS is not required.

- **Port number**

Enter the port number of the file transfer destination FTP server in the range of 1 to 65535. The default value is 21.

- **Login name**

Enter the login name for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

- **Password**

Enter the password for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

- **Account**

Enter the account (ID) for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

- **PASV mode**

Select On when using the DX behind a firewall that requires the passive mode. The default setting is Off.

- **Initial path**

Enter the directory of the file transfer destination using up to 64 alphanumeric characters. The delimiter for directories varies depending on the implementation of the destination FTP server.

Example) When transferring files to the “data” directory in the “home” directory of an FTP server on a UNIX file system.

/home/data

When There Is a File with the Same Name at the Transfer Destination

Under all circumstances, when there is a file with the same name at the transfer destination, it is overwritten

Operation When the Data Transfer Fails

If the DX fails to transfer files to both the primary and secondary FTP servers, the DX aborts the file transfer operation. If the connection to the destination recovers, the DX transfers new data files along with the files that the DX failed to transfer. Note that because the DX transfers data from its internal memory, if the data that the DX failed to transfer is overwritten, it is lost.

Testing the FTP Transfer

You can test whether a test file can be transferred from the DX to an FTP server.

- ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **FTPtest**.

Items to check before performing this test

- Connect the Ethernet cable correctly. For the connection procedure, see section 1.3.
- Check that the Ethernet interface settings are correct. For the procedure, see section 1.3.

Checking the results of the FTP test

- When an FTP test is executed, a test file named FTP_TEST.TXT is transferred to the directory indicated by the initial path at the FTP destination specified in this section.
- The result of the FTP test can be confirmed by displaying the FTP log (displayed on the DX (see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*)) or Web screen (see section 1.5) or by outputting the result using the FL command (see section 3.4).

1.8 Synchronizing the Time

The DX time can be synchronized to the time on an SNTP server. The DX can also function as an SNTP server.

Setting the SNTP Client

Synchronize the DX time to the time on an SNTP server.

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **SNTP client**.

The screenshot shows the 'Basic Setting Mode' interface for SNTP client settings. At the top right, there is an 'Ethernet Link' indicator with a green light. The main title is 'Basic Setting Mode'. Below it, the text 'SNTP client settings' is displayed. The 'Use/Not' option is set to 'Use', with a 'Use' button next to it. The 'Server name' field contains 'sntp.dqstation.com'. The 'Port number' is set to '123'. The 'Access interval' is set to '8h'. The 'Access reference time' is set to '00:00'. The 'Access timeout' is set to '30s'. The 'Time adjust on Start action' is set to 'Off'. At the bottom, there are 'Use' and 'Not' buttons.

- **Use/Not**
Select **Use** to use the SNTP client function; Otherwise, select **Not**. If you select **Use**, the SNTP client settings are displayed.
- **SNTP server name**
Set the SNTP server name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.
 - If the DNS is used, you can set the host name as a server name. For details on setting the DNS, see section 1.3.
 - You can also set the IP address. In this case, the DNS is not required.
- **Port number**
Enter the port number of the SNTP server in the range of 1 to 65535. The default value is 123.
- **Access interval**
Set the time interval for synchronizing the time with the server to OFF, 1, 8, 12, or 24h. If you select OFF, you can synchronize the time manually by operating soft keys. The time is not synchronized if the difference in the time between the DX and the server is greater than or equal to 10 minutes.
- **Access reference time**
Set the reference time for making queries.
- **Access timeout**
Set the time to wait for the response from the SNTP server when querying the time to 10, 30, 90s.
- **Time adjust on Start action**
Select **On** to synchronize the time using SNTP when memory start is executed; Otherwise, select **Off**.

Manually Synchronizing the Time

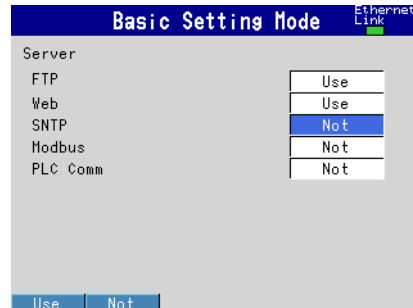
You can synchronize the time at any time by operating the FUNC key. The SNTP client setting must be enabled.

- ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **SNTP**.

Setting the SNTP Server

Carry out the steps below to run the DX as an SNTP server.

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Server** > **Server modes**



- **SNTP**

For the SNTP item under Server, select **Use** or **Not** (don't use).

When an SNTP client on the network queries the time information to the DX, the DX sends the time information.

Port Number

The default value is 123. To change the setting,

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Environment** tab > **Communication** > **Service port**. For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

1.9 Using the Modbus Server Function

The DX is used as a Modbus server.
For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Modbus Server

Carry out the steps below to enable another device to read the DX data or write data to the DX using Modbus.

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Server** > **Server modes**.

Service	Setting
FTP	Use
Web	Use
SNTp	Not
Modbus	Not
PLC Comm	Not

- **Modbus**

For the Modbus item under Server, select **Use** or **Not** (don't use).

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Server** > **Allowed Modbus clients**.

Use/Not	Use
Client number	1
On/Off	On
Allowed IP Address	0. 0. 0. 0

- **Use/Not**

To place a limitation on the IP addresses that can connect to the DX Modbus server, select **Use**. Only the IP addresses specified here can connect to the DX Modbus server. To not place a limitation, select **Not**.

- **Client number**

You can register up to 10 IP addresses. Select the client number from 1 to 10.

- **On/Off**

To allow connections, select **On**.

- **Allowed IP Address**

Enter the IP address in the range of 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255. You cannot enter a host name.

Port Number

The default value is 502. To change the setting,

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Environment** tab > **Communication** > **Service port**.

For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

Reading/Writing the DX Data on Another Device

Another device (client device) sends commands to the DX to read the DX data or write data to the DX. You can perform some operations, such as memory start, by writing in the registers.

For the function codes that the DX supports and the DX registers that the client device can access, see “Modbus Server Function” in section 6.3.

Specifying the Register Number

Specify the DX register on the client device according to the instructions below.

- If you are using a commercial SCADA system or something similar, specify the register number (a number such as 400001; referred to as the “reference number”) listed under Modbus Server Function in section 6.3, “Modbus Protocol Specifications.”
- If you are using a custom communication program, specify the “relative number” in relation to the reference number. Compute the relative number in the manner indicated in the examples below.

Examples

The relative number for input register 300100 is 99, which is the difference between 300100 and 300001.

$$300100 - 300001 = 99$$

The relative number for input register 400011 is 10, which is the difference between 400011 and 400001.

$$400011 - 400001 = 10$$

1.10 Using the Modbus Client Function

The DX is used as a Modbus client.

For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Modbus Client

Carry out the steps below to enable the DX to read the data of another device or write data to another device using Modbus.

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Modbus client**.

Basic settings

Destination server settings

	Port	Modbus server name	Unit	No.
1	502	modbus.daqstation.com	Auto	
2	502	192.168.1.80	Fixed	3
3	502		Auto	
4	502		Auto	
5	502		Auto	
6	502		Auto	
7	502		Auto	
8	502		Auto	

Transmitted command settings

	First	Last	Server	Regi.	Type
1	R-M	C01 - C08	← 1	30001	INT16
2	W	01 - 04	→ 1	40001	INT16
3	W-H	101 - 105	→ 2	40010	INT32_B
4	Off				
5	Off				
6	Off				
7	Off				
8	Off				

Basic settings

- **Read cycle**
Set the read cycle to 125m, 250m, 500m, 1, 2, 5, or 10s.
- **Retry interval**
Set the interval for retrying the connection when the connection is interrupted for some reason. Select Off, 10, 20, or 30 s, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, or 30 min, or 1 h. When Off is selected, the connection is not retried. The communication stops if the communication fails.

Destination server settings

- **Server number**
Select 1 to 16 for the server registration numbers to be configured.
- **Port**
Enter the port number in the range of 0 to 65535 for the selected server. The default value is 502.
- **Modbus server name**
Set the destination Modbus server name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.
 - If the DNS is used, you can set the host name as a server name.
 - You can also set the IP address. In this case, the DNS is not required.

- **Unit**
Select **Auto** if the unit number of the destination server is not required; Otherwise, select **Fixed**. If you select **Fixed**, the unit number item is displayed.
- **No.**
Enter a fixed unit number in the range of 0 to 255.

Setting the transmitted commands

- **Client command number**
Select 1 to 16 for the transmitted command numbers to be configured.
- **Command type**
Set the command type to Off, R, R-M, W, W-M, or E-M. If you select a command type other than **Off**, the client channel, server number, register, and data type items are displayed.
 - R: Read to the external input channel (16-bit signed integer type) from the server.
 - R-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the server.
 - W: Write the measurement channel (16-bit signed integer type) to the server.
 - W-M: Write the measurement channel (32-bit signed integer type) to the server.
 - E-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the server/write the custom display value to the server (release numbers 4 and later).
 - R can be selected on DX2000s with the external input channel (/MC1 option) installed.
 - R-M, W-M, and E-M can be selected on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1 option) installed.

- **First/Last (client channels)**

Enter the first and last channel numbers of input/output. The range of channels that you can enter varies depending on the command type as follows:

R: 201 to 440, R-M: C01 to C60, W: 1 to 48, W-M: 101 to 160, E-M: C01 to C60

Only specify one communication input data item in the E-M command. An error will occur if you specify multiple items (e.g., [C01]-[C03]).

- **Server (server number)**
Select the server number from 1 to 16.
- **Regi. (registers on the server)**
Set the register number of the server.
For an input register, select in the range of 30001 to 39999 and 300001 to 365536.
For a hold register, select in the range of 40001 to 49999 and 400001 to 465536.
The register numbers you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

Specifying the Register Number

Specify the register number on the DX by using the “reference number” (such as the number 40001 written above). For example on the Yokogawa UT351 Digital Indicating Controller, the corresponding D-register numbers and reference numbers are listed; use the reference number.

D-Reg. No.	Ref. No.
D0001	40001

For a server device that calls the register using a “relative number,” add 30001, 300001, 40001, 400001 or a similar number to obtain a reference number.

Register Type	Relative Number	Reference Number	Expression
Hold register	1004	41005	1004 + 40001
	14567	414568	14567 + 400001
Input register	0000	30001	0000 + 30001

1.10 Using the Modbus Client Function

- **Type**

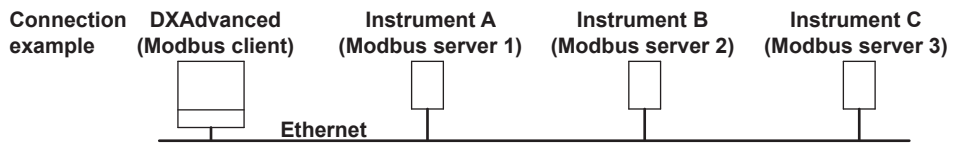
Data type.

Select INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, or FLOAT_L.

The data type you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

Examples of Setting Commands

The following are examples of setting commands for the Modbus Client function. For the Modbus Master function, substitute “master” for “client,” and “slave” for “server.”



Loading to Communication Input Data

The DX inputs data loaded from the server to communication input data as floating point type data.

- Example 1**

Load the value of the 16-bit signed integer assigned to register 30001 of instrument A to C01.

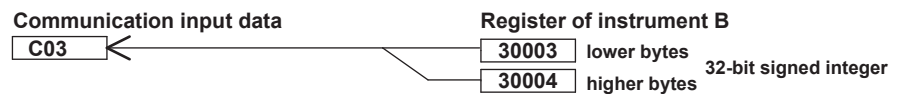


Command setting



- Example 2**

Load the value of the 32-bit signed integer assigned to registers 30003 and 30004 of instrument B to C03. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.

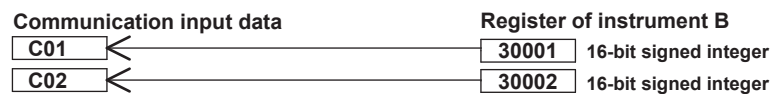


Command setting



- Example 3**

Load the values of the 16-bit signed integers assigned to registers 30001 and 30002 of instrument B to C01 and C02. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.

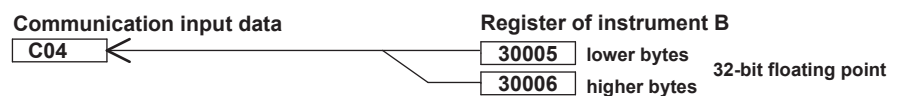


Command setting



- Example 4**

Load the values of the 32-bit floating point assigned to registers 30005 and 30006 of instrument B to C04. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.



Command setting



1.10 Using the Modbus Client Function

Loading to External Input Channels (DX2000 Only)

The DX inputs the data loaded from the server to the external input channel as a 16-bit signed integer type.

- **Example 1**

Load the values of the 16-bit unsigned integers assigned to register 30001 of instrument C to external input channel 201.

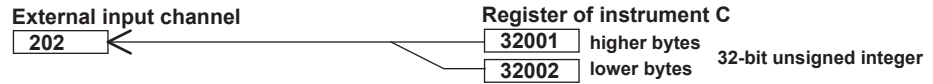


Command setting



- **Example 2**

Load the values of the 32-bit unsigned integers assigned to registers 32001 and 32002 of instrument C to external input channel 202. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.



Command setting



Writing Measured Values to the Server

- **Example**

Write the measured value (16-bit signed integer) from channel 1 to register 40001 of instrument A.



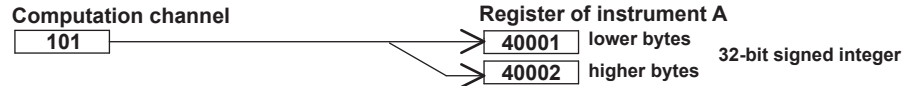
Command setting



Writing Computed Values to the Server

- **Example**

Write the computed values (32-bit signed integers) from channel 101 to registers 40001 and 40002 of instrument A, in the order lower 16 bits/higher 16 bits. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.



Command setting



Loading to Communication Input Data and Direct Writing of Values to the Server

- **Example**

Load the value of the signed 16-bit integer assigned to the hold register (400001) of instrument A to C05. The value of C05 is only written to the hold register (400001) of instrument A when a value write operation is performed from the custom display.

Normal



When a value write operation is performed from the custom display



Command setting



Checking the Modbus Operating Status

Displaying the Modbus Operating Status

- ◇ Press **DISP/ENTER** and select **INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT**.

Note

To display **MODBUS CLIENT** on the screen selection menu, you need to change the setting using the menu customize function. The operation is as follows:

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Menu customize > Display menu**
 1. Select **INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT**
 2. Press the **View** soft key.

Communication condition

No.	Status	Comm. Data		Server name	Registers
		First	Last		
1	● Good	C01	- C08	modbus.dawstati	30001
2	○ None	1	- 4	192.168.1.80	40001
3	○ None	101	- 105	192.168.1.80	40010

- **Communication Conditions**

The Read cycle and Connect.retry settings are displayed.

- **Communication Status**

The communication status is displayed using the status lamp and the detail code.

Status Lamp	Detail Code	Meaning
Green	Good	Communication is operating normally.
Yellow		Command is readying.
Orange		Trying to establish a TCP connection.
Red		Communication is stopped.
Common to yellow, orange, and red	None	No response from the server device.
	Func	The server device cannot execute the command from the DX.
	Regi	The server device does not have the specified register.
	Err	There is an error in the response data from the server device.
	Link	Ethernet cable is disconnected.
	Host	Unable to resolve the IP address from the host name.
	Cnct	Failed to connect to the server.
	Send	Failed to transmit the command.
	BRKN	Failed to received the response data or detected a disconnection.
	(Space)	The detail code is not displayed until the status is confirmed when communication is started.

Resuming Command Transmission

You can use the front panel keys to resume command transmission to a server device to which communication is stopped (red status) lamp

1. Using the up and down arrow keys, select the command corresponding to the server device to which transmission will be resumed. The message "Push [right arrow] key to refresh" appears.
2. Press the right arrow key. The DX starts command transmission to the specified server.

Data When Communication Is Stopped and during Connection Retrials

If the command transmission stops such as due to a connection drop, the status turns orange or red, and the communication input data and external input channel data are error data. On communication channels, "+OVER" or -OVER is displayed according to the DX settings. "*****" is displayed on external input channels.

Data Dropout

Data drop occurs when the commands from 1 to 16 do not complete within the read cycle (see appendix 1). When a data dropout occurs, the communication input data is held at the previous value. A message indicating the data dropout is also displayed on the Modbus operating status display. If this happens, take measures such as making the read cycle longer or reducing the number of commands. Confirm that no data dropout occurs on the modbus status log screen.

Function for Automatically Assigning MW100s to the Modbus Client (DX2000 Only)

The following setup is carried out from the DX using YOKOGAWA's MW100 Data Acquisition Unit as a Modbus server.

If the DX2000 is a Modbus client, MW100s, Modbus servers on the network, can be automatically assigned to the DX2000. This function can be used only on DX2000s with the external input channel function (/MC1 option).

Setup Preparation

Set the MW100s so that measurements can be started (IP address, system construction, range setting, and the like of the MW100s to be automatically assigned). For details, see the user's manual of the MW100.

Setup Procedure

If the IP address of the DX is not set, set it before carrying out the procedure below.

1. Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Modbus client** > **Auto setting**.
2. Carefully read the displayed precautions.
Select **Yes** to execute the auto setting. Select **No** to return to the screen operation.
3. From the list of MW100s that is displayed, select the MW100s to be connected using the up and down arrow keys, and press **DISP/ENTER**. The selected MW100s are assigned to the external input channel of the DX.

Displays the IP address or host name.

Displays the MW100 unit number. The list displays up to 16 units from the smallest unit number.

Displays the status of the external input channel assignments.

No settings: Status in which the MW100 is not assigned automatically

Not Ready: Status in which the MW100 cannot be connected*

Numeric display: Displays the number of the assigned external input channels

Example: If a MW100 is assigned to external input channels 201 to 220, the status displays 201/220.

Ext. I/O name or IP	Unit No.	Status
192.168.1.181	00	201/220
192.168.1.182	01	No settings

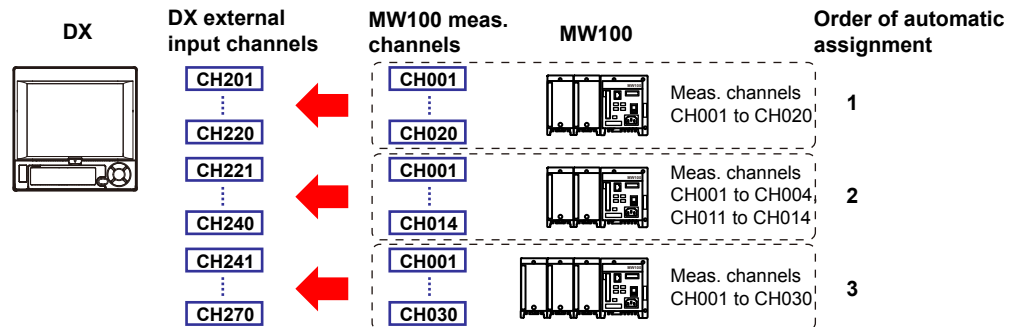
Pressing the **Call** soft key causes “--” to blink on the 7-segment LED display of the selected MW100 for 2 seconds. This allows you to check which MW100 is selected if multiple MW100s are connected.

Setup Items

The MW100 channels are assigned to the external input channels of the DX as follows:

- Channel Number

The channels of the MW100 selected first are assigned consecutively from external input channel 201. The channels of the MW100 selected next are assigned to the available external input channels from the smallest number. You cannot select the external input channels to be assigned.



- Range Settings

The range settings of the MW100 (including the span and unit) are set automatically to the external input channels.

If the span setting of the MW100 range exceeds the span setting range of the DX external input channel (–30000 to 30000), it is set to the span upper limit (30000) or lower limit (–30000).

Specify the settings such as the alarm, tag, and the area display of the color scale band of each channel after the auto setting is complete.

Note

Precautions When Assigning Channels to the External Input Channels

- The MW100 channels are assigned in unit of 10 channels to the external input channels. If the MW100 measurement module consists of less than 10 channels, "OFF" is assigned to the external input channels for the section without channels.
- An error occurs if the number of MW100 channels to be automatically set is greater than the number of available external input channels.
- If the range setting of a MW100 channel is set to "SKIP," the external input channel of the DX is set to "OFF."
- If a MW100 unit contains a module that cannot be set automatically, only the channels that can be assigned are assigned to the external input channels of the DX.
- If a new MW100 is added, auto setting is executed again. At this point, all the settings are cleared. Therefore, you must execute the auto setting again for all MW100s.
- If you are connecting MW100s that can be automatically set and MW100s that cannot be automatically set or other Modbus devices, automatically set the MW100s that can be automatically set first and then manually set the connection of the remaining devices.

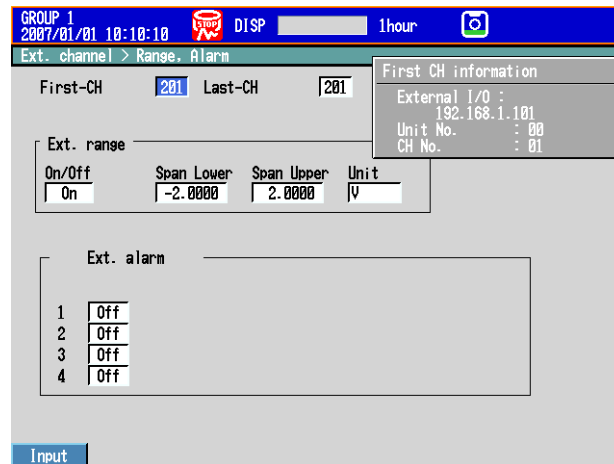
1.10 Using the Modbus Client Function

Note

About the MW100

- MW100s that support auto setting are those with firmware version R2.22 or later.
- MW100 modules that can be automatically set are the following input modules. The installable input modules vary depending on the MW100 firmware version.
 - 4-CH, High-Speed Universal Input Module
 - 10-CH, Medium-Speed Universal Input Module
 - 6-CH, Medium-Speed Four-Wire RTD Resistance Input Module
 - 10-CH, High-speed Input Module
 - 30-CH, Medium-Speed DCV/TC/DI Input Module
 - 10-CH, Medium-Speed Pulse Input Module
- If there are no channels to be assigned or the Modbus server setting is OFF, auto setting fails with an error. Check the settings.
- MW100s that are connected through auto setting automatically switches to the measurement mode.
- Port number 34324 of the MW100 is used to perform auto setting.
- For details on the MW100 settings, see the user's manual of the MW100.

The first channel information of the MW100 that is automatically set to the external input channel can be displayed when the cursor is on the first or last channel.



In addition, the status of the connected MW100 can be confirmed on the Modbus status display screen.

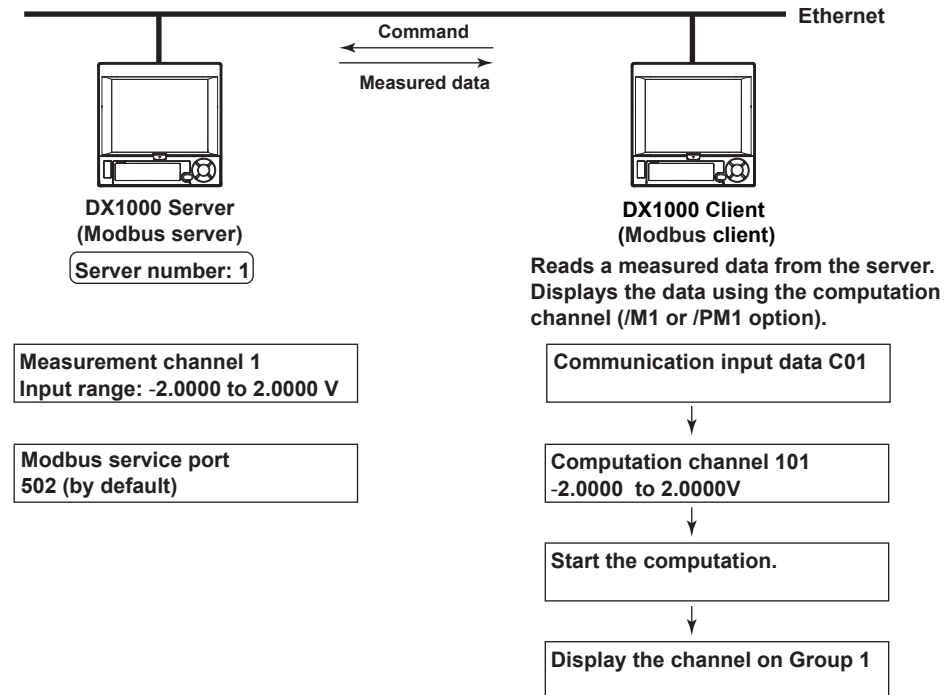
No.	Status	Comm. Data	Comm. Data		Server name	Registers
			First	Last		
1	READ ● Cnct	201 - 220	201	- 220	192.168.1.101	30001
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						

1.11 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Explains the setting example for both Modbus client and server on DX1000s connected via the Ethernet. This section refers to the DX1000 set to be a Modbus server as DX1000 server and the DX1000 set to be a Modbus client as DX1000 client.

System Configuration and Actions

Uses the measurement channel, computation channel, and communication input data as described in the figure below. Assumes other conditions are set properly.



Action

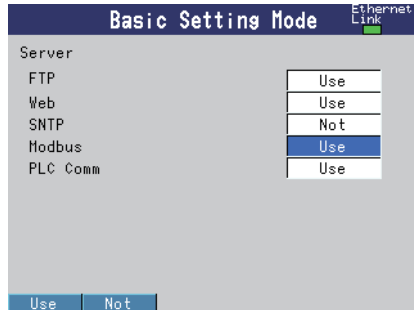
- The DX1000 client reads the measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 server into the communication input data C01. C01 is displayed on a computation channel 101 by including the data in the equation. The computation channel 101 is assigned to Group1.
- The measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 server is transferred to the DX1000 client as an integer in the range of -20000 to 20000.
- The DX1000 client displays the read data as -2.0000 to 2.0000 V using the computation channel 101. The following conversion is applied.

Value on the computation channel 101 of the DX1000 client
= Communication input data C01 x 0.0001

Settings on the DX1000 Server (Modbus Server)

Setting the Modbus Server Function

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Server** > **Server modes**.



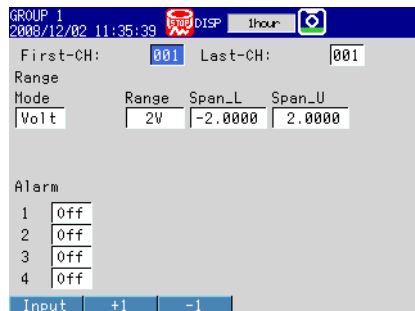
Item	Settings
Modbus	Use

About the Port Number

The port number is 502 by default.

Setting the Measurement Channel

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Meas channel** > **Range, Alarm**.



Item	Settings
First-CH, Last-CH	1
Mode	Volt
Range	2V
Span_L	-2.0000
Span_U	2.0000

Setting the DX1000 Client (Modbus Client)

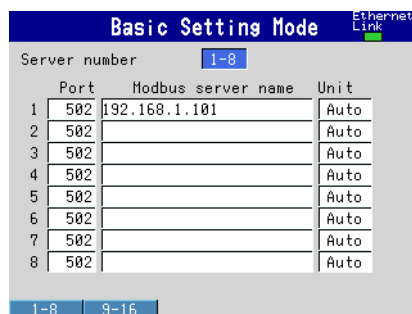
Assumes the settings other than that for the server and the command are left to default values.

Registering the Destination Server

Register the DX1000 server to number 1.

The IP address of the DX1000 server is "190.168.1.101" as an example.

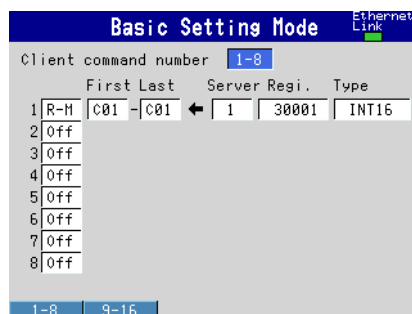
- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Modbus client** > **Modbus server settings**.



Item	Settings
Port	502
Modbus server name	192.168.1.101
Unit	Auto

Setting Command

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Ethernet)** > **Modbus client** > **Command settings**.



Item	Settings
Command type	R-M
First and Last	C01
Server	1
Regi.	30001
Type	INT16

1.11 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Setting the Computation Channel

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Math channel** > **Expression, Alarm.**

Item	Settings
First-CH, Last-CH	101
Math	On
Calculation expression	C01*K01
Span_L	-2.0000
Span_U	2.0000
Unit	V

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Math channel** > **Constant.**

Item	Settings
Number of constant	K01
Value	0.0001

Assigning the channel to a Group

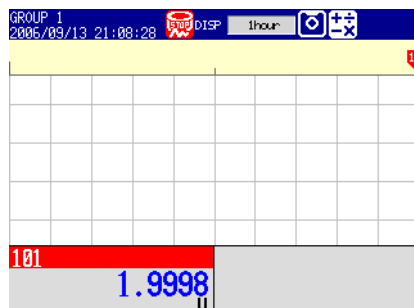
- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Group set, Trip line.**

Item	Settings
Group number	1
On/Off	On
Group name	GROUP 1
CH set	101

Starting the Computation (DX1000 Client)

- ◇ Press **FUNC** and select **Math start**.

The computation starts. A computation icon is displayed on the status display section. The value of the computation channel 101 in the GROUP 1 of the DX1000 client varies in conjunction with the measured value of the measurement channel 1 on the DX1000 server.



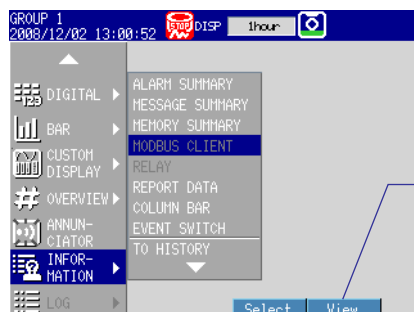
Confirming the Communication Status (DX1000 Client)

Showing a Menu to Switch to the Modbus Client Screen

This is the operation to show INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT on the display selection menu.

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Menu customize** > **Display menu**.
 1. Select **INFORMATION** > **MODBUS CLIENT** using the arrow keys.
 - * Select **INFORMATION** > **MODBUS MASTER** when you use the Modbus master via the serial communication.
 2. Press the **View** soft key.

The selected item displays in white.



View/Hide soft key
Toggles **View** and **Hide** each time you press the soft key.

3. Press the **ESC** key to return to the operation screen.

Displaying the Modbus Client Screen

- ◇ Press **DISP/ENTER** and select **INFORMATION** > **MODBUS CLIENT**.
 - * Select **INFORMATION** > **MODBUS MASTER** when you use the Modbus master via the serial communication.

The screenshot shows the 'MODBUS CLIENT' screen with the following information:

Read cycle : 1s
Connect.retry : 2min

No.	Status	Comm. Data		Server name	Registers
		First	Last		
1	R	Good	C01 - C01	192.168.1.101	30001
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					

1.12 Using the Setting/Measurement Server

This section explains how to use the setting/measurement server. You can use this function to send commands to retrieve data from the DX and to control it. For information about the maximum number of simultaneous connections, see section 6.1.

When Not Using the Login Function

Access the server using the user name “admin” or “user.” Of the commands in chapter 3, you can use either the administrator (admin) or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

When Using the Login Function (Standard)

Log in as a administrator or user who has been registered on the DX. Of the commands in chapter 3, you can use either the administrator or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

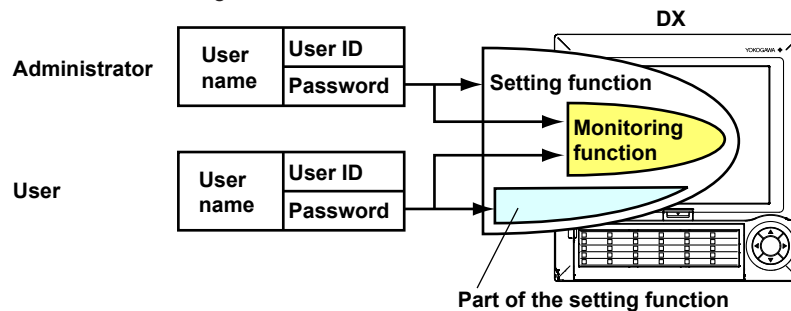
On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

When Not Using the Login Function

Access the server using the user name “user.” You can use the monitoring function commands. You cannot access the server using the user name “admin.”

When Using the Login Function

Connect (log in) to the monitoring function or the setting function as a administrator or user who has been registered on the DX.



- **Monitoring Function**

You can produce measurement and setup data and execute input commands for communication input data and external input channels. Administrators and users can connect to the monitoring function. Users can connect regardless of whether they log in through key operations or serial communication.

- **Setting Function**

Administrators and users can connect to the setting function. Administrators can execute all the commands. In addition to the monitoring function commands, users can execute some operations, such as the starting and stopping of recording. However, users cannot perform operations that are forbidden by the user privilege settings. For details, see section 3.2.

When you are using the multi-login function, you can log in to the setting function in the circumstances listed below, but all commands other than the monitoring function commands will result in errors.

- When a user who has logged in through key operations is in setting mode or basic setting mode.
- There is a user who is using serial communication to execute a command to enter setting mode.

When you are not using the multi-login function, you will be unable to log in to the setting function if an administrator or user has logged in to the DX through key operations or if there is a user who is executing the LL command through serial communication.

Logging In

Perform the operations that are appropriate for your PC, software, and network environment.

This section explains the operations that a user performs on the PC before he or she logs in and how the DX responds to those operations. For information about the flow of login processing, see appendix 2.

Note

- Regardless of the connection types—key login, a setting or monitoring connection to the setting/measurement server, or connection through the LL command using serial communication—two users cannot be logged in with the same name.
- If you try to connect to the DX from a PC when no administrators have been registered, the DX returns the following response:
E1 402 Select username from 'admin' or 'user'
 - Selecting admin is the same as logging in to the setting function at the administrator level.
 - Selecting user is the same as logging in to the monitoring function at the user level except that you can't use the CM or CE commands.

Logging In Before the Password Has Been Set

Immediately after you register a user on the DX, the default password is used as the login password for that user. When you log in for the first time, you will be prompted to change the password.

1. Specify the host name or IP address of the DX that you want to connect to. Or, specify the port number (34260) of the setting/measurement server.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 406 "Select function from 'setting' or 'monitor'."

2. Enter "setting" to log in to the setting function.

Enter "monitor" to log in to the monitoring function.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 400 "Input username."

3. Enter the user name.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 405 "Input user ID."

4. Enter the user ID.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 401 "Input password."

5. Enter the default password.

User	Default password
Administrator 1 to 5	Admin1 to Admin5
User 1 to 90	User01 to User90

The DX returns the following message:

E1 407 "Password has expired. Please enter a new password."

6. Enter a new password.

Note

- You cannot use the same combination of user ID and password as another user.
- Enter a password that is between 6 and 20 characters in length.
- You cannot register a character string that contains spaces or the word "quit."

1.12 Using the Setting/Measurement Server

The DX returns the following message:

E1 408 "Enter password again for confirmation."

7. Enter the password that you entered in step 6.

The DX returns the following message:

E0

You are now logged in.

Logging In after the Password Has Been Set

1. Specify the host name or IP address of the DX that you want to connect to. Or, specify the port number (34260) of the setting/measurement server.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 406 "Select function from 'setting' or 'monitor'."

2. Enter "setting" to log in to the setting function.

Enter "monitor" to log in to the monitoring function.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 400 "Input username."

3. Enter the user name.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 405 "Input user ID."

4. Enter the user ID.

The DX returns the following message:

E1 401 "Input password."

5. Enter the password.

The DX returns the following message:

E0

You are now logged in.

You will need to enter a new password after the current one expires. Follow the directions that appear to enter the new password.

Invalid User

If a user tries to log in with the wrong password consecutively for the number of times specified by the password retry frequency setting, that user is made invalid, and he or she will be unable to log in.

- **Releasing the Invalid User Status**

The administrator can release the invalid user status. For instructions on how to do this, see the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

Error Messages and Dealing with Them

If an error message appears while you are logging in, see chapter 10 in the *DX1000/ DX1000N User's Manual* or chapter 11 in the *DX2000 User's Manual*.

Sending Commands

Use the dedicated DX commands. The commands that you can use are listed below. For details about the commands, see chapter 3. For information about the responses to the commands, see chapter 4.

Connected Function	Administrator	User
Setting function	All the commands are available.	All the output commands except for ME and MO and some of the control commands are available (operations that are forbidden by the user privilege settings are not available).
Monitoring function	All the output commands except for ME and MO and control commands CM and CE.	

Main Functions and Commands

- **Outputting the Most Recent Measured and Computed Data**

Command	Function
FD	The most recent measured and computed data is output in binary or ASCII format. When the data is output in binary format, only the significands of the measured and computed data are output. To acquire the correct values, you must combine the values output by this command with the decimal place information output by the FE command. Example: A value of 12.345 is output as "12345" in binary format.
BO	When data is output in binary format, this command specifies whether to output the data from the MSB (most significant bit) or from the LSB (least significant bit).
FE	Outputs the decimal place and unit information of the measured and computed data. This command can be used when data is output in binary format.

- **Outputting Measured and Computed Data at a Specific Interval**

The DX outputs the data from a FIFO buffer (First-In First-Out; see appendix 5).

Command	Function
FF	Outputs the significands of the measured and computed data in binary format. To acquire the correct values, you must combine the values output by this command with the decimal place information output by the FE command. See appendix 5, "Flow Chart of the FIFO Data Output."
BO	See the explanation for "Outputting the Most Recent Measured and Computed Data."
FE	See the explanation for "Outputting the Most Recent Measured and Computed Data."

- **Outputting Status Information**

For information about status information, see chapter 5.

Command	Function
IS	The status information is output in ASCII format.
IF	A status filter is set.

- **Starting and Stopping Measurement and Computation**

Command	Function
PS	PS0: memory start, PS1: memory stop
TL	TL0: computation start, TL1: computation stop

- **Writing Messages**

Command	Function
MS	Writes a registered character string (message).
BJ	Writes the specified character string (message).

- **Setting the Batch Name**

Command	Function
BT	Sets the batch and lot numbers.

Disconnection

The connection is closed when:

- A command is sent that closes the connection.
The CC0 command is sent.
- A command that results in the exiting of basic setting mode has been executed.
If you log in to the setting function and initialize the setup data (EC command), load settings (YO command), or close system mode (YE command), the communication connection is closed, along with other connections.
- The DX disconnects according to its automatic logout and communication timeout settings.

When you are logged in, if you do not send commands for the specified time indicated below, the DX will automatically log out and close the connection.

Specified time: The DX auto logout time (see section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (AS1) User's Manual*) or the communication timeout time (see section 1.3), whichever is shorter.

- There is a communication error.

The connection is closed when there is a transfer error, a reception error, or when the keepalive function times out (see "Setting/Measurement Server" in section 1.1).

Note

When the connection to the setting function is closed, the DX returns to the operation mode screen, and the user is logged out.

1.13 Using the Maintenance/Test Server

When Not Using the Login Function

Access the server using the user name “admin” or “user.” You can use either the administrator (admin) or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

When Using the Login Function (Standard)

Log in as an administrator or user who has been registered on the DX. Of the commands in chapter 3, you can use either the administrator or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

Access the server using the user name “admin” or “user.” You can use either the administrator (admin) or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

Telnet Operation Example

The example below shows how to perform operations using Telnet on Windows XP. The necessary operations vary depending on the operating environment. Perform the operations that are appropriate for your environment.

Connecting

Type “telnet” in the Windows command prompt, and then press ENTER to start Telnet. If you enter “display,” the Telnet settings are displayed. Configure the settings as indicated below.

- Use local echo
set localecho
- Send CR and LF by pressing ENTER
set crlf

Connect to the DX using the “open” command.

```
open (the DX IP address or host name) 34261
```

- * Put a space between the DX IP address or host name and “34261.”
“34261” is the port number of the maintenance/test server.

The DX returns the following message:

```
E1 402 “Select username from ‘admin’ or ‘user’.”
```

Access the server using the user name “admin” or “user.”

Sending Commands

For information about commands, see section 3.2.

Disconnection

The connection is closed when:

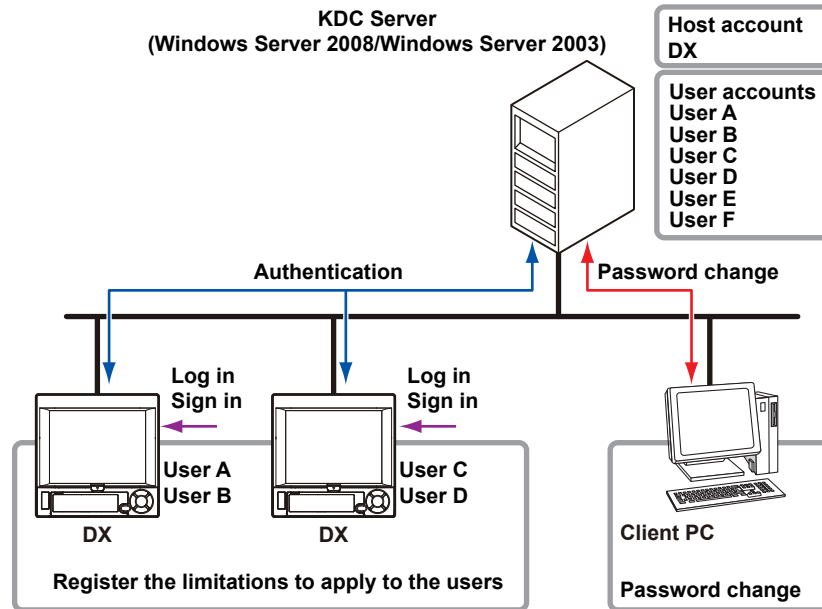
- A command is sent that closes the connection.
The quit command is sent.
- A communication timeout occurs.
The DX automatically closes the connection of clients with whom no communication has taken place for 15 minutes.
- There is a communication error.
The connection is closed when there is a transfer error, a reception error, or when the keepalive function times out (see “Other Functions” in section 1.1).

1.14 Using the Password Management Function (/AS1 option)

Overview

System Configuration

The following figure shows the configuration of the authentication system.



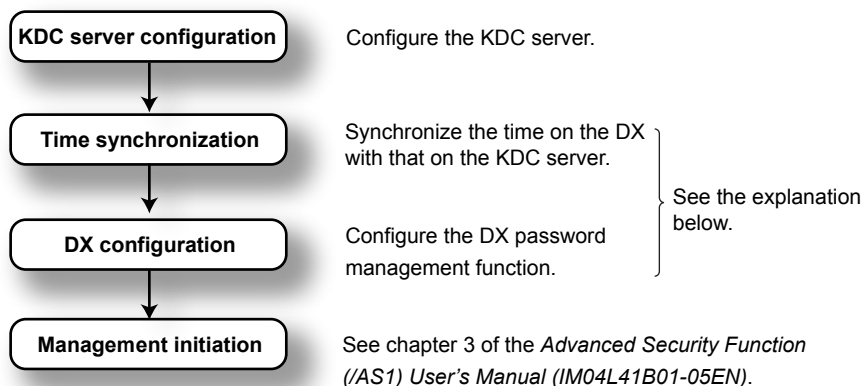
Terminology

- **KDC Server (Key Distribution Center)**
Manages the DX account (host account) and the user accounts for operating the DX.
- **Encryption Method**
The method for encrypting the authentication data.
- **Authentication**
The process by which the DX determines whether or not a user is qualified to operate it.
- **Host Account**
The DX user account on the KDC server.
- **Host Principal**
The DX name used on the application.
- **User Account**
The account of a user who can operate the DX.
- **Mapping**
The establishment of an association between the host principal and the host account.
- **Realm Name**
The name of the domain that contains the KDC server and the DX.

Flow of Operation

To use the password management function, you must configure a KDC server and the DX.

First configure the KDC server, and then configure the DX.

**Configuring the KDC Server**

An example of how to configure a KDC server is provided in this section.

Configuring the DX

- **Set the SNTP Client**

For the password management function to work, the times on the KDC server and the DX must be synchronized. Configure the DX to always synchronize itself with an SNTP server on the network. For the setup procedure, see section 1.8.

Note

Be sure to set DST (daylight saving time) and the time zone correctly. For the setup procedures for DST and the time zone, see sections 2.1 and 2.2 in the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*.

- **Set the IP Address and DNS**

See section 1.3 for information about the IP address and DNS settings.

- **Turn the Password Management Function On**

See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

- **Register Users**

Specify operation modes, user names, and restrictions for each user. See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

- **Set the Root User Password**

See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

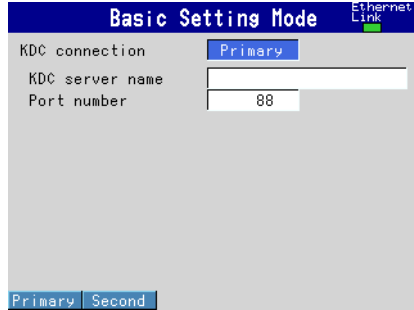
- **Set the KDC Server to Connect to and the Authentication Key**

Set the server information, the encryption method, etc. This section will explain how to do this.

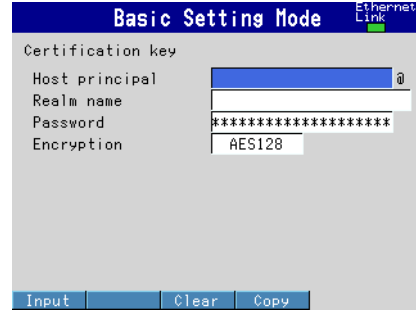
DX Settings (KDC server to connect to and authentication key)

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication(Ethernet)** > **Password management** > **KDC connection, Certification key**.

KDC connection



Certification key



KDC Connection

You can specify a primary and a secondary KDC server.

- **KDC server name**
Enter the KDC server name here using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.
- **Port number**
You can specify a value from 1 to 65535. If you do not specify a port number, the default port number, which is 88, is used.

Certification Key

- **Host principal**
The DX account name registered on the KDC server. You can enter up to 20 alphanumeric characters.*1
*1 You cannot use forward slashes or at signs.
- **Realm name**
The name of the domain that contains the KDC server and the DX. You can enter up to 64 alphanumeric characters.*2
*2 You cannot use forward slashes or at signs. Characters are case-sensitive.
- **Password**
Set the password to use to access the KDC server using up to 20 characters. The password is displayed as "*****".
- **Encryption Method**
Select an encryption method that the server supports from AES128, AES256, and ARC4. ARC4 (ARCFOUR) is an encryption algorithm that is compatible with RC4.

Note

- The host principal is converted within the DX as shown below.
host/(host principal)@(realm name)
- Cross-realm authentication (authentication of different domain names) is not supported.

KDC Server Configuration Example

The example below shows how to configure a KDC server. In the example, a Windows Server 2008 KDC server that supports Active Directory management is used on an English OS.

Overview

The necessary Active Directory management steps on Windows Server 2008 are the creation of a host account, property changes, mapping of the host principal to the host account^{*1}, and the creation of a key tab file (this step can be omitted). The conditions are as follows:

Item	Description
Domain name	The name of the domain that you are using
Realm	The name of the realm that you are using ^{*2}
Encryption method	AES256
Port number	88
Preauthentication	Enabled

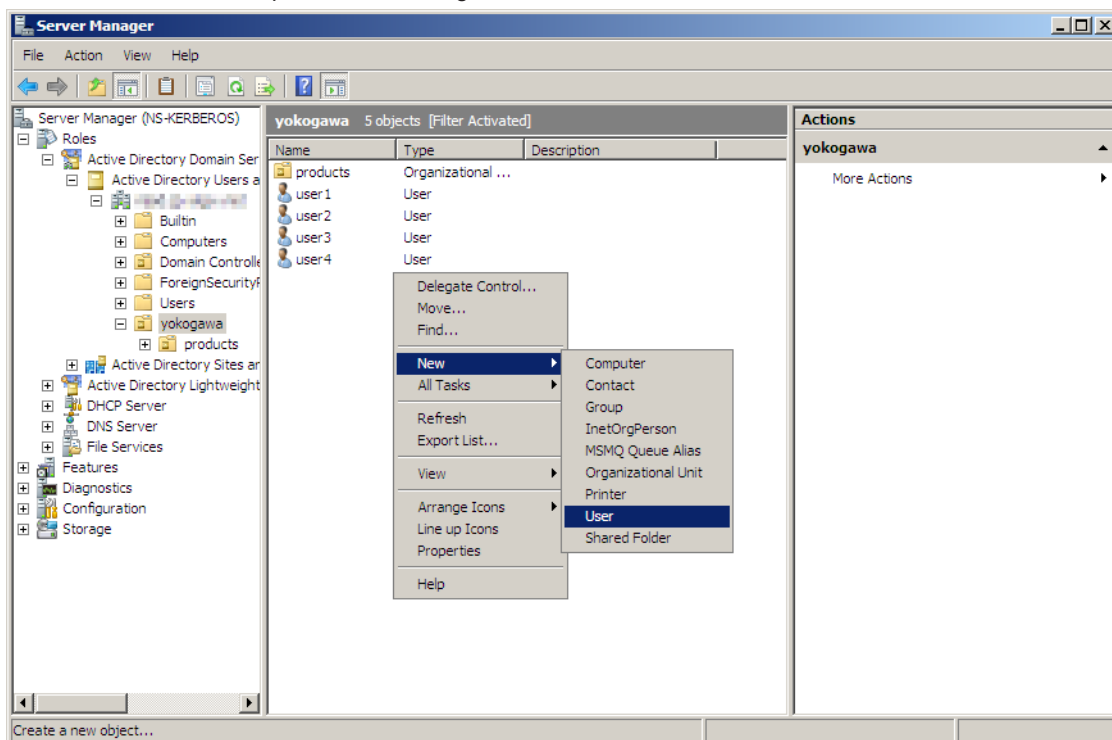
Item	Registered name	Password
Host name	dxadv	record-1

*1 You need to use mapping to use Active Directory to perform user registration on a non-Windows device.

*2 The realm name is the domain name (all caps).

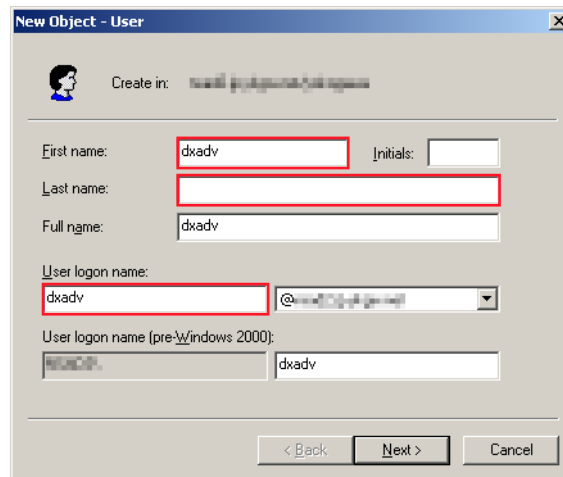
Creating a DX Host Account

1. Open Server Manager, and select **New > User**.



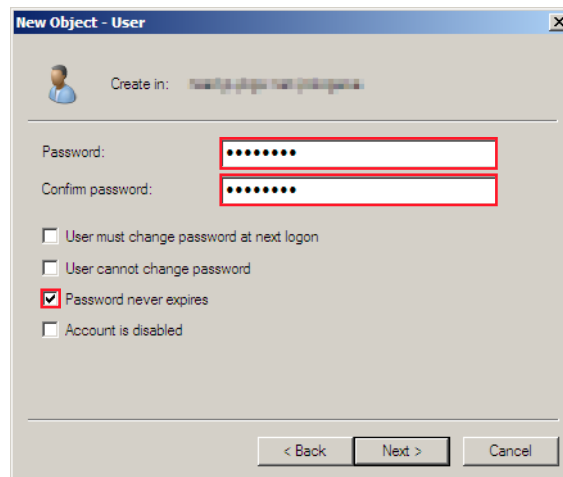
1.14 Using the Password Management Function (/AS1 option)

2. Enter dxadv into the First name, Full name, and User logon name boxes.



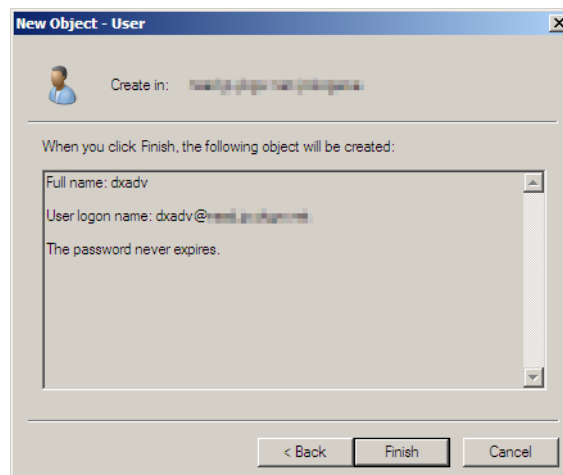
The screenshot shows the 'New Object - User' dialog box. The 'Create in:' field is set to 'record-1@record-1.com'. The 'First name:' field contains 'dxadv', the 'Initials:' field is empty, and the 'Full name:' field also contains 'dxadv'. The 'User logon name:' field contains 'dxadv' and the domain dropdown is set to '@record-1.com'. The 'User logon name (pre-Windows 2000):' field contains 'dxadv'. The 'Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel' buttons are visible at the bottom.

3. Enter record-1 in the **Password** box. Select the **Password never expires** check box.



The screenshot shows the 'New Object - User' dialog box. The 'Password:' and 'Confirm password:' fields are both filled with 'record-1'. The 'User must change password at next logon' checkbox is unchecked, 'User cannot change password' is unchecked, 'Password never expires' is checked, and 'Account is disabled' is unchecked. The 'Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel' buttons are visible at the bottom.

4. Click **Finish** to complete the creation of the new account.



The screenshot shows the 'New Object - User' dialog box. The 'When you click Finish, the following object will be created:' section displays a summary: 'Full name: dxadv', 'User logon name: dxadv@record-1.com', and 'The password never expires.' The 'Back', 'Finish', and 'Cancel' buttons are visible at the bottom.

Changing the Properties of the New Account

Select the check boxes listed below. Clear all other check boxes.

This account supports Kerberos AES 256 bit encryption

Password never expires

- The “Password never expires” check box was selected previously in step 3, so it will also be selected in this window.
- If you clear all the encryption method check boxes, RC4 will be used.

The screenshot shows the 'dxadv Properties' dialog box with the 'Account' tab selected. The 'User logon name' field contains 'host/dxadv'. The 'User logon name (pre-Windows 2000)' field contains 'dxadv'. Under 'Account options', the checkbox 'This account supports Kerberos AES 256 bit encryption' is checked. Under 'Account expires', the 'Never' radio button is selected.

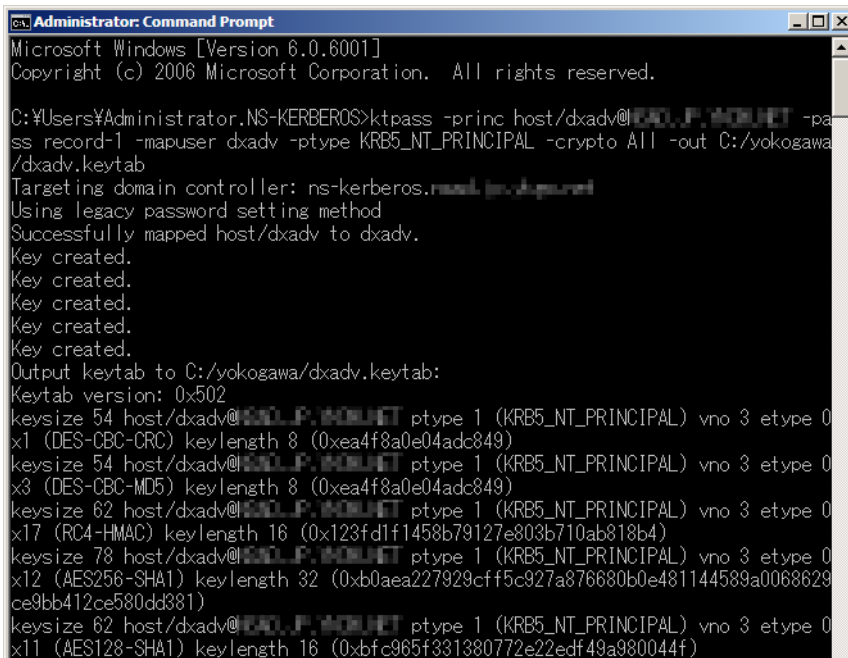
“host” is not attached before mapping. It is attached after mapping is performed successfully.

Mapping the host principal to the host account

Open the command prompt, and execute the following command.

```
ktpass -princ host/dxadv@(the name of the realm you are using) -pass record-1 -mapuser dxadv -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -crypto All -out C:\yokogawa\dxadv.keytab
```

The file dxadv.keytab is created in the C:\yokogawa folder.



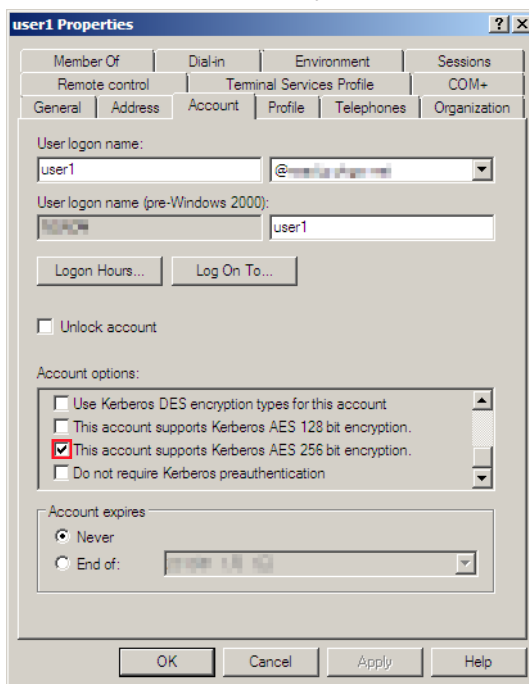
Create an Active Directory User Account and Change Its Properties

Create an Active Directory DX user account. Change the properties of the account to match those of the host.

In this example, select the following check box:

This account supports Kerberos AES 256 bit encryption

Be sure to select the same encryption method as the one used by the DX host account.



About Mapping

Mapping is the establishment of an association between the host principal and the host account. In the example below, the setting “princ” is associated with the setting “mapuser.” The association is accomplished through the use of the ktpass tool.

- Open the command prompt, and execute the ktpass command.

ktpass Settings

Setup Item	Windows Server 2003	Windows Server 2008	Example
princ	host/(host principal)@(realm name)		host/dxadv@EXAMPLE.COM
pass	Password		record-1
crypto	ARC4	RC4-HMAC-NT	RC4-HMAC-NT
	AES128		AES128-SHA1
	AES256		AES256-SHA1
mapuser	Host account		dxadv
ptype	KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL		KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL
out	(Destination folder name)\(file name).keytab		c:\temp\dxadv.keytab

Mapping Example

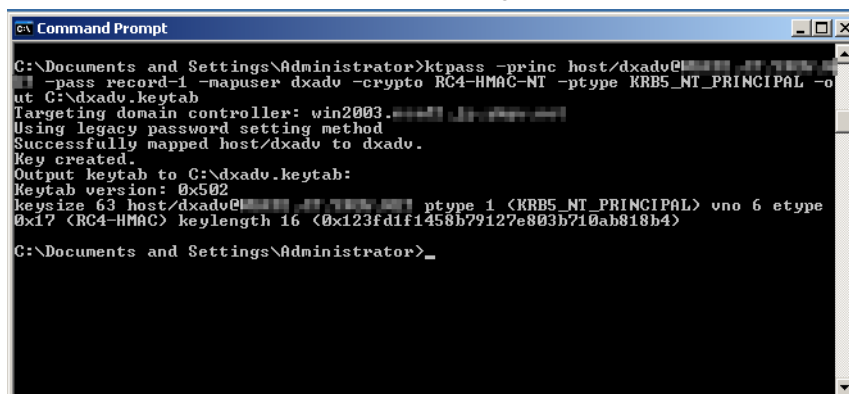
```
ktpass -princ host/dxadv@EXAMPLE.COM -pass record-1 -crypto
RC4-HMAC-NT -mapuser dxadv -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -out c:\
temp\dxadv.keytab
```

Note

- Use the ktpass tool after you install the support tools offered by the server.
- Be sure to make the realm name all caps.
- You can only set crypto to All when using Windows Server 2008.
- Use the same encryption method for the user and host accounts.
- ARC4 (ARCFOUR) is an encryption algorithm that is compatible with RC4.
- The “out” setting can be omitted.

ktpass Execution Example (Windows Server 2003)

This execution example is different from the configuration example.

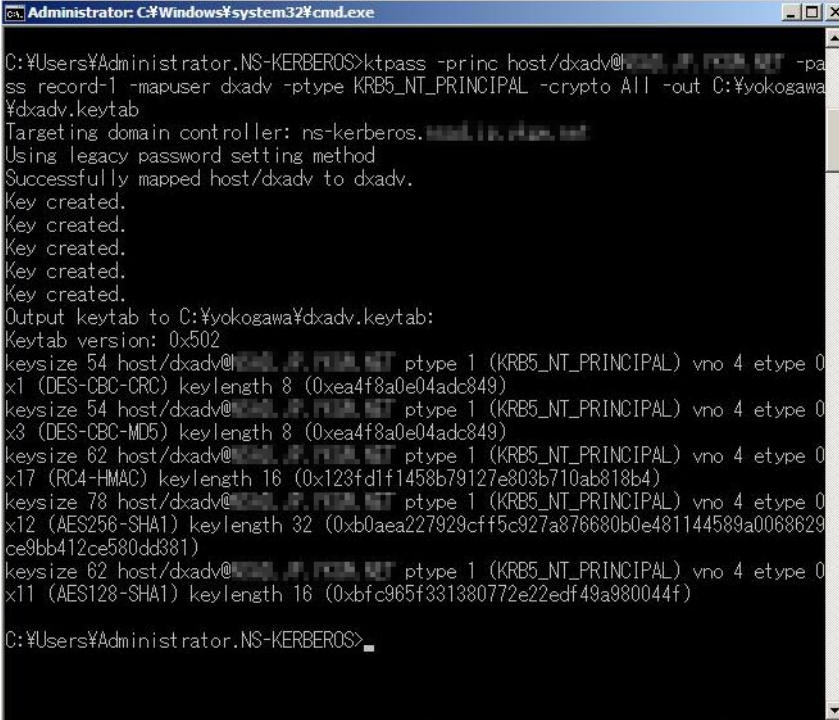


```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ktpass -princ host/dxadv@EXAMPLE.COM -pass record-1 -mapuser dxadv -crypto RC4-HMAC-NT -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -out C:\dxadv.keytab
Targeting domain controller: win2003.
Using legacy password setting method
Successfully mapped host/dxadv to dxadv.
Key created.
Output keytab to C:\dxadv.keytab:
Keytab version: 0x502
keysize 63 host/dxadv@EXAMPLE.COM ptype 1 (KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL) vno 6 etype
0x17 (RC4-HMAC) keylength 16 (0x123fd1f1458b79127e803b710ab818b4)
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>
```

1.14 Using the Password Management Function (/AS1 option)

ktpass Execution Example (Windows Server 2008)

This execution example is different from the configuration example on the previous page.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\Administrator.NS-KERBEROS>ktpass -princ host/dxadv@NS-KERBEROS -pa
ss record-1 -mapuser dxadv -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -crypto All -out C:\yokogawa
\dxadv.keytab
Targeting domain controller: ns-kerberos.ns-kerberos.net
Using legacy password setting method
Successfully mapped host/dxadv to dxadv.
Key created.
Key created.
Key created.
Key created.
Key created.
Output keytab to C:\yokogawa\dxadv.keytab:
Keytab version: 0x502
keysize 54 host/dxadv@NS-KERBEROS ptype 1 (KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL) vno 4 etype 0
x1 (DES-CBC-CRC) keylength 8 (0xea4f8a0e04adc849)
keysize 54 host/dxadv@NS-KERBEROS ptype 1 (KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL) vno 4 etype 0
x3 (DES-CBC-MD5) keylength 8 (0xea4f8a0e04adc849)
keysize 62 host/dxadv@NS-KERBEROS ptype 1 (KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL) vno 4 etype 0
x17 (RC4-HMAC) keylength 16 (0x123fd1f1458b79127e803b710ab818b4)
keysize 78 host/dxadv@NS-KERBEROS ptype 1 (KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL) vno 4 etype 0
x12 (AES256-SHA1) keylength 32 (0xb0aea227929cff5c927a876680b0e481144589a0068629
ce9bb412ce580dd381)
keysize 62 host/dxadv@NS-KERBEROS ptype 1 (KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL) vno 4 etype 0
x11 (AES128-SHA1) keylength 16 (0xbf965f331380772e22edf49a980044f)
C:\Users\Administrator.NS-KERBEROS>
```

Settings on the DX

Configure the following settings on the DX. For the setup procedure, see page 1-80.

Item	Setup Items
Host principal	dxadv
Realm name	Specify the realm name.
Password	record-1
Encryption method	AES256
KDC server name	Specify the KDC server name.
Port number	88

Note

The realm name is the domain name in all caps.

2.1 DX Features

Serial communication can be performed using RS-232 or RS-422/485. Explains the serial communication functions.

Modbus Master

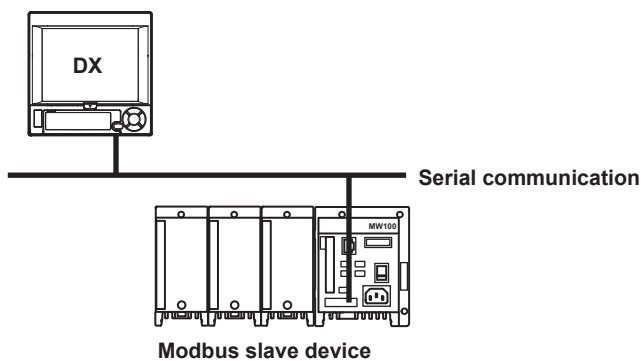
- The DX can connect to a Modbus slave device and read or write to the internal register. The read data can be used as communication input data of the computation function* on a computation channel. The data can also be handled on the external input channel.** The data that can be written to the internal register is measured data and computed data.

* /M1 or /PM1 option

** DX2000 with /MC1 option

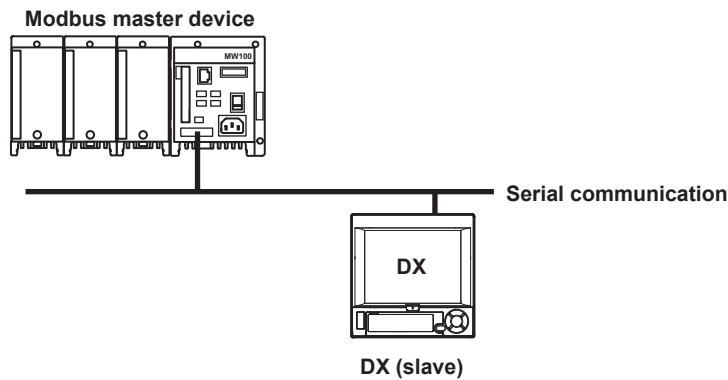
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 2.4. For details on the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
- For the setting procedure, see sections 2.4, 2.6, and 2.7.

DX (master)



Modbus Slave

- A Modbus master device can carry out the following operations on the DX that is operating as a Modbus slave device.
 - Load data from measurement, computed,* and external input channels** (using the input register)
 - Load communication input data* (using the hold register)
 - Write communication input data* (using the hold register)
 - Write to external input channels* (using the hold register)
 - Start and stop recording, write messages, and perform other similar operations (using the hold register; models with release number 3 or later)
 - Load the recording start/stop condition, message strings, and other types of data (using the hold register; models with release number 3 or later)
- * /M1 and /PM1 options
- ** DX2000 with /MC1 option
- For details on the settings required to use this function and the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
- For the setting procedure, see sections 2.4, 2.5, and 2.7.



Setting/Measurement Function

- This function can be used to set almost all of the settings that can be configured using the front panel keys. For details, see section 1.1.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 2.4. For information about how to use the function, see section 2.8.

PROFIBUS-DP (/CP1 option; release number 3 or later)

As a PROFIBUS-DP slave device, the DX can:

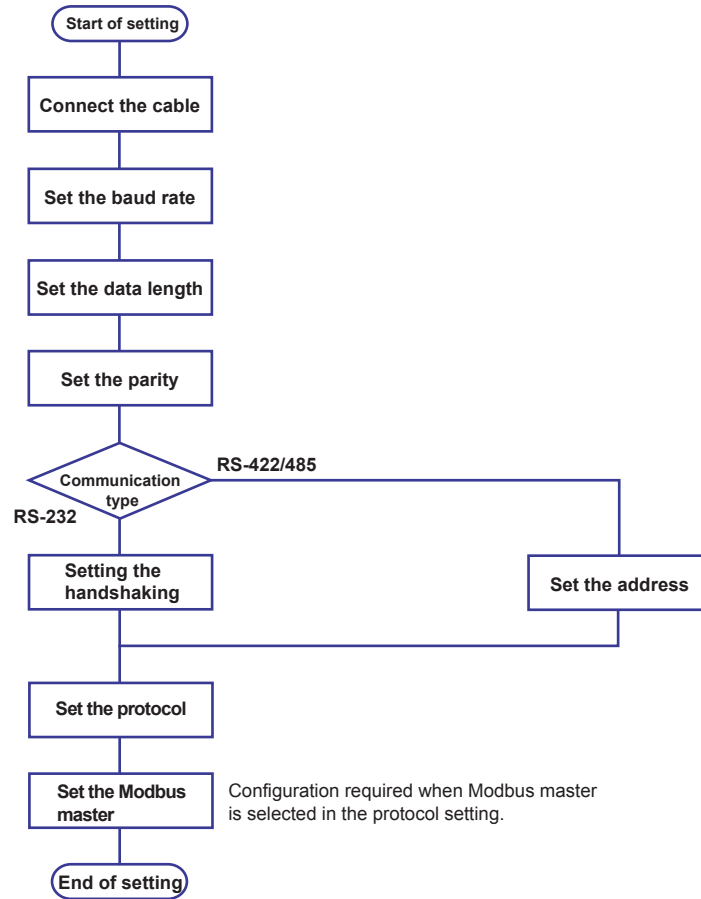
- Output measured values of measurement channels.
- Output a portion of the computed values of computation channels.
- Enter data to a portion of the communication input data.

For operating instructions, see the *PROFIBUS-DP Communication Interface User's Manual (IM04L41B01-19E)*.

2.2 Flow of Operation When Using the Serial Interface

The flow chart below shows the procedure to set the communication using RS-232 or RS-422/RS-485.

The procedure varies for RS-232 and RS-422/RS-485.



2.3 Connecting the DX

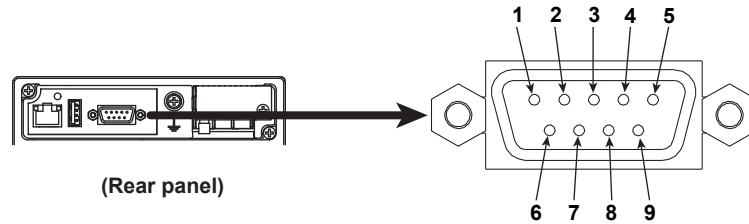
Connecting the cable

Connect a cable to the serial port on the DX rear panel.

RS-232 Connection Procedure

Connect a cable to the 9-pin D-sub RS-232 connector.

Connector pin arrangement and signal names



Each pin corresponds to the signal indicated below.

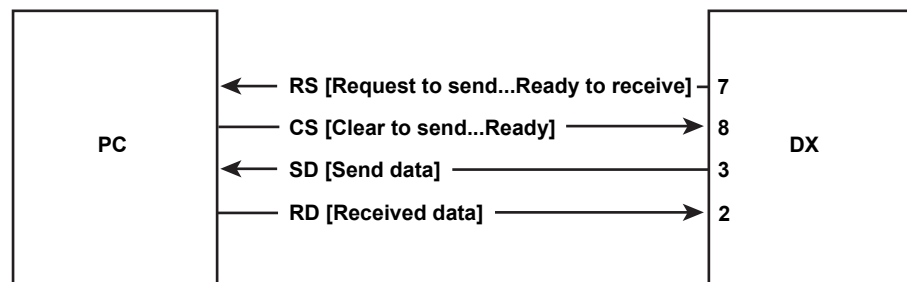
The following table shows the signal name, RS-232 standard, JIS, and ITU-T standard signals.

Pin	Signal Name			Name	Meaning
	JIS	ITU-T	RS-232		
2	RD	104	BB(RXD)	Received data	Input signal to the DX.
3	SD	103	BA(TXD)	Transmitted data	Output signal from the DX.
5	SG	102	AB(GND)	Signal ground	Signal ground.
7	RS	105	CA(RTS)	Request to send	Handshaking signal when receiving data from the PC. Output signal from the DX.
8	CS	106	CB(CTS)	Clear to send	Handshaking signal when receiving data from the PC. Input signal to the DX.

* Pins 1, 4, 6, and 9 are not used.

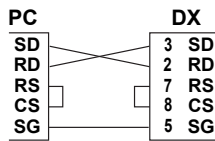
Connection

- Signal direction

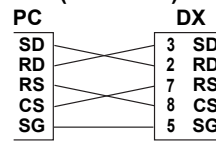


- Connection example

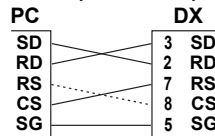
- **OFF-OFF/XON-XON**



- **CS-RS(CTS-RTS)**



- **XON-RS(XON-RTS)**



The connection of RS on the PC and CS on the DX is not necessary. However, we recommend that you wire them so that the cable can be used in either direction.

Handshaking

When using the RS-232 interface for transferring data, it is necessary for equipment on both sides to agree on a set of rules to ensure the proper transfer of data. The set of rules is called handshaking. Because there are various handshaking methods that can be used between the DX and the PC, you must make sure that the same method is chosen by both the DX and the PC.

You can choose any of the four methods on the DX in the table below.

Table of Handshaking Methods (Yes indicates that it is supported)

Handshaking	Data transmission control (Control used when sending data to a computer)			Data Reception Control (Control used when receiving data from a computer)		
	Software Handshaking	Hardware Handshaking	No handshaking	Software Handshaking	Hardware Handshaking	No handshaking
	Stops transmission when X-OFF is received. Resume when X-ON is received.	Stops sending when CS (CTS) is false. Resumes when it is true.		Sends X-OFF when the receive data buffer is 3/4 full. Sends X-ON when the receive data buffer is 1/4th full.	Sets RS (RTS) to False when the receive data buffer is 3/4 full. Sets RS (RTS) to True when the receive data buffer becomes 1/4 full.	
OFF-OFF			Yes			Yes
XON-XON	Yes			Yes		
XON-RS	Yes				Yes	
CS-RS		Yes			Yes	

- **OFF-OFF**

- Data transmission control

There is no handshaking between the DX and the PC. The "X-OFF" and "X-ON" signals received from the PC are treated as data, and the CS signal is ignored.

- Data reception control

There is no handshaking between the DX and the PC. When the received buffer becomes full, all of the data that overflows are discarded.

RS = True (fixed).

- **XON-XON**

- Data transmission control

Software handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When an "X-OFF" code is received while sending data to the PC, the DX stops the data transmission. When the DX receives the next "X-ON" code, the DX resumes the data transmission. The CS signal received from the PC is ignored.

- Data reception control

Software handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When the free area of the received buffer decreases to 1537 bytes, the DX sends an "X-OFF" code. When the free area increases to 511 bytes, the DX sends an "X-ON" code. RS = True (fixed).

- **XON-RS**

- Data transmission control

The operation is the same as with XON-XON.

- Data reception control

Hardware handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When the free area of the received buffer decreases to 1537 bytes, the DX sets "RS=False." When the free area increases to 511 bytes, the DX sets "RS=True."

- **CS-RS**

- Data transmission control

Hardware handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When the CS signal becomes False while sending data to the PC, the DX stops the data transmission. When the CS signal becomes True, the DX resumes the data transmission. The "X-OFF" and "X-ON" signals are treated as data.

- Data reception control

The operation is the same as with XON-RS.

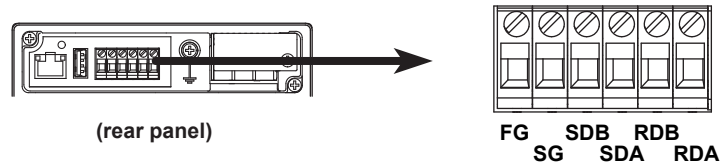
Note

- The PC program must be designed so that the received buffers of both the DX and the PC do not become full.
 - If you select XON-XON, send the data in ASCII format.
-

RS-422/485 Connection Procedure

Terminal arrangement and signal names

Connect a cable to the clamp terminal.



Each terminal corresponds to the signal indicated below.

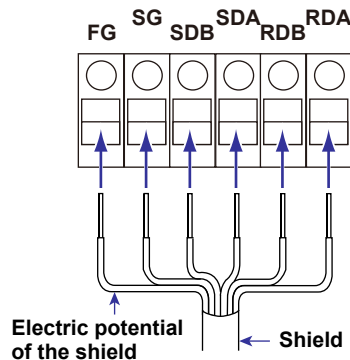
Signal Name	Meaning
FG	Frame ground of the DX.
SG	Signal ground.
SDB	Send data B (+).
SDA	Send data A (-).
RDB	Receive data B (+).
RDA	Receive data A (-).

Connection

- Connecting the Cable

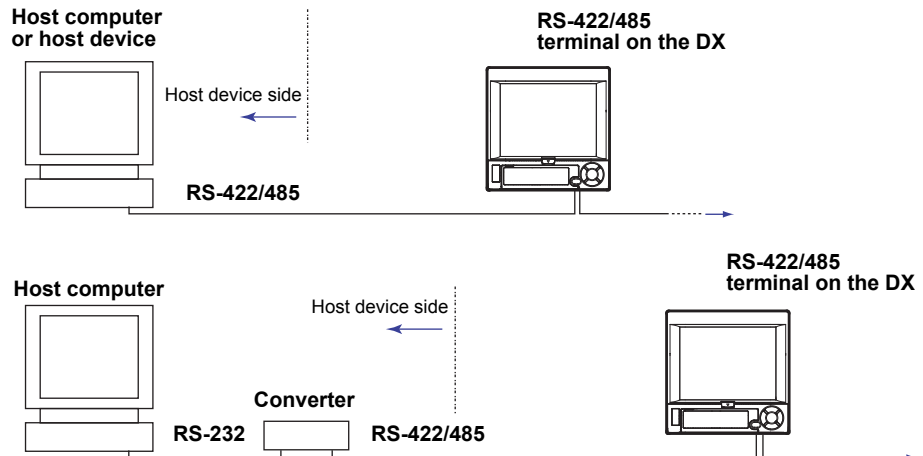
As shown in the figure below, remove approximately 5 mm of the covering from the end of the cable to expose the conductor. Keep the exposed section from the end of the shield within 5 cm.

- Connection of a four-wire system



Connecting to the host device

The figure below illustrates the connection of the DX to a host device. If the port on the host device is an RS-232 interface, connect a converter.



2.3 Connecting the DX

Connection example to the host device

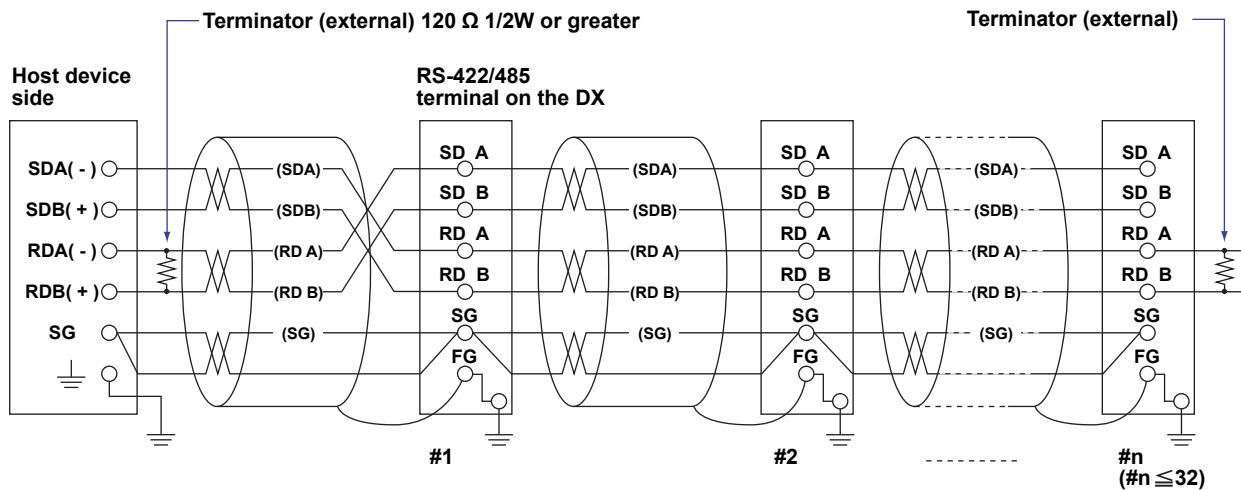
A connection can be made with a host device having a RS-232, RS422, or RS-485 port. In the case of RS-232, a converter is used. See the connection examples below for a typical converter terminal. For details, see the manual that comes with the converter.

RS-422/485 Port	Converter
SDA(-)	TD(-)
SDB(+)	TD(+)
RDA(-)	RD(-)
RDB(+)	RD(+)
SG	SHIELD
FG	EARTH

There is no problem of connecting a 220-Ω terminator at either end if YOKOGAWA's PLCs or temperature controllers are also connected to the communication line.

• Four-wire system

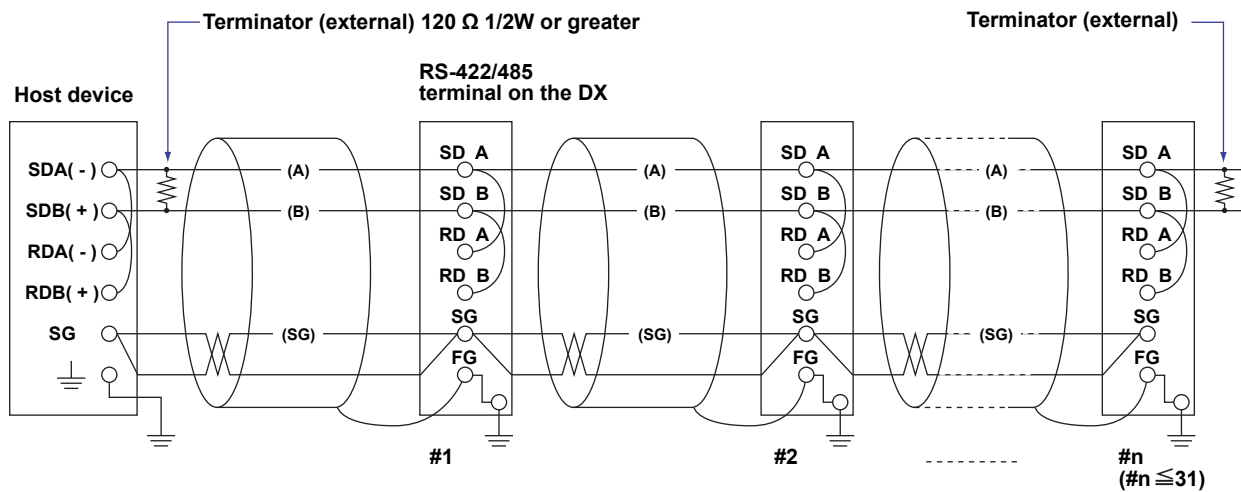
Generally, a four-wire system is used to connect to a host device. In the case of a four-wire system, the transmission and reception lines need to be crossed over.



Do not connect terminators to #1 through #n-1.

• Two-wire system

Connect the transmission and reception signals with the same polarity on the RS-422/485 terminal block. Only two wires are used to connect to the external device.



Do not connect terminators to #1 through #n-1.

Note

- The method used to eliminate noise varies depending on the situation. In the connection example, the shield of the cable is connected only to the DX's ground (one-sided grounding). This is effective when there is a difference in the electric potential between the computer's ground and the DX's ground. This may be the case for long distance communications. If there is no difference in the electric potential between the computer's ground and the DX's ground, the method of connecting the shield also to the computer's ground may be effective (two-sided grounding). In addition, in some cases, using two-sided grounding with a capacitor connected in series on one side is effective. Consider these possibilities to eliminate noise.
- When using the two-wire interface (Modbus protocol), the 485 driver must be set to high impedance within 3.5 characters after the last data byte is sent by the host computer.

Serial interface converter

The recommended converter is given below.

SYSMEX RA CO.,LTD./MODEL RC-770X, LINE EYE/SI-30FA, YOKOGAWA/ML2

**CAUTION**

Some converters not recommended by Yokogawa have FG and SG pins that are not isolated. In this case, do not follow the diagram on the previous page (do not connect anything to the FG and SG pins). Especially in the case of long distance communications, the potential difference that appears may damage the DX or cause communication errors. For converters that do not have the SG pin, they can be used without using the signal ground. For details, see the manual that comes with the converter.

On some non-recommended converters, the signal polarity may be reversed (A/B or +/- indication). In this case, reverse the connection.

For a two-wire system, the host device must control the transmission driver of the converter in order to prevent collisions of transmit and received data. When using the recommended converter, the driver is controlled using the RS (RTS) signal on the RS-232.

When instruments that support only the RS-422 interface exist in the system

When using the four-wire system, up to 32 DXs can be connected to a single host device. However, this may not be true if instruments that support only the RS-422 interface exist in the system.

When YOKOGAWA's recorders that support only the RS-422 interface exist in the system

The maximum number of connection is 16. Some of YOKOGAWA's conventional recorders (HR2400 and μ R, for example) only support the RS-422 driver. In this case, only up to 16 units can be connected.

Note

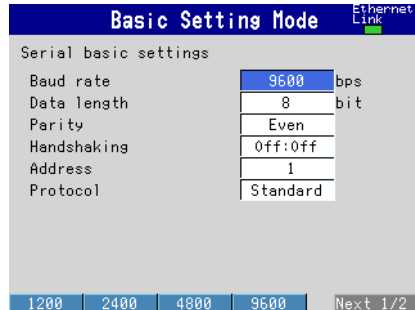
In the RS-422 standard, 10 is the maximum number of connections that are allowed on one port (for a four-wire system).

Terminator

When using a multidrop connection (including a point-to-point connection), connect a terminator to the DX if the DX is connected to the end of the chain. Do not connect a terminator to a DX in the middle of the chain. In addition, turn ON the terminator on the host device (see the manual of the host device). If a converter is being used, turn ON its terminator. The recommended converter is a type that has a built-in terminator. Select the appropriate terminator (120 Ω), indicated in the figure, according to the characteristic impedance of the line, the installation conditions of the instruments, and so on.

2.4 Setting the Serial Communication

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Serial)** > **Basic settings**.



For RS-232

- **Baud rate**
Select 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 (bps).
- **Data length**
Select 7 or 8 (bits). To output the data in binary format, select 8.
- **Parity**
Set the parity check method to Odd, Even, or None.
- **Handshaking**
Select Off:Off, XON:XON, XON:RS, or CS:RS.
- **Address**
For Modbus protocol, enter a value in the range of 1 to 99. For a general purpose communication protocol, this value is not set.
- **Protocol**
Select [Standard] for a general purpose communication protocol, [Modbus] for Modbus slave, [Master-M] for Modbus master, and [Barcode] for a barcode protocol.
If Modbus master is selected, Modbus master settings must be entered.

For RS-422/485

- **Baud rate**
Select 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 (bps).
- **Data length**
Select 7 or 8 (bits). To output the data in binary format, select 8.
- **Parity**
Set the parity check method to Odd, Even, or None.
- **Handshaking**
Not specified.
- **Address**
Select a number from 1 to 99.
- **Protocol**
This is the same as with the RS-232.

2.5 Using the Modbus Slave Function

The DX is used as a Modbus slave.
For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Serial Communication

Select **Modbus** as a protocol on the **Basic settings**. For detail, see section 2.4, "Setting the Serial Communication."

Reading/Writing the DX Data on Another Device

Another device (master device) sends commands to the DX to read the DX data or write data to the DX. You can perform some operations, such as memory start, by writing in the registers.

For the function codes that the DX supports and the DX registers that the master device can access, see "Modbus Server Function" in section 6.3.

2.6 Using the Modbus Master Function

The DX is used as a Modbus master.

For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Serial Communication

Select **Modbus-M** as a protocol on the **Basic settings**. For detail, see section 2.4, "Setting the Serial Communication."

Setting the Modbus Master

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Serial)** > **Modbus master** > **Basic settings** or **Command settings**.

Basic settings

Modbus master basic settings	
Read cycle	1s
Timeout	1s
Retrials	1
Inter-block delay	Off
Auto recovery	10min

125ms 250ms 500ms 1s Next 1/2

Command settings

Master command number	First	Last	Addr.	Regi.	Type
1	R-M	C01	-	C08	← 1 30001 INT16
2	W	001	-	004	→ 1 40001 INT16
3	W-M	101	-	105	→ 2 40010 INT32_B
4	Off				
5	Off				
6	Off				
7	Off				
8	Off				

1-8 9-16

Basic settings

- **Read cycle**
Set the read cycle to 125ms, 250ms, 500ms, 1s, 2s, 5s, or 10s.
- **Timeout**
Set the timeout value to 125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, or 1 min. The timeout value is the maximum amount of time the DX waits for a response from the specified slave after the DX sends a command.
- **Retrials**
Set the number of retrials when there is no response from the slave. Select Off, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, or 20.
- **Inter-block delay**
Set the amount of time the DX waits after receiving a response to send the next command. Set the amount of time to Off, 5 ms, 10 ms, 15 ms, 45 ms, or 100 ms.
- **Auto recovery**
Set the auto recovery time from communication halt. Select Off, 1min, 2min, 5min, 10min, 20min, 30min, or 1h.

Command settings

- **Master command number**
Select 1-8 or 9-16 for the command numbers to be configured.
- **Command type**
Set the transmitted command type to Off, R, R-M, W, W-M, or E-M.
 - R: Read to the external input channel (16-bit signed integer type) from the slave.
 - R-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the slave.
 - W: Write the measurement channel (16-bit signed integer type) to the slave.
 - W-M: Write the measurement channel (32-bit signed integer type) to the slave.

E-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the server/write the custom display value to the server (release numbers 4 and later).

R can be selected on DX2000s with the external input channel (/MC1) installed.

R-M, W-M, and E-M can be selected on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1) option installed.

- **First/Last (DX's channel numbers)**

Enter the first and last channel numbers of input/output. The range of channels that you can enter varies depending on the command type as follows:

R: 201 to 440, R-M: C01 to C60, W: 1 to 48, W-M: 101 to 160, E-M: C01 to C60

- **Address**

Enter the address of the slave device in the range of 1 to 247.

- **Regi.**

Set the register number of the slave.

For an input register, select in the range of 30001 to 39999 and 300001 to 365536.

For a hold register, select in the range of 40001 to 49999 and 400001 to 465536.

The register numbers you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

- **Type**

Select INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT_L, FLOAT_B, or FLOAT_L.

The register numbers you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

Examples of Setting Commands

See page 1-59.

Checking the Modbus Operating Status

Displaying the Modbus Operating Status

◇ Press **DISP/ENTER** and select **INFORMATION > MODBUS MASTER**.

Note

To display the **MODBUS MASTER** on the screen selection menu, you need to change the setting using the menu customize function. Operate as follows:

◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Menu customize** >

Display menu.

1. Select **INFORMATION > MODBUS MASTER**.
2. Press the **View** soft key.

The screenshot shows the Modbus Master status screen. At the top, it displays 'AAA-1234-000573' and '2005/01/17 17:28:26'. Below this, there are several status indicators: 'DISP 59min', a signal strength icon, a battery icon, and a red alarm icon. The main content is a table with columns: 'No.', 'Status', 'Comm. Data', 'Slave Address', and 'Registers'. The table lists three slave devices. A blue cursor is positioned over the first row. To the right of the table, there are labels with arrows pointing to specific parts of the screen: 'Communication condition' (pointing to the top status bar), 'Register number' (pointing to the 'Registers' column), 'Address for a slave device' (pointing to the 'Slave Address' column), and 'DX channels' (pointing to the 'Comm. Data' column). Below the table, there are labels for 'Detail code', 'Status lamp', and 'Cursor to select a command (Used when resuming command transmission to a slave device using the front panel keys)'. The bottom of the screen shows a list of numbers from 1 to 16, with a blue arrow pointing to the number 1.

No.	Status	Comm. Data	Slave Address	Registers
1	R Good	C01 - C01	1	30001
2	W None	1 - 1	1	40001
3	W None	101 - 101	1	40003

2.6 Using the Modbus Master Function

- **Communication conditions**

The read cycle, Inter-block delay, Time out, Auto recovery, and Retrials settings are displayed.

- **Communication Status**

The communication status is displayed using the status lamp and the detail code.

Status Lamp	Detail Code	Meaning
Green	Good	Communication is operating normally.
Yellow		Command is readying.
Red		Communication is stopped.
Common to yellow and red	None	No response from the slave device.
	Func	The slave device cannot execute the command from the DX.
	Regi	The slave device does not have the specified register.
	Err	The response data from the slave device is broken (communication error).
	(Space)	The detail code is not displayed until the status is confirmed when communication is started.

Resuming Command Transmission

You can use the front panel keys to resume command transmission to a slave device to which communication is stopped (red status lamp).

1. Using the up and down arrow keys, select the command corresponding to the slave device to which transmission will be resumed. The message "Push [right arrow] key to refresh" appears.
2. Press the right arrow key. The DX starts command transmission to the specified slave.

Data When Communication Is Stopped and during Connection Retrials

For Modbus master, the communication input data and external input channel data are held at the previous values while the command is being retried.

If the command transmission stops such as due to a connection drop, the status turns red, and the communication input data and external input channel data are error data. On communication channels, "+OVER" or -OVER is displayed according to the DX settings. "*****" is displayed on external input channels.

Data Dropout

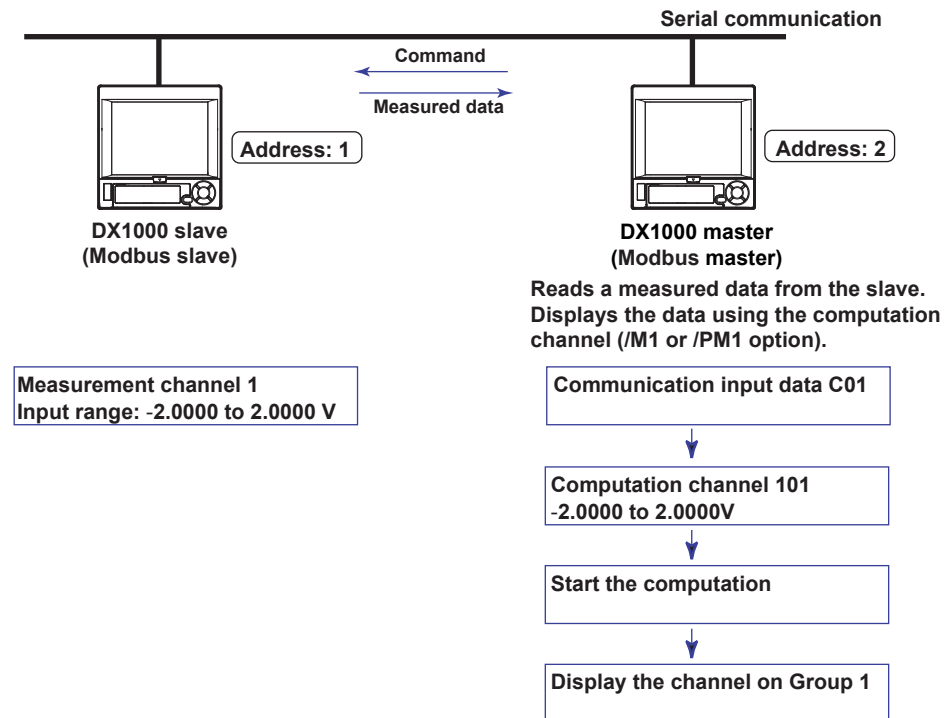
Data drop occurs when the commands from 1 to 16 do not complete within the read cycle (see appendix 1). When a data dropout occurs, the communication input data is held at the previous value. A message indicating the data dropout is also displayed on the Modbus status display. If this happens, take measures such as making the read cycle longer or reducing the number of commands. Confirm that no data dropout occurs on the modbus status log screen.

2.7 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Explains the setting example for both Modbus master and slave on DX1000s connected via the serial communication. This section refers to the DX1000 set to be a Modbus master as DX1000 master and the DX1000 set to be a Modbus slave as DX1000 slave.

System Configuration and Actions

Uses the measurement channel, computation channel, and communication input data as described in the figure below. Assumes other conditions are set properly.



Action

- The DX1000 master reads the measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 slave into the communication input data C01. C01 is displayed on a computation channel 101 by including the data in the equation. The computation channel 101 is assigned to Group1.
- The measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 slave is transferred to the DX1000 master as an integer in the range of -20000 to 20000.
- The DX1000 master displays the read data as -2.0000 to 2.0000 V on the computation channel 101. The following conversion is applied.

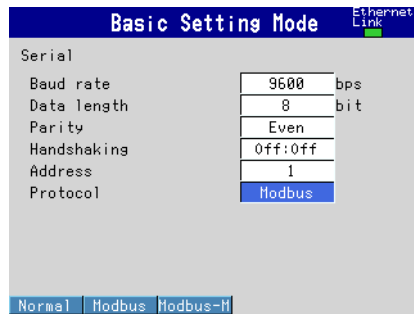
Value on the computation channel 101 of the DX master
= Communication input data C01 x 0.0001

2.7 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Settings on the DX1000 Slave (Modbus Slave)

Setting the Modbus Slave Function

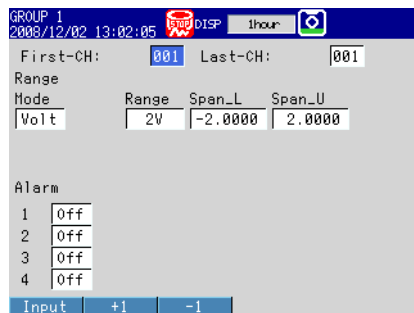
- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Serial)** > **Basic settings**.



Item	Settings
Address	1
Protocol	Modbus

Setting the Measurement Channel

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Meas channel** > **Range, Alarm**.



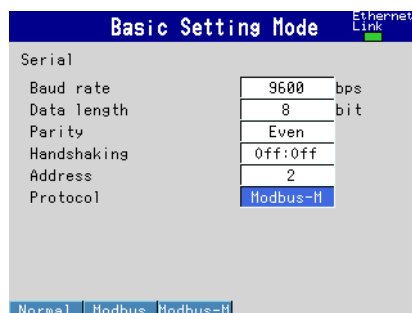
Item	Settings
First-CH, Last-CH	1
Mode	Volt
Range	2V
Span_L	-2.0000
Span_U	2.0000

Setting the DX1000 Master (Modbus Master)

Assumes the settings other than those below are left to default values.

Setting the Modbus Master Function

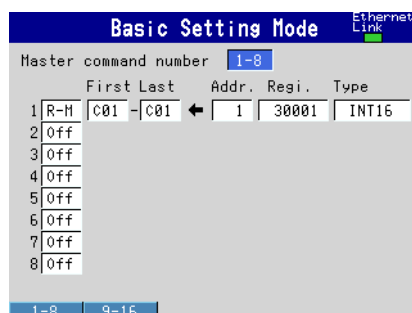
- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Serial)** > **Basic settings**.



Item	Settings
Address	2
Protocol	Modbus-M

Setting Command

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Serial)** > **Modbus master** > **Command settings**.



Item	Settings
Command type	R-M
First and Last	C01
Addr.	1
Regi.	30001
Type	INT16

Setting the Computation Channel

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

Assigning the channel to a Group

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

Starting the Computation

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

Confirming the Communication Status

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

2.8 Using the Setting and Measurement Function

This section explains the setting and measurement function. You can use this function to send commands to retrieve data from the DX and to control it.

Connecting to the DX

Perform the operations that are appropriate for your PC, software, and network environment.

RS-232

The DX is ready to receive commands as soon as you connect it to the PC.

RS-422A/485

The DX is ready to receive commands after you connect it to the PC and open it with the open command (ESC o).

RS-422A/485 Disconnection

The connection is closed when:

- A command is sent that closes the connection.
The close command (ESC c) is sent.
- A connection is opened with another device.

Example: If you open the DX at address 1 and then open the DX at address 2, the connection with the DX at address 1 is closed automatically.

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is Not in Use

For the commands that you can use, see section 3.2.

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is in Use

You can perform some commands without logging into the DX. There are other commands that you can only use if you are logged into the DX. For details about the commands, see chapter 3.

Commands That You Can Perform without Logging In (Monitoring function commands)

You can execute some output and control commands.

Group	Command
Control	CM, CE
Output commands (control)	BO, CS, IF, CB
Output commands (setting, measured, and computed data output)	FC, FE, FD, FF, FL, FI, IS, FU, FA
Dedicated commands for RS-422A/485	Esc O, Esc C
Login commands	LL

Commands That You Can Perform after Logging In

To log in, a user must be registered on the DX and have permission to log in through communication commands. The commands that administrators and users can execute are listed in the table below. For details about the commands, see chapter 3. For information about the responses to the commands, see chapter 4.

Group	Command	Administrator	User	
Setting commands				
	SY	Sets a four panel display	Yes	Yes
	SD	Sets the date and time	Yes	No
	FR	Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer	Yes	No
Control				
	PS	Starts or stops recording	Yes	Yes
	EV	Executes manual sample, takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout	Yes	Yes
	MS	Writes a message	Yes	Yes
	TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears the computation dropout status display	Yes	Yes
	IR	Resets a relative timer	Yes	Yes
	AK	Clears alarm output	Yes	Yes
	CV	Switches between normal and secondary trend interval	Yes	Yes
	EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	Yes	Yes
	CU	Recovers Modbus manually	Yes	Yes
	BJ	Writes a free message	Yes	Yes
	EJ	Changes the login password	Yes	Yes
	BT	Sets a batch name	Yes	Yes
	BU	Sets a batch comment	Yes	Yes
	MH	Sets a batch text field	Yes	Yes
	CL	Executes manual SNTP	Yes	Yes
	LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	Yes	Yes
	MA	Resets a match time timer	Yes	Yes
	UD	Switches the screen	Yes	Yes
	BQ	Locked ACK	Yes	No
	CW	Sets an event switch	Yes	No

2.8 Using the Setting and Measurement Function

Users cannot execute operations (commands) that are not allowed under their user privileges. The correspondence between the commands that can be used and the user privilege settings are indicated in the table below. For information about how to configure the settings using key operations, see section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM 04L41B01-05EN)*.

User Privilege Settings		Command	
Key operations	START	PS0	Memory start
	STOP	PS1	Memory stop
External storage operations	Setup loading	LO	Loads a setup file
Function	Alarm ACK	AK	Alarm acknowledge
	Message and batch	MS	Writes a message
		BJ	Writes a free message
		BT	Sets a batch name
		BU	Sets a batch comment
		MH	Sets a batch text field
	Math	TL	Starts or stops computation
	Data save	EV	Executes manual sampling or causes a timeout
		IR	Resets a relative timer
		MA	Resets a match time timer
		LI	Saves a setup file
	E-mail/FTP	EM	Starts or stops e-mail
		CU	Recovers Modbus manually
	Time settings	CL	Executes manual Sntp
	Screen operations	SY	Sets a four panel display
CV		Switches between normal and secondary trend interval	

LL Command

Use the LL command to log in. In the LL command, specify the user name, user ID, and password. After the LL command, use sub delimiters to make a list of commands. You log into the DX when you execute the command, and you are automatically logged out after the command is executed.

Example Log in as user a (whose user ID is "aaaa" and whose password is "aaaaaa"), start computation, and execute memory start.

```
LLa,aaaa,aaaaaa;TL0;PS0
```

Login Limitations

Depending on the key and Ethernet login conditions, there may be limitations when you log into the setting and measurement function using the LL command. You can execute the monitoring function commands regardless of other login conditions. For details, see section 1.3 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM 04L41B01-05EN)*.

2.9 Using Barcode Input

You can use barcode input to supplement the key input.

Settings on the DX

- ◇ Press **MENU** (to switch to setting mode), hold down **FUNC** for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the **Menu** tab > **Communication (Serial)** > **Basic settings**. See section 2.4.

Protocol

Select [Barcode] to use the barcode protocol.

Connecting to the DX

Follow the standard operating procedure for the barcode reader that you are using.

1. Turn off the DX, and connect the barcode reader to the RS-232 interface connector.
2. Turn on the DX.

The DX is ready to receive commands.

Commands That You Can Use

The commands that you can enter using barcodes are listed in the table below. Users cannot execute operations (commands) that are not allowed under their user privileges. For details about the commands, see chapter 3.

Type	Command	Administrator	User	
Dedicated barcode commands				
	KE	Key operations	Yes	Yes
	BV	Enters a string	Yes	Yes
	BP	Supports login	Yes	Yes
Control commands				
	PS	Starts or stops recording	Yes	Yes
	EV	Executes manual sample, takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout	Yes	Yes
	MS	Writes a message	Yes	Yes
	TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears the computation dropout status display	Yes	Yes
	IR	Resets a relative timer	Yes	Yes
	AK	Clears alarm output	Yes	Yes
	CV	Switches between normal and secondary trend interval	Yes	Yes
	EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	Yes	Yes
	CU	Recovers Modbus manually	Yes	Yes
	BJ	Writes a free message	Yes	Yes
	EJ	Changes the login password	Yes	Yes
	BT	Sets a batch name	Yes	Yes
	BU	Sets a batch comment	Yes	Yes
	MH	Sets a batch text field	Yes	Yes
	CL	Executes manual SNTP	Yes	Yes
	LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	Yes	Yes
	LI	Saves setup data	Yes	Yes
	MA	Resets a match time timer	Yes	Yes
	UD	Switches the screen	Yes	Yes
	BQ	Locked ACK	Yes	No
	CM	Sets communication input data	Yes	Yes
Type	Command	Administrator	User	

2.9 Using Barcode Input

	CE	Sets communication input of an external input channel	Yes	Yes
	EC	Clears setup data	Yes	No
	YO	Loads a setup file for basic setting mode	Yes	No
Output commands (control)				
	BO	Sets the byte output order	Yes	Yes
	CS	Sets the checksum	Yes	Yes
	IF	Sets status filters	Yes	Yes
	CB	Sets the data output format	Yes	Yes
Output commands (setting, measured, and computed data output)				
	FC	Outputs screen image data	Yes	Yes
	FE	Outputs setup data	Yes	Yes
	FD	Outputs the most recent measured and computed data	Yes	Yes
	FF	Outputs FIFO data	Yes	Yes
	FL	Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary	Yes	Yes
	FI	Outputs an operation log	Yes	Yes
	IS	Outputs status information	Yes	Yes
	FU	Outputs user levels	Yes	Yes
	FA	Outputs internal DX information	Yes	Yes
Dedicated commands for RS-422A/485				
	Esc O	Open	Yes	Yes
	Esc C	Closed	Yes	Yes

Dedicated barcode commands

Command	Function	Description
BV	Enters a string	This command is valid when on the DX screen, the cursor is on an item that you need to specify a string for or when a window for entering a string appears. You cannot use this command to enter passwords.
BP	Supports login	Enters the user name or the user name and user ID for logging in. You have to set the password using key operations.
KE	Key operations	Performs the same operations as pressing a key on the DX.

How to Use

A user who is registered on the DX can use barcodes to supplement key input. Scan the communication commands encoded in bar codes to operate the DX with a barcode reader. You can perform the same operations that you can perform using the DX keys.

Handling of Barcode Input

Barcode input is handled as key input.

Operations

You can only use the following commands when you have logged into the DX using the keys.

The KE and BV commands and all control commands other than CM and CE.

Users cannot execute operations (commands) that are not allowed under their user privileges. See section 2.8 for the correspondence between the commands that can be used and the user privilege settings.

Operation Log

Operations are recorded in the DX operation log. The operator is the user who was logged in using the DX keys.

Barcode Readers

The DX recognizes the following barcode readers:

- Model name: MS9540-RS (RS-232 interface)
Maker: Metrologic Instruments Inc.
- Model name: LS1902T-RS (RS-232 interface)
Maker: Symbol Technologies Inc.

Because only a small number of characters can be specified in the header, the input method may be limited when you use this barcode reader with the DX.

Operation Examples

This section contains operation examples.

Note

In this section, "CRLF" is used to indicate a terminator. For information about terminators, see page 3-2.

Operation Example 1**Logging in with a User Name of ABC2001 and a User ID of 5555**

While logged out, enter the command "BP2,ABC2001,5555CRLF" using barcodes. The user name and user ID are entered, and a window for entering the password appears (you have to use the keys to enter the password).

Note

- When you enter commands using bar codes, you can enter them separated or all at once. You can separate commands however you want to. For instance, in example 1, you could scan the data as indicated below:
"BP2" → "," → "ABC2001" → "," → "5555" → "CRLF"
- If you use a barcode reader that automatically attaches a footer and a header to every transmission, set the header to "BP2," the footer to "CRLF" and scan "ABC2001,5555."

Operation Example 2**Entering into a Measurement Ready State with a Batch Number of Process1 and a Lot Number of 0031**

When recording has not been started, scan the command "BT1,Process1,0031;KESTAR TCRLF" with the barcode reader.

The batch and lot number are set and the start window appears.

Operation Example 3**In setting mode, set the file header to "process sample."**

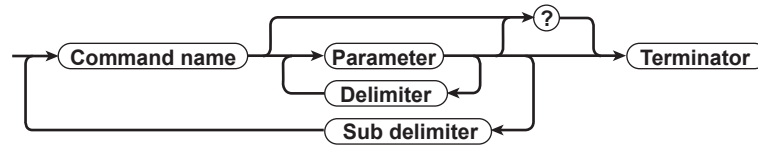
1. In the screen for setting the file header in setting mode, move the cursor to the box for entering a character string.
After this, if you press the **Input** soft key and display the window for entering a character string, you can still enter a character string with the barcode reader.
2. Use the barcode reader to enter "BV0,process sampleCRLF."
The "Header" box is set to "process sample."

Blank

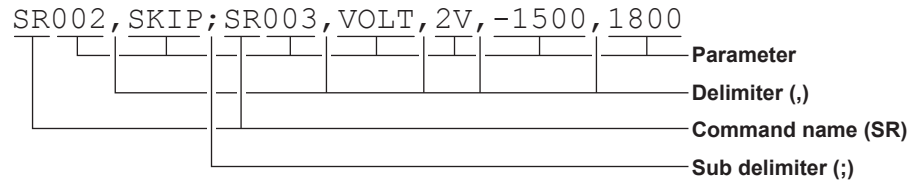
3.1 Command Syntax

Command Syntax

The syntax of the setting/basic setting/output commands (see sections 3.4 to 3.9) of the DX is given below. ASCII codes (see appendix 1) are used for the character codes. For the syntax of the maintenance/test commands (see section 3.10) and instrument information output commands (see section 3.11), see the corresponding sections or the examples for each command.



Command example



Command Name

Defined using two alphabet characters.

Parameters

- Command parameters.
- Set using alphabet characters or numeric values.
- Parameters are separated by delimiters (commas).
- All numeric values are specified using integers.
- When the parameter is a numeric value, the valid range of the value varies depending on the command.
- Spaces around the parameter are discarded. (However, spaces are valid for parameters (units) specified using an ASCII character string.) In the examples given in this manual, spaces are not used.
- You can omit the parameters that do not need to be changed from their current settings. However, delimiters cannot be omitted.

Example SR001,,2V<terminator>

- If multiple parameters are omitted and delimiters occur at the end of the command, those delimiters can be omitted.

Example SR001,VOLT,,, <terminator> → SR001,VOLT<terminator>

- The number of digits of the parameters below is fixed. If the number is exceeded when entering the command, a syntax error results.

- Date YY/MM/DD (8 characters)
 - YY: Enter the lower two digits of the year.
 - MM: Month
 - DD: Day
- Time HH:MM:SS (8 characters)
 - HH: Hour
 - MM: Minute
 - SS: Second
- Channel number: 3 characters
- Relay number: 3 characters

Query

- A question mark is used to specify a query.
- By placing a query after a command or parameter, the setting information of the corresponding command can be queried. Some commands cannot execute queries. For the query syntax of each command, see sections 3.4 to 3.7.

Example 1 SR[p1]? SR? or SRp1? can be executed.

Example 2 SA[p1[,p2]]? SA?, SAp1?, and SAp1,p2? can be executed.

Delimiter

- A comma is used as a delimiter.
- Parameters are separated by delimiters.

Sub Delimiter

- A semicolon is used as a sub delimiter.
- By separating each command with a sub delimiter, up to 10 commands can be specified one after another. However, the following commands and queries cannot be specified one after another. Use them independently.
 - Output commands other than BO, CS, IF, or CB
 - YO command
 - Query

* If there are consecutive sub delimiters, they are considered to be single. In addition, sub delimiters at the front and at the end are ignored.

Example ;SR001,VOLT;;SR002,VOLT;<terminator> is taken to be
SR001,VOLT;SR002,VOLT<terminator>.

Terminator

Use either of the following two characters for the terminator.

- CR+LF (0DH 0AH in ASCII code)
- LF (0AH in ASCII code)

Note

- Do not specify a channel or relay number that is not available on the DX. If you do, an error will occur.
 - The total data length from the first character to the terminator must be less than 2047 bytes.
 - Commands are not case sensitive (with the exception of user-specified character strings).
 - All the commands that are listed using sub delimiters are executed even if one of the commands is erroneous.
 - Spaces that are inserted before and after a parameter are ignored. However, if spaces are inserted before a command, after a sub delimiter, or after a query, an error occurs.
-

Response

The DX returns a response (affirmative/negative response) to a command that is delimited by a single terminator.* The controller should follow the one command to one response format. When the command-response rule is not followed, the operation is not guaranteed. For the response syntax, see section 4.1.

* Commands dedicated to RS-422/485 (see section 3.9) and instrument information output commands (section 3.12) are exceptions.

3.2 A List of Commands

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is Not in Use

DX Execution Modes

There are two execution modes on the DX. If you attempt to execute a command in a mode that is different from the specification, a syntax error occurs. Use the DS command to switch to the appropriate execution mode, and then execute the command. Query commands can be executed in either mode.

- **Basic setting mode**

Measurement and computation are stopped, and settings are changed in this mode.

- **Operation mode**

As a general rule, commands other than those for the basic setting mode described above are used in this mode.

Administrator and User

The administrator and user specifications in the table indicate the user level that is specified using the login function for Ethernet communications.

“Yes” and “No” in the table indicate the following:

Yes: Command usable

No: Command not usable

Setting Commands

Note

If the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is enabled, you cannot use the SR, SO, SK, TJ, SW, TE, SJ, ER, TQ, and TK commands unless all batch recording operations are stopped.

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
SR		Sets an input range	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-19
SO		Sets a computing equation	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-20
ER		Sets the range of an external input channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-20
TJ		Sets memory sampling	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-21
SA		Sets an alarm	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-21
SW		Sets the trend interval and auto save interval	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-22
TI		Sets the circular display offset time	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-22
TO		Sets how the DX operates after one circular display cycle	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
TW		Sets the secondary trend interval	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
TM		Sets manual sampling	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
TE		Sets sampling conditions for event data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
SZ		Sets a zone	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
SP		Sets a partial expanded display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
ST		Sets a tag	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
SX		Sets a display group (release number 2 or earlier)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
SL		Sets a trip line (release number 2 or earlier)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
NX		Sets a display group (release number 3 or later)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
NL		Sets a trip line (release number 3 or later)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
SG		Sets a message	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
TH		Sets the directory on the external storage medium for saving data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
TZ		Sets a file header	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
TF		Sets a data file name	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
SD		Sets the date and time	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
TD		Sets daylight saving time	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
TT		Sets the trend display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
SE		Sets the line width and the number of grids to use on the trend graph	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
TB		Sets the bar graph display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
SB		Sets the bar graph for a channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27

3.2 A List of Commands

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
	TN	Sets a scale	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	SV	Sets a measurement channel's moving average	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	SC	Sets a channel display color	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	TA	Sets an alarm point mark	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	TG	Sets a color scale band	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	SQ	Sets the LCD brightness and the screen backlight saver	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TC	Sets the background color	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TP	Sets the automatic switching back to default display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	NF	Sets the favorite key operation	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TR	Sets the automatic switching back to default display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TQ	Sets a timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TK	Sets a match time timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-29
	TU	Sets an event action	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-29
	SK	Sets a constant	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-31
	SI	Sets the rolling average function of a computation channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-31
	SJ	Sets a TLOG timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-31
	TX	Sets the ancillary operation of the start key	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	BH	Sets a batch text field	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	EH	Sets calibration correction	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	BD	Sets an alarm delay	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	NC	Sets a comment text field	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NB	Sets a comment text block	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NW	Sets an annunciator display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NG	Sets a Web report layout	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NH	Sets Web report layout details	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	FR	Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	SY	Sets a four panel display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-34
	SM	Sets the custom menu	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-34

3.2 A List of Commands

Control Commands

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
	BT	Sets a batch name	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	BU	Sets a batch comment	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	MH	Writes a batch text field	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	UD	Switches the screen	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	PS	Starts or stops recording	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	AK	Clears alarm output (acknowledge alarms)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	EV	Executes manual sample, generates a manual trigger, takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	CL	Executes manual SNTP	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	CV	Switches between normal and secondary trend interval	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	MS	Writes a message (display and write)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-40
	BJ	Writes a free message	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-40
	EJ	Changes the login password	Operation mode	Yes	Yes	3-40
	TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears the computation dropout status display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-40
	DS	Switches the execution mode between operation and setting	All modes	Yes	No	3-40
	LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	LI	Saves setup data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	CM	Sets communication input data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	CE	Sets communication input of an external input channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	CU	Recovers Modbus manually	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	BV	Enters a string (can only be used during serial communications)	All modes	Yes	No	3-44
	KE	Key operation command	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-44
	YO	Loads a setup file for basic setting mode	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-42
	YC	Clears measured and computed data and initializes setup data	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-42
	IR	Resets a relative timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	MA	Resets a match time timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	CW	Sets an event switch	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	LR	Loads custom display screens	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	LW	Saves custom display screens	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-43

Basic Setting Commands

- In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the YE or XE command. Make sure to save the settings before changing from the basic setting mode to the operation mode. Otherwise, new settings will not be activated.
- The settings that are returned in response to a query in basic setting mode contain the new settings even if they are not saved. However, the new settings are not activated unless they are saved. If the settings are cleared or if you change from basic setting mode to operation mode before saving the settings, the settings that are returned in the response to a query contain the settings that were used before they were changed.

Note

- The settings that are changed using the YA, YK, RU, YQ, YS, YB, YD, WS, WW, and WQ commands are activated after saving the new settings using the XE command and restarting the DX.
- When you execute the YE or YO command, communication is disconnected. Commands listed after the YO or YE command are ignored.

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
	WU	Sets the environment	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-45
	WE	Sets calibration management	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-47
	WO	Sets alarm and DO settings	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-48
	WH	Sets alarm hysteresis	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-48
	XV	Sets the scan interval and A/D integral time	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-48
	XB	Sets burnout detection	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	XJ	Sets RJC	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	XM	Sets memory sampling conditions	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	XT	Sets the temperature unit	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	RF	Sets key lock	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	RN	Sets basic key login	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-50
	RP	Sets user limitations	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-50
	RO	Sets the type of report and when to create reports	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-51
	RM	Sets a report channel	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	XG	Sets the time zone	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	XN	Sets the date format	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	YB	Sets host information	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	YD	Sets network parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	YA	Sets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	YK	Sets keepalive	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	RU	Sets DNS parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	WS	Sets a server	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	WW	Sets Webpage parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	YQ	Sets communication timeout	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	YT	Sets FTP transfer timing	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-54
	YU	Sets what kind of information to send using e-mail	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-54
	YV	Sets an e-mail recipient address	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YW	Sets the e-mail sender address	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YX	Sets the e-mail SMTP server name	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YJ	Sets the Modbus client's destination server	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YP	Sets basic Modbus client settings	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YR	Sets the Modbus client's transmit command	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	WB	Sets SMTP client parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-56
	WC	Sets the SMTP operation when memory start is executed	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-56
	YS	Sets the serial interface	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-56

3.2 A List of Commands

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
Setting (continued)						
	YL	Sets the operation of the Modbus master function	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-57
	YM	Sets a transmit command of the Modbus master function	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-57
	WR	Sets the instrument information output	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-58
	WI	Sets the relay operation	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-58
	WF	Sets the Modbus connection limitation	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-58
	WG	Sets an IP address that is allowed to connect via Modbus	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	WJ	Sets the FTP transfer wait time	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	WQ	Sets PROFIBUS-DP	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	XE	Activates basic settings	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	YE	Activates basic settings (cold reset)	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59

Output Commands

Note

Output commands except BO, CS, and IF cannot be placed in a command sequence.

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
Control						
	BO	Sets the byte output order	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	CS	Sets the check sum (can only be used during serial communications)	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	IF	Sets status filters	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	CB	Sets the data output format	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	CC	Disconnects the Ethernet connection (can only be used for Ethernet communications)	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
Setup, measurement, and control data output						
	FC	Outputs screen image data	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FE	Outputs setup data	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FD	Outputs the most recent measured/computed data	Operation mode	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FF	Outputs FIFO data	Operation mode	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FL	Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-62
	IS	Outputs status information	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-62
	FU	Outputs user levels	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-63
	FA	Outputs internal DX information	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-63
	ME	Outputs data stored on the external storage medium and internal memory	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-63
	MO	Outputs the data stored in the internal memory.	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-63
Dedicated commands for RS-422/485						
	Esc O	Opens an instrument	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-64
	Esc C	Closes an instrument	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-64
Common commands among instruments						
	*I	Outputs instrument information	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-65

Maintenance/Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/test server function via Ethernet communications)

Command Name	Function	Administrator	User	Page
close	Closes another device's connection	Yes	No	3-65
con	Outputs connection information	Yes	Yes	3-65
eth	Outputs Ethernet statistics	Yes	Yes	3-65
help	Outputs help	Yes	Yes	3-66
net	Outputs network statistics	Yes	Yes	3-66
quit	Closes the connection to the instrument that you are operating	Yes	Yes	3-66

Instrument Information Output Commands (Available when using the instrument information server function via Ethernet communications)

Parameter Name	Function	Page
serial	Outputs the serial number	3-67
host	Outputs the host name	3-67
ip	Outputs the IP address	3-67

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is in Use

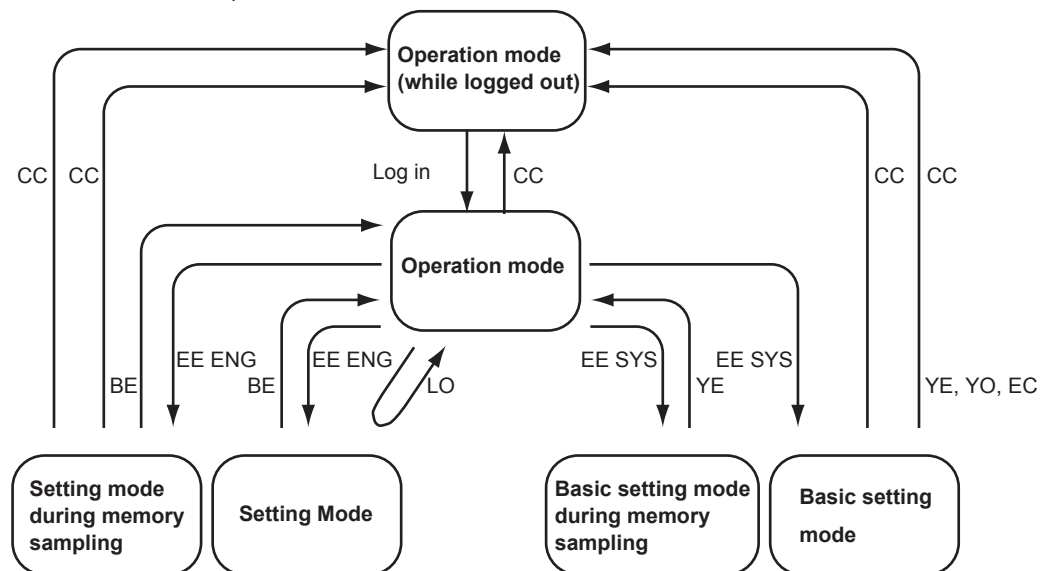
DX Execution Modes

The DX has five execution modes. The modes that each command can be executed in are predetermined. Trying to execute a command in the wrong mode results in a syntax error. Before executing a command, use a mode switching command to switch to the appropriate mode. Queries can be executed in any mode. The letters in parentheses in the titles below are the used to represent the different modes in explanations.

- **Basic Setting Mode (B)**
Basic setting mode when recording is stopped.
- **Basic Setting Mode during Memory Sampling (b)**
The basic setting mode that appears during recording.
- **Setting Mode (S)**
Setting mode when recording is stopped.
- **Setting Mode during Memory Sampling (s)**
The setting mode that appears during recording.
- **Operation Mode (O)**
The mode in which operations are performed.

Switching Execution Modes

The figure below indicates the commands that can make the DX switch between different modes and operation modes.



Note

If there is no CF card in the DX, an error will occur when you change the settings and then try to switch to operation mode from basic setting mode, basic setting mode during memory sampling, or setting mode.

3.2 A List of Commands

Administrators and Users

The distinction between administrators and users indicates the user levels set through the DX Ethernet login function. For details, see section 1.2.

“Yes” and “No” in the table indicate the following:

Yes: The command can be used.

No: The command cannot be used.

Connecting to the Setting Function and Connecting to the Monitoring Function

There are two types of Ethernet connections that can be made to the DX setting/measurement server: connections to the setting function (setting connection) and connections to the monitoring function (monitoring connections). For details, see section 1.12.

Setting Commands (AS1)

To apply settings that you have changed using the setting commands, you need to save the settings using the BE command.

Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Setting Connection		Monitor Connection	Page
			Administrator	User		
SR	Sets an input range	S	Yes	No	No	3-19
SO	Sets a computing equation	S	Yes	No	No	3-20
ER	Sets the range of an external input channel	S	Yes	No	No	3-20
TJ	Sets memory sampling	S	Yes	No	No	3-21
SA	Sets an alarm	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-21
SW	Sets the trend interval and auto save interval	S	Yes	No	No	3-22
TI	Sets the circular display offset time	S	Yes	No	No	3-22
TO	Sets how the DX operates after one circular display cycle	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
TW	Sets the secondary trend interval	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
TM	Sets manual sampling	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
TE	Sets sampling conditions for event data	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
SZ	Sets a zone	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
SP	Sets a partial expanded display	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
ST	Sets a tag	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
SX	Sets a display group (release number 2 or earlier)	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
SL	Sets a trip line (release number 2 or earlier)	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
NX	Sets a display group (release number 3 or later)	S	Yes	No	No	3-25
NL	Sets a trip line (release number 3 or later)	S	Yes	No	No	3-25
SG	Sets a message	S	Yes	No	No	3-25
TH	Sets the directory on the external storage medium for saving data	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-25
TZ	Sets a file header	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
TF	Sets a data file name	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
SD	Sets the date and time	OSs	Yes	No	No	3-26
TD	Sets daylight saving time	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
TT	Sets the trend display	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
SE	Sets the line width and the number of grids to use on the trend graph.	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
TB	Sets the bar graph display	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
SB	Sets the bar graph for a channel	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
TN	Sets a scale	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
SV	Sets a measurement channel's moving average	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
SC	Sets a channel display color	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
TA	Sets an alarm point mark	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
TG	Sets a color scale band	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
SQ	Sets the LCD brightness and the screen backlight saver	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
TC	Sets the background color	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
TP	Sets automatic display group switching	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
NF	Sets the favorite key operation.	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
TR	Sets the automatic switching back to default display	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
TQ	Sets a timer	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
TK	Sets a match time timer	S	Yes	No	No	3-29
TU	Sets an event action	S	Yes	No	No	3-29
SK	Sets a constant	S	Yes	No	No	3-31
SI	Sets the rolling average function of a computation channel	S	Yes	No	No	3-31
SJ	Sets a TLOG timer	S	Yes	No	No	3-31
TX	Sets the ancillary operation of the start key	S	Yes	No	No	3-32
BH	Sets a batch text field	S	Yes	No	No	3-32
EH	Sets calibration correction	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-32
BD	Sets an alarm delay	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-32
NC	Sets a comment text field	S	Yes	No	No	3-33
NB	Sets a comment text block	S	Yes	No	No	3-33

3.2 A List of Commands

Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Setting Connection		Monitor Connection	Page
			Administrator	User		
NW	Sets an annunciator display	S	Yes	No	No	3-33
NG	Sets a Web report layout	S	Yes	No	No	3-33
NH	Sets Web report layout details	S	Yes	No	No	3-33
FR	Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer	OSsb	Yes	No	No	3-33
SY	Sets a four panel display	OS	Yes	Yes*	No	3-34
SM	Sets the custom menu	S	Yes	No	No	3-34

* Operations are limited by the user privilege settings.

Control Commands (/AS1)

To apply settings that you have changed using the basic setting commands, you need to save the settings using the YE command.

Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Setting Connection		Monitor Connection	Page
			Administrator	User		
BT	Sets a batch name	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-37
BU	Sets a batch comment	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-37
MH	Writes a batch text field	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-37
UD	Switches the screen	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-37
PS	Starts or stops recording	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-39
AK	Clears alarm output (acknowledge alarms)	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-39
EV	Executes manual sample, takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-39
CL	Executes manual SNTP	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-39
CV	Switches between normal and secondary trend interval	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-39
MS	Writes a message (display and write)	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-40
BJ	Writes a free message	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-40
EJ	Changes the login password	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-40
TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears the computation dropout status display	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-40
LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	OS	Yes	Yes*	No	3-41
LI	Saves setup data	S	Yes	Yes*	No	3-41
CM	Sets communication input data	OSsb	Yes	Yes*	Yes	3-41
CE	Sets communication input of an external input channel	OSsb	Yes	Yes*	Yes	3-41
EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-41
CU	Recovers Modbus manually	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-42
YO	Loads a setup file for basic setting mode	B	Yes	No	No	3-42
IR	Resets a relative timer	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-42
MA	Resets a match time timer	O	Yes	Yes*	No	3-42
CW	Sets an event switch	O	Yes	No	No	3-42
LR	Loads custom display screens	S	Yes	No	No	3-42
LW	Saves custom display screens	S	Yes	No	No	3-43
BQ	User locked ACK (/AS1 advanced security option)	O	Yes	No	No	3-43
EC	Clears setup data (and executes a cold reset; /AS1 advanced security option)	B	Yes	No	No	3-43
EE	Switches out of operation mode (/AS1 advanced security option)	O	Yes	No	No	3-44
BE	Returns to operation mode (/AS1 advanced security option)	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-44
Dedicated Barcode Commands (Handled as key input)						
BV	Enters a string (can only be used during serial communication)	ALL	—	—	—	3-44
KE	Performs key operations	OSsb	—	—	—	3-44
BP	Supports login (/AS1 advanced security option)	O	—	—	—	3-44
Dedicated Serial Communication Commands						
LL	Logs in through serial communication (/AS1 advanced security option)	ALL	—	—	—	3-44

* Operations are limited by the user privilege settings.

3.2 A List of Commands

Basic Setting Commands (/AS1)

- To apply settings that you have changed using the basic setting commands, you need to save the settings using the YE command.
- The settings that are returned in response to a query in basic setting mode contain the new settings even if they are not saved. However, the new settings are not activated unless you save them.
- To configure login items, use the following commands:
RN, RP, EK, and EL

Note

The connection is closed when you execute the YE command. Commands listed after the YE command are ignored.

Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Setting Connection		Monitor Connection	Page
			Administrator	User		
WU	Sets the environment	B	Yes	No	No	3-45
WE	Sets calibration management	B	Yes	No	No	3-47
BI	Configures signature settings	B	Yes	No	No	3-47
WO	Sets alarm and DO settings	B	Yes	No	No	3-48
WH	Sets alarm hysteresis	B	Yes	No	No	3-48
XV	Sets the scan interval and A/D integral time	B	Yes	No	No	3-48
XB	Sets burnout detection	B	Yes	No	No	3-49
XJ	Sets RJC	B	Yes	No	No	3-49
XM	Sets memory sampling conditions	B	Yes	No	No	3-49
XT	Sets the temperature unit	B	Yes	No	No	3-49
RN	Sets basic login	B	Yes	No	No	3-50
RP	Sets user limitations	B	Yes	No	No	3-50
EK	Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)	Bb	Yes	No	No	3-50
EL	Configures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)	Bb	Yes	No	No	3-51
WD	Configures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)	B	Yes	No	No	3-51
RO	Sets the type of report and when to create reports	B	Yes	No	No	3-51
RM	Sets a report channel	B	Yes	No	No	3-52
XG	Sets the time zone	B	Yes	No	No	3-52
XN	Sets the date format	B	Yes	No	No	3-52
YB	Sets host information	B	Yes	No	No	3-52
YD	Sets network parameters	B	Yes	No	No	3-53
YA	Sets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway	B	Yes	No	No	3-53
YK	Sets keepalive	B	Yes	No	No	3-53
RU	Sets DNS parameters	B	Yes	No	No	3-53
WS	Sets a server	B	Yes	No	No	3-53
WW	Sets Webpage parameters	B	Yes	No	No	3-53
YQ	Sets communication timeout	B	Yes	No	No	3-53
YT	Sets FTP transfer timing	B	Yes	No	No	3-54
YU	Sets what kind of information to send using e-mail	B	Yes	No	No	3-54
YV	Sets an e-mail recipient address	B	Yes	No	No	3-55
YW	Sets the e-mail sender address	B	Yes	No	No	3-55
YX	Sets the e-mail SMTP server name	B	Yes	No	No	3-55
YJ	Sets the Modbus client's destination server	B	Yes	No	No	3-55
YP	Sets basic Modbus client settings	B	Yes	No	No	3-55
YR	Sets the Modbus client's transmit command	B	Yes	No	No	3-55
WB	Sets SNTP client parameters	B	Yes	No	No	3-56
WC	Sets the SNTP operation when memory start is executed	B	Yes	No	No	3-56
YS	Sets the serial interface	B	Yes	No	No	3-56
YL	Sets the operation of the Modbus master function	B	Yes	No	No	3-57
YM	Sets a transmit command of the Modbus master function	B	Yes	No	No	3-57
WR	Sets the instrument information output	B	Yes	No	No	3-58

Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Setting Connection		Monitor Connection	Page
WI	Sets the relay operations	B	Yes	No	No	3-58
WF	Sets the Modbus connection limitation	B	Yes	No	No	3-58
WG	Sets an IP address that is allowed to connect via Modbus	B	Yes	No	No	3-59
WJ	Sets the FTP transfer wait time	B	Yes	No	No	3-59
WQ	Sets PROFIBUS-DP	B	Yes	No	No	3-59
YE	Activates basic settings (cold reset)	Bb	Yes	No	No	3-59

Output Commands (/AS1)

Note

Output commands except BO, CS, and IF cannot be placed in a command sequence.

Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Setting Connection		Monitor Connection	Page
			Administrator	User		
Control						
BO	Sets the byte output order	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
CS	Sets the check sum (can only be used during serial communication)	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
IF	Sets status filters	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
CB	Sets the data output format	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
CC	Disconnects the Ethernet connection (can only be used for Ethernet communications)	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
Setup, measurement, and computed data output						
FC	Outputs screen image data	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FE	Outputs setup data	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FD	Outputs the most recent measured and computed data	OSsb	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FF	Outputs FIFO data	OSsb	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FL	Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-62
FI	Outputs an operation log	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-62
IS	Outputs status information	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-62
FU	Outputs user levels	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-63
FA	Outputs internal DX information	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-63
ME	Outputs data stored on the external storage medium and internal memory	OSsb	Yes	No	No	3-63
MO	Manages and outputs the data stored in the internal memory	OSsb	Yes	No	No	3-63
Dedicated commands for RS-422/485						
Esc O	Opens an instrument	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-64
Esc C	Closes an instrument	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-64
Common commands among instruments						
*I	Outputs instrument information	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-65

Maintenance/Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/test server function via Ethernet communications)

The administrator is "admin." The user is "user."

Command Name	Function	Administrator	User	Page
close	Closes another device's connection	No	No	3-65
con	Outputs connection information	Yes	Yes	3-65
eth	Outputs Ethernet statistics	Yes	Yes	3-65
help	Outputs help	Yes	Yes	3-66
net	Outputs network statistics	Yes	Yes	3-66
quit	Closes the connection to the instrument that you are operating	Yes	Yes	3-66

Instrument Information Output Commands (Available when using the instrument information server function via Ethernet communications)

Parameter	Function	Page
serial	Outputs the serial number	3-67
host	Outputs the host name	3-67
ip	Outputs the IP address	3-67

3.3 Setup Parameters

The measurement range and setup range of parameters used in a command vary depending on the combination of the command, range, and options.

Parameter Input Example of Measurement Range

The span upper and lower limit parameters of the SR command (input range setting command) requires all digits including those to the right of the decimal to be entered. For example, if you want to set the upper limit to 1.0000 V when the measurement range is -2.0000 V to 2.0000 V, the value is 10000. If you want to set the limit to 0.5000 V, the value is 5000.

The table below gives configuration examples.

Measurement Range	Input Type Parameter	Selectable Range of the Measurement Range	Specified Range	Parameter
VOLT	20mV	-20.000mV to 20.000mV	-10.000mV to 20.000mV	-10000 to 20000
/SQRT	2V	-2.0000V to 2.0000V	-2.0000V to 0.5000V	-20000 to 5000
TC	R	0.0 to 1760.0	0.0 to 400.0	0 to 4000
	K	-200.0 to 1370.0	-200.0 to 1370.0	-2000 to 13700
RTD	Pt100	-200.0 to 600.0	-10.0 to 500.0	-100 to 5000
DI	LEVEL	0 to 1	0 to 1	0 to 1

Measurement Range Parameters

The table below shows the relationship between the input types and range parameters. For a description of the selectable range, see the *DX1000 or DX2000 User's Manual*.

Input Type	Input Type Parameter	Range	Range Parameter	Required Option
DC Voltage	VOLT	20 mV	20MV	
		60 mV	60MV	
		200 mV	200MV	
		2 V	2V	
		6 V	6V	
		20 V	20V	
		50 V	50V	
Thermocouple	TC	R	R	
		S	S	
		B	B	
		K	K	
		E	E	
		J	J	
		T	T	
		N	N	
		W	W	
		L	L	
		U	U	
		Kp vs Au7Fe	KP	/N3
		PLATINEL	PLATI	/N3
		PR40-20	PR	/N3
		NiNiMo	NIMO	/N3
		WRe	WRE	
		W/WRe26	W/WRE	/N3
TypeN (AWG14)	N2	/N3		
XK GOST	XK	/N3		
RTD	RTD	Pt	PT	
		JPt	JPT	
		Pt50	PT50	/N3
		Ni100 (SAMA)	NI1	/N3
		Ni100 (DIN)	NI2	/N3
		Ni120	NI3	/N3
		J263*B	J263	/N3
		Cu53	CU53	/N3
		Cu100	CU100	/N3
		Cu10:GE	CU1	/N1
		Cu10:L&N	CU2	/N1
		Cu10:WEED	CU3	/N1
		Cu10:BAILEY	CU4	/N1
		Cu10:0.000392at20	CU5	/N1
		Cu10:0.000393at20	CU6	/N1
		Cu25:0.00425at0	CU25	/N1
		Pt25	PT25	/N3
		Pt100 GOST	Pt100G	/N3
		Cu100 GOST	Cu100G	/N3
		Cu50 GOST	Cu50G	/N3
		Cu10 GOST	Cu10G	/N3
		Pt46 GOST	Pt46G	/N3
		Pt200W (WEED)	Pt200W	/N3
Contact input	DI	Level	LEVEL	
		Cont	CONT	
1-5V voltage	1-5V	1-5V	1-5V	

3.3 Setup Parameters

Channel Number and Other Notations and Valid Ranges

Type	Model	Notation and Valid Range	Notes
Measurement channels	DX1000	001 to 012	Varies depending on the number of inputs
	DX2000	001 to 048	Varies depending on the number of inputs
Computation channels	DX1000	101 to 112	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		101 to 124	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
	DX2000	101 to 112	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		101 to 160	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
External input channels	DX1000	---	No setting
	DX2000	201 to 440	/MC1
Manual sample	DX1000	---	No setting
	DX2000	001 to 120	/MC1
Report channels	DX1000	R01 to R12	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		R01 to R24	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
	DX2000	R01 to R12	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		R01 to R60	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
Internal switches	DX1000/DX2000	S01 to S30	
Output relays	DX1000	I01 to I06	Varies depending on the /A# option
	DX2000	I01 to I06, I11 to I16, I21 to I26, I31 to I36	
Constants	DX1000/DX2000	K01 to K60	/M1, /PM1
Communication input data	DX1000	C01 to C24	/M1, /PM1
	DX2000	C01 to C60	
Display groups	DX1000	1 to 10	/BT2
		1 to 6 when using the multi batch function (/BT2 option)	
	DX2000	1 to 36	/BT2
		1 to 12 when using the multi batch function (/BT2 option)	
Remote control terminals	DX1000/DX2000	D01 to D08	/R1, /PM1
Pulse inputs	DX1000/DX2000	P01 to P08, Q01 to Q08	/PM1
Flags	DX1000/DX2000	F01 to F08	/M1, /PM1
Batch groups	DX1000/DX2000	1 to (the number of batch groups specified using the WU command)	/BT2
Timers	DX1000/DX2000	1 to 4	/M1, /PM1
		1 to 12 Models with the /BT2 multi batch option	/M1, /PM1, /BT2
Match time timers	DX1000/DX2000	1 to 4	/M1, /PM1
		1 to 12 Models with the /BT2 multi batch option	/M1, /PM1, /BT2
Comment text fields	DX1000	1 to 100	
	DX2000	1 to 200	
Comment text blocks	DX1000	1 to 50	
	DX2000	1 to 100	
Report groups (integral bar graph)	DX1000	1 to 4	/M1, /PM1
	DX2000	1 to 6	
Annunciator display windows	DX1000	1 to 24	
	DX2000	1 to 80	

High-speed input models DX1002, DX1004, DX1002N, DX1004N, DX2004, DX2008
Medium-speed input models DX1006, DX1012, DX1006N, DX1012N
DX2010, DX2020, DX2030, DX2040, DX2048
Multi batch is an option (/BT2 option) for DXs with release number 3 or later.

3.4 Setting Commands

SR Sets a input range

When Setting Channels to Skip

Syntax SR p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Measurement channel number

p2 Setting type (SKIP)

Query SR[p1]?

Example Skip channel 001.

SR001, SKIP

- Description • You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
- Channels set to SKIP are not measured.
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

When Setting the Channels to Voltage, TC, RTD, or ON/OFF Input

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Measurement channel number

p2 Input type

VOLT DC voltage

TC Thermocouple

RTD Resistance temperature detector

DI ON/OFF input

p3 Measurement range

p4 Span lower limit

p5 Span upper limit

Query SR[p1]?

Example Set the channel 001 input type to TC type R, the span lower limit to 0°C, and the span upper limit to 1760.0°C.

SR001, TC, R, 0, 17600

- Description • You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
- Set p1 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.

When Computing the Difference between Channels

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 Measurement channel number

p2 Setting type (DELTA)

p3 Input type

VOLT DC voltage

TC Thermocouple

RTD Resistance temperature detector

DI ON/OFF input

p4 Measurement range

p5 Span lower limit

p6 Span upper limit

p7 Reference channel number (measurement channel number)

Query SR[p1]?

Example Set the channel 010 setting type to differential computation between channels with the reference channel set to 001, and set the input type to TC. Set the measurement range to R. Set the span lower limit to 10.0°C and span upper limit to 100.0°C.

SR010, DELTA, TC, R, 100, 1000, 001

- Description • You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
- Set p1 and p4 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p5 and p6, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.

When Setting Channels to Scaling

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10<terminator>

p1 Measurement channel number

p2 Setting type (SCALE)

p3 Input type

VOLT DC voltage

TC Thermocouple

RTD Resistance temperature detector

DI ON/OFF input

p4 Measurement range

p5 Span lower limit

p6 Span upper limit

p7 Scaling lower limit (-30000 to 30000)

p8 Scaling upper limit (-30000 to 30000)

p9 Scaling decimal place (0 to 4)

p10 Unit (up to 6 characters)

Query SR[p1]?

Example Convert the DC voltage measured on channel 002 to DC current. Set the measurement range to 6 V, the span lower limit to 1 V, the span upper limit to 5 V, the scaling lower limit to 1.00 A, and the scaling upper limit to 5.00 A.

SR002, SCALE, VOLT, 6V, 1000, 5000, 100, 500, 2, A

- Description • You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
- Set p1 and p4 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p5 and p6, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.

3.4 Setting Commands

- For parameters p7, p8, and p9, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

When Setting Channels to Square Root Computation

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11<terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Setting type (SQRT)
- p3 Measurement range
- p4 Span lower limit
- p5 Span upper limit
- p6 Scaling lower limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p7 Scaling upper limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p8 Scaling decimal place (0 to 4)
- p9 Unit (up to 6 characters)
- p10 Low-cut function (OFF, ON)
- p11 Low-cut point (0 to 50)

Query SR[p1]?

Example Convert the DC voltage measured on channel 001 to an amount of flow using the square root computation. Set the measurement range to 6 V, the span lower limit to 1 V, the span upper limit to 5 V, the scaling lower limit to 10.0 m³/s, and the scaling upper limit to 100.0 m³/s.
SR001,SQRT,6V,1000,5000,100,1000,1,m3/s

- Description**
- You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - Set p1 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.
 - For parameters p6, p7, and p8, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

For 1-5V DC Voltage Input

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10<terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Input type (1-5V)
- p3 Measurement range (1-5V)
- p4 Span lower limit (800 to 5200)
- p5 Span upper limit (800 to 5200)
- p6 Scaling lower limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p7 Scaling upper limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p8 Scaling decimal place (0 to 4)
- p9 Unit (up to 6 characters)
- p10 Low-cut function (ON, OFF)

Query SR[p1]?

Example Set the channel 005 input type to 1-5V, the span lower limit to 1 V, the span upper limit to 5 V, and turn the 1-5V low-cut function ON.
SR005,1-5V,1-5V,1000,5000,,,,,ON

- Description**
- You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with four digits or less excluding the decimal point.
 - For parameters p6, p7, and p8, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

SO Sets a computing equation

Syntax SO p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

- p1 Computation channel number
- p2 Computation (ON, OFF)
- p3 Computing equation (up to 120 characters)
- p4 Span lower limit (-9999999 to 99999999)
- p5 Span upper limit (-9999999 to 99999999)
- p6 Span decimal place (0 to 4)
- p7 Unit (up to 6 characters)

Query SO[p1]?

Example Compute the sum of channels 001 and 002 using channel 106. Set the span lower limit to -10.0000, the span upper limit to 15.0000, and the unit to V.
SO106,ON,001+002,-100000,150000,4,V

- Description**
- You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
 - You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - For details on computing equations, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*.
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with seven digits or less, excluding the decimal, for negative numbers and with eight digits or less for positive numbers.
 - For parameters p4, p5, and p6, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

ER Sets the range of an external input channel

Syntax ER p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>

- p1 External input channel number
- p2 External input channel (ON, OFF)
- p3 Span lower limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p4 Span upper limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p5 Decimal place (0 to 4)
- p6 Unit (up to 6 characters)

Query ER[p1]?

- Example** Set the external input channel 201 span to -150.00 to 150.00.
`201,ON,-15000,15000,2`
- Description**
- You can use this command on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.
 - You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

TJ Sets memory sampling

- Syntax** `TJ p1,p2<terminator>`
- `p1` Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
- `p2` Memory sampling (OFF, ON)
- Query** `TJ[p1]?`
- Example** Perform memory sampling on channel 002.
`TJ002,ON`
- Description**
- You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.
 - You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

SA Sets an alarm

When Not Using Alarms

- Syntax** `SA p1,p2,p3<terminator>`
- `p1` Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
- `p2` Alarm number (1 to 4)
- `p3` Alarm on/off (OFF)
- Query** `SA[p1[,p2]]?`
- Example** Turn Off alarm number 1 of channel 010.
`SA010,1,OFF`
- Description** You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.

When Using Alarms

- Syntax** `SA p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8<terminator>`
- `p1` Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
- `p2` Alarm number (1 to 4)
- `p3` Alarm on/off (ON)
- `p4` Alarm type
- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| H | High limit alarm |
| L | Low limit alarm |
| h | Difference high limit alarm |
| l | Difference low limit alarm |

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| R | High limit on rate-of-change alarm |
| r | Low limit on rate-of-change alarm |
| T | Delay high limit alarm |
| t | Delay low limit alarm |
- (Characters are case-sensitive.)

- `p5` Alarm value
- `p6` Relay setting
- | | |
|-----|-------------------|
| ON | Relay setting on |
| OFF | Relay setting off |
- `p7` Relay number when `p6` is set to ON
Space when `p6` is set to OFF
- `p8` Detection of alarm (ON, OFF)

Query `SA[p1[,p2]]?`

- Example** Set a high limit alarm (alarm value = 1000) on channel 002 alarm number 1, and activate relay I01 when an alarm occurs.
`SA002,1,ON,H,1000,ON,I01`

- Description**
- For a channel whose input range is set to SKIP (using the SR command), `p3` cannot be set to ON.
 - For a channel whose computation channel is set to OFF (using the SO command), `p3` cannot be set to ON.
 - For a channel whose external input channel is set to OFF (ER command), `p3` cannot be set to ON.
 - All alarm settings on a channel are set to OFF when:
 - Its input type is changed (VOLT, TC, etc).
 - Its measurement range is changed.
 - Its span or scaling values are changed during scaling display (includes changing the decimal place).
 - The channel is a computation channel, and the channel is turned on or off or an expression or a span value is changed.
 - The `h` and `l` settings of `p4` are valid only when the measurement range is set to differential computation between channels.
 - If `p4` is set to R or r, set the interval for the high/low limit on the rate-of-change using the WO command.
 - If `p4` is set to T or t, set the alarm delay for the delay high/low limit alarm using the BD command.
 - Set the `p5` alarm value in the following range based on the `p4` alarm type or the target channel.
 - Upper, Lower, Delay Upper and Delay Lower alarms
 - DC voltage, thermocouple, or RTD input
Within in the measurable range of the selected range
 - Contact input
0 or 1

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- Scaling input (1-5V, scaling, and square root)
–5 to 105% of span (except, within –30000 to 30000)
- Difference high limit and difference low limit alarms
Within the measurable range
- High limit on rate-of-change and low limit on rate-of-change alarms
A value that consists of at least one non-zero digit. For example, 0.0001 for the 2 V range.
The maximum value is within the measurable range (except within –30000 to 30000).
For example, 3.0000 for the 2 V range.
For contact input, only the value of “1” can be specified.
- Computation channels
For computation channels –9999999 to 99999999 (excluding the decimal point. Set using an integer.)
- External input channels
–30000 to 30000
- An error occurs if p7 is set to a number of a relay that is not installed.
- You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
- For computation channels and external input channels, the only alarm types that you can specify are H (high limit alarm), L (low limit alarm), T (delay high limit alarm), and t (delay low limit alarm).
- Use the WH command to set the alarm hysteresis.

SW Sets the trend interval and auto save interval

Syntax SW p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

T-Y Display

- p1 1
p2 Waveform type (specify T-Y)
p3 Trend interval (5S, 10S, 15S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 4H, 10H)
p4 Auto save interval (10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 1DAY, 2DAY, 3DAY, 5DAY, 7DAY, 10DAY, 14DAY, 31DAY)

Query SW?

Description • You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

- The selectable auto save intervals (p4) vary depending on the trend interval (p3). For details, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*.
- You can only set the trend interval (p3) to 5S and 10S for high-speed input models (DX1002, DX1002N, DX1004, DX1004N, DX2004, and DX2008).
- You can only set the trend interval (p3) on medium-speed models to 15S if fast sampling mode is enabled.
- Set the trend interval (p3) to a value less than the scan interval.
- The p4 setting is valid when the saving method to the external storage medium is set to auto (using the XM command with p1 set to AUTO).

Circular Display

- p1 1
p2 Waveform type (CIRCULAR)
p3 Time length of one cycle (20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 16H, 1DAY, 2DAY, 1WEEK, 2WEEK, 4WEEK)
p4 Auto save interval (10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 1DAY, 2DAY, 3DAY, 5DAY, 7DAY, 10DAY, 14DAY, 31DAY)

Query SW?

Example Set the waveform type to CIRCULAR, the time length of one cycle to 20 minutes, and the auto save interval to 1 hour.

SW1,CIRCULAR,20MIN,1H

- Description • You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress.
- The selectable auto save intervals (p4) vary depending on the time length of one cycle (p3). For details, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*.
 - The p4 setting is valid when the saving method to the external storage medium is set to auto (using the XM command with p1 set to AUTO).
 - Set the time length of one cycle (p3) to a value less than the scan interval.

TI Sets the circular display offset time

Syntax TI p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 1
p2 Offset time (OFF, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 5H, 6H, 7H, 8H, 9H, 10H, 11H, 12H, 13H, 14H, 15H, 16H, 17H, 18H, 19H, 20H, 21H, 22H, 23H)

Query TI[p1]?

Example Set the offset time to 1 hour.

TI1,1H

Description Set the offset time to a value that is lower than the time length of one cycle (set by the SW command).

TO Sets how the DX operates after one circular display cycle

Syntax TO p1<terminator>
 p1 Operation after one cycle
 ALLCLEAR Clears the entire waveform display and starts drawing a new waveform.
 DIVCLEAR Clears a section of the waveform display and starts drawing a new waveform.

Query TO?

Example Set the operation after one cycle to all clear.
 TOALLCLEAR

TW Sets the secondary trend interval

Syntax TW p1<terminator>
 p1 Trend interval (5S, 10S, 15S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 4H, 10H)

Query TW?

Example Set the interval to 2 minutes.
 TW2MIN

Description

- Set the trend interval (p1) to a value less than the scan interval.
- You can only set the trend interval (p3) to 5S and 10S for high-speed input models (DX1002, DX1002N, DX1004, DX1004N, DX2004, and DX2008).
- You can only set the trend interval (p3) on medium-speed models to 15S if fast sampling mode is enabled.
- You cannot use this command when multi batch /BT2 is enabled.

TM Sets manual sampling

Syntax TM p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 p1 Manual sample number
 p2 Enable or disable (ON or OFF)
 p3 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number

Query TM[p1]?

Example Assign measurement channel 002 to manual sample number 001.
 TM001,ON,002

Description

- You can use this command on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.
- You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.

TE Sets the sampling conditions for event data

Syntax TE p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>
 p1 1

p2 Sample interval (25MS, 125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN)

p3 Sample mode
 FREE Starts data acquisition at memory start and stops data acquisition at memory stop.
 SINGLETRIGGER Acquires data once for a specified time length after the trigger occurs and then stops.
 REPEATTRIGGER Acquires data for a specified time length after the trigger occurs and then enters the trigger wait condition.

p4 Sample time length (10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 1DAY, 2DAY, 3DAY, 5DAY, 7DAY, 10DAY, 14DAY, 31DAY)

p5 Pretrigger length as percentage (0, 5, 25, 50, 75, 95, 100)

p6 Key trigger source disable or enable (OFF or ON)

Parameters p5 to p6 are valid when p3 is set to SINGLETRIGGER or REPEATTRIGGER.

Query TE[p1]?

Example Acquire data at a sampling rate of 125 ms for 10 minutes using single trigger mode.

TE1,125MS,SINGLETRIGGER,10MIN

Description

- You cannot choose a sample interval that is shorter than the scan interval.
- You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. If you are using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
- You cannot set SINGLETRIGGER or REPEATTRIGGER as a sample mode when multi batch /BT2 is enabled.
- On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, you cannot set p3 to SINGLETRIGGER or REPEATTRIGGER.

SZ Sets a zone

Syntax SZ p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
 p2 Lower zone boundary position (0 to 95) [%]
 p3 Upper zone boundary position (5 to 100) [%]

Query SZ[p1]?

Example Display channel 002 in a zone between 30% and 50%.
 SZ002,30,50

Description

- You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.
- Set the boundary positions as percentages of the entire amplitude axis in the waveform

3.4 Setting Commands

display area.

- The zone size must be at least 5%.
- Set the upper zone boundary position greater than the lower zone boundary position.

SP Sets a partial expanded display

Syntax `SP p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>`

- p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
- p2 Partial expanded display (ON, OFF)
- p3 Boundary position (1 to 99) [%]
- p4 Boundary value

Query `SP[p1]?`

Example Partially expand the display of channel 001. Set the boundary position to 25% and the boundary value to 1.00 V.

```
SP001,ON,25,100
```

- Description
- You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.
 - For a channel whose input range is set to SKIP (using the SR command), p2 cannot be set to ON.
 - For a channel whose computation channel is turned off (using the SO command), p2 cannot be set to ON.
 - For a channel whose external input channel is set to OFF (using the ER command), p2 cannot be set to ON.
 - Set p3 as a percentage of the range defined by the span upper and lower limits (scale upper and lower limits when scaling is enabled).
 - Set p4 to a value from (span upper limit – 1) to (span lower limit + 1). If scaling is enabled, set p4 to a value from (scaling lower limit – 1) to (scaling upper limit + 1).
 - The decimal place and the number of digits are the same as those for the span or scaling settings (see the SR command).
 - You can use this command (includes the query) when the partial expanded display function is set to USE (using the XU command).
 - You cannot use this command if the partial expanded display range does not exist (for example when the span range is 1).

ST Sets a tag

Syntax `ST p1,p2,p3<terminator>`

- p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
- p2 Tag comment (up to 32 characters)
- p3 Tag number (up to 16 characters)

Query `ST[p1]?`

Example Set the channel 002 tag (tag comment) to TAG2.
`ST002,TAG2`

- Description
- For the characters that you can use for tags, see appendix 3, "ASCII Character Codes." Note that you cannot use semicolons or commas.
 - You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.
 - Parameter p3 is invalid when you are not using the tag number. The DX returns the previous value in response to a query.

SX Sets a display group (release number 2 or earlier)

Syntax `SX p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>`

- p1 Display group number
- p2 Display group (ON, OFF)
- p3 Display group name (up to 16 characters)
- p4 Channel configuration

Query `SX[p1]?`

Example Assign channels 001, 003, 004 to 006 to group number 1 and name the group GROUP2.
`SX1,ON,GROUP2,001.003.004-006`
Assign channels by using periods to separate each channel or a hyphen to specify a range of channels.

- Description
- For the characters that you can use for group names, see appendix 3, "ASCII Character Codes." Note that you cannot use semicolons or commas.
 - If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2, this command affects batch group 1.
 - If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2 and batch group 1 is recording (memory sampling), you cannot use this command.
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

SL Sets a trip line (release number 2 or earlier)

Syntax `SL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>`

- p1 Display group number
- p2 Trip line number (1 to 4)
- p3 Trip line display (ON, OFF)
- p4 Display position (0 to 100) [%]
- p5 Display color (RED, GREEN, BLUE, B.VIOLET, BROWN, ORANGE, Y.GREEN, LIGHTBLUE, VIOLET, GRAY, LIME, CYAN, DARKBLUE, YELLOW, LIGHTGRAY, PURPLE, BLACK, PINK, L.BROWN, L.GREEN, DARKGRAY, OLIVE, DARKCYAN, S.GREEN)
- p6 Line width (1, 2, 3)

Query SL[p1[,p2]]?

Example Display trip line 1 in red at the 10% position of group 1. Set the line width to 1.
SL1,1,ON,10,RED,1

Description

- Set the position as percentages of the entire amplitude axis in the waveform display area.
- If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2, this command affects batch group 1.
- If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2 and batch group 1 is recording (memory sampling), you cannot use this command.
- Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

NX Sets a display group (release number 3 or later)

Syntax NX p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Batch group number
Set the number to 1 if multi batch /BT2 is not in use.

p2 Display group number

p3 Enable or disable (ON or OFF)

p4 Display group name (up to 16 characters)

p5 Channel configuration

Query NX[p1, [p2]]?

Example Assign channels 001, 003, 004 to 006 to batch group 3's group number 1 and name the group GROUP2.
NX3,1,ON,GROUP2,001.003.004-006
Assign channels by using periods to separate each channel or a hyphen to specify a range of channels.

Description

- For the characters that you can use for group names, see appendix 3, "ASCII Character Codes." Note that you cannot use semicolons or commas.
- If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2, you cannot use this command on a batch group that is recording (memory sampling).
- Set p1 and p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

NL Sets a trip line (release number 3 or later)

Syntax NL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 Batch group number
Set the number to 1 if multi batch /BT2 is not in use.

p2 Display group number

p3 Trip line number (1 to 4)

p4 Trip line display (ON, OFF)

p5 Display position (0 to 100) [%]

p6 Display color (RED, GREEN, BLUE, B.VIOLET, BROWN, ORANGE, Y.GREEN, LIGHTBLUE, VIOLET, GRAY, LIME, CYAN, DARKBLUE, YELLOW, LIGHTGRAY, PURPLE, BLACK, PINK, L.BROWN, L.GREEN, DARKGRAY, OLIVE, DARKCYAN, S.GREEN)

p7 Line width (1, 2, 3)

Query NL[p1, [p2, [,p3]]]?

Example Display trip line 2 in red at the 10% position of batch group 3's display group 1. Set the line width to 1.
NL3,1,2,ON,10,RED,1

Description

- Set the position as percentages of the entire amplitude axis in the waveform display area.
- If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2, this command affects batch group 1.
- If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2, you cannot use this command on a batch group that is recording (memory sampling).
- Set p1 and p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

SG Sets a message

Syntax SG p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Message number (1 to 100)

p2 Message (up to 32 characters)

Query SG[p1]?

Example Assign character string "MESSAGE1" to message number 2.
SG2,MESSAGE1

Description For the characters that you can use for messages, see appendix 3, "ASCII Character Codes." Note that you cannot use semicolons or commas.

TH Sets the directory on the external storage medium for saving data

Syntax TH p1<terminator>

p1 Directory name (up to 20 characters)

Query TH ?

Example Select the DATA1 folder on the external storage medium for saving data.
THDATA1

3.4 Setting Commands

TZ Sets a file header

Syntax TZ p1,p2<terminator>
 p1 Batch group number
 Set the number to 1 if multi batch /BT2 is not in use.
 p2 File header (up to 50 characters)

Query TZ [p1]?

Example Set the batch group 2's header to DX1000DATA.
 TZ2,DX1000DATA

Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

TF Sets a data file name

Syntax TF p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 p1 Batch group number
 Set the number to 1 if multi batch /BT2 is not in use.
 p2 Configuration
 BATCH File name based on the batch name
 DATE User-assigned character string + date
 SERIAL User-assigned character string + serial number
 p3 User-assigned name (up to 16 characters)
 (valid when p2 is set to DATE or SERIAL)

Query TF [p1]?

Example Set the batch group 2's file name configuration to BATCH and set the user-assigned string to DX1DATA.
 TF2,BATCH,DX1DATA

Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

SD Sets the date and time

Syntax SD p1,p2<terminator>
 p1 Date in the YY/MM/DD format (fixed)
 YY Year (00 to 79)
 MM Month (01 to 12)
 DD Day (01 to 31)
 p2 Time in the HH:MM:SS format (fixed)
 HH Hour (00 to 23)
 MM Minute (00 to 59)
 SS Second (00 to 59)

Query SD?

Example Set the internal clock to 13:00:00 on October 1, 2005.
 SD05/10/01,13:00:00

Description • The p1 and p2 format is fixed at eight characters. Use the format below. Do not insert spaces. If you do, an error will occur.
 p1 = YY/MM/DD (lower two digits of the year/month/day)
 p2 = HH:MM:SS (hour:minute:second)

- On a DX whose release number is 3 or earlier
 When you send an SD command, the DX switches to setting mode and sets the date and time.
- On a DX whose release number is 4 or later
 When you send an SD command, the DX sets the date and time without switching to setting mode.

TD Sets daylight saving time

Syntax TD p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9
 <terminator>
 p1 Enable or disable (USE or NOT)
 p2 Daylight saving time start month (JAN, FEB, MAR, APR, MAY, JUN, JUL, AUG, SEP, OCT, NOV, DEC)
 p3 Daylight saving time start week (1ST, 2ND, 3RD, 4TH, LAST)
 p4 Daylight saving time start day (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT)
 p5 Daylight saving time start hour (0 to 23)
 p6 Daylight saving time end month (JAN, FEB, MAR, APR, MAY, JUN, JUL, AUG, SEP, OCT, NOV, DEC)
 p7 Daylight saving time end week (1ST, 2ND, 3RD, 4TH, LAST)
 p8 Daylight saving time end day (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT)
 p9 Daylight saving time end hour (0 to 23)

Query TD?

Example Switch to daylight saving (summer) time on the first Sunday of June and switch out of it on the first Sunday in December.
 TDUSE,JUN,1ST,SUN,0,DEC,1ST,SUN,0

TT Sets the trend display

Syntax TT p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 p1 Graph display direction
 HORIZONTAL Horizontal display
 VERTICAL Vertical display
 WIDE Horizontal wide display
 SPLIT Horizontal split display

p2 Clear waveform at start (ON or OFF)

p3 Message display direction
 HORIZONTAL
 VERTICAL

p4 Scale digits
 NORMAL 3-digit display
 FINE 4-digit display

p5 Current value display
 MARK Displays using a mark
 BARGRAPH Display using a bar graph

For the circular display, only p1=HORIZONTAL is valid.

Query TT?

Example Display waveform horizontally, set the message direction to vertical, and display waveforms by clearing the current waveforms at memory start.
TTHORIZONTAL, ON, VERTICAL

Description When using the /BT2 multi batch option, p2 is fixed at ON.

SE Sets the line width and the number of grids to use on the trend graph

Syntax SE p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Trend line width (1 to 3) [dots]
p2 Number of grids (4 to 12, AUTO)

Query SE?

Example Set the trend waveform line width to 1 dot and the number of grids to 10.
SE1, 10

TB Sets the bar graph display

Syntax TB p1<terminator>
p1 Bar graph display direction
HORIZONTAL
VERTICAL

Query TB?

Example Display the bar graph horizontally.
TBHORIZONTAL

SB Sets the bar graph for a channel

Syntax SB p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
p2 Bar graph base position
NORMAL Normal (lower limit)
CENTER Center
LOWER Lower limit
UPPER Upper limit
p3 Number of scale divisions (4 to 12)

Query SB[p1]?

Example Set the number of scale divisions on the bar graph for channel 002 to five, and display the bar graph from the span lower limit (the scale lower limit if scale is enabled).
SB002, NORMAL, 5

Description You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.

TN Sets a scale

Syntax TN p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
p2 Display position (OFF, 1 to 10)
p3 Number of divisions (4 to 12, C10)

Query TN[p1]?

Example Set the scale position for channel 003 to 2, and the number of divisions to 10.
TN003, 2, 10

SV Sets a measurement channel's moving average

Syntax SV p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Measurement channel number
p2 Moving average (OFF, ON)
p3 Number of moving average samples (2 to 400)

Query SV[p1]?

Example Set the number of moving average samples for channel 002 to 12.
SV002, ON, 12

SC Sets a channel display color

Syntax SC p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
p2 Display color (see SL (sets a trip line))

Query SC[p1]?

Example Set the channel 002 display color to blue.
SC002, BLUE

Description You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.

TA Sets an alarm point mark

Syntax TA p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>
p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
p2 Mark type
ALARM Alarm mark
FIXED Fixed mark
p3 Scale board (ON, OFF)
p4 Alarm level 1 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see NL; sets a trip line))
AUTO The same color as the alarm color
p5 Alarm level 2 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see NL; sets a trip line))
AUTO The same color as the alarm color
p6 Alarm level 3 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see NL; sets a trip line))
AUTO The same color as the alarm color
p7 Alarm level 4 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see NL; sets a trip line))
AUTO The same color as the alarm color

Query TA[p1]?

Example Display alarm marks on the channel 004 scale.
TA004, ALARM, ON

3.4 Setting Commands

TG Sets a color scale band

Syntax TG p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
p2 Area (OFF, IN, OUT)
p3 Color (AUTO or 24 colors (see NL; sets a trip line))
p4 Lower display position limit
p5 Upper display position limit

Query TG[p1]?

Example Set the channel 005 color scale band to the range from -1.0000 to 0.5000 V (2-V range), and set the color to green.
TG005, IN, GREEN, -10000, 5000

SQ Sets the LCD brightness and the screen backlight saver

Syntax SQ p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
p1 LCD brightness
1 to 8 DX1000
1 to 6 DX2000
p2 Screen backlight saver type
OFF Disables the saver function.
DIMMER Dims the backlight
TIMEOFF Turns off the backlight
p3 Amount of time until the DX switches to saver mode
1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 30MIN, 1H
p4 Event that causes the DX to return from saver mode
KEY Pressing of a key
KEY+ALM Pressing of a key or an alarm occurrence

Query SQ?

Example Set the LCD brightness to 2 and the screen backlight saver type to dimmer. Set the amount time of until the DX switches to saver mode to 5 minutes and the event that causes the DX to return from saver mode to pressing of a key.
SQ2, DIMMER, 5MIN, KEY

Description If p2 is set to OFF, do not set p3 or p4.

TC Sets the background color

Syntax TC p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Screen (WHITE, BLACK)
p2 Historical trend screen (WHITE, CREAM, LIGHTGRAY, BLACK)

Query TC?

Example Set the screen background to black and the historical trend screen background to cream.
TCBLACK, CREAM

TP Sets automatic display group switching

Syntax TP p1<terminator>
p1 Auto switching interval (5S, 10S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN)

Query TP?

Example Switch between display groups at 5-s intervals.
TP5S

NF Sets the favorite key operation

Syntax NF p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Type of operation
FAVORITE Operates as a favorite key.
HISTORY Operates as a key for switching to the historical display.
p2 Display group
SAVED Displays the display group that was selected when you registered the favorite key
CURRENT Displays the current display group
p3 Historical trend time axis zoom
SAVED Displays the historical trend using the time axis zoom setting that was used when you registered the favorite key
CURRENT Displays the historical trend using the current time axis zoom setting

Query NF?

Example Set the favorite key as a key used to switch to the historical display.
NF, HISTORY

Description Parameters p2 and p3 are valid when p1 is set to FAVORITE.

TR Sets the automatic switching back to default display

Syntax TR p1<terminator>
p1 Automatic return time limit (OFF, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H)

Query TR?

Example Set the automatic return time limit to 5 minutes.
TR5MIN

TQ Sets a timer

When p2 is set to OFF (no timer)

Syntax TQ p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (OFF)

When p2 is set to ABSOLUTE (absolute timer)

Syntax TQ p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (ABSOLUTE)
p3 Time interval (1MIN to 6MIN, 10MIN, 12MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H to 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 24H)

p4 Reference time (hh; fixed format)
hh Hour (00 to 23)

When p2 is set to RELATIVE (relative timer)

Syntax `TQ p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>`

p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (RELATIVE)
p3 Time (hh:mm; fixed format)
hh Hour (00 to 24)
mm Minute (00 to 59)

p4 Reset at computation start (OFF, ON)

Query `TQ[p1]?`

Example Set the timeout value of timer number 1 to 10 hours 30 minutes. Do not reset the timer when computation is started.

`TQ1,RELATIVE,10:30,OFF`

- Description
- Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. If you are using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - You can set up to 24:00 time when using a relative timer.

TK Sets a match time timer

When p2 is set to OFF (disable the match time timer)

Syntax `TK p1,p2<terminator>`

p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (OFF)

When p2 is set to DAY

Syntax `TK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>`

p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (DAY)
p3 Day (1 to 28)
p4 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
p5 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT)
SINGLE Executes the action once when the condition is met.
REPEAT Executes the action at every specified time.

When p2 is set to WEEK

Syntax `TK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>`

p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (WEEK)
p3 Day of week (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT)
p4 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
p5 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT)

When p2 is set to MONTH

Syntax `TK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>`

p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (MONTH)
p3 Day (1 to 28)
p4 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
p5 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT)

When p2 is set to YEAR

Syntax `TK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>`

p1 Timer number
p2 Timer type (YEAR)
p3 Month (JAN, FEB, MAR, APR, MAY, JUN, JUL, AUG, SEP, OCT, NOV, DEC)
p4 Day (1 to 31; varies depending on the specified month)
p5 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
p6 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT)

Query `TK[p1]?`

Example Set timer number 2 to expire at hour 21 every Thursday.

`TK2,WEEK,THU,21:00,REPEAT`

- Description
- Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. If you are using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

TU Sets an event action

When multi batch /BT2 is not in use

Syntax `TU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8<terminator>`

p1 Logic number (1 to 40)
p2 Event type
NONE
REMOTE
RELAY Alarm output relay
SWITCH Internal switch
ALARM Alarm
TIMER Timer
MATCHTIMETIMER Match time
USERKEY USER key
EVENTLEVELSWITCH Event level switch
EVENTEDGESWITCH Event edge switch
RELAY-OFF Alarm output relay off
SWITCH-OFF Internal switch off
ALARM-OFF Alarm off
EVENTLEVELSWITCH-OFF Event level switch off

p3 Event details

p2=REMOTE Remote number
p2=RELAY Relay number
p2=RELAY-OFF Relay number
p2=SWITCH Internal switch number
p2=SWITCH-OFF Internal switch number
p2=TIMER Timer number

3.4 Setting Commands

	p2=MATCHTIMETIMER	Match time timer number
	p2=EVENTLEVELSWITCH	Event level switch number
	p2=EVENTLEVELSWITCH-OFF	Event level switch number
	p2=EVENTEDGESWITCH	Event edge switch number
	p2=Other	Space
p4	Action type	
	MEMORYSTART/STOP	
	MEMORYSTART	
	MEMORYSTOP	
	TRIGGER	Event trigger
	ALARMACK	Alarm acknowledge
	MATHSTART/STOP	
	MATHSTART	
	MATHSTOP	
	MATHRESET	
	SAVEDISPLAY	Saves display data to the external storage medium
	SAVEEVENT	Saves event data to the external storage medium
	MESSAGE	Writes a message
	SNAPSHOT	
	MANUALSAMPLE	
	TIMERRESET	Resets the relative timer
	DISPLAYRATE1/2	Switches the trend interval
	DISPLAYGROUPCHANGE	Switches the display group
	FLAG	Raises a flag
	TIMEADJUST	Adjusts the time
	PANELLOAD	Loads settings
	ALARMDISPLAYRESET	Resets the alarm display
	COMMENTDISPLAY	Displays the comment screen
	FAVORITDISPLAY	Displays the favorite screen
p5	Action details 2	
	p4=TIMERRESET	Timer number
	p4=DISPLAYGROUPCHANGE	Display group number
	p4=FLAG	Flag number
	p4=MESSAGE	Message number (1 to 100)
	p4=PANELLOAD	Setup file number (1 to 3)
	p4=COMMENTDISPLAY	Comment text block number
	p4=FAVORITDISPLAY	
	KEY	Presses the favorite key
	SELECT	Specifies a registered screen
p6	Action details 3	
	p4=MESSAGE	Method of specifying the destination to write the message
	ALL	All display groups
	SELECT	A specific display group
	p4=FAVORITDISPLAY and p5=SELECT	Number of the screen registered to the favorite key (1 to 8)

p7	Action details 4
	p4=MESSAGE and p6=SELECT
	Display group number

When multi batch /BT2 is in use

Syntax	TU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8 <terminator>
p1	Same as when multi batch is not in use
p2	Same as when multi batch is not in use
p3	Same as when multi batch is not in use
p4	Same as when multi batch is not in use
p5	Action details 2 Same as when multi batch is not in use except the following: p4=MEMORYSTART/STOP, MEMORYSTART, MEMORYSTOP, SAVEDISPLAY, SAVEEVENT, MATHRESET ALL All batch groups SELECT A specific batch group p4=MATHRESET ALL All computation channels SELECT A specific batch group
p6	Action details 3 p4=MESSAGE Method of specifying the destination to write the message ALL All display groups in the batch group specified using p8 SELECT A specific display group in the batch group specified by p8 p4=DISPLAYGROUPCHANGE Batch group number p4=MEMORYSTART/STOP, MEMORYSTART, MEMORYSTOP, SAVEDISPLAY, SAVEEVENT, MATHRESET and p5=SELECT Batch group number p4=MATHRESET and p5=SELECT Batch group number
p7	Action details 4 p4=MESSAGE and p6=SELECT Display group number p4=MESSAGE and p6=ALL You can specify any value. The DX returns 1 in response to this query.
p8	Action details 5 p4=MESSAGE Batch group number

Query	TU[p1]?
	If there is a parameter whose setting is invalid, the DX responds to queries for that parameter with a fixed value.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If p4 = MEMORYSTART/STOP, MEMORYSTART, MEMORYSTOP, SAVEDISPLAY, SAVEEVENT, or MATHRESET and p5 is invalid, the DX returns "ALL." If p4 = DISPLAYGROUPCHANGE and p6 is

- invalid, the DX returns "1."
- If p4 = MESSAGE and p7 or p8 is invalid, the DX returns p7 = "1" or p8 = "1."

Examples are given below.

p1 through p3 are indicated by an ellipsis. The set values of invalid parameters are bolded.

- When the multi batch function is invalid:
TU...,MEMORYSTART/STOP,**ALL**
TU...,DISPLAYGROUPCHANGE,2,1
TU...,MESSAGE,5,**ALL**,1,1
TU...,MESSAGE,5,SELECT,10,1
- When the multi batch function is valid
TU...,MESSAGE,5,**ALL**,1,3

Example Execute memory start with the remote control input (terminal 1).

```
TUREMOTE, 1, MEMORYSTART
```

- Description**
- Set various numbers (relay number, internal switch number, etc.) by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - You cannot select some of the p4 (action type) settings depending on the p2 (event type) setting.
 - You cannot select some of the p4 (action type) settings depending on other DX settings or depending on the installed options.
 - The p4=ALARMDISPLAYRESET setting is valid when the annunciator function is enabled and the annunciator sequence is set to ISA-M.
 - Set the batch group number by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - When multi batch /BT2 is in use, p4 is set to MATHRESET, and p5 is set to ALL, the calculated values for all computation channels are reset.
 - An event that has "-OFF" attached to it responds to the logical negation of the corresponding event that does not have "-OFF" attached to it. The actions and settings that the event can support are the same as those that the corresponding event that does not have "-OFF" attached to it can support.
 - On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, you cannot set p4 to TRIGGER or PANELLOAD.

SK Sets a constant

Syntax SK p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Constant number
p2 Constant (-9.9999E+29 to -1.0000E-30, 0, 1.0000E-30 to 9.9999E+29, 5 significant digits)

Query SK[p1]?

Example Set the constant in constant number K01 to 1.0000E-10.
SKK01,1.0000E-10

Description You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.

- You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
- Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

SI Sets the rolling average function of a computation channel

Syntax SI p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
p1 Computation channel number
p2 Moving average (ON, OFF)
p3 Sampling interval (1S, 2S, 3S, 4S, 5S, 6S, 10S, 12S, 15S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 3MIN, 4MIN, 5MIN, 6MIN, 10MIN, 12MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H)
p4 Number of samples (1 to 1500)

Query SI[p1]?

Example Turn on the rolling average function of computation channel 107, set the sampling interval to 1 minute, and the number of samples to 20.
SI107,ON,1MIN,20

- Description**
- You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
 - Do not set p3 or p4 when p2 is set to OFF.
 - Set the sampling interval to a value greater than the scan interval.

SJ Sets a TLOG timer

Syntax SJ p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
p1 Computation channel number
p2 Timer number
p3 Conversion of the unit of time for TLOG.
SUM computation
OFF Do not convert.
/S Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of seconds.
/MIN Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of minutes.
/H Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of hours.
p4 Reset (ON, OFF)
p5 Timer type
TIMER Timer
MATCHTIMETIMER Match time timer

Query SJ[p1]?

Example Assign timer 1 to computation channel number 110. Do not convert the unit of time and enable the reset setting.
SJ110,1,OFF,ON,TIMER

3.4 Setting Commands

- Description • You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
- Set parameters p1 and p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - You cannot use this command while computation is in progress.
 - When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - About p3
Because the DX integrates sampled data over each scan interval, the physical value integrated over a given unit of time may be different from the actual integrated value. This occurs if the unit of time is different from the scan interval. If this occurs, set p3 to the same unit of time as that for the physical value that you are measuring. The DX calculates the integrated value using one of the following conversion formulas based on p3.
OFF $\Sigma(\text{measured value})$
/S $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}$
/MIN $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/60$
/HOUR $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/3600$
The scan interval unit is seconds.

TX Sets the ancillary operation of the start key

- Syntax TX p1<terminator>
p1 Computation operation (OFF, START, RESET+START)
- Query TX?
- Example Configure the start key so that computation also starts when the start key is pressed.
TXSTART

BH Sets a batch text field

- Syntax BH p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
p1 Batch group number
Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch /BT2 is not in use
p2 Field number (1 to 24)
p3 Field title (up to 20 characters)
p4 Field string (up to 30 characters)
- Query BH[p1, [p2]]?
- Example Register the title "OPERATOR" and the string "DAQSTATION" to batch group 1's field number 2.
BH1, 2, OPERATOR, DAQSTATION
- Description • If you are using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command on a batch group that is recording (memory sampling).
- For the characters that you can use, see appendix 3.
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

EH Sets calibration correction

When p2 is set to BEGIN

- Syntax EH p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Measurement channel number
p2 Type of operation (BEGIN)
p3 Number of break points of the calibration segment (OFF, 2 to 16)
OFF Turns off calibration
2 to 16 Number of break points

When p2 is set to SET

- Syntax EH p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
p1 Measurement channel number
p2 Type of operation (SET)
p3 A specific break point (1 to 16)
p4 Input value of the specific break point
p5 Output value of the specific break point

- Description • Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
- The selectable range for p4 and p5 varies depending on the currently specified range.
 - When the measurement range is set to scale, the selectable range for p4 and p5 is -30000 to 30000.
 - Set input value p4 so that the value increases as break point p3 increases.

When p2 is set to END

- Syntax EH p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Measurement channel number
p2 Type of operation (END)

Example Set three break points for CH2.

```
EH002, BEGIN, 3
EH002, SET, 1, 0, 1
EH002, SET, 2, 50, 49
EH002, SET, 3, 100, 101
EH002, END
```

- Description • First, use this command with p2 set to BEGIN to specify the number of break points.
- Then, use this command with p2 set to SET to specify the value of each break point.
 - Finally, use this command with p2 set to END to finalize the settings.
 - The command "EH2?" causes the DX to return the CH2 settings.
 - The DX returns the settings in the format shown in the above example.
 - You cannot use this command when computation is in progress.

BD Sets an alarm delay

On DXs without the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

- Syntax BD p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
p2 Alarm delay (1 to 3600)

Query `BD[p1]?`
 Example Set the channel 001 alarm delay to 120 s.
`BD001,120`
 Description • Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 • The p2 unit is seconds.

On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

Syntax `BD p1,p2,p3<terminator>`
 p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
 p2 Alarm delay (1 to 3600)
 p3 Unit (SEC, HOUR)
 Query `BD[p1]?`
 Example Set the channel 001 alarm delay to 2 hours.
`BD001,2,HUOR`
 Description • Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 • When p3 = HOUR, you can set p2 to a value from 1 to 24.

NC Sets a comment text field

Syntax `NC p1,p2<terminator>`
 p1 Comment text field number
 p2 Comment string (up to 32 characters)
 Query `NC[p1]?`
 Example Set comment text field 30 to "P1 end."
`NC30,P1 end`
 Description Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

NB Sets a comment text block

Syntax `NB p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>`
 p1 Comment text block number
 p2 Comment text field number of line 1
 p3 Comment text field number of line 2
 p4 Comment text field number of line 3
 p5 Comment text field number of line 4
 p6 Comment text field number of line 5
 Query `NB[p1]?`
 Example Set comment text block 5's lines 1, 2, and 3 to comment text field 10, 11, and 14, respectively.
`NB5,10,11,14`
 Description Set parameters p1 through p6 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

NW Sets an annunciator display

Syntax `NW p1,p2,p3 p4,p5<terminator>`
 p1 Display window number
 p2 On/Off (ON, OFF)
 p3 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
 p4 Alarm level (1 to 4, ALL)
 p5 Label (comment text block number)
 Query `NW[p1]?`

Example Assign the channel 2's alarm level 1 alarm to display window 4 and display the comment text block 3 label.
`NW4,ON,2,1,3`

Description • Set parameters p1 and p5 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 • You cannot use this command when the annunciator mode is set to Off (using the WU command).

NG Sets the Web report layout

Syntax `NG p1,p2,p3<terminator>`
 p1 Report page number (1 to 10)
 p2 Creation (ON, OFF)
 p3 Report title string (up to 64 characters)
 Query `NG[p1]?`
 Example Set the title of report page 2 to "Factory 3."
`NG2,ON,Factory 3`
 Description • You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
 • You cannot use this command if:
 • The Web server function is set to Not (using the WS command).
 • The operator and monitor pages are both set to Off (using the WW command).

NH Sets Web report layout details

Syntax `NH p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>`
 p1 Report page number (1 to 10)
 p2 Item number (1 to 10)
 p3 Creation (ON, OFF)
 p4 Report channel number (R01 to R60)
 p5 Value (MIN, MAX, AVE, SUM, INST)
 p6 Item name string (up to 16 characters)
 Query `NH[p1,[p2]]?`
 Example Assign the title "Average" to report page 2 item 6, and display the average of the measured values for the channel assigned to report channel R07.
`NH2,6,R07,AVE,Average`
 Description • You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
 • The selectable values for p4 varies depending on the model.
 • You cannot use this command if:
 • The Web server function is set to Not (using the WS command).
 • The operator and monitor pages are both set to Off (using the WW command).

FR Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer

Syntax `FR p1<terminator>`
 p1 1 (fixed)
 p1 FIFO acquisition interval (25MS, 125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S)

3.4 Setting Commands

Query FR?

Example Set the FIFO acquisition interval to 1 s.
FR1,1S

Description

- Set the acquisition interval to a value greater than the scan interval.
- If you set the scan interval to a value greater than the acquisition interval using the XV command or from the screen, the acquisition interval is automatically set equal to the scan interval.
- The DX has a circular FIFO (First In First Out) buffer. The DX acquires measured/computed values to the internal memory at predetermined time intervals from the time the power is turned on. The DX outputs the data when you send an FF command. The DX remembers the previous output position for each connection and updates the position when the DX outputs the next set of data when you send another FF command. This scheme compensates for the differences in the processing power of the measurement PCs and the communication delay. It enables data to be retrieved without any dropouts if the measurement PC reads the data before the ring buffer is overwritten. For details on the FIFO data output process, see appendix 5.

SY Sets a four panel display

Syntax SY p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11<terminator>

p1 Batch group number
Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch /BT2 is not in use

p2 Screen number (1 to 4)

p3 Screen group name (up to 16 characters)

p4 Screen 1 type

TREND	Trend display
DIGITAL	Digital value display
BAR	Bar graph display
OVERVIEW	Overview
ALARM	Alarm summary
MESSAGE	Message summary
MEMORY	Memory summary
MODBUS-M	Modbus master status display
MODBUS-C	Modbus client status display
RELAY	Relay status display
REPORT	Report display
COLUMN_BAR	Stacked bar graphs
ANNUNCIATOR	Annunciator display
EVENT_SWITCH	Event switch status display

p5 Number of the group to display in screen 1

p6 Screen 2 type (see p4)

p7 Number of the group to display in screen 2

p8 Screen 3 type (see p4)

p9 Number of the group to display in screen 3

p10 Screen 4 type (see p4)

p11 Number of the group to display in screen 4

Query SY[p1, [p2]]?

Example Set screen number 1 as follows:
Four panel name: Temperature
Screen 1: Trend display, group 1
Screen 2: Digital display, group 3
Screen 3: Alarm summary
Screen 4: Overview
SY1,1, Temperature, TREND, 1, DIGITAL, 3, ALARM, 1, OVERVIEW

Description

- Parameters p5, p7, p9, and p11 are invalid when the corresponding screen types (p4, p6, p8, and p10) are not set to TREND, DIGITAL, or BAR.
- The setting p4=MODBUS-M is only valid if the serial interface protocol is set to MODBUS-M.
- The setting p4=REPORT or COLUMN_BAR is only valid on models with the math option.
- When multi batch /BT2 is in use, the four panel display can only be displayed in batch single mode. Therefore, you cannot specify the following screens.
Modbus master status display, Modbus client status display, relay status display, report display, stacked bar graph, annunciator display, and event switch status display
- Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

SM Sets the custom menu

Setting the main menu

Syntax SM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9<terminator>

p1 Type (DISP_MAIN)

p2 to p9 Menu items to display

The DX displays the menu items in the specified order.

The DX does not display menu items that are not specified.

TREND
DIGITAL
BAR
OVERVIEW
INFORMATION
TRENDAHISTORY
LOG
4PANEL
ESC
EXPAND
CUSTOM_PANEL
ANNUNCIATOR
SEPARATOR

Example Set the first menu item to TREND and the second menu item to TRENDHISTORY.

SMDISP_MAIN, TREND, TRENDHISTORY,

- Description**
- If parameter p2 and subsequent parameters are omitted, all menus are hidden.
 - A command error occurs if you specify the same menu item multiple times.
 - You can specify up to three separators. If you specify more than three, an error occurs.
 - You cannot omit parameters using delimiters (, .).
 - "4PANEL" is available only on the DX2000.
 - You cannot set the first menu item to "SEPARATOR."

Setting the submenu

Syntax SM p1,p2,p3,...<terminator>

p1 Type (DISP_SUB)

p2 Menu type (TREND, DIGITAL, BAR, TRENDHISTORY, OVERVIEW, INFORMATION, LOG, 4PANEL, CUSTOM_PANEL, ANNUNCIATOR)

p3 ≥ Submenu items to display

The DX displays the items in the specified order.

The DX does not display menu items that are not specified.

When p2 is set to TREND (select from the items below)

GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group
CIRCULAR_KIND	Circular type
ALL_CHANNEL	All channel display
SCALE	Scale display
DIGITAL	Digital display
MESSAGE_DISP	Message display
TREND_SPACE	Trend space
AUTO	Auto switching
EXPAND	Expand
FINE_GRID	Fine grid
AUTO_ZONE	Auto zone display or normal display
TAG_PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display
SEPARATOR	

When p2 is set to DIGITAL (select from the items below)

GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group
AUTO	Auto switching
EXPAND	Expand
TAG_PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display
SEPARATOR	

When p2 is set to BAR (select from the items below)

GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group
AUTO	Auto switching
EXPAND	Expand
TAG_PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display
SEPARATOR	

When p2 is set to TRENDHISTORY (select from the items below)

GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group
SEPARATOR	

When p2 is set to OVERVIEW (select from the items below)

CURSOR	Cursor display
TO_ALARM	Alarm summary
TO_TREND	To the trend display
TO_DIGITAL	To the digital display
TO_BAR	To the bar graph display
EXPAND	Expand
TAG_PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display
ALARMACK1	Individual alarm acknowledgment (level 1)
ALARMACK2	Individual alarm acknowledgment (level 2)
ALARMACK3	Individual alarm acknowledgment (level 3)
ALARMACK4	Individual alarm acknowledgment (level 4)
SEPARATOR	

When p2 is set to INFORMATION (select from the items below)

ALARM	Alarm summary
MESSAGE	Message summary
MEMORY	Memory summary
MODBUS_CLIENT	ModbusTCP status display
MODBUS_MASTER	ModbusRTU status display
RELAY	Relay status display
EVENT_SWITCH	Event switch status display
REPORT	Report display
TO_HISTORY	To the historical display
TO_HISTORY_D	To historical (display data)
TO_HISTORY_E	To historical (event data)
TO_OVERVIEW	To the overview display
SORT_KEY	Sort key switching
SORT_ORDER	Sort order switching
DISP_ITEM	Date/user name switching
DATA_KIND	Data type switching
DATE/FILE	Date/file name switching
SELECT_SAVE	Select save
REPORT_CHANNEL	Report channel display switching
ALL_SAVE	All save
MANUAL_SAVE	Save manual samples
REPORT_SAVE	Save reports
EXPAND	Expand
DATA_SAVE_MODE	Data save mode
COLUMN_BAR	Stacked bar graph
COLUMN_BAR_DISP	Single graph or dual graph
COLUMN_BAR_SELECT	Selects bar or group
REPORT_GROUP1 to REPORT_GROUP6	Selects the report group

3.4 Setting Commands

TAG_PRIORITY Tag prioritized display
 DISP_GROUP Group number display
 SEPARATOR

When p2 is set to LOG (select from the items below)

LOGIN_LOG Login log
 ERROR_LOG Error log
 COMMU_LOG Communication log
 FTP_LOG FTP log
 WEB_LOG Web log
 MAIL_LOG E-mail log
 SNTP_LOG SNTP log
 DHCP_LOG DHCP log
 MODBUS_LOG Modbus log
 OPERATE_LOG Operation log
 SETTING_LOG Change settings log
 DISP_ITEM Switches the displayed items

SEPARATOR

When p2 is set to 4PANEL (select from the items below)

4PANEL1 to 4PANEL4 Selects 4-panel
 SEPARATOR

When p2 is set to CUSTOM_PANEL (select from the items below)

INTERNAL1 to INTERNAL3
 Selects one from internal 1 to 3
 EXTERNAL1 to EXTERNAL25
 Selects one from external 1 to 25
 NEW New

When p2 is set to ANNUNCIATOR (select from the items below)

EXPAND Expand
 SEPARATOR

Example Register the following items to the Trend main menu's sub menu: SCALE and DIGITAL.
 SMDISP_SUB, TREND, SCALE, DIGITAL

- Description**
- Items that you can set for p3 and subsequent parameters vary depending on p2.
 - If parameter p3 and subsequent parameters are omitted, all menu items are hidden.
 - A command error occurs if you specify the same menu item multiple times.
 - You can specify up to three separators. If you specify more than three, an error occurs.
 - You cannot specify EXPAND for log and 4-panel.
 - You cannot omit parameters using delimiters (, ,).
 - The SM DISP_SUB? command causes the DX to return sub menu items whose display is turned off.
 - You cannot set the first menu item to "SEPARATOR."
 - The display group parameter "GROUP1" to "GROUP36" and the auto switching parameter "AUTO" on/off setting apply to the trend,

digital, bar graph, and historical trend menus. (For example, if you set AUTO to off for the trend menu, and then set AUTO to on for the digital menu, AUTO is turned on for the trend, digital, bar graph, and historical trend menus.)

- When p2 is set to ANNUNCIATOR, the DX1000 does not have submenus.
- When p2 is set to INFORMATION, you can only set p3 to DISP_GROUP on the DX1000.
- When p2 is set to OVERVIEW, you can only set p3 to ALARMACK on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.
- When p2 is set to LOG, you can only set p3 to OPERATE_LOG, SETTING_LOG, or DISP_ITEM on models with the /AS1 advanced security option. LOGIN_LOG cannot be specified on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Setting the function menu

p1 Type (FUNC)

p2 ≥ Menu items to display

The DX displays the functions that you select from below in the menu in the specified order. The DX does not display menu items that are not specified.

ALARMACK	Alarm acknowledge
ALARM_RESET	Alarm display reset
MESSAGE	
FREE_MESSAGE	
MEDIA_EJECT	
SNAPSHOT	
MANUAL_SAMPLE	
TRIGGER	Event trigger
SAVE_DISPLAY	
SAVE_EVENT	
SAVE_STOP	
MATH_START/STOP	
MATH_RESET	
MATH_ACK	Computed data dropout acknowledge
EDGE_SWITCH	Presses event edge switch
TIMER_RESET	
MATCH_T_RESET	Resets single match time timer
KEYLOCK	Enables or disables key lock
LOGOUT	
PASSWORD_CHANGE	
RATE_CHANGE	Display rate 1 or display rate 2
BATCH	
TEXT_FIELD	
FAVORITE_REGIST	Registers as favorite
4PANEL	
JUMP_DISPLAY	Registers the screen to return to

```

SYSTEM_INFO
NETWORK_INFO
SNTP
EMAIL_START/STOP
EMAIL_TEST
FTP_TEST
BUILDER          Custom display builder
USRLOCKACK       User locked ACK

```

Example Display FREE MESSAGE and SNAPSHOT in the function menu.

```
SMFUNC, FREE_MESSAGE, SNAPSHOT
```

- Description**
- A command error occurs if you specify the same menu item multiple times.
 - You cannot specify "SEPARATOR."
 - You cannot omit parameters using delimiters (, .).
 - You cannot hide "LOGOUT." If you do not include it in the parameters, it is displayed as the last item.
 - You can only set p2 to USRLOCKACK on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.
 - You cannot set p2 to TRIGGER or KEYLOCK on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Query

```
SM?
    When querying all menus
SMDISP_MAIN?
    When querying all main menu items
SMDISP_SUB?
    When querying all submenu items
SMDISP_SUB, TREND?
    When querying the trend submenu
SMFUNC?
    When querying all function menu items
```

3.5 Control Commands

BT Sets a batch name

Syntax BT p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Batch group number
Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch /BT2 is not in use

p2 Batch number (up to 32 characters)

p3 Lot number (up to 8 digits)

Query BT[p1]?

Example Assign the batch number "PRESS5LINE" and lot number 007 to batch group 1.

```
BT1, PRESS5LINE, 007
```

Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

BU Sets a batch comment

Syntax BU p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Batch group number
Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch /BT2 is not in use

p2 Comment number (1 to 3)

p3 Comment string (up to 50 characters)

Query BU[p1, [p2]]?

Example Set comment number 2 to "THIS_PRODUCT_IS_COMPLETED."

```
BU1, 2, THIS_PRODUCT_IS_COMPLETED
```

Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

MH Writes a Batch Text Field

Syntax MH p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Batch group number
Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch /BT2 is not in use

p2 Field number (1 to 24)

p3 Field title (up to 20 characters)

p4 Field string (up to 30 characters)

Query MH[p1, [p2]]?

Example Set batch group 2 text field 1 title to "Ope" and the string to "DX."

```
MH2, 1, Ope, DX
```

Description

- Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
- This command can only be performed when memory sampling for the specified batch group is not taking place.

UD Switches the screen

To return to the screen that was used before you started using communication commands

Syntax UD p1<terminator>

p1 Screen type (0)

Example Return to the screen that was used before you started using communication commands.

```
UD0
```

3.5 Control Commands

Description On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, use the BE command to return to operation mode.

To switch to one panel display

Syntax UD p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 p1 Screen type (1)
 p2 Display item

TREND	Trend display
DIGITAL	Digital display
BAR	Bar graph display
OVERVIEW	Overview display (alarm indicator)
ALARM	Alarm summary display
MESSAGE	Message summary display
MEMORY	Memory summary display
MODBUS-M	Modbus master status display
MODBUS-C	Modbus client status display
RELAY	Relay status display
REPORT	Report display
HISTRICAL	Historical trend display
COLUMN_BAR	Stacked bar graph
INTERNAL1 to INTERNAL3	Custom display, internal 1 to 3
EXTERNAL1 to EXTERNAL25	Custom display, external 1 to 25
ANNUNCIATOR	Annunciator display
EVENT_SWITCH	Event switch status display

p3 Display group number

Example Set the display to one screen trend, and set the number of the group to display in the screen to 4.
 UD1, TREND, 4

Description • The setting p2=MODBUS-M is only valid if the serial interface protocol is set to MODBUS-M.
 • The setting p2=REPORT is only valid on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
 • When multi batch /BT2 is in use, there are limitations on the screens that the DX can switch to depending on the screen mode.

Batch overview mode

Overview display, Modbus master status display, Modbus client status display, relay status display, report display, stacked bar graph, custom display, annunciator display, and event switch status display

Batch single mode

Trend display, digital display, bar graph display, overview display, alarm summary display, message summary display, memory summary display, historical trend display, and custom display

• When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot specify a display group that does not belong

to the currently displayed batch group.

- Set parameter p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
- The setting p2=ANNUNCIATOR is only valid when the annunciator mode is turned on (by the WU command).

To switch to four panel display

Syntax UD p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9 <terminator>
 p1 Screen type (2)
 p2 Screen 1 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
 p3 Number of the group to display in screen 1
 p4 Screen 2 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
 p5 Number of the group to display in screen 2
 p6 Screen 3 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
 p7 Number of the group to display in screen 3
 p8 Screen 4 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
 p9 Number of the group to display in screen 4

Example Assign group 1 to screen 1, group 2 to screen 2, group 3 to screen 3, group 4 to screen 4, and set the screen type of all screens to trend.
 UD2, TREND, 1, TREND, 2, TREND, 3, TREND, 4

Description • You can use this command on the DX2000.
 • When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot specify a display group that does not belong to the currently displayed batch group. You cannot use this command in batch overview mode.

To display a specific four panel display

Syntax UD p1,p2<terminator>
 p1 Display type (3)
 p2 Four panel configuration number

0	Displays the four panel configuration that you specify directly.
1 to 4	Displays a four panel configuration that you set using SY (sets a screen group).

Description • You can use this command on the DX2000.
 • When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot use this command in batch overview mode.

To switch the operation screen

Syntax UD p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10 <terminator>
 p1 Screen type (4)
 p2 Automatic display switching (ON, OFF)
 p3 Switches between all channel display and group display (ALL, GROUP)
 p4 Scale display (ON, OFF)
 p5 Digital display (ON, OFF)
 p6 Message display options

1	Normal display
2	List display

p7 Trend space (ON, OFF)
 p8 Auto zone (ON, OFF)
 p9 Fine grid (ON, OFF)

Example `p10` Tag prioritized display (ON, OFF)
 Enable automatic display switching, switch to the group display, turn on the scale display, and turn off the digital display.

`UD4, ON, GROUP, ON, OFF`

- Description
- Parameter p2 is valid for the trend, digital, and bar graph displays. Use the SE command to set the switching interval.
 - Parameters p3 to p7 are valid for the trend display.
 - When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot use this command in batch overview mode.

To switch the operation screen mode

Syntax `UD p1,p2,p3<terminator>`

p1 Display type (5)
 p2 Operation screen mode (COMMON, BATCH)
 COMMON Batch overview mode
 BATCH Batch single mode
 p3 Batch group number

- Description
- You can use this command when multi batch /BT2 is in use.
 - Parameter p3 is valid when p2 is set to BATCH.
 - Set parameter p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

PS Starts or stops recording

Syntax `PS p1,p2<terminator>`

p1 Recording start or stop
 0 Start
 1 Stop
 p2 Batch group number
 0 All groups
 1, 2, ... Batch group number

Example Start recording.

`PS0`

- Description
- When you start recording, the DX records display, event, and report data to the internal memory.
 - Parameter p2 is valid when multi batch /BT2 is in use. If you omit p2, it is the same as setting p2 to zero.
 - When the /AS1 advanced security option is in use and the DX is in setting mode, it will not start recording even if you send a PS0 command.
 - Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

AK Clears alarm output (acknowledge alarms)

Syntax `AK p1,p2,p3<terminator>`

p1 Executes alarm acknowledge (0)
 0 Alarm acknowledge
 1 Individual alarm acknowledgment

2 Resets alarm display

p2 Channel number

p3 Alarm level (1 to 4)

Example Clear alarm output (acknowledge alarms).

`AK0`

- Description
- If you set p1 to 2 when annunciator mode is on and the sequence is not ISA-M, an error occurs.
 - If you send this command with p1 set to 2 before acknowledging the alarms, nothing happens.
 - Set p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - p2 and p3 are only valid when p1=1. The setting p1=1 is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

EV Executes manual sample, generates a manual trigger, takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout

Syntax `EV p1,p2<terminator>`

p1 Type of operation
 0 Executes manual sampling.
 1 Generates a manual trigger.
 2 Takes a snapshot.
 3 Causes a timeout in display data. (display data save)
 4 Causes a timeout in event data. (event data save)
 p2 Batch group number
 0 All groups
 1, 2, ... Batch group number

Example Execute manual sampling.

`EVO`

- Description
- EV1 is only valid when the key trigger is set to ON using the event data sampling condition command (TE command). This command is equivalent to a key trigger.
 - When multi batch /BT2 is in use, p2 is valid when p1 is set to 3 or 4. If you omit p2, it is the same as setting p2 to zero.
 - Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - If EV2 (snapshot) is executed and an external storage medium (CF card or USB flash memory) is inserted, the command execution result (response) will be E0. If there is a problem with an external storage medium, however, a snapshot will not be executed. The command execution result will be an error only when neither external storage medium is inserted.

CL Executes manual SNTP

Syntax `CL p1<terminator>`

p1 Executes manual SNTP(0)

Example Synchronize the clock.

`CL0`

3.5 Control Commands

CV Switches between normal and secondary trend interval

Syntax CV p1<terminator>
p1 Trend interval (0, 1)
0 Switches to the normal trend interval
1 Switches to the secondary trend interval

Example Set the trend interval to the secondary trend interval.
CV1

MS Writes a message (display and write)

Syntax MS p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
p1 Message number (1 to 100)
p2 Message write destination
GROUP A specified display group
ALL All display groups
All display groups in the specified batch group number (p4) when multi batch /BT2 is in use
p3 Display group number
The display group number when p2 is set to GROUP
Carries no meaning when p2 is set to ALL
p4 Message write destination batch group number

Example Write the message in message number 8 to display group 1.
MS8, GROUP, 1

Description

- If you omit p2, the message is written to all display groups.
- Parameter p4 is only valid when multi batch /BT2 is in use. When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot omit p4.
- Set parameters p3 and p4 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

BJ Write a free message

Syntax BJ p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
p1 Message number (1 to 10)
p2 Message (up to 32 characters)
p3 Message write destination
GROUP A specified display group
ALL All display groups
All display groups in the specified batch group number (p5) when multi batch /BT2 is in use
p4 Display group number
The display group number when p2 is set to GROUP
Carries no meaning when p2 is set to ALL
p5 Message write destination batch group number

Example Using message number 3, write the string "ALARM" to all groups.

BJ3, ALARM, ALL

Description

- If you omit p3, the message is written to all display groups.
- Parameter p5 is only valid when multi batch /BT2 is in use. When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot omit p5.
- Set parameters p3, p4, and p5 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

EJ Changes the login password

Syntax EJ p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Old password (see the description)
p2 New password (see the description)
p3 New password (see the description)

Example Change the password from "PASS001" to "WORD005."

EJPASS001, WORD005, WORD005

Description

- The password character lengths are indicated below.
Release numbers 3 and earlier:
Up to 8 characters
Release numbers 4 and later:
Up to 20 characters
On models with the /AS1 advanced security option:
Between 6 and 20 characters
- When you use password management (the WU command) on models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this command is invalid.

TL Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears the computation dropout status display

Syntax TL p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Type of operation
0 Start computation
1 Stop computation
2 Reset computation
3 Clear the computation data dropout display
p2 Batch group number
0 All computation channels
1, 2, ... Batch group number

Example Start computation.
TL0

Description

- You cannot use this command while the DX is saving or loading setup data.
- You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 option.
- When multi batch /BT2 is in use, p2 is valid when p1 is set to 2 (reset computation). If you omit p2, it is the same as setting p2 to zero. If p2 is set to zero, the DX resets the values of

- all computation channels.
- Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

DS Switches the execution mode between operation and setting

- Syntax** DS p1<terminator>
- p1 Mode
- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 0 | Operation mode |
| 1 | Basic setting mode |
- Example** Set the mode to basic setting.
- ```
DS1
```
- Description**
- You cannot set p1 to 1 when the DX is recording (memory sampling) or computing, is formatting an external storage medium, or is storing data to an external storage medium.
  - You cannot set p1 to zero when the DX is formatting an external storage medium or is storing data to an external storage medium.
  - To activate the settings you have changed using basic setting commands, you must use the XE command to save the settings. Be sure to use the XE command to save the settings before switching the execution mode back to operation. If you do not save the settings and change the execution mode back to operation, the DX returns to the previous settings.
  - This command is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

## **LO** Loads setup data for setting mode

- Syntax** LO p1,p2<terminator>
- p1 File name (up to 32 characters)
- p2 Medium
- |   |         |
|---|---------|
| 0 | CF slot |
| 1 | USB     |
- Example** Load setup data for setting mode from the setup file named SETFILE1.
- ```
LOSETFILE1
```
- Description**
- Do not specify the extension when specifying the file name.
 - You can set p2 to 1 on models with the /USB1 USB interface option.
 - If you omit parameter p2, the medium is set to CF slot.
 - You cannot use this command to load setup data for basic setting mode. To load setup data for both setting and basic setting modes, use the YO command.
 - You cannot use this command when there is no external storage medium inserted in the DX.

LI Saves setup data

- Syntax** LI p1<terminator>
- p1 File name (up to 32 characters)
- p2 Medium
- | | |
|---|---------|
| 0 | CF slot |
| 1 | USB |
- Example** Saves setup data for both setting and basic setting modes to a file named SETFILE2 on the CF card.
- ```
LISETFILE2
```
- Description**
- Do not specify the extension when specifying the file name.
  - You can set p2 to 1 on models with the /USB1 USB interface option.
  - If you omit parameter p2, the medium is set to CF slot.
  - An extension is attached to the file that you save.
  - You cannot use this command when there is no external storage medium inserted in the DX.

## **CM** Sets communication input data

- Syntax** CM p1,p2<terminator>
- p1 Communication input data number
- p2 Communication input data
- The selectable range is -9.9999E+29 to -1.0000E-30, 0, and 1.0000E-30 to 9.9999E+29.
- Five significant digits
- Query** CM?
- Example** Enter 1.0000E-10 to communication input data C01.
- ```
CMC01,1.0000E-10
```
- Description**
- You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 option.
 - On models with the /CP1 PROFIBUS-DP interface option, the communication input data for C01 to C24 (on the DX1000) or for C01 to C32 (on the DX2000) is reserved for PROFIBUS-DP. The client device cannot specify values for this communication input data.

CE Sets communication input of an external input channel

- Syntax** CE p1,p2<terminator>
- p1 External input channel number
- p2 Data value (-30000 to 30000)
- Query** CE[p1]?
- Example** Set external input channel number 440 to 12345.
- ```
CE440,12345
```
- Description** You can use this command on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.

### 3.5 Control Commands

#### **EM** Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function

Syntax EM p1<terminator>  
p1 Type of operation  
0 Start  
1 Stop

Example Start the e-mail transmission function.  
EM0

Description To use the e-mail transmission function, you must configure the Ethernet interface, set e-mail addresses, and enter the contents you want to transmit.

#### **CU** Recovers Modbus manually

Syntax CU p1<terminator>  
p1 Communication type  
0 Modbus client (Ethernet)  
1 Modbus master (serial)

#### **YO** Loads a setup file for basic setting mode

Syntax YO p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Name of the file to load (up to 32 characters)  
p2 Medium  
0 CF slot  
1 USB  
p3 What to load (0 to 2)  
0 Basic setting mode and setting mode settings  
1 Basic setting mode settings (except for login settings) and setting mode settings  
2 Login settings

Example Only load the CONFIG1 login settings from the CF card.  
YOCONFIG1,0,2

Description

- Do not include the extension when specifying the file name.
- You can set p2 to 1 on models with the /USB1 USB interface option.
- If you omit parameter p2, the medium is set to CF slot.
- p3 is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.
- Omitting p3 is the same as setting it to 0.

#### **YC** Clears measured and computed data and initializes setup data

Syntax YC p1<terminator>  
p1 The types of data to be initialized and cleared  
0 Basic setting mode settings, setting mode settings, measured and computed data, custom display screen setup data, and log data

("Clear 1" on the DX)  
1 Setting mode settings, measured and computed data, custom display screen setup data, and log data  
("Clear 2" on the DX)  
2 Measured and computed data, custom display screen setup data, and log data  
("Clear 3" on the DX)

Example Perform "Clear 3" on the DX.  
YC2

Description This command is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

#### **IR** Resets a relative timer

Syntax IR p1<terminator>  
p1 Number of the timer to reset  
0 All timers  
1, 2, ... Timer number

Example Reset timer 2.  
IR2

Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

#### **MA** Resets a match time timer

Syntax MA p1<terminator>  
p1 Number of the timer to reset  
1, 2, ... Timer number

Example Reset match time timer 2.  
MA2

Description

- Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
- This command is valid for expired match time timers whose operation is set to single.

#### **CW** Sets an event switch

Syntax CW p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Type of operation (LEVEL, EDGE)  
p2 Event switch number (1 to 30)  
p3 On/off (OFF, ON)  
Parameter p3 is valid when p1 is set to LEVEL.

Example Set event level switch 2 to ON.  
CWLEVEL,2,ON

#### **LR** Loads custom display screens

Syntax LR p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>  
p1 Medium (fixed at 0)  
0 External CF card  
p2 Screen range (ALL, SELECT)  
ALL All screens  
Loads all of the custom display screens that are stored in the specified directory.  
SELECT A specific screen

Loads a specific custom display setup file to the screen that you specify.

When p2 is set to ALL

p3 Name of the directory to load from (up to 20 characters)

When p2 is set to SELECT

p3 Custom display screen to load into (INTERNAL1 to INTERNAL3 or EXTERNAL 1 to EXTERNAL 25)

p4 Name of the file to load from (up to 32 characters)

- Do not specify the extension.
- The directory to load from is fixed to the root directory.

**Example** Load the custom display setup file named CD1 from the root directory to INTERNAL2.

`LR0, SELECT, INTERNAL2, CD1`

- Description**
- An error occurs when there is no external storage medium (CF) inserted in the DX or when there is an error in the external storage medium.
  - An error occurs if the external storage medium (CF) does not contain the directory or file name that you specify.

## **LW Saves custom display screens**

**Syntax** `LW p1, p2, p3, p4<terminator>`

p1 Medium (fixed at 0)

0 External CF card

p2 Screen range (ALL, CLEAR+ALL, SELECT)

ALL All screens

Saves all of the custom display screens that is currently in use to the specified directory.

CLEAR+ALL All screens

Clears all files in the save destination directory, and then saves all of the custom display screens that is currently in use to that directory.

SELECT A specific screen

Saves a specific custom display screen to a file that you specify. If there is a file with the same name, it is overwritten.

When p2 is set to ALL

p3 Name of the directory to save to (up to 20)

When p2 is set to SELECT

p3 Custom display screen to save (INTERNAL1 to INTERNAL 3, EXTERNAL 1 to EXTERNAL 25)

p4 Name of the file to save to (up to 32)

- Do not specify the extension.
- The directory to save to is fixed to the root directory.

**Example** Save the custom display setup file named INTERNAL3 to a file named CD3 in the root directory.

`LW0, SELECT, INTERNAL3, CD3`

- Description**
- An error occurs when there is no external storage medium (CF) inserted in the DX or when there is an error in the external storage medium.
  - An error does not occur even if there is not enough free space on the external storage medium (CF).
  - To check whether or not the save operation was successful, check the status byte. For details on the status byte, see section 5.2.

## **BQ User Locked ACK (/AS1 advanced security option)**

**Syntax** `BQ p1<terminator>`

p1 Executes ACK (0)

**Example** Execute the User Locked ACK operation.

`BQ0`

**Description** This command is only valid when the user is locked.

## **EC Clears setup data (and executes a cold reset; /AS1 advanced security option)**

**Syntax** `EC p1<terminator>`

p1 The types of data to be initialized and cleared (0 to 3)

0 Basic setting mode settings, setting mode settings, measured and computed data, custom display screen setup data, and log data ("Clear 1" on the DX)

1 Setting mode settings, measured and computed data, custom display screen setup data, and log data ("Clear 2" on the DX)

2 Measured and computed data, custom display screen setup data, and log data ("Clear 3" on the DX)

3 Basic setting mode settings (except for login settings), setting mode settings, measured and computed data, custom display screen setup data, and log data ("Clear 4" on the DX)

**Example** Perform "Clear 1" on the DX.

`EC0`

### 3.5 Control Commands

#### **EE** Switches out of operation mode (/AS1 advanced security option)

Syntax EE p1<terminator>  
p1 Mode switch destination (ENG, SYS)

| Memory sampling | ENG                                 | SYS                                       |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| In progress     | Setting mode during memory sampling | Basic setting mode during memory sampling |
| Stopped         | Setting mode                        | Basic setting mode                        |

Example Switch to setting mode.  
EEENG

#### **BE** Returns to operation mode (/AS1 advanced security option)

Syntax BE p1<terminator>  
p1 Mode switch operation (END)

| Current Mode                        | END                                              |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Setting mode                        | Returns to operation mode. Creates a setup file. |
| Setting mode during memory sampling | Returns to operation mode.                       |

#### **BV** Enters a string (can only be used during serial communication)

Syntax BV p1,p2<terminator>  
p1 0  
p2 Character string (up to 100 characters)

Example Enter "user123."  
BV0,user123

Description • You can use this command to enter character strings when the DX is displaying the character input window.

- On models with the /USB1 USB interface option, this command can be used through the use of USB barcodes.
- On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this command can only be used through the use of the serial communication barcode protocol or through a USB barcode reader.

#### **KE** Performs key operations

Syntax KE p1<terminator>  
p1 Key

|          |                       |
|----------|-----------------------|
| F1 to F7 | Soft keys 1 to 7      |
| ESC      | ESC key               |
| MENU     | MENU key              |
| FUNC     | FUNC key              |
| START    | START key             |
| STOP     | STOP key              |
| USER     | USER key              |
| FAVORITE | Favorite key          |
| 0 to 9   | Number keys 0 to 9    |
| MINUS    | The minus key         |
| DOT      | The decimal point key |
| DISP     | The DISP/ENTER key    |
| UP       | The up arrow key      |

|       |                     |
|-------|---------------------|
| DOWN  | The down arrow key  |
| RIGHT | The right arrow key |
| LEFT  | The left arrow key  |

Example Press the DISP/ENTER key.  
KEDISP

Description • This command performs the same operations as pressing the keys on the DX. When you send multiple key operations, send them in the same order that you would perform them on the DX.

- When you perform this command, it is logged on the DX as "KEY." This command is valid regardless of whether or not the key lock is on.
- On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this command can only be used through the use of the serial communication barcode protocol or through a USB barcode reader.

#### **BP** Supports login (/AS1 advanced security option)

Syntax BP p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Input type

|   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | User name             |
| 2 | User name and user ID |

p2 User name (up to 20 characters)  
p3 User ID (up to 8 characters)

Example Set the user name to "DX."  
BP1,DX

Description • If you execute this command when p1=1, the DX displays the user ID input window.

- If you execute this command when p1=2, the DX displays the password input window.
- p3 is valid when p1=2.
- On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this command can only be used through the use of the serial communication barcode protocol or through a USB barcode reader.

#### **LL** Logs in through serial communication (/AS1 advanced security option)

Syntax LL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>  
p1 User name (up to 20 characters)  
p2 User ID (up to 8 characters)  
This parameter is meaningless if you are not using a user ID.  
p3 Password (up to 20 characters)  
p4 The new password to use if the current one has expired (up to 20 characters)  
This parameter is meaningless if the current password has not yet expired. This parameter can be omitted

p5 Reconfirmation of the new password to use if the current one has expired (up to 20 characters)

This parameter is meaningless if the current password has not yet expired. This parameter can be omitted.

**Example** Log in as user a (whose user ID is "aaaa" and whose password is "aaaaaa"), start computation, and execute memory start.

```
LLa,aaaa,aaaaaa;TL0;PS0
```

- Description**
- This command can be used if the login function has been enabled (by an administrator).
  - After the LL command, use sub delimiters to make a list of commands to execute.
  - You log into the DX when you execute this command, and you are automatically logged out after the command is executed.
  - The LL command communication responses, including those for errors, are the same as those for other commands.

## 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

### WU Sets the environment

**Settings** GENERAL, BATCH, DISPLAY, MESSAGE, INPUT, ALARM, SECURITY, MEDIA, MATH, REPORT, SERVICEPORT, DECIMALPOINT, POP3, ALARM\_LEVEL, ALARM\_COLOR, TAG, MENU, REMOTE, and FTPSERVER

#### General environment settings

**Syntax** WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Setting type (GENERAL)

p2 Selects tag or channel number

TAG Tag

CHANNEL Channel number

p3 Language

ENGLISH

JAPANESE

CHINESE

GERMAN

FRENCH

p4 Remote control ID (OFF, 0 to 31)

#### Batch settings

**Syntax** WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Setting type (BATCH)

p2 Batch function (OFF, ON, MULTIBATCH)

OFF Disables the batch function

ON Enables the batch function

MULTIBATCH

Enables the multi batch function

p3 Number of lot number digits (OFF, 4, 6, 8)

p4 Auto increment (ON, OFF)

p5 Number of batch groups (DX1000: 2 to 6. DX2000: 2 to 12)

**Description**

- Parameters p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set to ON.

- Parameters p3, p4, and p5 are valid when p2 is set to MULTIBATCH.

#### Display settings

**Syntax** WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Setting type (DISPLAY)

p2 Trend type

T-Y T-Y display

CIRCULAR Circular display

p3 Partial expansion(OFF, ON)

p4 Trend interval switching (OFF, ON)

**Description**

- Parameters p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set to T-Y.

- When multi batch is in use, p4 is fixed at OFF.

#### Message settings

**Syntax** WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Setting type (MESSAGE)

### 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

- p2 Where to write messages that you enter using keys
  - COMMON All display groups
  - SEPARATE Display group that you specify
- p3 Power failure message (OFF, ON)
- p4 Message change (OFF, ON)

#### Input settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>
- p1 Setting type (INPUT)
  - p2 How to detect values that exceed the scale
    - FREE When the measurement range is exceeded
    - OVER When  $\pm 105\%$  of the scale is exceeded

#### Alarm settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
- p1 Setting type (ALARM)
  - p2 Alarm suppression function (OFF, ON)
  - p3 Annunciator mode (OFF, ON)
  - p4 Sequence (ISA-A-4, ISA-A, ISA-M)
    - ISA-A-4 No lock-in
    - ISA-A Lock-in
    - ISA-M Double lock-in
  - p5 Color when no alarms are activated (GREEN, WHITE)
- Description Parameters p4 and p5 are valid when p3 is set to ON.

#### Security settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
- p1 Setting type (SECURITY)
  - p2 Key
    - OFF Disables security features
    - KEYLOCK Locks the keys
    - LOGIN Enables the login function
  - p3 Communication
    - OFF Disables security features
    - LOGIN Enables the login function
  - p4 Multi login (ON, OFF)
  - p5 Password management (ON, OFF)
- Description
- p4 and p5 are only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.
  - On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, p2 is fixed at LOGIN.

#### Media settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3<terminator>
- p1 Setting type (MEDIA)
  - p2 Automatic saving (OFF, ON)
  - p3 Media FIFO (OFF, ON)
- Example Use media FIFO.  
WUMEDIA, ON, ON

Description Parameter p3 is valid when p2 is set to ON.

#### Computation settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
- p1 Setting type (MATH)

- p2 Display on error
  - +OVER Positive overflow
  - OVER Negative overflow
- p3 Data when the SUM or AVE value overflows
  - ERROR Sets the computed result to computation error
  - SKIP Discards the data that overflowed and continues the computation
  - LIMIT Process the data as follows:
    - For measurement channels that do not have linear scaling specified, the DX sets the data to the upper or lower limit of the measurement range.
    - For measurement channels that have linear scaling specified, the DX sets the data to the specified scan upper or lower limit.
    - For computation channels, the DX sets the data to the specified span upper or lower limit.
- p4 Data when the MAX, MIN, or P-P value overflows
  - OVER Computes using the overflow data
  - SKIP Discards the data that overflowed and continues the computation

#### Report settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>
- p1 Setting type (REPORT)
  - p2 Report computation type 1
    - MAX Maximum value
    - MIN Minimum value
    - AVE Average value
    - SUM Integrated value
    - INST Instantaneous value
  - p3 Report computation type 2
    - OFF Disables report computation
    - MAX Maximum value
    - MIN Minimum value
    - AVE Average value
    - SUM Integrated value
    - INST Instantaneous value
  - p4 Report computation type 3  
Same as p3.
  - p5 Report computation type 4  
Same as p3.
  - p6 Creation of "hourly+daily," "daily+weekly," and "daily+monthly" files
    - COMBINE Saves reports to one file.
    - SEPARATE Saves reports to separate files.
    - SEPARATE2 Saves reports to separate files (DX100/DX200 format).
  - p7 Report template function (USE, NOT)

Description

- For parameters p2 to p5, you cannot specify the same computation type except OFF.

- When p6 is set to SEPARATE2, p7 can only be set to OFF.

**Service ports**

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Setting type (SERVICEPORT)

p2 FTP service port (1 to 65535)

p3 Web service port (1 to 65535)

p4 SNMP service port (1 to 65535)

p5 Modbus service port (1 to 65535)

**Decimal point type**

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Setting type (DECIMALPOINT)

p2 Decimal type (POINT, COMMA)

POINT Uses a period for the decimal point.

COMMA Uses a comma for the decimal point.

**Detailed POP3 settings**

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Setting type (POP3)

p2 Delay after accessing POP3 until transmission (seconds; 0 to 10)

p3 POP3 login method (PLAIN, APOP)

**Alarm level settings**

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Setting type (ALARM\_LEVEL)

p2 Levels (1-2-3-4, 1-4-2-3, 1-4-3-2)

**Alarm color settings**

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Setting type (ALARM\_COLOR)

p2 Alarm level 1 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)

p3 Alarm level 2 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)

p4 Alarm level 3 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)

p5 Alarm level 4 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)

**Tag basic setting**

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Setting type (TAG)

p2 Tag number usage (USE, NOT)

**Basic setting mode menu display settings**

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Setting type (MENU)

p2 Basic setting mode menu display (ON, OFF)

**Remote contact input operation**

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9<terminator>

p1 Setting type (REMOTE)

p2 Remote contact 1 input (N.O, N.C)

N.O Normally opened

N.C Normally closed

p3 Remote contact 2 input (N.O, N.C)

p4 Remote contact 3 input (N.O, N.C)

p5 Remote contact 4 input (N.O, N.C)

p6 Remote contact 5 input (N.O, N.C)

p7 Remote contact 6 input (N.O, N.C)

p8 Remote contact 7 input (N.O, N.C)

p9 Remote contact 8 input (N.O, N.C)

- Description • Use this command on models with the remote control option.
- On models with the pulse input option, if you use the remote control input terminal as a pulse input terminal, the DX counts the rising pulse edges, independent of the remote control input settings.

**Detailed FTP server settings**

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Setting type (FTPSERVER)

p2 Directory output format (MS-DOS, UNIX)

MS-DOS

UNIX

Query WU [p1] ?

Example This is an example for general environment settings. Display tags, display in English, and turn remote control off.

WUGENERAL, TAG, ENGLISH, OFF

**WE Sets calibration management**

Syntax WE p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Whether or not to use calibration management (USE, NOT)

p2 Alarm (days; 1 to 10)

This setting determines how many days before the specified calibration due date to start displaying notifications.

p3 Renotification interval (10min, 30min, 1h, 8h, 24h)

Query WE ?

Example Use the calibration management function. Start notifications a day before the calibration due date and continue producing notifications every 8 hours afterwards.

WEUSE, 1, 8h

Description • p2 and p3 are valid when p1 is set to USE.

- You can make settings with this command on models with the /CC1 input calibration option.

**BI Configures signature settings (/AS1 advanced security option)**

Syntax BI p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Process type (BATCH, CONTINUE)

p2 Signature on the DX (OFF, SIGNIN1, SIGNIN1+2, SIGNIN1+2+3)

p3 Signature at batch stop (ON, OFF)

p4 FTP transfer at signing (ON, OFF)

Query BI ?

Example Set the command so that the process type is BATCH, only signatures 1 and 2 are used on the

### 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

DX, the DX switches to the signature window at memory stop, and there is no FTP transfer at signing.

BIBATCH, SIGNIN1+2, ON, OFF

Description p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set to SIGNIN1, SIGNIN1+2, or SIGNIN1+2+3.

## **WO** Sets alarm and DO settings

### Alarm and DO settings

Syntax WO p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

- p1 Alarm setting (ALARM)
- p2 Reflash operation (ON, OFF, ON-1S, ON-2S,)
- p3 Interval for the low limit on the rate-of-change (1 to 32)
- p4 Interval for the high limit on the rate-of-change (1 to 32)
- p5 Hold/Not hold the alarm status display  
HOLD  
NONHOLD

Description • If annunciator is set to ON in the alarm environment settings (using WU ALARM), p2 and p5 are fixed to the following values based on the annunciator sequence.

| Sequence | p2  | p5      |
|----------|-----|---------|
| ISA-A-4  | OFF | NONHOLD |
| ISA-A    | OFF | HOLD    |
| ISA-M    | OFF | HOLD    |

- The meanings of the different p2 options are indicated below.

| p2    | Duration for which the Reflash Relays Are Deactivated |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| ON    | 500 ms                                                |
| ON-1S | 1 s                                                   |
| ON-2S | 2 s                                                   |

### Internal switch settings

Syntax WO p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 DO type (SWITCH)
- p2 AND switch number  
NONE No AND setting  
S01 Only specify S01  
S01-Sxx Specify S01 to Sxx  
where xx = {02 to 30}

### Output relay settings

Syntax WO p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

- p1 DO type (RLY)
- p2 Relay number  
NONE No AND setting  
I01 Only specify I01  
I01-Ixx Specify I01 to Ixx  
where xx = {02 to 36}
- p3 Energize/De-energize the relay  
DE\_ENERGIZE  
ENERGIZE
- p4 Hold/Not hold the relay  
NONHOLD  
HOLD

p5 Relay Action on ACK

NORMAL

RESET

Description Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

If annunciator is set to ON in the alarm environment settings (using WU ALARM), p4 and p5 are fixed to the following values based on the annunciator sequence.

| Sequence | p4      | p5    |
|----------|---------|-------|
| ISA-A-4  | NONHOLD | RESET |
| ISA-A    | HOLD    | RESET |
| ISA-M    | HOLD    | RESET |

Query WO[p1]?

Example Specify no AND operation of the output relays, set the relay action to energize, and release the relay output when the alarm ACK operation is performed regardless of the alarm status.

WORLY, NONE, ENERGINE, HOLD, RESET

## **WH** Sets alarm hysteresis

### Measurement channels

Syntax WH p1,p2,p3<terminator>

- p1 Channel type (MEASURE)
- p2 Hysteresis on high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)
- p3 Hysteresis on difference high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)

### Computation channels

Syntax WH p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Channel type (MATH)
- p2 Hysteresis on high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)

### External input channels

Syntax WH p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Channel type (EXTERNAL)
- p2 Hysteresis on high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)

Query WH[p1]?

Example Set the high and low limit alarm hysteresis for measurement channels to 4.0%, and the difference high and low limit alarm hysteresis to 0.0%.

WHMEASURE, 40, 0

Description You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the external input channel option.

## **XV** Sets the scan interval and A/D integral time

Syntax XV p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

- p1 1 (fixed)
- p2 Scan interval mode  
NORMAL  
FAST Fast sampling



|             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|             | p3 | Scan interval (25MS, 125MS, 250MS, 1S, 2S, 5S)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|             | p4 | A/D integration time (AUTO, 600Hz, 50Hz, 60Hz, 100ms)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Query       |    | XV[p1]?                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Example     |    | Set the scan interval to 1 second in normal mode.<br>XV1, NORMAL, 1S                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Description |    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The combinations of available scan interval modes and scan intervals vary depending on the model. For details, see the <i>DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)</i>.</li> <li>You can set p4 to 600 Hz for fast sampling mode. You can choose 100 ms when the scan interval is set to 2 s or 5 s.</li> <li>On models with multi batch /BT2, you can only set p2 to NORMAL and p3 to 1S, 2S, or 5S.</li> </ul> |

### **XB Sets burnout detection**

|             |    |                                                                                            |
|-------------|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax      |    | XB p1,p2<terminator>                                                                       |
|             | p1 | Measurement channel number                                                                 |
|             | p2 | Burnout processing                                                                         |
|             |    | OFF No processing                                                                          |
|             |    | UP Sets the computed result to positive overflow.                                          |
|             |    | DOWN Sets the computed result to negative overflow.                                        |
| Query       |    | XB[p1]?                                                                                    |
| Example     |    | Set the measured result to UP (positive overflow) when channel 001 burns out.<br>XB001, UP |
| Description |    | Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.                                           |

### **XJ Sets RJC**

#### **When using the internal compensation circuit**

|         |    |                                                                              |
|---------|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax  |    | XJ p1,p2<terminator>                                                         |
|         | p1 | Measurement channel number                                                   |
|         | p2 | RJC mode (INTERNAL)                                                          |
| Query   |    | XJ[p1]?                                                                      |
| Example |    | Set the channel 001 RJC to internal compensation circuit.<br>XJ001, INTERNAL |

#### **When using an external RJC**

|             |    |                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax      |    | XJ p1,p2,p3<terminator>                                                                                                                              |
|             | p1 | Measurement channel number                                                                                                                           |
|             | p2 | RJC mode (EXTERNAL)                                                                                                                                  |
|             | p3 | External RJC value (-20000 to 20000)                                                                                                                 |
| Query       |    | XJ[p1]?                                                                                                                                              |
| Example     |    | Set the channel 002 RJC to external, and set the compensation value to 0 $\mu$ V.<br>XJ002, EXTERNAL, 0                                              |
| Description |    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.</li> <li>The unit of p3 is the <math>\mu</math>V.</li> </ul> |

### **XM Sets memory sampling conditions**

|             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax      |    | XM p1<terminator>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|             | p1 | Data type                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|             |    | DISPLAY Display data                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|             |    | EVENT Event data                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|             |    | E+D Display data and event data                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Query       |    | XM?                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Example     |    | Set the memory sampling condition to display data.<br>XMDISPLAY                                                                                                                                                                |
| Description |    | <p>You cannot specify E+D when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Multi batch /BT2 is in use.</li> <li>Trend interval switching is on.</li> <li>You are using a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option.</li> </ul> |

### **XT Sets the temperature unit**

|         |    |                                             |
|---------|----|---------------------------------------------|
| Syntax  |    | XT p1<terminator>                           |
|         | p1 | Temperature unit (C, F)                     |
| Query   |    | XT?                                         |
| Example |    | Set the temperature unit to Celsius.<br>XTC |

### **RF Sets key lock**

#### **When p1 is set to KEY**

|        |    |                                     |
|--------|----|-------------------------------------|
| Syntax |    | RF p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator> |
|        | p1 | Type (KEY)                          |
|        | p2 | START key (FREE, LOCK)              |
|        | p3 | STOP key (FREE, LOCK)               |
|        | p4 | MENU key (FREE, LOCK)               |
|        | p5 | USER key (FREE, LOCK)               |
|        | p6 | DISP/ENTER key (FREE, LOCK)         |
|        | p7 | FAVORITE key (FREE, LOCK)           |

#### **When p1 set to FUNC (function key)**

|        |    |                                        |
|--------|----|----------------------------------------|
| Syntax |    | RF p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8<terminator> |
|        | p1 | Type (FUNC)                            |
|        | p2 | Alarm ACK (FREE, LOCK)                 |
|        | p3 | Message/batch key (FREE, LOCK)         |
|        | p4 | Math key (FREE, LOCK)                  |
|        | p5 | Data save (FREE, LOCK)                 |
|        | p6 | E-mail/FTP (FREE, LOCK)                |
|        | p7 | Time set (FREE, LOCK)                  |
|        | p8 | Display Function (FREE, LOCK)          |

#### **When p1 is set to MEDIA (external storage media)**

|         |    |                                                                                             |
|---------|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax  |    | RF p1,p2,p3<terminator>                                                                     |
|         | p1 | Type (MEDIA)                                                                                |
|         | p2 | External storage media operation (FREE, LOCK)                                               |
|         | p3 | Setup loading operation (FREE, LOCK)                                                        |
| Query   |    | RF[p1]?                                                                                     |
| Example |    | Lock the MENU key (leave other keys unlocked).<br>RFKEY, FREE, FREE, LOCK, FREE, FREE, FREE |

### 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

Description This command is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

#### **RN Sets basic key login**

Syntax RN p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>  
 p1 Auto logout (OFF, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN)  
 p2 Operation when logged out  
 OFF Disables DX operation  
 DISPLAY Only enables screen operations  
 p3 Whether or not to use a user ID (USE, NOT)  
 p4 Number of password retries (OFF, 3, 5)  
 Query RN?  
 Example Set the auto logout time to 1 minute, and disable the DX operation when logged out. Use a user ID. Set the number of password retries to 5.  
 RN1MIN, OFF, ON, 5

Description • p3 and p4 are only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.  
 • When you use password management (the WU command) on models with the /AS1 advanced security option, p3 is fixed at OFF.

#### **RP Sets user limitations**

**On DXs without the /AS1 Advanced Security Option**

Syntax RP p1,p2,•••<terminator>  
 p1 User limitation number (1 to 10)  
 p2 User limitation item (KEY, FUNC, MEDIA)

Description Parameters p3 and subsequent parameters vary depending on the p2 setting as follows:

##### **When p2 is set to KEY**

p3 START key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p4 STOP key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p5 MENU key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p6 USER key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p7 DISP/ENTER key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p8 FAVORITE key (FREE, LOCK)

##### **When p2 set to FUNC (function key)**

p3 Alarm ACK (FREE, LOCK)  
 p4 Message/batch key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p5 Math key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p6 Data save (FREE, LOCK)  
 p7 E-mail/FTP (FREE, LOCK)  
 p8 Time set (FREE, LOCK)  
 p9 Display Function (FREE, LOCK)

##### **When p2 is set to MEDIA (external storage media)**

p3 External storage media operation (FREE, LOCK)  
 p4 Setup loading operation (FREE, LOCK)

##### **On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option**

Syntax RP p1,p2,...<terminator>  
 p1 Authority of user number (1 to 10)  
 p2 Authority of user item (KEY, ACTION, MEDIA, SIGNIN)

The parameters after p3 vary depending on how p2 is set as indicated below.

##### **p2=KEY**

p3 START key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p4 STOP key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p5 MENU key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p6 USER key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p7 DISP/ENTER key (FREE, LOCK)  
 p8 FAVORITE key (FREE, LOCK)

##### **p2=ACTION (Functions)**

p3 Alarm ACK (FREE, LOCK)  
 p4 Message and batch (FREE, LOCK)  
 p5 Computation (FREE, LOCK)  
 p6 Data save (FREE, LOCK)  
 p7 E-mail/FTP (FREE, LOCK)  
 p8 Time operations (FREE, LOCK)  
 p9 Display operations (FREE, LOCK)  
 p10 Calibration settings (FREE, LOCK)

##### **p2=MEDIA (External media)**

p3 External media operations (FREE, LOCK)  
 p4 Setting load operations (FREE, LOCK)

##### **p2=SIGNIN (Signature permissions)**

p3 Signature1 (FREE, LOCK)  
 p4 Signature2 (FREE, LOCK)  
 p5 Signature3 (FREE, LOCK)

Query RP[p1, [p2]]?

Example Lock the START, STOP, and DISP/ENTER keys.  
 RP1, KEY, LOCK, LOCK, , , LOCK

Description When p2=ACTION, p10 is valid if calibration management (/CC1 option) is enabled.

#### **EK Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)**

Syntax EK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>  
 p1 Registration number (1 to 5)  
 p2 Login method (OFF, KEY, KEY+COMM, WEB)  
 p3 User name (up to 20 characters)  
 p4 User ID (up to 8 characters)  
 p5 Password  
 p6 Period of password validity (OFF, 1MONTH, 3MONTH, 6MONTH)

Query EK[p1]?

Password output in response to queries:

|                                    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Default password                   | ***** |
| Valid password specified by a user | ***** |
| Expired password                   | ----- |

Example Configure the settings for an administrator who can log in using the DX keys. Set the user name to "A," the user ID to "0000," and the period of password validity to 3 months.  
 EK1, KEY, A, 0000, , 3MONTH

Description • About user names  
 • You cannot specify more than one of the same user name.

- You cannot set the user name to “quit” or all spaces, and you cannot use spaces inside the user name.
- When p2 is set to KEY or KEY+COMM
  - p5 is invalid. Regardless of the setting, the default password is used.
  - When password management is enabled (by the WU command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces), and p6 is fixed at off.
  - When the user ID is disabled (by the RN command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
- When p2=WEB
  - p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
  - You can set a password for p5 (6 characters or more).
  - p6 is fixed at OFF.

### **EL** Configures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)

**Syntax** EL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 Registration number (1 to 90)

p2 Login method (OFF, KEY, COMM, KEY+COMM, WEB)

p3 User name (up to 20 characters)

p4 User ID (up to 8 characters)

p5 Password

p6 Period of password validity (OFF, 1MONTH, 3MONTH, 6MONTH)

p7 User privilege setting (OFF or 1 to 10)

**Query** EL[p1]?

Password output in response to queries:

|                                    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Default password                   | ***** |
| Valid password specified by a user | ***** |
| Expired password                   | ----- |

**Example** Configure the settings for a user who can log in using the DX keys and communication commands. Set the user name to “User,” the user ID to “1234,” and the period of password validity to 3 months. Use user privilege setting 1.

EL1,KEY+COMM,User,1234,,3MONTH,1

- Description**
- About user names
    - You cannot specify more than one of the same user name.
    - You cannot set the user name to “quit” or all spaces, and you cannot use spaces inside the user name.
  - When p2 is set to KEY, KEY+COMM, or COMM
    - p5 is invalid. Regardless of the setting, the default password is used.
    - When password management is enabled (by the WU command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces), and p6 is fixed at off.

- When the user ID is disabled (by the RN command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
- When p2=WEB
  - p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
  - You can set a password for p5 (6 characters or more).
  - p6 is fixed at OFF.

### **WD** Configures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)

**Syntax** WD p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Priority (PRIMARY, SECONDARY)

p2 Server name (up to 64 characters)

p3 Port number (0 to 65535)

**Query** WD[p1]?

**Example** Set the primary server to WIN111. Use port 88.  
WDPRIMARY,WIN111,88

**Description** The settings made by this command are valid when password management is enabled (by the WU command).

### **RO** Sets the type of report and when to create reports

#### For creating no reports

**Syntax** RO p1<terminator>

p1 Report type (OFF)

**Query** RO?

**Example** Create no reports.  
ROOFF

**Description** You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.

#### For creating hourly, daily, hourly + daily and daily + monthly reports

**Syntax** RO p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Report type

    HOUR       Hourly report

    DAY        Daily report

    HOUR+DAY   Hourly and daily reports

    DAY+MONTH   Daily and monthly reports

p2 Day to create reports (dd; fixed format)

    dd         Day (01 to 28)

p3 Hour to create reports (hh; fixed format)

    hh         Hour (00 to 23)

**Query** RO?

**Example** Create a daily report at 9 O'clock everyday (parameter p2 (“05” in this example) is invalid in this case).  
RODAY,05,09

- Description**
- You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
  - Parameter p2 is invalid even if it is specified for reports other than monthly and daily reports.

### 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

#### For creating daily + weekly reports

**Syntax** RO p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Report type (DAY+WEEK)  
p2 Day of week to create reports (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT)  
p3 Hour to create reports (hh; fixed format)  
hh Hour (00 to 23)

**Query** RO?

**Example** Create a daily report at 9 O'clock every day and a weekly report at 9 O'clock every Tuesday.  
RODAY+WEEK,TUE,09

**Description** You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.

#### **RM** Sets a report channel

##### When not using report channels

**Syntax** RM p1,p2<terminator>  
p1 Report channel number  
p2 Report channel usage (OFF)

**Query** RM[p1]?

**Example** Disable the channel 001 report channel.  
RM001,OFF

**Description** • You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.  
• Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

##### When using a report channel

**Syntax** RM p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>  
p1 Report channel number  
p2 Report channel usage (ON)  
p3 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number on which to report  
p4 Conversion of the unit of time for integration  
OFF Do not convert.  
/S Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of seconds.  
/MIN Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of minutes.  
/H Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of hours.  
/DAY Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of days.

**Query** RM[p1]?

**Example** Use the report channel number R01. Set the channel number on which to report to 001 and convert the unit of time for integration to seconds.  
RM001,ON,001,/S

**Description** • You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.  
• Set parameters p1 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

- About p4

Because the DX integrates sampled data over each scan interval, the physical value integrated over a given unit of time may be different from the actual integrated value. This occurs if the unit of time is different from the scan interval. If this occurs, set p4 to the same unit of time as that for the physical value that you are measuring. The DX calculates the integrated value using one of the following conversion formulas based on p3.

|       |                                                                   |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OFF   | $\Sigma(\text{measured value})$                                   |
| /S    | $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}$       |
| /MIN  | $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/60$    |
| /HOUR | $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/3600$  |
| /DAY  | $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/86400$ |

The scan interval unit is seconds.

#### **XG** Sets the time zone

**Syntax** XG p1,p2<terminator>  
p1 Offset time from GMT (-1300 to 1300)  
Upper 2 digits: Hour (00 to 13)  
Lower 2 digits: Minute (00 to 59)  
p2 Time deviation limit (OFF, 10S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 3MIN, 4MIN, 5MIN)

**Example** Set the offset time from the GMT to 9 hours ahead and the deviation limit to 30 s.  
XG0900,30S

#### **XN** Sets the date format

**Syntax** XN p1,p2<terminator>  
p1 Date format (Y/M/D, M/D/Y, D/M/Y, D.M.Y)  
p2 Starting day of the week on the calendar (SUN, MON)

**Query** XN?

**Example** Set the date format to Y/M/D. Set the starting day of the week on the calendar to Monday.  
XNY/M/D,MON

#### **YB** Sets host information

**Syntax** YB p1,p2<terminator>  
p1 Host name (up to 64 characters)  
p2 Domain name (up to 64 characters)

**Query** YB?

**Example** Set the host name to dx1000 and the domain name to dxadv.daqstation.com.  
YBdx1000,dxadv.daqstation.com

**YD Sets network parameters****When not obtaining network parameters automatically**

Syntax YD p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Automatic retrieval (NOT)

**When obtaining network parameters automatically**

Syntax YD p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Automatic retrieval (USE)  
p2 DNS information retrieval (USE, NOT)  
p3 Automatic host name registration (USE, NOT)

Query YD?

Example Automatically retrieve the IP address and DNS information and automatically register the host name.  
YDUSE, USE, USE

**YA Sets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway**

Syntax YA p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 IP address (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)  
p2 Subnet mask (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)  
p3 Default gateway (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)

Query YA?

Example Set the IP address to 192.168.111.24, the subnet mask to 255.255.255.0, and the default gateway to 0.0.0.0.  
YA192.168.111.24,255.255.255.0,0.0.0.0

**YK Sets keepalive**

Syntax YK p1<terminator>  
p1 Keepalive (ON, OFF)

Query YK?

Example Disable keepalive.  
YKOFF

**RU Sets DNS parameters****Server settings**

Syntax RU p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Setting type (SERVER)  
p2 Primary DNS server address (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)  
p3 Secondary DNS server address (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)

**Suffix settings**

Syntax RU p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Setting type (SUFFIX)  
p2 Domain suffix 1 (up to 64 characters)  
p3 Domain suffix 2 (up to 64 characters)  
Query RU[p1]?

Example Set domain suffix 1 to rec1.daqstation.com and domain suffix 2 to rec2.daqstation.com.  
RUSUFFIX,rec1.daqstation.com,rec2.daqstation.com

**WS Sets a server**

Syntax WS p1,p2<terminator>  
p1 Server type (FTP, WEB, MODBUS, SNTP, ETHERNETIP)  
p2 Server on/off (USE, NOT)

Query WS[p1]?

Example Enable the Web server.  
WSWEB, USE

**WW Sets Webpage parameters**

Syntax WW p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>  
p1 Webpage type  
OPERATOR Operator page  
MONITOR Monitor page  
p2 Webpage (ON, OFF)  
p3 Authentication  
OFF No authentication  
ADMIN Administrator privileges  
USER User privileges  
p4 Command input on/off (USE, NOT)

Query WW[p1]?

Example Enable the operator page, disable authentication, and enable command input.  
WWOPERATOR, USE, OFF, USE

Description • Parameters p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set to ON.  
• Parameter p3 is OFF or ADMIN when p1 is set to OPERATOR.  
• Parameter p4 is valid when p1 is set to OPERATOR.  
• p4 is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

**YQ Sets communication timeout****When using no timeouts**

Syntax YQ p1<terminator>  
p1 Communication timeout (OFF)  
Query YQ?  
Example Disable the communication timer.  
YQOFF

**When using timeouts**

Syntax YQ p1,p2<terminator>  
p1 Communication timeout (ON)  
p2 Timeout value in minutes (1 to 120)  
Query YQ?  
Example Enable the communication timer and set the timeout value to 3 minutes.  
YQON, 3

### 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

#### **YT** Sets FTP transfer timing

**Syntax** YT p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Automatically transfer data when display and event data files are created (ON, OFF)

p2 Automatically transfer data when report data files are created (ON, OFF)

p3 Automatically transfer data when snapshot data files are created (when snapshot is executed) (ON, OFF)

p4 Transfer data when the DX creates a setup file as a result of setting changes (OFF, ON)

**Query** YT?

**Example** Automatically transfer display and event data files. Do not transfer report data files. Do not transfer screen image data files. Transfer a setup file when the settings change.  
YTON, OFF, OFF, ON

**Description**

- When the method to save data to the external storage medium is set to "Auto," the DX automatically transfers relevant data files when they are created. For the procedure to save various data files to the storage medium, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*.
- p2 is only valid on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
- p4 is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

#### **YU** Sets what kind of information to send using e-mail

**To send changes in the alarm status**

**Syntax** YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11,p12,p13,p14<terminator>

p1 Information to send (ALARM)

p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)

p3 Recipient 2 (ON, OFF)

p4 Whether to send the alarm number 1 status (ON, OFF)

p5 Whether to send the alarm number 2 status (ON, OFF)

p6 Whether to send the alarm number 3 status (ON, OFF)

p7 Whether to send the alarm number 4 status (ON, OFF)

p8 Whether to include instantaneous data (ON, OFF)

p9 Whether to include source URL (ON, OFF)

p10 Subject (up to 32 characters)

p11 Header 1 (up to 64 characters)

p12 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)

p13 Alarm transmission operation

ON+OFF Send e-mail when alarms occur and when alarms clear

ON Only send e-mail when alarms occur

p14 Whether to include tag number or channel number in the subject (ON, OFF)

**Query** YU[p1]?

**Example** Send the status of alarm numbers 1 to 4 to recipient 1. Include instantaneous data but not the source URL. Set the subject to "ALM," header 1 to "LP2" and header 2 to "DX." Only send e-mail when alarms occur. Include the tag or channel number in the subject.  
YUALARM, ON, OFF, ON, ON, ON, ON, ON, OFF, ALM, LP2, DX, ON, ON

#### **To send e-mail at scheduled times**

**Syntax** YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11,p12<terminator>

p1 Information to send (TIME)

p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)

p3 Interval for sending e-mail to recipient 1 (1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 24H)

p4 Time for sending e-mail to recipient 1 (00:00 to 23:59)

p5 Recipient 2 (ON, OFF)

p6 Interval for sending e-mail to recipient 2 (1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 24H)

p7 Time for sending e-mail to recipient 2 (00:00 to 23:59)

p8 Whether to include instantaneous data (ON, OFF)

p9 Whether to include source URL (ON, OFF)

p10 Subject (up to 32 characters)

p11 Header 1 (up to 64 characters)

p12 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)

**Query** YU[p1]?

**Example** Send e-mail at 17 hours 15 minutes every day to recipient 1. Do not include instantaneous data but include the source URL. Set the subject to "GOOD" and header 1 to "LP2."  
YUTIME, ON, 24H, 17:15, OFF, , , OFF, ON, GOOD, LP2

#### **To send system notifications**

**Syntax** YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 Information to send (SYSTEM)

p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)

p3 Recipient 2 (ON, OFF)

p4 Whether to include source URL (ON, OFF)

p5 Subject (up to 32 characters)

p6 Header 1 (up to 64 characters)

p7 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)

**Query** YU[p1]?

**Example** Send system notification e-mail that includes the source URL to recipient 1. Set the subject to "SystemAlert" and header 1 to "LP2."  
YUSYSTEM, ON, OFF, ON, SystemAlert, LP2

#### **To send report generation notifications**

**Syntax** YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 Information to send (REPORT)

p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)

- p3 Recipient 2 (ON, OFF)
- p4 Whether to include source URL (ON, OFF)
- p5 Subject (up to 32 characters)
- p6 Header 1 (up to 64 characters)
- p7 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)

Query YU[p1]?

Example Send report generation notification e-mail that includes the source URL to recipient 1. Set the subject to "Report" and header 1 to "LP2."  
YUREPORT, ON, OFF, ON, Report, LP2

- Description
- For details on system notifications, see section 1.4.
  - You can use report generation notification on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
  - For details on e-mail settings, see section 1.4.

### YV Sets an e-mail recipient address

Syntax YV p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Recipient
  - 1 Recipient 1
  - 2 Recipient 2
- p2 Recipient address (up to 150 alphanumeric characters)

Query YV[p1]?

Example Set recipient 1 to "dxuser1@daqstation.com" and "dxuser2@daqstation.com."  
YV1,dxuser1@daqstation.com dxuser2@daqstation.com

- Description
- To specify multiple recipients, separate each recipient with a space.
  - For details on e-mail settings, see section 1.4.

### YW Sets the e-mail sender address

Syntax YW p1<terminator>

- p1 Sender address (up to 64 alphanumeric characters)

Query YW?

Example Set the sender address to "dxadv."  
YWdxadv

Description For details on e-mail settings, see section 1.4.

### YX Sets the e-mail SMTP server name

Syntax YX p1,p2,p3<terminator>

- p1 SMTP server name (up to 64 characters)
- p2 Port number (0 to 65535)
- p3 Authentication (OFF, POPBEFORESMTP, AUTH)
 

|               |                             |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| OFF           | Authentication is not used  |
| POPBEFORESMTP | POP before SMTP is used     |
| AUTH          | SMTP authentication is used |

Query YX?

Example Set the SMTP server to "smtp.daqstation.com" and port number to "25." Use POP3 authentication.  
YX smtp.daqstation.com,25,  
POPBEFORESMTP

Description For details on e-mail settings, see section 1.4.

### YJ Sets the Modbus client's destination server

Syntax YJ p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

- p1 Server number (1 to 16)
- p2 Port number (0 to 65535)
- p3 Host name (up to 64 characters)
- p4 Unit number registration
 

|       |                            |
|-------|----------------------------|
| AUTO  | Do not use the unit number |
| FIXED | Use a fixed unit number    |
- p5 Unit number (0 to 255)

Query YJ[p1]?

Example For server number 3, set the port number to 502, the host name to dx2000, the unit number registration to FIXED, and the unit number to 127.  
YJ3,502,dx2000,FIXED,127

### YP Sets basic Modbus client settings

Syntax YP p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Read cycle (125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S)
- p2 Retry interval (OFF, 10S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H)

Query YP?

Example Set the read cycle to 500 ms and the retry (reconnection) interval to 10 min.  
YP500MS,10MIN

### YR Sets the Modbus client's transmit command

Syntax YR p1,p2,p3...<terminator>

- p1 Command number (1 to 16)
- p2 Command type (OFF, R, R-M, W, W-M)

Description Parameters p3 and subsequent parameters vary depending on the p2 setting as follows:

#### When p2 is set to OFF

There are no parameters after p2.

#### When p2 is set to R (read external input channels)

- p3 First channel (external input channel number)
- p4 Last channel (external input channel number)
- p5 Server number (1 to 16)
- p6 First register number (30001 to 39999, 40001 to 49999, 30001 to 365536, 40001 to 465536)

### 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32\_B, INT32\_L, UINT32\_B, UINT32\_L)

#### When p2 is set to R-M (read communication input data)

p3 First channel (communication input data number)  
p4 Last channel (communication input data number)  
p5 Server number (1 to 16)  
p6 First register number (30001 to 39999, 40001 to 49999, 300001 to 365536, 400001 to 465536)  
p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32\_B, INT32\_L, UINT32\_B, UINT32\_L, FLOAT\_B, FLOAT\_L)

#### When p2 is set to W (write to measurement channels)

p3 First channel (measurement channel number)  
p4 Last channel (measurement channel number)  
p5 Server number (1 to 16)  
p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)  
p7 Register data type (INT16, FLOAT\_B, FLOAT\_L)

#### When p2 is set to W-M (write to computation channels)

p3 First channel (computation channel number)  
p4 Last channel (computation channel number)  
p5 Server number (1 to 16)  
p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)  
p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32\_B, INT32\_L, FLOAT\_B, FLOAT\_L)

#### When p2=E-M (Communication input channel data exchange)

p3 First channel (communication input data number)  
p4 Last channel (communication input data number)  
p4 can only be set to the same value as p3. (Only one register can be loaded per command.)  
p5 Server number (1 to 16)  
p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)  
p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32\_B, INT32\_L, UINT32\_B, UINT32\_L, FLOAT\_B, FLOAT\_L)

Query YR[p1]?

Example For command number 5, set the command type to W, the first channel to 01, the last channel to 04, the server number to 1, the first register

number to 40001, and the register data type to INT16.

YR5,W,01,04,1,40001,INT16

Description • Set p3 to a value that is less than or equal to p4.  
• The number of registers that are read from or written to is determined by the values that you set for p3, p4, and p7. An error occurs if the specified number of registers exceeds the number of registers that actually follow the first register (p6).

#### **WB** Sets SNTP client parameters

Syntax WB p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>  
p1 SNTP client function (USE, NOT)  
p2 SNTP server name (up to 64 alphanumeric characters)  
p3 SNTP port number (0 to 65535)  
p4 Access interval (OFF, 1H, 8H, 12H, 24H)  
p5 Reference time for the access interval (00:00 to 23:59)  
p6 Timeout value (10S, 30S, 90S)  
Parameters p2 to p6 are invalid when p1 is set to NOT.

Query WB?

Example Enable the SNTP client function, set the server name to sntp.daqstation.com, the port number to 123, the access interval to 24 hours, the reference time to 12:00, and the timeout value to 30 seconds.  
WBUSE,sntp.daqstation.com,123,24H,12:00,30S

#### **WC** Sets the SNTP operation when memory start is executed

Syntax WC p1<terminator>  
p1 Time adjustment using SNTP at memory start (ON, OFF)

Query WC?

Example Set the DX so that time is adjusted using SNTP at memory start.

WCON

Description This command is valid when the SNTP client function is enabled (WB command).

#### **YS** Sets the serial interface

Syntax YS p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>  
p1 Baud rate (1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400)  
p2 Data length (7, 8)  
p3 Parity check (NONE, ODD, EVEN)  
p4 Handshaking (OFF:OFF, XON:XON, XON:RS, CS:RS)  
p5 RS-422/485 address (01 to 99)  
p6 Protocol (NORMAL, MODBUS, MODBUS-M)



|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Query       | YS?                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Example     | Set the baud rate to 9600, the data length to 8, the parity check to ODD, handshaking to OFF: OFF, the RS-422/485 address to 02, and the protocol to NORMAL.<br>YS9600,8,ODD,OFF:OFF,02,NORMAL                                    |
| Description | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You can use this command on models with the /C2 or /C3 serial interface option.</li> <li>The setting p6=BARCODE is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.</li> </ul> |

### YL Sets the operation of the Modbus master function

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax      | YL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|             | p1 Read cycle (125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|             | p2 Timeout (125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S, 1MIN)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|             | p3 Retrials (OFF, 1 to 5, 10, 20)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|             | p4 Command wait time (OFF, 5MS, 10MS, 15MS, 45MS, 100MS)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|             | p5 Auto recovery (OFF, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Query       | YL?                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Example     | Set the read cycle to 500 ms, the timeout to 250 ms, the number of retrials to 2, the command wait time to 10 ms, and the automatic return time limit to 5 min.<br>YL500MS,250MS,2,10MS,5MIN                                                                                                     |
| Description | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You can use this command on models with the /C2 or /C3 serial interface option.</li> <li>You can use this command when the serial interface protocol is set to "Master." For information about the serial interface settings, see section 2.3.</li> </ul> |

### YM Sets a transmit command of the Modbus master function

#### To not set a command

|         |                                                      |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax  | YM p1,p2<terminator>                                 |
|         | p1 Registration number (1 to 16)                     |
|         | p2 Computation usage (OFF)                           |
| Query   | YM[p1]?                                              |
| Example | Do not set command registration number 1.<br>YM1,OFF |

#### To set a command that reads external input channels

|        |                                                  |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax | YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>              |
|        | p1 Registration number (1 to 16)                 |
|        | p2 Command type (R)                              |
|        | p3 First channel (external input channel number) |
|        | p4 Last channel (external input channel number)  |
|        | p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)               |

|  |                                                                                                 |
|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | p6 First register number (30001 to 39999, 40001 to 49999, 300001 to 365535, 400001 to 465535)   |
|  | p7 Type of data assigned to the registers (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L) |

Query YM[p1]?

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Example | Register the following command in command registration number 2: Read the 32-bit signed integer data that is assigned to registers 30002 (upper 16 bits) and 30004 (lower 16 bits) in the slave device at address 5 into the DX channels 201 to 203.<br>YM2,R,201,203,5,30002,INT32_B |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

#### To set a command that reads communication input data

|        |                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax | YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>                                                                               |
|        | p1 Registration number (1 to 16)                                                                                  |
|        | p2 Command type (R-M)                                                                                             |
|        | p3 First channel (communication input data number)                                                                |
|        | p4 Last channel (communication input data number)                                                                 |
|        | p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)                                                                                |
|        | p6 First register number (30001 to 39999, 40001 to 49999, 300001 to 365535, 400001 to 465535)                     |
|        | p7 Type of data assigned to the registers (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L) |

Query YM[p1]?

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Example | Register the following command in command registration number 2: Read the 32-bit signed integer data that is assigned to registers 30003 (upper 16 bits) and 30004 (lower 16 bits) in the slave device at address 5 into the DX channels C02 to C05.<br>YM2,R-M,C02,C05,5,30003,INT32_B |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

#### To set a command that writes to measurement channels

|        |                                                                      |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax | YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>                                  |
|        | p1 Registration number (1 to 16)                                     |
|        | p2 Command type (W)                                                  |
|        | p3 First channel (measurement channel number)                        |
|        | p4 Last channel (measurement channel number)                         |
|        | p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)                                   |
|        | p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465535)          |
|        | p7 Type of data assigned to the registers (INT16, F LOAT_B, FLOAT_L) |

Query YM[p1]?

|         |                                                                                          |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Example | Register the following command in command registration number 3: Write the measured data |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

of channels 003 to 006 in registers 40003 to 40006 in the slave device at address 7.

```
YM3,W,003,006,7,40003,INT16
```

#### To set a command that writes to computation channels

**Syntax** YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 Registration number (1 to 16)

p2 Command type (W-M)

p3 First channel (computation channel number)

p4 Last channel (computation channel number)

p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)

p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465535)

p7 Type of data assigned to the registers (INT16, UINT16, INT32\_B, INT32\_L, FLOAT\_B, FLOAT\_L)

#### To set a command for communication input channel data exchange

p1 Registration number (1 to 16)

p2 Command type (E-M)

p3 First channel (communication input data number)

p4 Last channel (communication input data number)

p4 can only be set to the same value as p3. (Only one register can be loaded per command.)

p5 Address of the slave device (1 to 247).

p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)

p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32\_B, INT32\_L, UINT32\_B, UINT32\_L, FLOAT\_B, FLOAT\_L)

**Query** YM[p1]?

**Example** Register the following command in command registration number 2: Write the computed 16-bit signed integer data of channels 101 to 105 to the first register 40003 in the slave device at address 5.

```
YM2,W-M,101,105,5,40003,INT16
```

**Description**

- You can use this command on models with the /C2 or /C3 serial interface option.
- You can use this command when the serial interface protocol is set to "Master." For information about the serial interface settings, see section 2.3.
- Set p3 to a value that is less than or equal to p4.
- The number of registers that are read from or written to is determined by the values that you set for p3, p4, and p7. An error occurs if the specified number of registers exceeds the number of registers that actually follow the first register (p6).

### **WR** Sets the instrument information output

**Syntax** WR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Memory and media status (OFF, ON)

p2 Self diagnosis (OFF, ON)

p3 Communication errors (OFF, ON)

p4 Memory stop (OFF, ON)

p5 Alarms (OFF, ON)

**Query** WR?

**Example** Set the DX to transmit various types of information.

```
WRON,ON,ON,ON,ON
```

### **WI** Sets the relay operations

#### On DXs without the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

**Syntax** WI p1,p2<terminator>

p1 FAIL relay (Fail, Status)

p2 Status relay (Fail, Status)

|        |                        |
|--------|------------------------|
| Fail   | FAIL                   |
| Status | Instrument information |

**Query** WI?

**Example** Output FAIL to the FAIL relay and the instrument information to the status relay.

```
WIFail,Status
```

**Description** This command is valid on models with the /F1 or /F2 option.

#### On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

**Syntax** WI p1,p2<terminator>

p1 FAIL relay (Fail, Status, MemorySample, UserLocked, Login)

p2 Status relay (Fail, Status, MemorySample, UserLocked, Login)

|              |                        |
|--------------|------------------------|
| Fail         | FAIL                   |
| Status       | Instrument information |
| MemorySample | Memory sampling        |
| UserLocked   | Invalid user           |
| Login        | Login                  |

**Query** WI?

**Example** Output FAIL to the FAIL relay and login information to the status relay.

```
WIFail,Login
```

**Description** This command is valid on models with the /F1 or /F2 option.

### **WF** Sets the Modbus connection limitation

**Syntax** WF p1<terminator>

p1 Modbus connection limitation (USE, NOT)

**Query** WF?

**Example** Place limitations on Modbus connections.

```
WFUSE
```

**WG** Sets an IP address that is allowed to connect via Modbus

Syntax WG p1,p2<terminator>  
 p1 Registration number (1 to 10)  
 p2 Whether or not to register (ON, OFF)  
 p3 IP address (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)

Query WG[p1]?

Example Allow connection from 192.168.111.24. Use registration number 1.  
 WG1,ON,192.168.111.24

Description This command is valid when the Modbus connection limitation is placed (WF command).

**WJ** Sets the FTP transfer wait time

Syntax WJ p1,p2<terminator>  
 p1 Display data and event data [minutes] (0 to 120)  
 p2 Reports [minutes] (0 to 120)

Query WJ?

Example Set the FTP transfer wait time for report data to 30 minutes. Do not set a wait time for display data and event data.  
 WJ0,30

**WQ** Sets PROFIBUS-DP

Syntax WQ p1<terminator>  
 p1 Node address (0 to 125)

Query WQ ?

Example Set the node address to 121.  
 WQ121

Description • You can use this command on models with the /CP1 PROFIBUS-DP option.

**XE** Activates basic settings

Syntax XE p1<terminator>  
 p1 Whether or not to save settings (STORE, ABORT)

Example Save basic settings.  
 XESTORE

Description • To activate the settings you have changed using basic setting commands, you must use the XE command to save the settings. Be sure to use the XE command to save the settings before switching the execution mode back to operation. If you do not save the settings and change the execution mode back to operation, the DX returns to the previous settings.  
 • This command is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

**YE** Activates basic settings (cold reset)

Syntax YE p1<terminator>  
 p1 Whether or not to activate settings  
 STORE Save basic settings and restart  
 ABORT Restart without saving basic settings

Example Saves basic settings and restart.  
 YESTORE

Description If the settings are changed during memory sampling in basic setting mode, a cold reset is not executed. The login status is sustained.

## 3.7 Output Commands (Control)

### **BO** Sets the output byte order

**Syntax** BO p1<terminator>  
 p1 Byte order  
     0 Outputs data MSB first.  
     1 Outputs data LSB first.

**Query** BO?

**Example** Output data MSB first.  
 BO0

**Description** This command applies to the byte order of numeric data for BINARY output.

### **CS** Sets the check sum (can only be used during serial communications)

**Syntax** CS p1<terminator>  
 p1 Checksum usage  
     0 Do not calculate (value fixed at zero)  
     1 Calculate

**Query** CS?

**Example** Enable (Calculate) the checksum.  
 CS1

**Description** You can use this command only for serial communications.

### **IF** Sets status filters

**Syntax** IF p1, P2<terminator>  
 p1 Filter values for status information numbers 1 to 4  
     (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)  
 p2 Filter values for status information numbers 5 to 8  
     (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)

**Query** IF?

**Example** Set the status filter values to 1.0.4.0 and 255.127.63.31.  
 IF 1.0.4.0,255.127.63.31

**Description** For details, see chapter 5.

### **CB** Sets the data output format

**Syntax** CB p1<terminator>  
 p1 Output format  
     0 Normal output (includes data from channels set to SKIP and OFF)  
     1 Do not output data from channels set to SKIP or OFF

**Query** CB?

**Example** Set the output format to normal output.  
 CB0

**Description** • This setting is separate for each connection.

- This command only affects the communication section and does not affect the front panel settings.
- Effective range of commands

| Output information                    | Corresponding command |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Instantaneous data output (binary)    | FD1, FF               |
| Instantaneous data output (ASCII)     | FD0                   |
| Decimal place information (ASCII)     | FE1                   |
| Setup channel information (binary)    | FE5                   |
| Configured alarm information (binary) | FE6                   |

### **CC** Disconnects the Ethernet connection (can only be used for Ethernet communications)

**Syntax** CC p1<terminator>  
 p1 Disconnection (0)

**Example** Disconnect the connection.  
 CC0

#### **Note**

##### **Initialization of settings specified using the BO, CS, IF, and CB commands**

- **Serial communications**  
 Settings specified using the BO, CS, IF, and CB commands are reset to the following default values when you reset the DX (when you turn the DX off and then back on or when you exit from basic setting mode).
  - Output byte order, checksum, output format: 0
  - Status filter: 255.255.255.255
 If you reset the DX, you must set these values again.
- **Ethernet communications**  
 Settings specified using the BO, IF, and CB commands are reset to their default values when you disconnect the connection to the DX. After reconnecting to the DX, set these values again.

## 3.8 Output Commands (Setting, Measured, and Computed Data Output)

### **FC** Outputs screen image data

**Syntax** FC p1<terminator>  
p1 GET (Output screen image data)

**Example** Output screen image data from the DX.  
FCGET

**Description** The DX captures the currently displayed screen and outputs the data in PNG format.

### **FE** Outputs setup data

**Syntax** FE p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>  
p1 Output data type

|   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 0 | Setup data of setting mode          |
| 1 | Decimal place and unit information  |
| 2 | Setup data of basic setting mode    |
| 4 | Setup data file                     |
| 5 | Setup channel information output    |
| 6 | Configured alarm information output |

p2 First channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)

p3 Last channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)

p4 Format version (see "Setup Channel Information Output" in "Response Format.")

|   |                                                           |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Format for Release number 2 or Earlier (format version 1) |
| 2 | Format for Release number 3 or later (format version 2)   |

**Example** Output the setup data of setting mode for channels 001 to 005 from the DX.  
FE0,001,005

**Description**

- Make sure that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.
- Parameters p2 and p3 are valid when p1 is set to 0, 1, 2, 5, or 6. If you omit p2 or p3, all channels are specified.
- Set parameters p2 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
- Parameter p4 is valid when p1 is set to 5. If you omit p4 when it is valid, p4 is set to 1.

### **FD** Outputs the most recent measured/computed data

**Syntax** FD p1,p2,p3<terminator>  
p1 Output data type

|   |                                                                         |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | Most recent measured, computed, and external input data in ASCII format |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|   |                                                                          |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Most recent measured, computed, and external input data in binary format |
| 6 | Relay status and internal switch status                                  |
| 7 | Event level switch status                                                |

p2 First channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)

p3 Last channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)

**Example** Output the most recent measured and computed data for channels 001 to 005 from the DX in ASCII format.

FD0,001,005

**Description**

- The most recent measured and computed data correspond to the most recent measured and computed data in the internal memory when the DX receives the FD command.
- Make sure that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.
- Parameters p2 and p3 are valid when p1 is set to 0 or 1. If you omit p2 or p3, all channels are specified.
- Set parameters p2 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

### **FF** Outputs FIFO data

**Syntax** FF p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>  
p1 Type of operation

|        |                                                                                    |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | Output starting with the next block                                                |
| RESEND | Retransmit the previous output                                                     |
| RESET  | Set the most recent data position (block) to the FIFO buffer read position (block) |

p2 First channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)

p3 Last channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)

p4 Maximum number of blocks to read out

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 1200 | DX1002/DX1004/DX2004/DX2008                          |
| 240  | DX1006/DX1012/DX2010/<br>DX2020/DX2030/DX2040/DX2048 |
| 60   | Models with the /MC1 external input channel option   |

If the amount of measured, computed, and external input data is less than the specified number of blocks, the DX sends all of the available data.

**Example** Output two blocks of FIFO data from channels 1 to 10.  
FFGET,001,010,2

**Description**

- The FIFO buffer is a cyclic buffer in which the oldest data is overwritten first. Use the FR command to set the acquisition interval.
- The DX sends the specified number of blocks (p4) of FIFO data starting with the next block.

### 3.8 Output Commands (Setting, Measured, and Computed Data Output)

Be sure to read the data within the following buffer period to prevent data dropouts.

- DX1004  
FIFO buffer size  
240 cycles (scan interval)  
Maximum buffer period  
240 × (acquisition interval)  
You cannot resend data if the buffer period elapses.
- Parameters p2 to p4 are valid when p1 is set to GET.
- If you omit p4, all blocks are specified.
- Make sure that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.
- For details on the FIFO data output process, see appendix 5.
- Set parameters p2 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

#### **FL** Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary

**Syntax** FL p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Log type

|        |                          |
|--------|--------------------------|
| COM    | Communication            |
| FTPC   | FTP client               |
| ERR    | Operation errors         |
| LOGIN  | Login log                |
| WEB    | Web operation            |
| EMAIL  | E-mail                   |
| SNTP   | SNTP access log          |
| DHCP   | DHCP access log          |
| ALARM  | Alarm summary            |
| MSG    | Message summary          |
| MODBUS | Modbus communication log |
| SETTIN | Change settings log      |

p2 Maximum log readout length

|           |                                                         |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 to 200  | When p1 is set to COM, MODBUS, or SETTING               |
| 1 to 1000 | when p1 is set to ALARM                                 |
| 1 to 450  | when p1 is set to MSG                                   |
| 1 to 50   | When p1 is set to a value other than those listed above |

p3 Batch group number

**Example** Output the 10 most recent operation error logs.  
FLERR,10

- Description**
- Outputs the log that is stored in the DX.
  - If you omit p2, all written logs are output.
  - Parameter p3 is valid when multi batch /BT2 is in use and p1 is set to ALARM or MSG (all other parameters are don't care).
  - All logged items are output when you omit p3.
  - Set parameter p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
  - The setting p1=LOGIN is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

- The setting p1=SETTING is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

#### **FI** Outputs an operation log (/AS1 advanced security option)

**Syntax** FI p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Output format

|   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| 0 | Fixed length     |
| 1 | Details attached |

p2 User name  
You can specify multiple user names (up to five) by delimiting them with commas.

p3 Operations  
You can specify multiple operations (up to five) by delimiting them with commas. Specify operations by using the notation that is used in the operation log (see appendix 1 in IM04L41B01-05EN).

p4 Maximum number of items to output (1 to 100)

**Example** Output up to 100 items from the log of User1's operations.  
FI0,User1,,100

- Description**
- Omitting p2 is the same as specifying all users.
  - If you specify more than five users for p2, users from the sixth user onwards are invalid.
  - If you enter five colons for p2 without specifying any user names, users from the sixth user onwards are invalid.
  - Omitting p3 is the same as specifying all operations.
  - If you specify more than five items for p3, items from the sixth item onwards are invalid.
  - If you enter five colons for p3 without specifying any items, items from the sixth item onwards are invalid.
  - p4 cannot be omitted.
  - p3 is not case sensitive. Items that start with the specified characters are output.
- |         |          |                      |
|---------|----------|----------------------|
| Example | Error    | Specifies all errors |
|         | Error213 | Specifies error 213  |
- If p2 and p3 are both specified, the DX outputs items that match the logical AND of p2 and p3

#### **IS** Outputs status information

**Syntax** IS p1<terminator>

p1 Status information output

|   |                            |
|---|----------------------------|
| 0 | Status information 1 and 4 |
| 1 | Status information 1 and 8 |

**Example** Output status information 1 to 4.  
IS0

**Description** You can mask the output status using status filters (see the IF command). For details on status information, see chapter 5.

### **FU** Outputs user levels

**Syntax** FU p1<terminator>

p1 User information output

- 0 Information about the users currently logged in
- 1 Information about the users currently logged into a general-purpose service

**Example** Output information about the users logged into a general-purpose service.

FU1

**Description** This command sends information about users that are connected to the DX.

### **FA** Outputs internal DX information

**Syntax** FA p1<terminator>

p1 Type of operation

- IP Address information that includes the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, DNS server as well as the host name and domain name

### **ME** Outputs data stored on the external storage medium and internal memory

**Syntax** ME p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Type of operation

- DIR File list output
- GET Output (first time)
- NEXT Output (subsequent times). This parameter is used to output the remaining data when the first output operation is not enough to output all of the data.
- RESEND Retransmit the previous output
- DEL Delete
- DIRNEXT Output the subsequent file list after the file list is output using the DIR or LIST command. The number of output lists is the p3 value specified using the DIR command. If you use this command after all lists have been output, the following data is output.  
EACRLF  
ENCRLF
- CHKDSK Checks the disk. Outputs information about the free space on the external storage medium.

p2 Path name (up to 100 characters)  
Set the path name using a full path.

p3 Maximum number of file lists to output (1 to 1000)

If you omit this parameter, the DX outputs the entire file list of the specified directory.

**Example**

- Output the entire file list of the DRV0 directory  
MEDIR, /DRV0/
- Output the DRV0 directory file list for 10 files.  
MEDIR, /DRV0/, 10
- Output the data in the file 72615100.DAD in the DRV0/DATA0 directory.  
MEGET, /DRV0/DATA0/72615100.DAD

**Description**

- Parameter p2 is valid when p1 is set to DIR, GET, DEL, or CHKDSK.
- Parameter p3 is valid when p1 is set to DIR.
- If an error occurs during data transmission, you can set p1 to RESEND to retransmit data.
- The setting p1=DEL is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

#### **Path name specifications**

- The first level directories point to the following locations.  
Path that starts with /MEM0/DATA/Internal memory  
Path that starts with /DRV0/External storage medium
- Path names are case-sensitive.
- You can access files whose name is less than or equal to 48 characters that are within three directory levels.
- Wild cards have the following limitations.
  - Asterisks can be used in p2 when p1 is set to DIR.
  - If a path ends with a slash, it is equivalent to specifying \* for the path.  
Example) /DRV0/DATA0/ and /DRV0/DATA0/\* are equivalent.
  - For the file name and for the extension, characters at the asterisk and subsequent characters can be any characters.  
Example) Let us assume that there are five files: ab001.ef1, ab002.ef1, ab001.ef2, ab002.ef2, and ab001.yyy.  
If you specify ab\*01.ef1, ab001.ef1 and ab002.ef1 are selected.  
If you specify ab001.e\*1, ab001.ef1 and ab001.ef2 are selected.

### **MO** Outputs the data stored in the internal memory

**Syntax** MO p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Type of operation

- DIR Data list output
- GET Data output
- SIZE Data size output

p2 Output data type  
MANUAL Manual sampled data  
REPORT Report

p3 Specified file name

Example Output report data, 000142\_080102\_004127  
H\_.DAR from the DX.  
MOGET,REPORT,000142\_080102\_004127H\_.  
DAR

Description Parameter p3 is valid when p1 is set to GET or  
SIZE.

## 3.9 Output Commands (RS-422/485 Dedicated Commands)

### ESC O Opens an instrument

ESC in ASCII code is 1BH. For details, see  
appendix 3.

Syntax **ESC O** p1<terminator>

p1 Instrument address (01 to 99)

Example Open the instrument at address 99, and enable  
all commands.

**ESC O99**

Description • Specifies the address of the instrument that  
you want to communicate with.

- You can only open one instrument at any  
given time.
- If you execute ESC O, any instrument that is  
already open is automatically closed.
- When the DX receives this command  
successfully, the DX returns "**ESC O**□□".
- Normally, the terminator can be CR+LF or LF  
for communication commands. However, you  
must terminate this command with CR+LF.

### ESC C Closes an instrument

ESC in ASCII code is 1BH. For details, see  
appendix 3.

Syntax **ESC C** p1<terminator>

p1 Instrument address (01 to 99)

Example Close the device whose address is 77.

**ESC C77**

Description • This command closes the connection to the  
instrument you are communicating with.

- When the DX receives this command  
successfully, the DX returns "**ESC C**□□".
- Normally, the terminator can be CR+LF or LF  
for communication commands. However, you  
must terminate this command with CR+LF.



## 3.10 Output Commands (Special Response Commands)

### **\*I** Outputs instrument information

**Syntax** \*I<terminator>

**Description** This command sends the maker, model, serial number, and firmware version in a comma-separated ASCII string with a terminator at the end.

**Example** YOKOGAWA, DX1000, 99AA0123, F1.01

## 3.11 Maintenance and Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/test server function via Ethernet)

### **close** Closes another device's connection

**Syntax** close,p1,p2:p3<terminator>  
 p1 Port on the DX side (1 to 65535)  
 p2 IP address on the PC side  
 (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)  
 p3 Port on the PC side (0 to 65535)

**Example** close,34159,192.168.111.24:1054  
 E0

**Description** You cannot use this command to disconnect a server port. You cannot use this command to disconnect from the DX that you are operating. Use the quit command instead.

### **con** Outputs connection information

**Syntax** con<terminator>

**Example**  
 con  
 EA  
 00/00/00 12:34:56

Active connections

| Proto | Local Address         | Foreign Address      | State       |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| TCP   | 192.168.111. 24:34159 | 192.168.111. 24:1053 | ESTABLISHED |
| TCP   | 0. 0. 0. 0:34155      | 0. 0. 0. 0:          | 0 LISTEN    |
| TCP   | 0. 0. 0. 0:34159      | 0. 0. 0. 0:          | 0 LISTEN    |
| TCP   | 0. 0. 0. 0:34150      | 0. 0. 0. 0:          | 0 LISTEN    |

EN

TCP

Protocol used.

Local Address

DX socket address.

Displays "IP address:port number."

Foreign Address

Destination socket address

Displays "IP address:port number."

State

Connection state.

ESTABLISHED

Connection established.

### **eth** Outputs Ethernet statistics

**Syntax** eth<terminator>

**Example**  
 eth  
 EA  
 00/00/00 12:34:56

### 3.11 Maintenance and Test Commands

```
Ethernet Statistics
Name In Pkt In Err Out Pkt Out Err 16 Coll
lo0 0 0 0 0 0
mb0 74 0 64 0 0
EN
```

#### **help**      **Outputs help**

**Syntax**      help [,p1]<terminator>  
                 p1    Command name  
                          (close, con, eth, help, net, quit)

#### **Example**

```
help
EA
con - echo connection information
eth - echo ethernet information
help - echo help
net - echo network status
quit - close this connection
EN
```

#### **net**        **Outputs network statistics**

**Syntax**      net<terminator>

#### **Example**

```
net
EA
00/00/00 12:34:56
```

#### **Network Status**

```
APP: power on time = 00/00/00 12:34:56
APP: applalive = disable
APP: genedrops = 0
APP: diagdrops = 0
APP: ftpsdrops = 0
TCP: keepalive = 30 s
TCP: connects = 14
TCP: closed = 0
TCP: timeoutdrop = 0
TCP: keepdrops = 0
TCP: sndtotal = 53
TCP: sndbyte = 0
TCP: sndrexmitpack = 0
TCP: sndrexmitbyte = 1
TCP: rcvtotal = 0
TCP: rcvbyte = 0
DLC: 16 collisions = 0
EN
```

TCP: keepalive  
    **Keepalive check cycle**

TCP: connects  
    **Total number of connections established**

TCP: closed  
    **Total number of closed connections**

TCP: timeoutdrop  
    **Total number of closed connections due to TCP retransmission timeout. When the transmitted packet is not received, the DX retransmits the packet at a predetermined time interval. If the packet is not received after 14 retransmissions, a timeout occurs, and the connection is closed.**

TCP: keepdrops  
    **Total number of closed connections due to TCP keepalive timeout**

TCP: sndtotal  
    **Total number of transmitted packets**

TCP: sndbyte  
    **Total number of transmitted bytes**

TCP: sndrexmitpack  
    **Total number of retransmitted packets**

TCP: sndrexmitbyte  
    **Total number of retransmitted bytes**

TCP: rcvtotal  
    **Total number of received packets**

TCP: rcvbyte  
    **Total number of received bytes**

DLC: 16 collisions  
    **Number of collisions. A collision occurs when two or more instruments on the network attempt to transmit simultaneously. The tendency for collisions to occur increases when the network is congested. 16 collisions would mean 16 consecutive collisions.**

#### **quit**       **Closes the connection to the instrument that you are operating**

**Syntax**      quit<terminator>

## 3.12 Instrument Information Output Commands (Available when using the instrument information server function via Ethernet)

The instrument information server function interprets one UDP packet to be one command and returns a single packet (containing DX information) in response to the command.

|                              |           |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Port number                  | 34264/udp |
| Transfer data                | ASCII     |
| Receive buffer size          | 128       |
| Transmit buffer size         | 512       |
| Maximum number of parameters | 32        |

In the command packet, you arrange the parameters that correspond to information you want to receive.

| Parameter | Description                                                                |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| serial    | Outputs the serial number.                                                 |
| host      | Outputs the host name (host name that you specified in section 1.3).       |
| ip        | Outputs the IP address (the IP address that you specified in section 1.3). |

**Example** Query the IP address and host name. (The first frame below contains the command packet. The second frame contains the response packet.)

```
ip host
```

```
EA
ip = 192.168.111.24
host = DX1000-1
EN
```

- Description**
- Separate each parameter with one or more spaces (space, tab, carriage return, or line feed).
  - Parameters are not case sensitive.
  - Undefined parameters are ignored.
  - Parameters after the 32nd parameter are ignored.

---

Blank

## 4.1 Response Syntax

The following table shows the types of responses for various commands described in the previous chapter.

The DX returns a response (affirmative/negative response) to a command that is delimited by a single terminator. The controller should follow the one command to one response format. When the command-response rule is not followed, the operation is not guaranteed.

| Commands                  | Group                                       | Response             |                                                         |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
|                           |                                             | Affirmation          | Negation                                                |
| Setting commands          | Setting                                     | Affirmative response | Single negative response or multiple negative responses |
|                           | Control                                     |                      |                                                         |
| Basic Setting commands    |                                             |                      |                                                         |
| Output commands           | Control                                     |                      |                                                         |
|                           | Setup, measurement, and control data output | ASCII output         |                                                         |
|                           |                                             | Binary output        |                                                         |
|                           | RS-422/485 dedicated                        | Dedicated response   | No response                                             |
| Special response commands | Dedicated response                          |                      |                                                         |

\* For the responses to the instrument information server function, see section 4.4.  
For the responses to special commands, see section 3.10.

### Note

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

### Affirmative Response

When the command is processed correctly, an affirmative response is returned.

- **Syntax**  
E0CRLF
- **Example**  
E0

### Single Negative Response

When a command is not processed correctly, a single negative response is returned.

- **Syntax**  
E1\_nnn\_mmm...mCRLF  
nnn Error number (001 to 999)  
mmm...m Message (variable length, one line)  
\_ Space
- **Example**  
E1 001 "System error"

### Multiple Negative Responses

- If there is an error in any one of the multiple commands that are separated by sub delimiters, multiple negative responses are returned.
- The response is generated for each erroneous command.
- If there are multiple commands that have errors, the negative responses are separated by commas.
- The error position number is assigned to the series of commands in order starting with "1" assigned to the first command.

• **Syntax**

`E2_ee:nnnCRLF` (When there is only one error)  
`E2_ee:nnn,ee:nnn, ...,ee:nnnCRLF` (When there are multiple errors)  
 ee Error position (01 to 10)  
 nnn Error number (001 to 999)  
 \_ Space

• **Example**

`E2 02:001`

**Text Output**

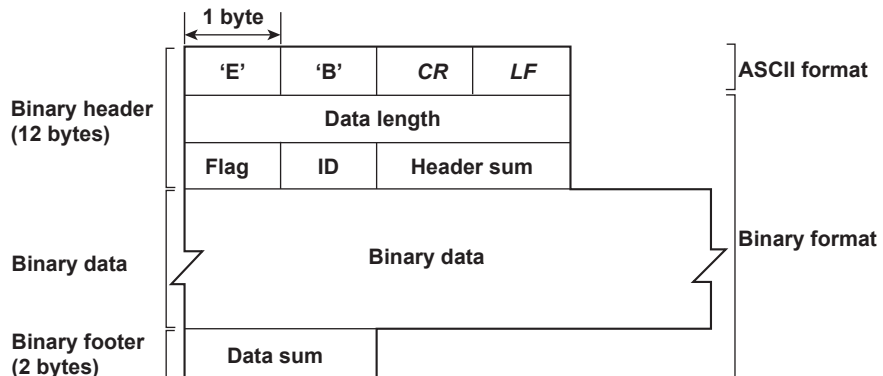
For details on the text data types and their formats, see section 4.2.

• **Syntax**

`EACRLF`  
 .....`CRLF`  
 :  
 .....`CRLF`  
 .....`CRLF`  
`ENCRLF`

**Binary Output**

**Conceptual Diagram**



**EBCRLF**

Indicates that the data is binary.

**Data Length**

The byte value of “flag + identifier + header sum + binary data + data sum.”

**Header Sum**

The sum value of “data length + flag + identifier.”

**Binary Value**

For the output format of various data types, see section 4.3.

**Data Sum**

The sum value of the binary data.

**Note**

The data length of the binary header section is output according to the byte order specified with the BO command.

**Flag**

| Bit | Name (Abbreviation) | Flag   |     | Meaning of the Flag                                |
|-----|---------------------|--------|-----|----------------------------------------------------|
|     |                     | 0      | 1   |                                                    |
| 7   | BO                  | MSB    | LSB | Output byte order                                  |
| 6   | CS                  | No     | Yes | Existence of a checksum                            |
| 5   | –                   | –      | –   |                                                    |
| 4   | –                   | –      | –   |                                                    |
| 3   | –                   | –      | –   |                                                    |
| 2   | –                   | –      | –   |                                                    |
| 1   | –                   | –      | –   |                                                    |
| 0   | END                 | Middle | End | In the middle or at the end of the continuous data |

- When the BO flag is “0,” the high byte is output first. When the BO flag is “1,” the low byte is output first.
- If the check sum is enabled (parameter = 1) using the CS command parameter, each sum value is inserted in the header sum and data sum sections. If the check sum is disabled (parameter = 0), a zero is inserted in the header sum and data sum sections. For a sample program that calculates the sum value, see “Calculating the sum value” on the next page.
- If the amount of data output in response to a ME/MO command is large, not all the data may be returned in one output request (parameter GET). In this case the END flag becomes 0. You must send output requests (parameter NEXT) to receive the rest of the data until the END flag becomes 1.
- The bits that have “–” for the name and flag are not used. The value is undefined.

**ID**

An ID number indicating the binary data type. The table below indicates the data types and the corresponding output commands. Binary data that is not indicated in the above table is considered undefined files.

| ID Number | Binary Data Type                                  | Type         | Format | Output Command |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|----------------|
| 0         | Undefined file                                    | file (*.*)   | –      | ME             |
| 1         | Instantaneous data                                | Data         | Yes    | FD             |
| 1         | FIFO data                                         | Data         | Yes    | FF             |
| 13        | Screen data file                                  | File (*.PNG) | –      | ME, FC         |
| 15        | Display data file                                 | File (*.DAD) | No     | ME             |
| 16        | Event data file                                   | File (*.DAE) | No     | ME             |
| 17        | Manual sample file                                | File (*.DAM) | Yes    | ME, MO         |
| 18        | Report file                                       | File (*.DAR) | Yes    | ME, MO         |
| 19        | Setup data file                                   | File (*.PDL) | No     | ME, FE4        |
| 25        | Setup channel information output                  | Data         | Yes    | FE5            |
| 26        | Configured alarm information output               | Data         | Yes    | FE6            |
| 31        | Display data file <sup>*1</sup>                   | File (*.DSD) | No     | ME             |
| 32        | Event data file <sup>*1</sup>                     | File (*.DSE) | No     | ME             |
| 33        | Setup data file <sup>*1</sup>                     | File (*.PEL) | No     | ME, FE4        |
| 34        | Change settings log file <sup>*1</sup>            | File (*.TXT) | –      | ME             |
| 35        | Report file (for a report template) <sup>*2</sup> | File (*.xml) | –      | ME             |

\*1 Advanced security (/AS1 option)

\*2 Release numbers 4 and later

Yes: Disclosed. No: Undisclosed. –: Common format.

- The table above shows the different types of binary data.
- Binary data comes in two types, data and file.
  - **Data**
    - Measured/computed data can be output using the FD command.
    - FIFO data can be output using the FF command.
    - The data format is disclosed. See section 4.3.

- **File**
  - Display data, event data, and setup data files can be used on the DXA120 DAQSTANDARD Software. For details, see the user's manuals of the DXA120 DAQSTANDARD (IM04L41B01-63EN and IM04L41B01-64EN).
  - Files that are in common formats can be opened using software programs that are sold commercially.
  - Other formats are written in ASCII code. A text editor can be used to open these types of files.

### Calculating the Sum Value

If you set the parameter of the CS command to 1 (enabled), the checksum value is output only during serial communications. The check sum is the same as that used in the TCP/IP and is derived according to the following algorithm.

#### Buffer on Which the Sum Value Is Calculated

- For the header sum, it is calculated from "data length + flag + identifier" (fixed to 6 bytes).
- For the data sum, it is calculated from the binary data.



If the data length of the buffer is odd, a zero is padded so that it is even. (1) through (6) are summed as unsigned two-byte integers (unsigned short). If the digit overflows a 1 is added. Finally, the result is bit-wise inverted.

#### Sample Program

The sum value is determined using the following sample program, and the calculated result is returned. The sum determined by the sample program can be compared with the header sum of the output binary header section and the data sum of the output binary footer section.

```
/*
 * Sum Calculation Function (for a 32-bit CPU)
 *
 * Parameter buff: Pointer to the top of the data on which the sum is calculated
 * len: Length of the data on which the sum is calculated
 * Returned value: Calculated sum
 */
int cksum(unsigned char *buff, int len)
{
 unsigned short *p; /* Pointer to the next two-byte data word in the buffer that is
 to be summed. */
 unsigned int csum; /* Checksum value */
 int i;
 int odd;
 csum = 0; /* Initialize. */
 odd = len%2; /* Check whether the number of data points is even. */
 len >>= 1; /* Determine the number of data points using a "short"
 data type. */
 p = (unsigned short *)buff;
 for(i=0;i<len;i++) /* Sum using an unsigned short data type. */
 csum += *p++;
}
```



```

if(odd){ /* When the data length is odd */
 union tmp{ /* Pad with a 0, and add to the unsigned short data. */
 unsigned short s;
 unsigned char c[2];
 }tmp;
 tmp.c[1] = 0;
 tmp.c[0] = *((unsigned char *)p);
 csum += tmp.s;
}

if((csum = (csum & 0xffff) + ((csum>>16) & 0xffff)) > 0xffff)
 /* Add the overflowed digits */
 csum = csum - 0xffff; /* If the digit overflows again, add a 1. */
return((~csum) & 0xffff); /* bit inversion */
}

```

## RS-422/485 Dedicated Responses

The following table shows dedicated commands for the RS-422/RS-485 interface and their responses.

| Command Syntax      | Meaning                | Response                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>ESC Oxx CRLF</i> | Opens the device.      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Response from the device with the specified address<br/><i>ESC Oxx CRLF</i></li> <li>No response when the device with the specified address does not exist*</li> </ul> |
| <i>ESC Cxx CRLF</i> | Closes the instrument. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Response from the device with the specified address<br/><i>ESC Cxx CRLF</i></li> <li>No response when the device with the specified address does not exist*</li> </ul> |

\* Some of the possible reasons that cause the condition in which the device with the specified address cannot be found are a command error, the address not matching that of the device, the device is not turned ON, and the device not being connected via the serial interface.

- The "xx" in the table indicates the device address. Specify the address that is assigned to the instrument from 01 to 99.
- Only one device can be opened at any given time.
- When a device is opened with the ESC O command, all commands on the device become active.
- When a device is opened with the ESC O command, any other device that is open is automatically closed.
- Normally, either CR+LF or LF can be used as a terminator for communication commands. However, the terminator for these commands must be set to CR+LF.

### Note

- The ASCII code of ESC is 1BH. See appendix 3.

## 4.2 Output Format of ASCII Data

The following types of ASCII data are available. The format for each type is described in this section. The table below indicates the data types and the corresponding output commands.

| Data Type                                             | Corresponding Output Command |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Setting data/basic setting data                       | FE0, FE2                     |
| Decimal position/unit information                     | FE1                          |
| Measured, computed, and external input data           | FD0                          |
| Relay status and internal switch status               | FD6                          |
| Communication log                                     | FLCOM                        |
| FTP client log                                        | FLFTPC                       |
| Operation error log                                   | FLERR                        |
| Login log                                             | FLLOGIN                      |
| Operation log (/AS1 option)                           | FI                           |
| Web operation log                                     | FLWEB                        |
| E-mail log                                            | FLEMAIL                      |
| SNTP access log                                       | FLSNTP                       |
| DHCP access log                                       | FLDHCP                       |
| Modbus communication log                              | FLMODBUS                     |
| Alarm summary                                         | FLALARM                      |
| Message summary                                       | FLMSG                        |
| Change settings log (/AS1 option)                     | FLSETTING                    |
| Status information                                    | ISO, IS1                     |
| Ethernet information                                  | FAIP                         |
| File list                                             | MEDIR                        |
| Check disk                                            | MECHKDSK                     |
| Manual sampled/report data information                | MODIR                        |
| User information                                      | FU0, FU1                     |
| Event level switch status (Release number 3 or later) | FD7                          |

### Note

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

### Setting Data/Basic Setting Data

- The FE command is used to output the data.
- The setting/basic setting data is output in the order of the listed commands in the table in section 3.2, "A List of Commands." However, the setting information for the following commands is not output.
  - **Setting commands (setting)**  
SD/FR command
  - **Setting commands (control)**  
All commands from BT to IR
  - **Basic setting commands**  
XE, YO, YE, and YC commands
- The output format of the setting/basic setting data conforms to the syntax of each command.
- Some commands are output in multiple lines. (Example: Commands that are specified for each channel.)
- **Syntax**  
The two-character command name and the subsequent parameters are output in the following syntax.

```
EACRLF
ttsss...sCRLF
.....
ENCRLF
```

tt            Command name (SR, SA...)  
 sss...s      Setting/basic setting data (variable length, one line)

- **Example**

```
EA
SR001,VOLT,20mV,0,20
SR002,VOLT,20mV,0,20
.....
EN
```

## Decimal Point Position/Unit Information

- The FE command is used to output the data.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.

- **Syntax**

The data is output for each channel in the following syntax.

```
EACRLF
s_ccuuuuuu,ppCRLF
.....
ENCRLF
```

s            Data status (N, D, or S)  
 N: Normal  
 D: Differential input  
 S: Skip (When the measurement range is set to SKIP for a measurement channel or when the channel is turned OFF for a computation channel)

ccc          Channel number (3 digits)  
 001 to 048:    Measurement channel  
 101 to 160:    Computation channel  
 201 to 440:    External input channel

uuuuuu      Unit information (6 characters, left-justified)  
 mV\_\_\_\_:       mV  
 V\_\_\_\_:        V  
 ^C\_\_\_\_:       °C  
 xxxxxxx:      (User-defined character string)

pp           Decimal point position (00 to 04)  
 No decimal (00000) for 00.  
 One digit to the right of the decimal (0000.0) for 01.  
 Two digits to the right of the decimal (000.00) for 02.  
 Three digits to the right of the decimal (00.000) for 03.  
 Four digits to the right of the decimal (0.0000) for 04.  
 \_            Space

- **Example**

```
EA
N 001mV ,01
N 002mV ,01
EN
```

### Measured, computed, and external input data

- The FD command is used to output the data.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.

- **Syntax**

The measured/computed data is output in the following syntax along with the date and time information for each channel.

```
EACRLF
DATE_YY/mo/ddCRLF
TIME_hh:mm:ss.mmmtCRLF
s_ccca1a2a3a4uuuuuufdddddE-ppCRLF
.....
```

ENCRLF

|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| YY       | Year (00 to 99)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| mo       | Month (01 to 12)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| dd       | Day (01 to 31)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| hh       | Hour (00 to 23)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| mm       | Minute (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| ss       | Second (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| mmm      | Millisecond (000 to 999. A period is placed between seconds and milliseconds.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| t        | Reserved (Space.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| s        | Data status (N, D, S, O, E, or B)<br>N: Normal<br>D: Differential input<br>S: Skip<br>O: Over<br>E: Error<br>B: Burnout                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ccc      | Channel number (3 digits)<br>001 to 048: Measurement channel<br>101 to 160: Computation channel<br>201 to 440: External input channel                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| a1a2a3a4 | a1 Alarm status (level 1)<br>a2 Alarm status (level 2)<br>a3 Alarm status (level 3)<br>a4 Alarm status (level 4)<br>(Each status is set to H, L, h, l, R, r, T, t, or space.)<br>((H: high limit alarm, L: low limit alarm, h: difference high-limit alarm, l: difference low-limit alarm, R: high limit on rate-of-change alarm, r: low limit on rate-of-change alarm, T: delay high limit alarm, t: delay low limit alarm, space: no alarm) |
| uuuuuu   | Unit information (6 characters, left-justified)<br>mV____: mV<br>V____: V<br>^C____: °C<br>xxxxxx: (User-defined character string)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| f        | Sign (+, -)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |



## Communication Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- A log of setting/basic setting/output commands and responses is output. Up to 200 logs are retained. Logs that exceed 200 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_n\_uuu...ufd\_mmm...mCRLF

.....

ENCRLF

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| yy      | Year (00 to 99)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| mo      | Month (01 to 12)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| dd      | Day (01 to 31)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| hh      | Hour (00 to 23)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| mm      | Minute (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ss      | Second (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| n       | Connection ID. A number used to identify the user that is connected.<br>0: Serial<br>1 to 3: Ethernet                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| uuu...u | User name (up to 20 characters)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| f       | Multiple command flag<br>Space: Single<br>*: Multiple<br>(If multiple commands are separated by sub delimiters and output at once, "*" is displayed. The multiple commands are divided at each sub delimiter and stored as individual logs (1 log for 1 command and 1 log for 1 response.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| d       | Input/Output<br>>: Input<br><: Output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| mmm...m | Message (up to 20 characters) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The communication log contains only the error number and not the error message section.</li><li>• Normally, the transfer data are transmitted as they are, but in some cases, a special message is output. The special messages are shown below.</li></ul> <b>Reception</b><br>(Over length): Command length exceeded.<br>(Over number): Number of commands exceeded.<br>(Serial error): Received an error character through serial communications. |

## Transmission

|                  |                                                                                                           |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (ddd byte) :     | Data output (where ddd is the number of data values)                                                      |
| (Login) :        | Login                                                                                                     |
| (Logout) :       | Logout                                                                                                    |
| (Disconnected) : | Forced disconnection (occurs when the connection was disconnected when transmitting data using Ethernet). |
| (Time out) :     | Timeout, keepalive, TCP retransmission, etc.                                                              |
| E1 nnn:          | Single negative response (where nnn is the error number)                                                  |
| E2 ee:nnn:       | Multiple negative response (where ee is the error position and nnn is the error number)                   |

## Space

## Advanced security (/AS1 option)

- The parameters of commands whose parameters include the user password (EK, EL, EJ, and LL) are not output.
- Commands performed through the barcode protocol are not logged in the communication log (operations performed through the barcode protocol are logged in the operation log).

## • Example

The following example shows the log when multiple commands separated by sub delimiters, "BO1; ???; PS0," are transmitted. The commands are separated and output in order with the multiple command flags "\*" .

```
EA
99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*> BO1
99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*< E0
99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*> ???
99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*< E2 01:124
99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*> PS0
99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*< E0
EN
```

## FTP Client Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The FTP client log is output. Up to 50 file transfer logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- For the meanings of the error codes, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_nnn\_XXXXXXXX\_k\_ffffff\_...CRLF  
.....

ENCRLF

|          |                                                         |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| YY       | Year (00 to 99)                                         |
| mo       | Month (01 to 12)                                        |
| dd       | Day (01 to 31)                                          |
| hh       | Hour (00 to 23)                                         |
| mm       | Minute (00 to 59)                                       |
| ss       | Second (00 to 59)                                       |
| nnn      | Error code (001 to 999)                                 |
| XXXXXXXX | Detailed code (9 characters)                            |
| k        | Server type (P, S)                                      |
|          | P: Primary                                              |
|          | S: Secondary                                            |
| fff...   | File name (up to 51 characters including the extension) |
| _        | Space                                                   |

- **Example**

```
EA
99/07/26 10:00:00 P display.dsp
99/07/27 10:00:00 P setting.pnl
99/07/28 10:00:00 123 HOSTADDR P trend.png
EN
```



## Operation Error Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The operation error log is output. Up to 50 operation error logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- Other communication messages (400 to 999) and status messages (500 to 599) are not output.
- For the meanings of the error codes, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_nnn\_uuu...uCRLF

.....

ENCRLF

|         |                         |
|---------|-------------------------|
| yy      | Year (00 to 99)         |
| mo      | Month (01 to 12)        |
| dd      | Day (01 to 31)          |
| hh      | Hour (00 to 23)         |
| mm      | Minute (00 to 59)       |
| ss      | Second (00 to 59)       |
| nnn     | Error code (001 to 999) |
| uuu...u | Error message           |
| _       | Space                   |

- **Example**

EA

99/05/11 12:20:00 212 Range setting error

99/05/11 12:30:00 217 Media access error

EN

## Login Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- A log of users that have logged in and logged out is output. Up to 50 login/logout logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- If the power goes down while logged in, you will be logged out. In this case, however, it will not be recorded as a logout.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_XXXXXXXXXX\_nnn\_uuu···uCRLF  
 .....

ENCRLF

|    |                   |
|----|-------------------|
| yy | Year (00 to 99)   |
| mo | Month (01 to 12)  |
| dd | Day (01 to 31)    |
| hh | Hour (00 to 23)   |
| mm | Minute (00 to 59) |
| ss | Second (00 to 59) |

|            |                                                        |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| XXXXXXXXXX | Login history is output left-justified.                |
|            | Login:          Login                                  |
|            | Logout:         Logout                                 |
|            | NewTime:        New time                               |
|            | TimeChg:        Time change                            |
|            | PowerOff:       Power Off                              |
|            | PowerOn:        Power On                               |
|            | TRevStart:      Start of gradual time adjustment       |
|            | TRevEnd:        End of gradual time adjustment         |
|            | TimeDST:        Switching of the daylight savings time |
|            | SNTPtimset:     Time change by SNTP                    |
|            | CCSetEnd:       Completion of calibration correction   |
|            | CCExpire:       Passing of the calibration due date    |
| nnn        | Operation property                                     |
|            | KEY:            Key operation                          |
|            | COM:            Communication                          |
|            | REM:            Remote                                 |
|            | ACT:            Event action                           |
|            | SYS:            System                                 |
| uuu···u    | User name (up to 20 characters)                        |
| _          | Space                                                  |

- **Example**

```
EA
99/05/11 12:20:00 Login KEY administrator
99/05/11 12:30:00 Logout KEY administrator
99/05/11 12:20:00 Login COM user
99/05/11 12:30:00 Logout COM user
EN
```

## Operation Log (/AS1 option)

- The operation log is output by the FI command.
- An operation history is output. Up to the most recent 100 log items can be output.

### • Syntax

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_XXXXXXXXXX\_nnn\_uuu...u\_ddd...dCRLF

.....

ENCRLF

|    |                   |
|----|-------------------|
| yy | Year (00 to 99)   |
| mo | Month (01 to 12)  |
| dd | Day (1 to 31)     |
| hh | Hour (00 to 23)   |
| mm | Minute (00 to 59) |
| ss | Second (00 to 59) |

XXXXXXXXXX The operation. It is left justified.

See Appendix 1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

nnn Operation type

|      |                                                                    |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KEY: | Key operation                                                      |
| COM: | Communication operation (includes serial and Modbus communication) |
| REM: | Remote operation                                                   |
| ACT: | Event action                                                       |
| SYS: | System operation                                                   |

uuu...u User name (20 characters)

ddd...d Detailed information

See Appendix 1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

\_ Space

### • Example

```
EA
1 99/05/11 12:20:00 AlarmACK KEY yoshino
2 99/05/11 12:30:00 ChgPasswd KEY tsuchiya
3 01/06/11 10:00:00 TimeAdj REM tsuchiya
4 01/06/12 12:30:00 MathStart KEY uchiyama
5 01/06/13 12:30:00 MathStop KEY uchiyama
6 01/06/14 12:30:00 Message KEY uchiyama
7 01/06/15 12:30:00 MathStart KEY tsuchiya
8 01/06/16 12:30:00 MathStop KEY tsuchiya
EN
```

In response to the command "FI0,yoshino:tsuchiya,,10," 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8 are output.

In response to the command "FI0,,MathStart:MathStop,10," 4, 5, 7, and 8 are output.

In response to the command "FI0,,MathStart:MathStop,2," 7 and 8 are output.

In response to the command "FI0,uchiyoama,MathStart,10," 4 is output.

In response to the command "FI0,,MathStart,1," 7 is output.

## Web Operation Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The log of operations on the Web screen is output. Up to 50 operations are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_ffffff\_eee\_???...?CRLF  
 .....  
 ENCR LF

yy           Year (00 to 99)  
 mo           Month (01 to 12)  
 dd           Day (01 to 31)  
 hh           Hour (00 to 23)  
 mm           Minute (00 to 59)  
 ss           Second (00 to 59)  
 ffffff       Requested operation  
             SCREEN:        Screen change  
             KEY:            Key operation  
             MSG:            Message assignment/write  
             SEARCH:         View data by searching  
             BATCH:         Batch switch

eee           Error code when executing the requested operation  
             All spaces:     Success  
             001 to 999:     Failure (error code)

???...?      Parameter for each event (see below)

- When ffffff = SCREEN

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_ffffff\_eee\_ddd\_nnCRLF

ddd           Screen type  
             TREND:         Trend display  
             DIGIT:         Digital display  
             BAR:            Bar graph display  
             HIST:           Historical trend display  
             OV:             Overview display

nn            Group number (01 to 36)

- When ffffff = KEY

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_ffffff\_eee\_kkkkkCRLF

kkkkk        Type of key that was operated  
             DISP:         DISP/ENTER key  
             UP:            Up key  
             DOWN:         Down key  
             LEFT:         Left key  
             RIGHT:        Right key  
             FAVOR:        Favorite key

- When ffffff = MSG

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_ffffff\_eee\_mmm...mCRLF

mmm...m      Message (up to 32 characters)

- When `ffffff` = SEARCH  
`yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffffff_eee_ddddCRLF`  
`ddd`      **Data search method**  
           **TIME:**      **Time designation**
- When `ffffff` = BATCH  
`yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffffff_eee_nnCRLF`  
`nn`      **Batch group number (00 to 12)**  
           00      **Batch overview mode screen**  
           01 to 12      **Batch group number**  
           \_      **Space**

- **Example**

```
EA
01/02/11 12:20:00 SCREEN 275 TREND 01
01/02/11 12:21:00 SCREEN BAR
01/02/11 12:30:00 KEY UP
01/02/11 12:31:00 KEY RIGHT
01/02/11 12:40:00 MSG Hello-Hello
EN
```

## E-mail Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The e-mail transmission log is output. Up to 50 operations are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_ffffff\_eee\_n\_uuu...uCRLF  
.....

ENCRLF

|         |                                                            |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| yy      | Year (00 to 99)                                            |
| mo      | Month (01 to 12)                                           |
| dd      | Day (01 to 31)                                             |
| hh      | Hour (00 to 23)                                            |
| mm      | Minute (00 to 59)                                          |
| ss      | Second (00 to 59)                                          |
| ffffff  | E-mail type                                                |
|         | ALARM: Alarm mail                                          |
|         | TIME: Scheduled mail                                       |
|         | REPORT: Report timeout mail                                |
|         | FAIL: Power failure recovery mail                          |
|         | FULL: Memory full mail                                     |
|         | TEST: Test mail                                            |
|         | ERROR: Error message mail                                  |
|         | PASSWD: Invalid user mail                                  |
| eee     | Error code                                                 |
|         | All spaces: Success                                        |
|         | 001 to 999: Error code                                     |
| n       | Recipient list                                             |
|         | 1: List 1                                                  |
|         | 2: List 2                                                  |
|         | +: List 1 and list 2                                       |
| uuu...u | Series of recipient e-mail addresses (up to 30 characters) |
| _       | Space                                                      |

- **Example**

When list 1 is "user1@daqstation.com user2@daqmaster.com" and list 2 is "adv1@daqmaster.com adv2@daqstation.com"

EA

01/05/11 12:20:00 ALARM + user1 user2 adv1 adv2

01/05/11 12:30:00 REPORT 375 1 user1 user2

EN

## SNTP Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The SNTP log is output. Up to 50 accesses to the SNTP server are retained.

- **Syntax**

*EACRLF*

*yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_nnn\_XXXXXXXXXXCRLF*

*.....*

*ENCRLF*

|                   |                                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| <i>yy</i>         | <b>Year (00 to 99)</b>                           |
| <i>mo</i>         | <b>Month (01 to 12)</b>                          |
| <i>dd</i>         | <b>Day (01 to 31)</b>                            |
| <i>hh</i>         | <b>Hour (00 to 23)</b>                           |
| <i>mm</i>         | <b>Minute (00 to 59)</b>                         |
| <i>ss</i>         | <b>Second (00 to 59)</b>                         |
| <i>nnn</i>        | <b>Error number (000 to 999)</b>                 |
| <i>XXXXXXXXXX</i> | <b>Detailed code (9 characters)</b>              |
|                   | <b>SUCCESS: Success</b>                          |
|                   | <b>OVER: Over the limit</b>                      |
|                   | <b>DORMANT: Internal processing error</b>        |
|                   | <b>HOSTNAME: Failed to look up the host name</b> |
|                   | <b>TCPIP: Internal processing error</b>          |
|                   | <b>SEND: Failed to send the request</b>          |
|                   | <b>TIMEOUT: A response timeout occurred</b>      |
|                   | <b>BROKEN: Packet was corrupt</b>                |
|                   | <b>LINK: The data link is disconnected</b>       |
| <i>_</i>          | <b>Space</b>                                     |

- **Example**

*EA*

*01/05/11 12:20:00 SUCCESS*

*01/05/11 12:21:00 SUCCESS*

*01/05/11 12:30:00 292 HOSTNAME*

*EN*

## DHCP Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The DHCP log is output. Up to 50 accesses to the DHCP server are retained.

- **Syntax**

*EACRLF*

*yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_nnn\_XXXXXXXXXXCRLF*

*.....*

*ENCRLF*

|                   |                                     |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <i>yy</i>         | <b>Year</b> (00 to 99)              |
| <i>mo</i>         | <b>Month</b> (01 to 12)             |
| <i>dd</i>         | <b>Day</b> (01 to 31)               |
| <i>hh</i>         | <b>Hour</b> (00 to 23)              |
| <i>mm</i>         | <b>Minute</b> (00 to 59)            |
| <i>ss</i>         | <b>Second</b> (00 to 59)            |
| <i>nnn</i>        | <b>Error number</b> (000 to 999)    |
|                   | Description given in the table.     |
| <i>XXXXXXXXXX</i> | <b>Detailed code</b> (9 characters) |
|                   | Description given in the table.     |
| <i>_</i>          | <b>Space</b>                        |

The table below shows the contents of the log during normal operation.

| <b>Error Number</b> | <b>Detail Code</b> | <b>Description</b>                                |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| 562                 | ON                 | Detected that an Ethernet cable was connected.    |
|                     | OFF                | Detected that an Ethernet cable was disconnected. |
| 563                 | RENEW              | Requesting address renewal to the DHCP server.    |
|                     | RELEASE            | Requesting address release to the DHCP server.    |
| 564                 | RENEWED            | Address renewal complete.                         |
|                     | EXTENDED           | Address release extension request complete.       |
|                     | RELEASED           | Address release complete.                         |
| 565                 | IPCONFIG           | IP address configured.                            |
| 566                 | NOREQUEST          | Configured not to register the host name.         |
| 567                 | UPDATE             | Registered the host name to the DNS server.       |
| 568                 | REMOVE             | Removed the host name from the DNS server.        |



The table below shows the contents of the log during erroneous operation.

| Error Number | Detail Code | Description                                                                  |
|--------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 295          | REJECT      | Address obtained by DHCP is inappropriate.                                   |
| 296          | ESEND       | Failed to send to the DHCP server.                                           |
|              | ESERVER     | DHCP server not found                                                        |
|              | ESERVFAIL   | No response from the DHCP server.                                            |
|              | ERENEWED    | Address renewal rejected by the DHCP server.                                 |
|              | EEXTENDED   | Address lease extension request rejected by the DHCP server.                 |
|              | EEXPIRED    | Address lease period expired by the DHCP server.                             |
| 297          | INTERNAL    | Host name registration failure (transmission error reception timeout, etc.)  |
|              | FORMERR     | Host name registration failure (format error: DNS message syntax error)      |
|              | SERVFAIL    | Host name registration failure (server failure: DNS server processing error) |
|              | NXDOMAIN    | Host name registration rejection (non existent domain)                       |
|              | NOTIMP      | Host name registration rejected (not implemented)                            |
|              | REFUSED     | Host name registration rejected (operation refused)                          |
|              | YXDOMAIN    | Host name registration rejected (name exists)                                |
|              | YXRRSET     | Host name registration rejected (RR set exists)                              |
|              | NXRRSET     | Host name registration rejected (RR set does not exist)                      |
|              | NOTAUTH     | Host name registration rejection (not authoritative for zone)                |
|              | NOTZONE     | Host name registration rejection (different from zone section)               |
|              | NONAME      | Host name not entered on the DX.                                             |
|              | 298         | INTERNAL                                                                     |
| FORMERR      |             | Host name removal failure (format error: DNS message syntax error)           |
| SERVFAIL     |             | Host name removal failure (server failure: DNS server processing error)      |
| NXDOMAIN     |             | Host name removal rejection (non existent domain)                            |
| NOTIMP       |             | Host name removal rejected (not implemented)                                 |
| REFUSED      |             | Host name removal rejected (operation refused)                               |
| YXDOMAIN     |             | Host name removal rejected (name exists)                                     |
| YXRRSET      |             | Host name removal rejected (RR set exists)                                   |
| NXRRSET      |             | Host name removal rejected (RR set does not exist)                           |
| NOTAUTH      |             | Host name removal rejection (not authoritative for zone)                     |
| NOTZONE      |             | Host name removal rejection (different from zone section)                    |
| NOTLINKED    |             | Physical layer was disconnected when removing the host name.                 |

- **Example**

```
EA
01/05/11 12:20:00 563 RENEW
01/05/11 12:20:01 564 RENEWED
01/05/11 12:20:01 565 IPCONFIG
01/05/11 12:21:02 567 UPDATE
EN
```

### Modbus Communication Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The Modbus communication log is output. Up to 50 Modbus communication events are retained.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_c\_XXXXXXXX\_kkkk\_nn\_dCRLF

.....

ENCRLF

|          |                                                                                         |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| yy       | Year (00 to 99)                                                                         |
| mo       | Month (01 to 12)                                                                        |
| dd       | Day (01 to 31)                                                                          |
| hh       | Hour (00 to 23)                                                                         |
| mm       | Minute (00 to 59)                                                                       |
| ss       | Second (00 to 59)                                                                       |
| c        | Communication type (C or M)<br>C: Modbus client (Ethernet)<br>M: Modbus master (serial) |
| XXXXXXXX | Even that occurred (7 characters)                                                       |
|          | DROPOUT: Communication could not keep up and drop out occurred.                         |
|          | ACTIVE: Activated.                                                                      |
|          | READY: Command ready state.                                                             |
|          | CLOSE: Disconnected.                                                                    |
|          | HALT: Command halted.                                                                   |
| kkkk     | Detail (4 characters)                                                                   |
|          | GOOD: Normal operation                                                                  |
|          | NONE: No response from the slave device.                                                |
|          | FUNC: Received a function error.                                                        |
|          | REGI: Received a register error.                                                        |
|          | ERR: Received a packet error.                                                           |
|          | LINK: Ethernet cable disconnected (Modbus client).                                      |
|          | HOST: Unable to result the IP address from the host name (Modbus client).               |
|          | CNCT: Failed to connect to the server (Modbus client).                                  |
|          | SEND: Failed to send the command (Modbus client).                                       |
|          | BRKN: Failed to receive the command.                                                    |
|          | Space At command start                                                                  |
| nn       | Command number (1 to 16, space)                                                         |
| d        | Command type (R, W, E, space)                                                           |
|          | R: Read                                                                                 |
|          | W: Write                                                                                |
|          | E: E-M command                                                                          |
| _        | Space                                                                                   |

- **Example**

```
EA
01/05/11 12:20:00 C DROPOUT
01/05/11 12:21:00 C READY NONE 01 R
01/05/11 12:25:00 C HALT NONE 01 R
EN
```

## Alarm Summary

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The alarm summary is output. Up to 1000 alarm events are retained. Alarm events that exceed 1000 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_kkk\_ccc\_ls\_nnnnnnnnnCRLF

.....

ENCRLF

|           |          |                                                            |
|-----------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| yy/mo/dd  | hh:mm:ss | Time when the alarm occurred                               |
| yy        |          | Year (00 to 99)                                            |
| mo        |          | Month (01 to 12)                                           |
| dd        |          | Day (01 to 31)                                             |
| hh        |          | Hour (00 to 23)                                            |
| mm        |          | Minute (00 to 59)                                          |
| ss        |          | Second (00 to 59)                                          |
| kkk       |          | Alarm cause                                                |
|           | OFF:     | Alarm release                                              |
|           | ON:      | Alarm occurrence                                           |
|           | ACK:     | Alarm acknowledge                                          |
| ccc       |          | Measurement, computation, or external input channel number |
| l         |          | Alarm level (1 to 4)                                       |
| s         |          | Alarm type (H, h, L, l, R, r, T, or t)                     |
| nnnnnnnnn |          | Alarm sequence                                             |
| -         |          | Space                                                      |

For all-channel alarms, the channel number, alarm level, and alarm status items are all set to asterisk.

The channel numbers and alarm levels of individual alarm acknowledgments are logged.

- **Example**

EA

01/05/11 12:20:00 ON 001 1L 1

01/05/11 12:30:00 OFF 131 3t 2

01/05/11 12:31:00 OFF \*\*\* \*\* 2

01/05/11 12:32:00 ACK 4

EN

## Message Summary

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The message summary is output. Up to 100 messages are retained. Messages that exceed 100 are cleared from the oldest log.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_mmm...\_ggg...\_zzz\_uuu...\_nnn...CRLF  
 .....  
 .....

ENCRLF

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| yy              | Year (00 to 99)                                                                                                                                                    |
| mo              | Month (01 to 12)                                                                                                                                                   |
| dd              | Day (01 to 31)                                                                                                                                                     |
| hh              | Hour (00 to 23)                                                                                                                                                    |
| mm              | Minute (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                  |
| ss              | Second (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                  |
| mmm...          | Message (32 characters. Spaces are embedded when the number of characters is less than 32 characters.)                                                             |
| ggg...          | Message write destination display group (11 characters)                                                                                                            |
| xx, xx, xx, xx: | The groups in which the message is written are delimited by commas and displayed.<br>(Up to four groups)                                                           |
| ALL:            | When the multi batch function is not in use:<br>All display groups.<br>When the multi batch function is in use:<br>All display groups in the specified batch group |
| zzz             | Operation property                                                                                                                                                 |
| KEY:            | Key operation                                                                                                                                                      |
| COM:            | Communication                                                                                                                                                      |
| REM:            | Remote                                                                                                                                                             |
| ACT:            | Event action                                                                                                                                                       |
| SYS:            | System                                                                                                                                                             |
| uuu...          | User name (up to 20 characters)                                                                                                                                    |
| nnn...          | Message sequence number (0 for add messages)                                                                                                                       |
| _               | Space                                                                                                                                                              |

- **Example**

```
EA
01/05/11 12:20:00 operation-start 01,02,03,04 KEY admin 11
01/05/11 12:20:00 operation-start 01,02 KEY admin 11
01/05/11 12:20:00*0123456789abcdefg 01,02,03,04 KEY admin 12
EN
```



### Status Information

- The IS command is used to output the data. The output format varies between IS0 and IS1.
- The operation status of the recorder is output.
- For details on the status information, see section 5.2, “The Bit Structure of the Status Information.”

#### Output for the IS0 command

- **Syntax**

```
EACRLF
aaa.bbb.ccc.dddCRLF
ENCRLF

aaa Status information 1 (000 to 255)
bbb Status information 2 (000 to 255)
ccc Status information 3 (000 to 255)
ddd Status information 4 (000 to 255)
```

- **Example**

```
EA
000.000.032.000
EN
```

#### Output for the IS1 Command

- **Syntax**

```
EACRLF
aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd.eee.fff.ggg.hhhCRLF
ENCRLF

aaa Status information 1 (000 to 255)
bbb Status information 2 (000 to 255)
ccc Status information 3 (000 to 255)
ddd Status information 4 (000 to 255)
eee Status information 5 (000 to 255)
fff Status information 6 (000 to 255)
ggg Status information 7 (000 to 255)
hhh Status information 8 (000 to 255)
```

- **Example**

```
EA
000.000.032.000.000.000.000.000
EN
```

- Status information 3, 4, 7, and 8 are edge operation. They are cleared when read by the IS command.
- Status information 1, 2, 5, and 6 are level operation. They are not cleared when read. They are cleared when the event clears.
- The status information is made up of bits that correspond to each event. Each bit can be turned ON/OFF with a filter.
- If an event occurs for a bit set to OFF by the filter, status information 3, 4, 7, and 8 discard the event. Status information 1, 2, 5, and 6 hold the event.
- The default filter setting is all ON.

## Ethernet Information

- The FA command is used to output the data.

- **Syntax**

*EACRLF*

IP\_Address\_\_\_\_\_:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx*CRLF*

Subnet\_mask\_\_\_\_\_:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx*CRLF*

Default\_Gateway\_:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx*CRLF*

Primary\_DNS\_\_\_\_\_:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx*CRLF*

Secondary\_DNS\_\_\_:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx*CRLF*

Host\_\_\_\_\_ :yyy.....*CRLF*

Domain\_\_\_\_\_ :zzz.....*CRLF*

*ENCRLF*

xxx        IP address number (000 to 255)

yyy...    Host name (up to 64 characters)

zzz...    Domain name (up to 64 characters)

## File List

- The ME command is used to output the data.
- The file sizes and a list of files from the specified directory in the external storage medium or internal memory are output.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd\_hh:mm:ss\_ssssssss\_fff...\_n\_xxx...CRLF  
 .....  
 .....

ENCRLF

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| yy        | Year (00 to 99)                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| mo        | Month (01 to 12)                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| dd        | Day (01 to 31)                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| hh        | Hour (00 to 23)                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| mm        | Minute (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| ss        | Second (00 to 59)                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| sssssssss | Data size of the file (_____0 to 99999999) [byte(s)]                                                                                                                                                   |
| fff...    | File name (51 characters including the extension. If it is less than 51, spaces are entered.)<br>If this is a directory, the characters <DIR> are shown at the position displaying the file data size. |
| n         | Batch group number (0, A to H, J to M)<br>0: No multi batch<br>A to H: Batch group number 1 to 8<br>J to M: Batch group number 9 to 12                                                                 |
| xxxx...   | Data serial number (16-digit hexadecimal)                                                                                                                                                              |
| _         | Space                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

The "." and ".." directories are not output.  
 The batch group number and data serial number are included only for files in the internal memory DATA directory. For all other files, the numbers are empty.

- **Example 1**

File list output of an external storage medium

```
EA
05/02/24 20:07:12 1204 setting.pnl
05/02/24 20:18:36 <DIR> DATA0
EN
```

- **Example 2**

Output of a file list in the DATA directory in the internal memory

```
EA
05/02/24 20:07:12 1204 006607_050101_000402.DAD 0 1ABCDE123
05/02/24 20:07:12 1204 006608_050101_000403.DAD 0 1234567890123456
EN
```



## Check Disk

The ME command is used to output the free space on the storage medium.

- **Syntax**

```
EACRLF
```

```
zzz..._Kbyte_freeCRLF
```

```
ENCRLF
```

```
zzz... Free space on the storage medium (16 digits)
```

```
– Space
```

- **Example**

```
EA
```

```
12345678 Kbyte free
```

```
EN
```

### Manual Sampled/Report Data Information

The MO command is used to output the data.

- **Syntax**

```
EACRLF
slll..._yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_bbbb_fff...CRLF
.....
ENCRLF
```

|        |                                                         |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| s      | Data flag                                               |
|        | Space Confirmed data                                    |
| +      | Data that was overwritten                               |
| *      | Data being added                                        |
| lll... | File number (10 digits)                                 |
| yy     | Year (00 to 99)                                         |
| mo     | Month (01 to 12)                                        |
| dd     | Day (01 to 31)                                          |
| hh     | Hour (00 to 23)                                         |
| mm     | Minute (00 to 59)                                       |
| ss     | Second (00 to 59)                                       |
| bbbb   | Number of events (4 characters)                         |
| fff... | File name (up to 48 characters including the extension) |
| _      | Space                                                   |

When the mode is Seprt2, an individual report file is output for each event. Because of this, the file numbers of the report files saved to the CF card will be different.

- **Example**

```
EA
+ 6 05/03/04 00:00:00 20 aaaa30312345.DAR
 7 05/03/05 00:00:00 20 30400005.DAR
 8 05/03/06 00:00:00 20 30500005.DAR
* 9 05/03/06 13:00:00 20 uuuu0005.DAR
EN
```

## User Information

- The FU command is used to output the data.
- User name, user level, and other information are output.

- **Syntax**

```
EACRLF
```

```
p_l_uuu...CRLF
```

```
ENCRLF
```

```

p Login method
E: Ethernet
 On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this indicates
 connection to the setting function.
e: Ethernet
 On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this indicates
 connection to the monitoring function.
S: RS-232 or RS-422/485
K: Login using keys
l User level
A: Administrator
U: User
uuu... User name (up to 20 characters)
_ Space

```

- **Example 1**

When the FU0 command is used, information only on the user himself or herself that is logged in is output.

```
EA
E A admin
EN
```

- **Example 2**

When the FU1 command is used, information on all users logged in through a general-purpose service or using keys is output.

```
EA
K A admin_abc
E A admin_def
E U user0033
E U user0452
EN
```

### Event Level Switch Status (Release number 3 or later)

- The FD command is used to output the event level switch status.

- **Syntax**

EACRLF

aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaCRLF

ENCRLF

aaa...Event level switch status in ascending numerical order.

1:ON

0:OFF

- **Example**

EA

111111111100000000001111111111

EN

## 4.3 Output Format of Binary Data

This section describes the output format of the binary data.

For information on other binary data, see section 4.1.

- Instantaneous data (measured/computed/external input) and FIFO data
- Configured channel information data
- Configured alarm information data
- Manual sample file
- Report sample file

The measured data and computed data are output using signed 16-bit integer and signed 32-bit integer, respectively. These integers can be understood as physical values by adding the decimal point and the unit. The decimal point position can be determined using the FE command.

### Typical Examples to Obtain Physical Values from Binary Data

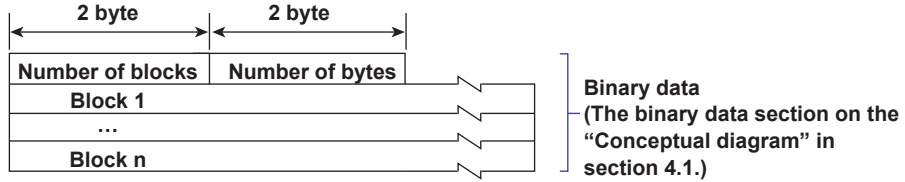
| Binary Value | Decimal Position Code | Physical Value (Measured Value) |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 10000        | 0                     | 10000                           |
| 10000        | 1                     | 1000.0                          |
| 10000        | 2                     | 100.00                          |
| 10000        | 3                     | 10.000                          |
| 10000        | 4                     | 1.0000                          |

### Note

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

**Measured/Computed Data and FIFO Data**

- The FD command is used to output the measured/computed data.
- The FF command is used to output the FIFO data.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation or external input channels set to OFF.
- The ID number of the output format is 1. See “ID” in section 4.1.



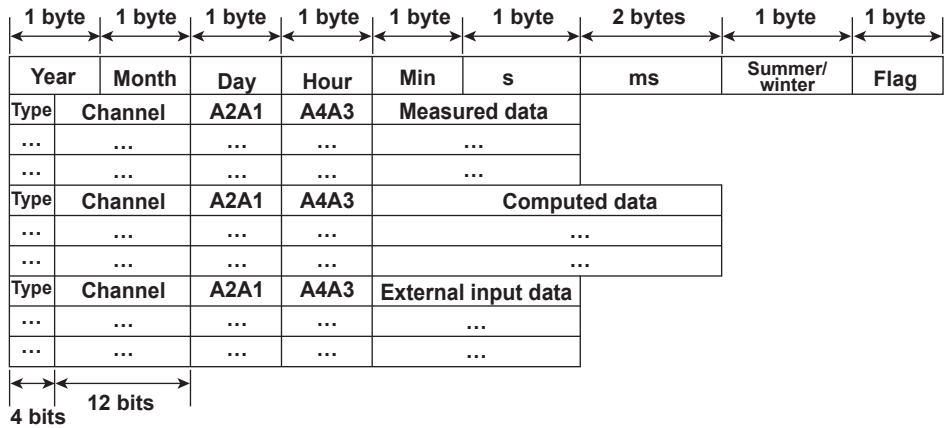
**Number of Blocks**

This is the number of blocks.

**Number of Bytes**

This is the size of one block in bytes.

**Block**



• **Flag**

The meaning of the each flag is given in the table below. The flags are valid during FIFO data output. The flags are undefined for other cases.

| Bit | Flag |     | Meaning of the Flag                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     | 0    | 1   |                                                                                                                                                              |
| 7   | No   | Yes | Indicates that the screen snapshot was executed.                                                                                                             |
| 6   | —    | —   |                                                                                                                                                              |
| 5   | —    | —   |                                                                                                                                                              |
| 4   | —    | —   |                                                                                                                                                              |
| 3   | —    | —   |                                                                                                                                                              |
| 2   | No   | Yes | Indicates that the decimal position or unit information was changed during measurement.                                                                      |
| 1   | No   | Yes | Indicates that the FIFO acquiring interval was changed with the FR command during measurement.                                                               |
| 0   | No   | Yes | Indicates that the internal process took too much time (computation, for example) and that the measurement could not keep up at the specified scan interval. |

The bits that have “—” for the flag column are not used. The value is undefined.

- **Block Member**

| Name                              | Binary Value                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Year                              | 0 to 99                                                                                                       |
| Month                             | 1 to 12                                                                                                       |
| Day                               | 1 to 31                                                                                                       |
| Hour                              | 0 to 23                                                                                                       |
| Minute                            | 0 to 59                                                                                                       |
| Second                            | 0 to 59                                                                                                       |
| Millisecond                       | 0 to 999                                                                                                      |
| Summer/winter                     | 0: Winter time, 1: Summer time                                                                                |
| Type                              | 0x0: 16-bit integer (measurement channel/external input channel)<br>0x8: 32-bit integer (computation channel) |
| Channel                           | 1 to 48, 101 to 160, or 201 to 440                                                                            |
| Alarm status*                     |                                                                                                               |
| A1 (Bit 0 to 3)                   |                                                                                                               |
| A2 (Bit 4 to 7)                   | 0 to 8                                                                                                        |
| A3 (Bit 0 to 3)                   |                                                                                                               |
| A4 (Bit 4 to 7)                   |                                                                                                               |
| Measured data/external input data | 0 to 0xFFFF                                                                                                   |
| Computed data                     | 0 to 0xFFFFFFFF                                                                                               |

\* A binary value 0 to 8 is entered in the upper and lower 4 bits of a byte (8 bits) for the alarm status. The binary values 0 to 8 correspond to H (high limit alarm), L (low limit alarm), h (difference high-limit alarm), l (difference low-limit alarm), R (high limit on rate-of-change alarm), r (low limit on rate-of-change alarm), T (delay high limit alarm), and t (delay low limit alarm) as follows:

0: no alarm, 1: H, 2: L, 3: h, 4: l, 5: R, 6: r, 7: T, and 8: t.

### Special Data Values

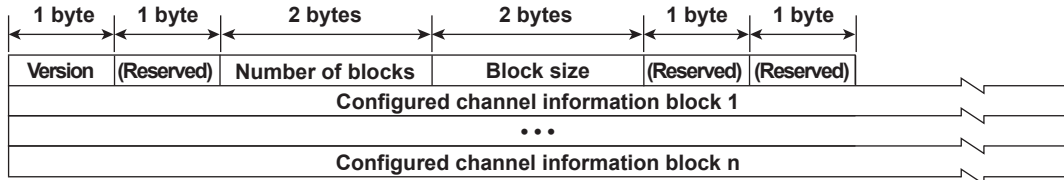
The measured/computed data take on the following values under special conditions.

| Special Data Value     | Measured Data | Computed Data |
|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| + Over                 | 7FFFH         | 7FFF7FFFH     |
| - Over                 | 8001H         | 80018001H     |
| Skip                   | 8002H         | 80028002H     |
| Error                  | 8004H         | 80048004H     |
| Undefined              | 8005H         | 80058005H     |
| Power failure data     | 7F7FH         | 7F7F7F7FH     |
| Burnout (up setting)   | 7FFAH         | 7FFF7FFFH     |
| Burnout (down setting) | 8006H         | 80018001H     |

The number of blocks, number of bytes, and measured/computed data are output according to the byte order specified with the BO command.

### Configured Channel Information Data

- The FE5 command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 25.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.
- The figure below indicates the format.



#### Format for Release Number 2 or Earlier (Format version 1)

• **Format Details**

| Item              | Description                                     | Output Value                            |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Version           | Format version                                  | 1                                       |
| Number of blocks* | Number of configured channel information blocks | Up to 348                               |
| Block size*       | Configured channel information block size       | 72 (fixed)                              |
| Block 1 to n      | Configured channel information blocks           | Up to 25056 bytes<br>See Block Details. |

\* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.

• **Block Details**

| Item                  | Number of Bytes | Description                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Channel number*       | 2               | 1 to 440                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Decimal place         | 1               | 0 to 4                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| (Reserved)            | 1               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Channel type*         | 4               | 2H for measurement and external input channels and 4H for computation channels.<br>This value is ORed with 800H when the range mode is DI or 8000H when the range mode is skip.          |
| Unit information      | 8               | The terminator is '\0.'                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Tag information       | 24              | You can enter up to 16 characters for the tag comment. The terminator is '\0.'                                                                                                           |
| Minimum input value*  | 4               | Measurement channels: Allowable input range under the current setting                                                                                                                    |
| Maximum input value*4 | 4               | Computation channels: -9999999, +99999999 (fixed)<br>External input channels: -30000, +30000 (fixed)                                                                                     |
| Span lower limit*     | 4               | Measurement channels (when scaling is not used): Same value as the DX span setting                                                                                                       |
| Span upper limit*     | 4               | Measurement channels (when scaling is used): Same value as the DX scale setting<br>Computation and external input channels (when scaling is not used): Same value as the DX span setting |
| Scale lower limit*    | 4               | Measurement channels: Same value as the span                                                                                                                                             |
| Scale upper limit*    | 4               | Computation and external input channels: Same value as the span                                                                                                                          |
| FIFO type*            | 2               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Area in the FIFO*     | 2               | Indicates the position of its own channel in the FIFO block of one sample.<br>The value starts from zero.                                                                                |
| (Reserved)            | 4               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                        |

\* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.



**Format for Release Number 3 or Later (Format version 2)****• Format Details**

| Item             | Description                                     | Output Value        |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Version          | Format version                                  | 2                   |
| Number of blocks | Number of configured channel information blocks | 348 maximum         |
| Block size       | Configured channel information block size       | 176 (fixed)         |
| Blocks 1 to n    | Configured channel information block            | 61248 bytes maximum |

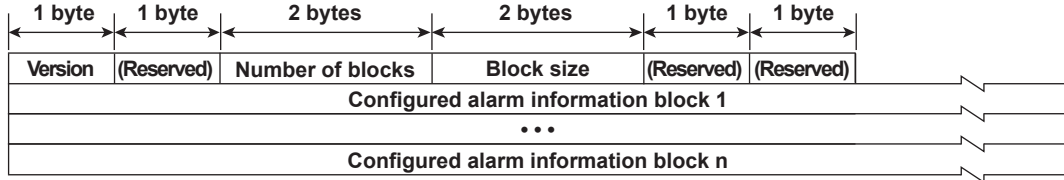
**• Block Details**

| Description                      | Bytes | Description                                                                             |
|----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Channel number                   | 2     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Decimal place                    | 1     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| (Reserved)                       | 1     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Channel type                     | 4     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Unit information                 | 8     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Tag information                  | 24    | You can enter up to 23 characters for the tag comment. The terminator is '\0.'          |
| Minimum input value              | 4     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Maximum input value              | 4     |                                                                                         |
| Span lower limit                 | 4     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Span upper limit                 | 4     |                                                                                         |
| Scale lower limit                | 4     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Scale upper limit                | 4     |                                                                                         |
| FIFO type                        | 2     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Area in the FIFO                 | 2     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| (Reserved)                       | 4     | Same as format version 1.                                                               |
| Tag comment                      | 64    | The terminator is '\0.'                                                                 |
| Tag number usage, use or not use | 1     | 0: Do not use. 1: Use.                                                                  |
| (Reserved)                       | 7     | 0 (fixed)                                                                               |
| Tag No.                          | 32    | The terminator is '\0.'<br>If tag number usage is set to zero (do not use): All zeroes. |

### 4.3 Output Format of Binary Data

#### Configured Alarm Information Data

- The FE6 command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 26.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.
- The figure below indicates the format.



#### Format Details

| Item              | Description                                        | Output Value                           |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Version           | Format version                                     | 1                                      |
| Number of blocks* | Number of configured alarm information blocks      | Up to 348                              |
| Block size*       | Size of the of configured alarm information blocks | 24                                     |
| Block 1 to n      | Configured alarm information blocks                | Up to 8352 bytes<br>See Block Details. |

\* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.

#### Block Details

| Item            | Number of Bytes | Notes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Channel number* | 2               | 1 to 440                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Decimal place   | 1               | 0 to 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| (Reserved)      | 1               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Alarm type      | 4               | The following settings are entered in order from level 1 to 4.<br>0: Setting off, 1: H (high limit), 2: L (low limit),<br>3: h (difference high limit), 4: l (difference low limit),<br>5: R (high limit on rate-of-change),<br>6: r (low limit on rate-of-change),<br>7: T (delay high limit), 8: t (delay low limit) |
| Alarm value*    | 4×4             | The alarm values are entered in order from level 1 to 4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

\* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.

#### Manual Sampled Data

- The ME or MO command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 17. See section 4.1.
- For the data format, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

#### Report Data

- The ME or MO command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 18. See section 4.1.
- For the data format, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

## 4.4 Output Format of Instrument Information

This section describes the instrument information output format of the instrument information server.

### Note

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

### Response

The parameters of the packet that are returned as a response are lined up according to the following format.

```
EACRLF
(Parameter 1)_=(value of parameter 1)CRLF
(Parameter 2)_=(value of parameter 2)CRLF
.....
ENCRLF
```

- The parameter values are output in the order specified by the command parameter.
- The output order of the parameters when `all` is specified is not constant.
- Even if the same parameters are specified numerous times, only the first occurrence is output.
- Lower-case characters are used for the parameters.
- An underscore (`_`) indicates a space.

The following table shows the parameter types.

| Parameter           | Output Information |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| <code>serial</code> | Serial number      |
| <code>host</code>   | Host name          |
| <code>ip</code>     | IP address         |

### Output Example

Several output examples are indicated below.

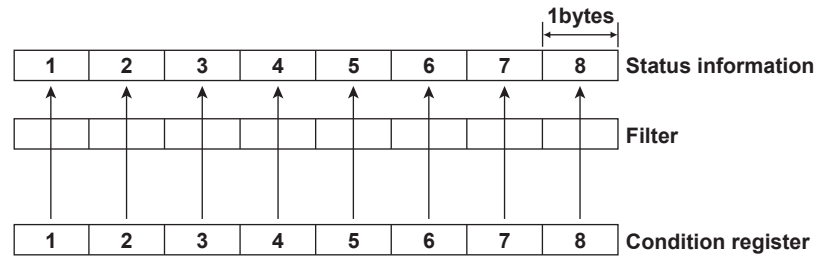
| Packet Parameter Sent as Commands                                                                                                   | Response                                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters are not case sensitive.<br><code>ip HoSt</code>                                                                          | EA<br>ip = 192.168.111.24<br>host = DX2000<br>EN |
| Even if the same parameters are specified numerous times, only the first occurrence is output.<br><code>host ip host ip host</code> | EA<br>host = DX2000<br>ip = 192.168.111.24<br>EN |
| Undefined parameters will be ignored.<br>(Space)                                                                                    | EA<br>EN                                         |

---

Blank

## 5.1 Status Information and Filter

The following figure illustrates the status information and filter on the DX.



- The IF command can be used to set the filter.
- When a status indicated on the following page is entered, the corresponding bit in the condition register is set to 1. The logical AND of the condition register and the filter becomes the status information.
- The IS command is used to output the status information. Status information 3, 4, 7, and 8 are cleared when they are output. Status information 1, 2, 5, and 6 are not cleared when it is output, and remains at 1 while the event is occurring.
- When multiple connections are up, filters can be specified for the individual connection. Therefore, the status information can be held for each connection.
- Empty bits indicated as “-” are fixed to 0.

## 5.2 Bit Structure of the Status Information

The following four groups of status information are output in response to a status information output request using the IS command. For the output format, see “Status Information” in section 4.2, “Output Format of ASCII Data.”

### Status Information 1

| Bit | Name                                       | Description                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | Basic setting                              | Set to 1 during basic setting mode.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1   | Memory sampling                            | Set to 1 during recording (memory sampling). On models with the multi batch (/BT2 option), this bit is set to 1 if any batch group is recording (memory sampling).                                  |
| 2   | Computing                                  | Set to 1 while computation is in progress.                                                                                                                                                          |
| 3   | Alarm activated                            | Set to 1 while the alarm is activated.                                                                                                                                                              |
| 4   | Accessing medium                           | Set to 1 while the display, event, manual sampled, report, or screen image data file are being saved to the external storage medium.                                                                |
| 5   | E-mail started                             | Set to 1 while the e-mail transmission is started                                                                                                                                                   |
| 6   | Invalid user check operation <sup>*1</sup> | Set to 1 only during the period when there is an invalid user and the invalid user acknowledge operation has not finished (the period during which the invalid user icon appears on the DX screen). |
| 7   | –                                          | –                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

\*1 Advanced security (/AS1 option)

### Status Information 2

| Bit | Name                                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | Setting function communication login <sup>*1</sup> | Set to 1 while a user is logged in to the DX setting function through Ethernet communication.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 1   | –                                                  | –                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2   | Memory end                                         | Set to 1 while the free space in the internal memory or external storage medium is low. This is the same as the internal memory and CF card status of the device information output (/F1 or /F2 options; see section 1.9 in the <i>DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual</i> ).            |
| 3   | Logged in through keys                             | Set to 1 while logged in through keys.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4   | Login not possible <sup>*1</sup>                   | Set to 1 while the multi-login function is not being used and login through key operations, login to the setting function through Ethernet communication, and login through the sending of the LL command through serial communication are not possible, because another user is logged in. |
| 5   | –                                                  | –                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 6   | Detecting measurement error                        | Set to 1 while error is being detected in the A/D converter or a burnout is being detected.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 7   | Detecting communication error                      | Set to 1 if any command is stopping the communication on the Modbus master or Modbus client.                                                                                                                                                                                                |

\*1 Advanced security (/AS1 option)

### Status Information 3

| Bit | Name                                  | Description                                                                      |
|-----|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | Measurement dropout                   | Set to 1 when the measurement process could not keep up.                         |
| 1   | Decimal point/unit information change | Set to 1 when the decimal point/unit information is changed.                     |
| 2   | Command error                         | Set to 1 when there is a command syntax error.                                   |
| 3   | Execution error                       | Set to 1 when an error occurs during command execution.                          |
| 4   | SNTP error when memory                | Set to 1 when the time could not be adjusted using SNTP                          |
| 5   | Custom display setup error            | Set to 1 if an error occurs when a custom display setup file is saved or loaded. |
| 6   | –                                     | –                                                                                |
| 7   | –                                     | –                                                                                |

**Status Information 4**

| Bit | Name                          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | A/D conversion complete       | Set to 1 when the A/D conversion of the measurement is complete.                                                                                                                                          |
| 1   | Medium access complete        | Set to 1 when the display, event, manual sampled, report, or screen image data file are finished being saved to the external storage medium.<br>Set to 1 when setup data is successfully saved or loaded. |
| 2   | Report generation complete    | Set to 1 when report generation is complete.                                                                                                                                                              |
| 3   | Timeout                       | Set to 1 when the timer expires.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 4   | Custom display setup complete | Set to 1 when the custom display setup is successfully saved or loaded.                                                                                                                                   |
| 5   | –                             | –                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 6   | USER key detection            | Set to 1 when the USER key is pressed.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 7   | –                             | –                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

**Status Information 5**

| Bit | Name                           | Description                      |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0   | Batch group #1 memory sampling | Set to 1 during memory sampling. |
| 1   | Batch group #2 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 2   | Batch group #3 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 3   | Batch group #4 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 4   | Batch group #5 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 5   | Batch group #6 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 6   | Batch group #7 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 7   | Batch group #8 memory sampling | Same as above                    |

**Status Information 6**

| Bit | Name                            | Description                      |
|-----|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0   | Batch group #9 memory sampling  | Set to 1 during memory sampling. |
| 1   | Batch group #10 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 2   | Batch group #11 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 3   | Batch group #12 memory sampling | Same as above                    |
| 4   | –                               | –                                |
| 5   | –                               | –                                |
| 6   | –                               | –                                |
| 7   | –                               | –                                |

**Status Information 7 to 8**

All bits are zeroes.

Blank



## 6.1 Ethernet Interface Specifications

### Basic Specifications

|                                           |                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Electrical and mechanical specifications: | Conforms to IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet frames conform to the DIX specification) |
| Transmission medium type:                 | 10BASE-T                                                                  |
| Protocol:                                 | TCP, IP, UDP, ICMP, ARP, FTP, HTTP, SNTP, SMTP                            |

### Maximum Number of Connections and Number of Simultaneous Uses

The following table indicates the number of simultaneous uses (number of users that can use the function simultaneously), the maximum number of connections, and the port number for each function.

| Function                                        | Maximum Number of Connections | Number of Simultaneous Uses <sup>*5</sup> |                 | Port Number <sup>*4</sup> |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
|                                                 |                               | Administrator                             | User            |                           |
| Setting/measurement server                      | 3                             | 1                                         | 2 <sup>*1</sup> | 34260/tcp <sup>*2</sup>   |
| Maintenance/test server                         | 1                             | 1                                         | 1 <sup>*1</sup> | 34261/tcp <sup>*2</sup>   |
| FTP server                                      | 2                             | 2                                         | 2 <sup>*1</sup> | 21/tcp <sup>*3</sup>      |
| Web server (HTTP)                               | –                             | –                                         | –               | 80/tcp <sup>*3</sup>      |
| SNTP server                                     | –                             | –                                         | –               | 123/udp <sup>*3</sup>     |
| Modbus server                                   | 2                             | –                                         | –               | 502/tcp <sup>*3</sup>     |
| Instrument information server                   | –                             | –                                         | –               | 34264/udp <sup>*2</sup>   |
| PLC communication protocol<br>Explicit message  | 10                            | –                                         | –               | 44818/tcp                 |
| PLC communication protocol<br>Explicit messagee | –                             | –                                         | –               | 44818/udp                 |
| PLC communication protocol<br>Implicit message  | –                             | –                                         | –               | 2222/udp                  |

\*1 There are user limitations. For details, see section 1.1.

\*2 The port numbers are fixed.

\*3 The default port number. You can set the value in the range of 1 to 65535. Use the default port number unless there is a special reason not to do so.

\*4 Make sure that port number settings are not duplicated.

\*5 On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, connections to the setting/measurement server are divided into connections to the setting function and connections to the monitoring function.

| Function                   | Maximum Number of Connections | Number of Simultaneous Uses |                       | Port Number |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
|                            |                               | Setting Connection          | Monitoring Connection |             |
| Setting/measurement server | 3                             | 1                           | 2                     | 34260/tcp   |



## 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

### Modbus Client Function

#### Basic Operation

- The DX, as a Modbus client device, communicates with Modbus servers periodically by sending commands at specified intervals.
- The Modbus client function operates independently from the Modbus master function via the serial communication.
- The supported functions are “reading data from the input registers and hold registers on the server” and “writing data into the hold registers on the server.”

#### Modbus Client Specifications

Communicate via ModbusTCP

Communication media: Ethernet 10Base-T

Read cycle: Select from the following:  
125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, and 10 s

Connection retry: Select the reconnection interval after disconnecting the connection after the connection wait time has elapsed from the following:  
OFF, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 20 min, 30 min, and 1 h

Connection timeout value: 1 min  
However, when the IP address is not established with DHCP, a communication error results immediately.

Command timeout value: 10 s

Server: Set up to 16 servers

Supported functions: Supported Modbus client functions are as follows:  
The server device must support these functions.

| Function Code | Function                                      | Operation                                                                                                         |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3             | Read the hold register<br>(4XXXX, 4XXXXX)     | The DX reads the hold register of the server device into the communication input data or external input channel.  |
| 4             | Read the input register<br>(3XXXX, 3XXXXX)    | The DX reads the input register of the server device into the communication input data or external input channel. |
| 16            | Write to the hold register<br>(4XXXX, 4XXXXX) | The DX writes the measured or computed data to the hold register of the server device.                            |

On Models with the PROFIBUS-DP Interface (/CP1 option)

On models with the PROFIBUS-DP interface (/CP1 option), the communication input data for C01 to C24 (on the DX1000) or for C01 to C32 (on the DX2000) is reserved for PROFIBUS-DP. The DX cannot load values into this received data.

### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

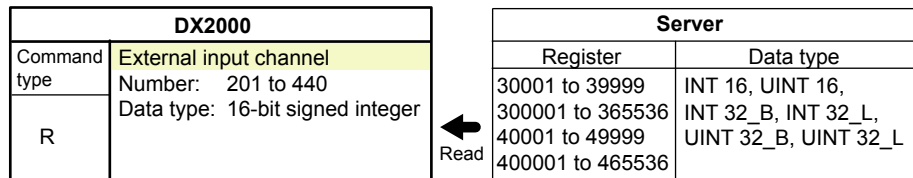
#### Command

Command type: R, R-M, W, W-M, E-M  
 Number of commands: Set up to 16 commands  
 Data type: See the table below.

| Symbol   | Description                                      |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------|
| INT16    | 16-bit signed integer                            |
| UINT16   | 16-bit unsigned integer                          |
| INT32_B  | 32-bit signed integer (higher and lower order)   |
| INT32_L  | 32-bit signed integer (lower and higher order)   |
| UINT32_B | 32-bit unsigned integer (higher and lower order) |
| UINT32_L | 32-bit unsigned integer (lower and higher order) |
| FLOAT_B  | 32-bit floating point (higher and lower order)   |
| FLOAT_L  | 32-bit floating point (lower and higher order)   |

- **Reading Values into the External Input Channels (DX2000 Only)**

- External input channels are an option (/MC1).
- Reads values from the server register into the external input channels of the DX.
- The data type of external input channels is signed 16-bit integer.
- The measurement range and unit are set using the external input channels. The decimal point position is determined by the Span\_L settings.



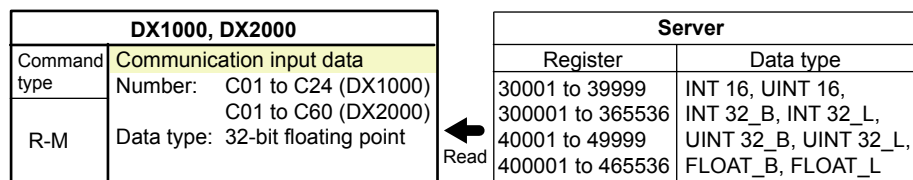
#### External Input Channel Values

The range of external input channel values is -30000 to 30000 excluding the decimal. If this range is exceeded, the value is set to +Over or -Over.

| Value in the register on the server | Value on the external input channel |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| More than 30000                     | + Over (7FFFH)                      |
| -30000 to 30000                     | -30000 to 30000                     |
| Less than -30000                    | - Over (8001H)                      |

- **Reading Values into Communication Input Data**

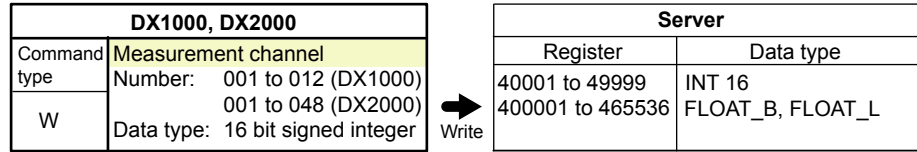
- Reads values from the server register into the communication input data of the DX.
- Communication input data is an option (/M1, /PM1 option).
- The data type of the communication input data is 32-bit floating point.
- Communication input data can be displayed on a computation channel by including the data in the equation of a DX computation channel (/M1, /PM1 option). The measurement range and unit are also set using the computation channel.



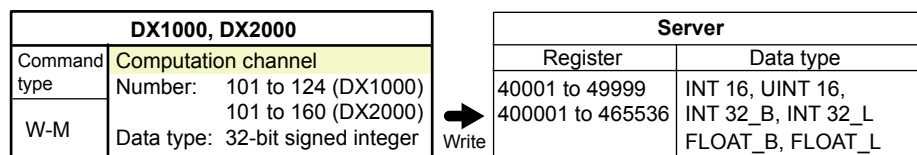
#### When the Data Type of the Read Source Server Is Not Floating Point Type

Because the data type of the communication input data is 32-bit floating point, the value never overflows. However, if the absolute value of the data is large for INT32\_B, INT32\_L, UINT32\_B, or UINT32\_L, a rounding error may appear. This is because the mantissa of the floating point type is 24 bits.

- **Writing the Measured Values of the Measurement Channels**
  - Writes the measured values of the measurement channels to the server registers.
  - The data type of measured values is signed 16-bit integer.
  - The values can be written directly including special data (See “Special Data Values” in section 4.3). Perform data processing on the server device.



- **Writing the Computed Values of the Computation Channels**
  - Writes the computed values of the computation channels to the server registers.
  - The computation function is an option (/M1, /PM1 option).
  - The data type of computed values is signed 32-bit integer.



**When the Data Type of the Write Destination Server Is Identical (INT32\_B or INT32\_L)**

The values can be written directly including special data (See “Special Data Values” in section 4.3). Perform data processing on the server device.

**When the Data Type of the Write Destination Server Is Different (INT16 or UINT16)**

INT16: A value in the range of -32768 to 32767 (excluding the decimal point) can be written. If lower than -32768 the value reverts to -32768, and if higher than 32767 it reverts to 32767.

UINT16: A value in the range of 0 to 65535 (excluding the decimal point) can be written. If lower than 0 the value reverts to 0, and if higher than 65535 it reverts to 65535.

| Computed value   | Data type of the write destination |            |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
|                  | INT16                              | UINT16     |
| More than 32767  | 32767                              |            |
| -32768 to 32767  | -32768 to 32767                    |            |
| Less than -32767 | -32768                             |            |
| More than 65535  |                                    | 65535      |
| 0 to 65535       |                                    | 0 to 65535 |
| Less than 0      |                                    | 0          |

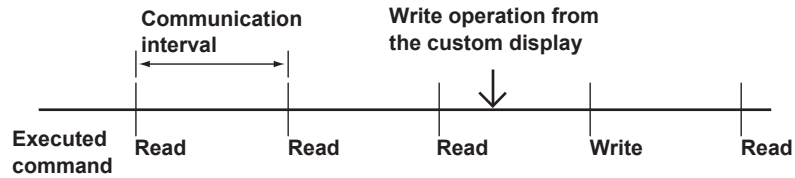
**Special values**

| Computed value     | Data type of the write destination |        |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
|                    | INT16                              | UINT16 |
| + Over             | 32767                              | 65535  |
| Burnout (Up)       |                                    |        |
| - Over             |                                    |        |
| Burnout (Down)     |                                    |        |
| Skip               |                                    |        |
| Error              |                                    |        |
| Undefined          |                                    |        |
| Power failure data |                                    |        |

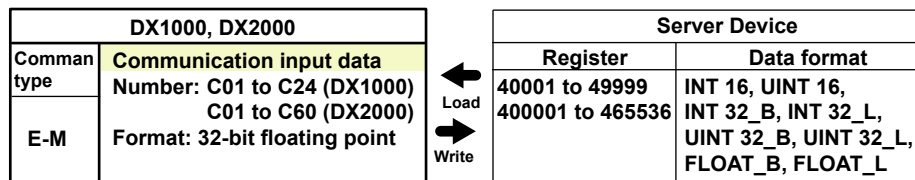
### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

- **Loading to Communication Input Data and Direct Writing of Values to the Server**

- Values from the server register are loaded into the DX communication input data. When you perform the appropriate operation from the custom display, the values are written to the server register.
- Loading and writing occur in sync with the communication interval.



- Values are only written to the server when the state of communication is normal (the lamp in the Modbus status display is green), otherwise an error occurs. The DX only attempts to write to the server once. It does not retry after failing.
- Communication input data is an option (/M1, /PM1 option).
- The data type of the communication input data is 32-bit floating point.
- You can display communication input data on a computation channel by including the data in the equation of a DX computation channel (/M1, /PM1 option). You can also set the measurement range and unit for computation channels.



## Modbus Server Function

### Modbus Server Specifications

Communicate via ModbusTCP

Communication media: Ethernet 10Base-T

Port: 502/tcp (default value)

Command wait timeout: 1 minute. However, the timeout to receive the command after starting to receive the command is 10 seconds.

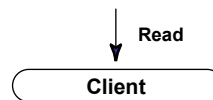
Maximum number of connections:  
2

Supported functions: The functions that the DX supports are listed below.

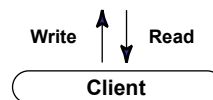
| Function Code | Function                               | Operation                                                                                     |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3             | Read the hold register (4XXXXX)        | The client device reads the communication input data.                                         |
| 4             | Read the input register (3XXXXX)       | The client device reads the computed, measured, alarm, and time data of the DX.               |
| 6             | Single write to hold register (4XXXXX) | The client device writes to the communication input data or external input channel of the DX. |
| 8             | Loopback test                          | The client device performs a loopback test of the DX.                                         |
| 16            | Write to the hold register (4XXXXX)    | The master device writes to the communication input data or external input channel of the DX. |

Register assignments (shared with the Modbus slave function)

| Data               |               | Input register   |                       |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|
|                    |               | Number           | Data type             |
| Measurement ch.    | Measured data | 300001 to 300048 | 16-bit signed integer |
|                    | Alarm status  | 301001 to 301048 | Bit string            |
| Computation ch.    | Computed data | 302001 to 302120 | 32-bit signed integer |
|                    | Alarm status  | 303001 to 303060 | Bit string            |
| External input ch. | Measured data | 304001 to 304240 | 16-bit signed integer |
|                    | Alarm status  | 305001 to 305240 | Bit string            |
| Measurement ch.    | Alarm list    | 306001 to 306012 | Bit string            |
| Computation ch.    | Alarm list    | 306021 to 306035 | Bit string            |
| External input ch. | Alarm list    | 306041 to 306100 | Bit string            |
| Time               |               | 309001 to 309008 | 16-bit signed integer |



| Data                                | Hold register    |                       |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
|                                     | Number           | Data type             |
| Communication input data            | 400001 to 400060 | 16-bit signed integer |
|                                     | 400301 to 400420 | 32-bit floating point |
| Measured data on external input ch. | 401001 to 401240 | 16-bit signed integer |



On Models with the PROFIBUS-DP Interface (/CP1 option)

On models with the PROFIBUS-DP interface (/CP1 option), the communication input data for C01 to C24 (on the DX1000) or for C01 to C32 (on the DX2000) is reserved for PROFIBUS-DP. The client device cannot write values to this communication input data.

**Input Register (shared with the Modbus slave function)**

• **Common Items**

- The client device can only read the input registers.
- Decimal position and unit are not included. Specify them on the client device.
- External input channels are DX2000 option (/MC1).

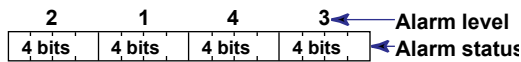
• **Details**

| Input Register | Data                                     | Data Type             |
|----------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 300001         | Measured data of measurement channel 001 | 16-bit signed integer |
| 300048         | Measured data of measurement channel 048 |                       |

- There is no decimal position information.

|        |                                         |            |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|------------|
| 301001 | Alarm status of measurement channel 001 | Bit string |
| 301048 | Alarm status of measurement channel 048 |            |

- Register structure and alarm status values

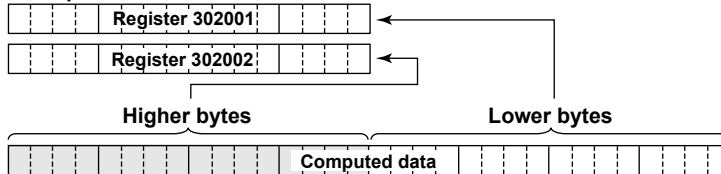


| 4-bits value | Meaning                            |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| 0            | No alarm                           |
| 1            | High limit alarm                   |
| 2            | Low limit alarm                    |
| 3            | Difference high limit alarm        |
| 4            | Difference low limit alarm         |
| 5            | High limit on rate-of-change alarm |
| 6            | Low limit on rate-of-change alarm  |
| 7            | Delay high limit alarm             |
| 8            | Delay low limit alarm              |

|        |                                                              |                       |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 302001 | Lower bytes of the computed data of computation channel 101  | 32-bit signed integer |
| 302002 | Higher bytes of the computed data of computation channel 101 |                       |
| 302119 | Lower bytes of the computed data of computation channel 160  |                       |
| 302120 | Higher bytes of the computed data of computation channel 160 |                       |

- Register structure

**Example: Channel 101**



- There is no decimal position information.

|        |                                         |            |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|------------|
| 303001 | Alarm status of computation channel 101 | Bit string |
| 303060 | Alarm status of computation channel 160 |            |

- Register structure and alarm status values: Same as the alarm status of the measurement channels.

|        |                                             |                       |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 304001 | Measured data of external input channel 201 | 16-bit signed integer |
| 304240 | Measured data of external input channel 440 |                       |

- There is no decimal position information.

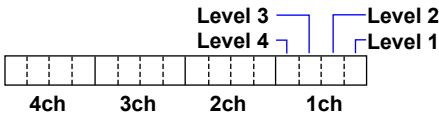
|        |                                            |            |
|--------|--------------------------------------------|------------|
| 305001 | Alarm status of external input channel 201 | Bit string |
| 305240 | Alarm status of external input channel 440 |            |

- Register structure and alarm status values: Same as the alarm status of the measurement channels.



| Input Register | Data                                              | Data Type  |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 306001         | List of alarms of measurement channels 001 to 004 | Bit string |
| 306012         | List of alarms of measurement channels 045 to 048 |            |

• Register structure



Indicates the alarm status of four channels in one register. Set to 1 when alarm is activated.

The figure is an example of register 306001 (measurement channels 001 to 004).

|        |                                                   |            |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 306021 | List of alarms of computation channels 101 to 104 | Bit string |
| 306035 | List of alarms of computation channels 157 to 160 |            |

• Register structure: Same as the list of alarms of measurement channels.

|        |                                                      |            |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 306041 | List of alarms of external input channels 201 to 204 | Bit string |
| 306100 | List of alarms of external input channels 437 to 440 |            |

• Register structure: Same as the list of alarms of measurement channels.

\* Input registers 306001 to 306100 can be accessed consecutively. All unassigned register bits are read as zeroes.

| Input Register | Data        | Data Type             |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 309001         | Year        | 16-bit signed integer |
| 309002         | Month       |                       |
| 309003         | Day         |                       |
| 309004         | Hour        |                       |
| 309005         | Minute      |                       |
| 309006         | Second      |                       |
| 309007         | Millisecond |                       |
| 309008         | DST         |                       |

**Hold Register (shared with the Modbus slave function)**

• **Common Items**

- The client device can read and write to the hold registers.
- Communication input data is an option (/M1, /PM1).
- External input channels are DX2000 option (/MC1).

**When Writing**

- Communication input data can be handled on a computation channel by including the data in the equation of a DX computation channel.
- External input channel data can be handled on an external input channel.
- Details

• **Details**

| Hold Register | Data                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Data Type             |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 400001        | Communication input data C01                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 16-bit signed integer |
|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                       |
| 400060        | Communication input data C60                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                       |
|               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Precautions to be taken when the client device reads the data<br/>The communication input data of the DX is floating point type, but the data is converted to signed 16-bit integer when the data is read.</li> <li>• Precautions to be taken when the client device writes the data<br/>Only data in signed 16-bit integer type can be written. Floating point values cannot be written.</li> </ul> |                       |
| 400301        | Lower word of communication input data C01                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 32-bit floating point |
| 400302        | Higher word of communication input data C01                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                       |
| 400419        | Lower word of communication input data C60                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                       |
| 400420        | Higher word of communication input data C60                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
|               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Precautions to be taken when the client device writes the data<br/>Input range: <math>-9.9999E29</math> to <math>-1E-30</math>, 0, <math>1E-30</math> to <math>9.9999E29</math><br/>If values outside this range are used on a computation channel, a computation error occurs.</li> </ul>                                                                                                           |                       |
| 400601        | Lower word of communication input data C01                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 32-bit signed integer |
| 400602        | Higher word of communication input data C01                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                       |
| 400719        | Lower word of communication input data C60                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                       |
| 400720        | Higher word of communication input data C60                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
|               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Precautions to be taken when the client device reads the data<br/>The communication input data of the DX is floating point type, but the data is converted to signed 32-bit integer when the data is read.</li> <li>• Precautions to be taken when the client device writes the data<br/>Only data in signed 32-bit integer type can be written. Floating point values cannot be written.</li> </ul> |                       |
| 401001        | External input channel write register 201                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 16-bit signed integer |
|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                       |
| 401240        | External input channel write register 440                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
|               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Precautions to be taken when the client device writes the data<br/>Only data in signed 16-bit integer type can be written.<br/>The measurement range and unit are set using the external input channels. The decimal point position is determined by the Span_L settings.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                 |                       |

**Extended Hold Registers (Shared with the Modbus slave function; release number 3 or later)**

The following hold registers have been added. You can perform a portion of the operations by writing in the registers. You can write to these registers when a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option is in operation mode.

- Internal switch
- Lot number or lot number for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Batch number or batch group number for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Recording (memory sampling) start and stop or recording (memory sampling) start and stop for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Alarm ACK
- Alarm display reset
- Computation start, computation stop, computation reset, computation dropout ACK, and computation reset for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Manual sampling, event data sampling start trigger, and snapshot
- Message and free message writing or message and free message writing for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Event edge switch
- Event level switch

### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

#### List of Registers

| Register         | Description           | Supplementary Information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Type    | Access | Simultaneous Access |      |
|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------|---------------------|------|
|                  |                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |         |        | Write               | Read |
| 406061           | Internal switch 1     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406062           | Internal switch 2     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406063           | Internal switch 3     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406064           | Internal switch 4     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406065           | Internal switch 5     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406066           | Internal switch 6     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406067           | Internal switch 7     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406068           | Internal switch 8     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406069           | Internal switch 9     | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406070           | Internal switch 10    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406071           | Internal switch 11    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406072           | Internal switch 12    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406073           | Internal switch 13    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406074           | Internal switch 14    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406075           | Internal switch 15    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406076           | Internal switch 16    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406077           | Internal switch 17    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406078           | Internal switch 18    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406079           | Internal switch 19    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406080           | Internal switch 20    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406081           | Internal switch 21    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406082           | Internal switch 22    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406083           | Internal switch 23    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406084           | Internal switch 24    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406085           | Internal switch 25    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406086           | Internal switch 26    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406087           | Internal switch 27    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406088           | Internal switch 28    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406089           | Internal switch 29    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 406090           | Internal switch 30    | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16   | R      | –                   |      |
| 407833 to 407834 | Lot number            | Valid range: 0 to 99999999<br>(When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this is the lot number of batch group 1.)                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 407835 to 407851 | Batch number          | Up to 17 registers (up to 33 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less.<br>(When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this is the batch number of batch group 1.)                                                                                                              | STR34   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 409503           | Memory start or stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.<br>(When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this register controls memory start and stop of batch group 1.)                                                                                                                                                                                       | INT16   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 409504           | Alarm acknowledge     | Applies to all alarms.<br><When writing><br>Execute alarm ACK: 1 (fixed)<br><When reading (alarm summary)><br>Alarm off: 0. Alarm illuminated: 1. Alarm blinking (occurring): 2. Alarm blinking (not occurring): 3                                                                                                                  | INT16   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 409505           | Alarm display reset   | Execute alarm display reset: 1 (fixed)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | INT16   | W      |                     |      |
| 409506           | Computation operation | <When writing><br>Stop: 0. Start: 1. Reset: 2. Computation dropout ACK: 4.<br>(When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this register performs computation reset of batch group 1.)<br><When reading><br>Stop: 0. Start: 1.<br>(You cannot read this register when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use.) | INT16   | R/W    |                     |      |

### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

| Register         | Description                           | Supplementary Information                                                                                          | Type    | Access | Simultaneous Access |      |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------|---------------------|------|
|                  |                                       |                                                                                                                    |         |        | Write               | Read |
| 409512           | Manual sampling start or other action | Manual sampling: 0. Manual trigger: 1. Snapshot: 2.                                                                | INT16   | W      |                     |      |
| 410001 to 410002 | Batch 1 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410003 to 410020 | Batch 1 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410021 to 410050 | (Reserved) batch 1                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410051 to 410052 | Batch 2 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410053 to 410070 | Batch 2 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410071 to 410100 | (Reserved) batch 2                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410101 to 410102 | Batch 3 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410103 to 410120 | Batch 3 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410121 to 410150 | (Reserved) batch 3                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410151 to 410152 | Batch 4 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410153 to 410170 | Batch 4 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410171 to 410200 | (Reserved) batch 4                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410201 to 410202 | Batch 5 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410203 to 410220 | Batch 5 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410221 to 410250 | (Reserved) batch 5                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410251 to 410252 | Batch 6 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410253 to 410270 | Batch 6 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410271 to 410300 | (Reserved) batch 6                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410301 to 410302 | Batch 7 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410303 to 410320 | Batch 7 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410321 to 410350 | (Reserved) batch 7                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410351 to 410352 | Batch 8 lot number                    | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                         | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410353 to 410370 | Batch 8 batch number                  | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less. | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410371 to 410400 | (Reserved) batch 8                    | -                                                                                                                  | -       | -      |                     |      |

### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

| Register         | Description               | Supplementary Information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Type    | Access | Simultaneous Access |      |
|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------|---------------------|------|
|                  |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |         |        | Write               | Read |
| 410401 to 410402 | Batch 9 lot number        | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410403 to 410420 | Batch 9 batch number      | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less.                                                                                                                                                                                | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410421 to 410450 | (Reserved) batch 9        | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410451 to 410452 | Batch 10 lot number       | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410453 to 410470 | Batch 10 batch number     | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less.                                                                                                                                                                                | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410471 to 410500 | (Reserved) batch 10       | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410501 to 410502 | Batch 11 lot number       | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410503 to 410520 | Batch 11 batch number     | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less.                                                                                                                                                                                | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410521 to 410550 | (Reserved) batch 11       | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410551 to 410552 | Batch 12 lot number       | Valid range: 0 to 99999999                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | INT32_L | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410553 to 410570 | Batch 12 batch number     | Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The batch number must be 32 characters or less.                                                                                                                                                                                | STR36   | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410571 to 410600 | (Reserved) batch 12       | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -       | -      |                     |      |
| 410601           | Preset message writing    | Message number (1 to 100)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | INT16   | W      |                     |      |
| 410602           |                           | Message write destination                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | INT16   | W      |                     |      |
|                  |                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When the multi batch function is not in use<br/>0: All groups. 1 to 36: Specified group number.</li> <li>• When the multi batch function is in use<br/>0: All groups of a specified batch number (410603)<br/>1 to 12: Specified group number</li> </ul> |         |        |                     |      |
| 410603           |                           | Batch number designation for multi batch: 1 to 12<br>(Valid only when the multi batch function is available. Any value when the multi batch function is not available)                                                                                                                            | INT16   | W      |                     |      |
| 410604 to 410610 | (Reserved) Preset message | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -       | -      |                     |      |

### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

| Register         | Description                    | Supplementary Information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Type  | Access | Simultaneous Access |      |
|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|------|
|                  |                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       |        | Write               | Read |
| 410611           | Free message writing           | Message number (1 to 10)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410612           |                                | Message write destination <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the multi batch function is not in use<br/>0: All groups. 1 to 36: Specified group number.</li> <li>When the multi batch function is in use<br/>0: All groups of a specified batch number (410613)<br/>1 to 12: Specified group number</li> </ul> | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410613           |                                | Batch number designation for multi batch: 1 to 12 (Valid only when the multi batch function is available. Any value when the multi batch function is not available)                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410614 to 410631 |                                | Free message<br>Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).<br>The message must be 32 characters or less.                                                                                                                                                                                           | STR36 | W      |                     |      |
| 410632 to 410680 | (Reserved) Free message        | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | -     | -      |                     |      |
| 410681           | Batch 1 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410682           | Batch 2 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410683           | Batch 3 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410684           | Batch 4 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410685           | Batch 5 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410686           | Batch 6 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410687           | Batch 7 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410688           | Batch 8 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410689           | Batch 9 memory start and stop  | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410690           | Batch 10 memory start and stop | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410691           | Batch 11 memory start and stop | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410692           | Batch 12 memory start and stop | Stop: 0. Start: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |

### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

| Register | Description                | Supplementary Information            | Type  | Access | Simultaneous Access |      |
|----------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|------|
|          |                            |                                      |       |        | Write               | Read |
| 410693   | Batch 1 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410694   | Batch 2 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410695   | Batch 3 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410696   | Batch 4 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410697   | Batch 5 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410698   | Batch 6 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410699   | Batch 7 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410700   | Batch 8 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410701   | Batch 9 computation reset  | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410702   | Batch 10 computation reset | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410703   | Batch 11 computation reset | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410704   | Batch 12 computation reset | Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410705   | Event edge switch 1        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410706   | Event edge switch 2        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410707   | Event edge switch 3        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410708   | Event edge switch 4        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410709   | Event edge switch 5        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410710   | Event edge switch 6        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410711   | Event edge switch 7        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410712   | Event edge switch 8        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410713   | Event edge switch 9        | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410714   | Event edge switch 10       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410715   | Event edge switch 11       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410716   | Event edge switch 12       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410717   | Event edge switch 13       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410718   | Event edge switch 14       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410719   | Event edge switch 15       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410720   | Event edge switch 16       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410721   | Event edge switch 17       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410722   | Event edge switch 18       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410723   | Event edge switch 19       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410724   | Event edge switch 20       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410725   | Event edge switch 21       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410726   | Event edge switch 22       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410727   | Event edge switch 23       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410728   | Event edge switch 24       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410729   | Event edge switch 25       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410730   | Event edge switch 26       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410731   | Event edge switch 27       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410732   | Event edge switch 28       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410733   | Event edge switch 29       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410734   | Event edge switch 30       | Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed) | INT16 | W      |                     |      |



| Register | Description                                 | Supplementary Information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Type  | Access | Simultaneous Access |      |
|----------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|------|
|          |                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |       |        | Write               | Read |
| 410765   | Event level switch 1                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410766   | Event level switch 2                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410767   | Event level switch 3                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410768   | Event level switch 4                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410765   | Event level switch 5                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410770   | Event level switch 6                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410771   | Event level switch 7                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410772   | Event level switch 8                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410773   | Event level switch 9                        | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410774   | Event level switch 10                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410775   | Event level switch 11                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410776   | Event level switch 12                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410777   | Event level switch 13                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410778   | Event level switch 14                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410779   | Event level switch 15                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410780   | Event level switch 16                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410781   | Event level switch 17                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410782   | Event level switch 18                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410783   | Event level switch 19                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410784   | Event level switch 20                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410785   | Event level switch 21                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410786   | Event level switch 22                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410787   | Event level switch 23                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410788   | Event level switch 24                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410789   | Event level switch 25                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410790   | Event level switch 26                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410791   | Event level switch 27                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410792   | Event level switch 28                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410793   | Event level switch 29                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410794   | Event level switch 30                       | OFF: 0. ON: 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | INT16 | R/W    |                     |      |
| 410801   | Setting function communication login        | The value is 1 only when a user has logged into the DX setting function through Ethernet communication. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.                                                                                                                                           | INT16 | R      | —                   |      |
| 410802   | Key login                                   | The value is 1 when a user has logged into the DX through key operations. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.                                                                                                                                                                         | INT16 | R      | —                   |      |
| 410803   | Login not possible                          | The value is 1 when login through key operations, login to the setting function through Ethernet communication, and login through the sending of the LL command through serial communication are not possible, because another user is logged in. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option. | INT16 | R      | —                   |      |
| 410804   | Individual alarm ACK channel number         | Specifies the alarm released by an individual alarm ACK operation. The channel and alarm level are accessed successively. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.                                                                                                                         | INT16 | W      |                     |      |
| 410805   | Individual alarm acknowledgment alarm level |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | INT16 | W      |                     |      |

Notation used in the Access column

W: Writable

R: Readable

If you read a write-only (W) register, zero is always read.

If you write to a read-only (R) register, an error occurs.

Notation used in the Simultaneous access column

Blank: Indicates a range of registers that can be written to or read from simultaneously.

—: You cannot simultaneously access across a solid line.

-: Not accessible.

### 6.3 Modbus Protocol Specifications

#### How to Use

| Item              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                      |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|-----------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| Data type STRnn   | <p>Registers in which ASCII codes are entered starting with the specified register. It is terminated with a NULL character (\0).<br/>The number of characters that can be entered that includes the NULL character is indicated in the nn section.</p> <p>Example of setting the batch number (STR36 type) of batch group 1 to "ABCD"<br/>*** denotes any value.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Register</th> <th>Value to Write</th> <th>Hexadecimal Notation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>410003</td> <td>'A'B'</td> <td>(4142H)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410004</td> <td>'C"D'</td> <td>(4344H)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410005</td> <td>'\0**</td> <td>(00**H)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410006 to</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>410020</td> <td>**</td> <td>(****H)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Write the entire character string using one command.<br/>In the above example, registers 410003 to 410005 must be written using one command.<br/>A zero is read when you read a write-only register.</p>                                                                                                                                         | Register             | Value to Write | Hexadecimal Notation | 410003 | 'A'B' | (4142H) | 410004 | 'C"D' | (4344H) | 410005 | '\0** | (00**H) | 410006 to |       |         | 410020 | **    | (****H) |        |       |         |
| Register          | Value to Write                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Hexadecimal Notation |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410003            | 'A'B'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | (4142H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410004            | 'C"D'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | (4344H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410005            | '\0**                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | (00**H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410006 to         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                      |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410020            | **                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | (****H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| Lot number        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Access the registers two registers at a time.</li> <li>• You can only access from the first register.</li> <li>• On models without the multi batch function (/BT2 option) or on models with the multi batch function (/BT2 option) but with the multi batch function disabled, if you access a lot number of a batch group, an error occurs.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                      |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| Batch number      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can only access from the first register.</li> <li>• On models without the multi batch function (/BT2 option) or on models with the multi batch function (/BT2 option) but with the multi batch function disabled, if you access a batch number of a batch group, an error occurs.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                      |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| Message           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can only write from the first register.</li> <li>• A message is written using one command. In other words, write to registers 410601 to 410603 using one command. On models without the multi batch function, you only have to write to registers 410601 and 410602 instead.</li> </ul> <p>On models without the multi batch function, the message write destination can be omitted (write only to 410601). If you omit it, the operation is the same as when all groups are specified.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                      |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| Free message      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can only write from the first register.</li> <li>• A free message is written using one command.</li> </ul> <p>If you omit the free message section, an all-space message is written.<br/>On models without the multi batch function, the message write destination and subsequent registers can be omitted (write only to 410611). If you omit them, an all-space message is written to every group.<br/>Example: To write the free message "ABCD" to all display groups in batch group number 4 using message number 10, write the values in the following table using one command. *** denotes any value.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Register</th> <th>Value to Write</th> <th>Hexadecimal Notation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>410611</td> <td>10</td> <td>(000AH)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410612</td> <td>0</td> <td>(0000H)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410613</td> <td>4</td> <td>(0004H)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410614</td> <td>'A"B'</td> <td>(4142H)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410615</td> <td>'C"D'</td> <td>(4344H)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>410616</td> <td>'\0**</td> <td>(00**H)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Register             | Value to Write | Hexadecimal Notation | 410611 | 10    | (000AH) | 410612 | 0     | (0000H) | 410613 | 4     | (0004H) | 410614    | 'A"B' | (4142H) | 410615 | 'C"D' | (4344H) | 410616 | '\0** | (00**H) |
| Register          | Value to Write                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Hexadecimal Notation |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410611            | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | (000AH)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410612            | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | (0000H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410613            | 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | (0004H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410614            | 'A"B'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | (4142H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410615            | 'C"D'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | (4344H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| 410616            | '\0**                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | (00**H)              |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |
| Computation reset | <p>On models without the multi batch function (/BT2 option) or on models with the multi batch function (/BT2 option) but with the multi batch function disabled, if you access computation reset of a batch group, an error occurs.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                      |                |                      |        |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |           |       |         |        |       |         |        |       |         |

| Item                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Simultaneous access | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Batch numbers and lot numbers can be written using one command for each batch.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Example 1:          | On models without the multi batch function (/BT2 option), you can write to registers 407833 to 407851 using one command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Example 2:          | For batch group 1, you can write to registers 410001 to 410020 using one command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Example 3:          | To set the batch number of batch group 1 to "ABCD" (see the explanation for "Data type STRnn" for details), you can write registers 410001 to 410005 using one command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You cannot simultaneously access batch numbers or lot numbers across multiple batch groups.</li> <li>When reading, you can access the following registers simultaneously. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Internal switches 1 to 30</li> <li>Memory start/stop for batches 1 to 12</li> <li>Event level switches 1 to 30</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

### When the Data Type in a Command Differs from the DX Data Type

Every DX data value has a set data type.

If you access the DX using the same data type, all of the data, including special data, are sent to the DX without any change. If you access the DX using a data type that is different from the DX data type, the data type is converted. For details on the conversion rules, see "Communication Considerations" in the *DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 PLC Communication Protocol Communication Interface User's Manual (IM04L41B01-18E)*.

### Modbus Error Response (Common to Modbus server and Modbus slave)

The DX returns the following error codes to a client or master device.

| Code | Error                                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1    | ILLEGAL FUNCTION<br>Invalid function code           | An attempt was made to execute a function that is not supported.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 2    | ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS<br>Invalid register number     | Failed to access the register.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 3    | ILLEGAL DATA VALUE<br>Invalid number of registers   | When reading, the specified number of registers was less than or equal to zero or greater than or equal to 126.<br>When writing, the specified number of registers was less than or equal to zero or greater than or equal to 124.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 7    | NEGATIVE<br>ACKNOWLEDGE<br>Invalid contents written | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A lot number that is outside the valid range was entered.</li> <li>Invalid characters (such as '¥x1b') were written in batch number or free message registers.</li> <li>Failed to control the following operations. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Writing messages</li> <li>Writing free messages</li> <li>Writing batch numbers and lot numbers</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

However, no response is returned for the following errors.

- CRC error
- Errors other than those shown above

### Modbus Master Function

#### Basic Operations

- The DX, as a Modbus master device, communicates with Modbus slaves periodically by sending commands at specified intervals.
- The Modbus master function operates independently from the Modbus client function via the Ethernet communication.
- The supported functions are “reading data from the input registers and hold registers on the slave” and “writing data into the hold registers on the slave.”

#### Serial Communication Specifications (Common to the Modbus Slave Function)

Communicate via ModbusRTU

Communication media: RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485

Control system: No flow control (none only)

Baud rate: Select from 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, and 38400

Start bit: 1 bit (fixed)

Data length: 8 bit (fixed)

Parity: Select odd, even, or none

Stop bit: 1 bit (fixed)

Message termination determination:  
Time equivalent to 48 bits

#### Modbus Master Specifications

Read cycle: Select the cycle at which data is read from other devices from the following: 125, 250, 500 ms, 1, 2, 5, and 10 s

Timeout value: Select the timeout value when there is no response from the specified slave after sending a command from the DX from the following: 125, 250, 500ms, 1, 2, 5, 10 s, and 1 min

Retry count: Select the retry count when there is no response for a command sent from the DX to the specified slave.  
OFF, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, and 20

Auto recovery cycle: Select the cycle for automatically recovering from the following:  
OFF, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 30 min, and 1 h

Wait between commands: Select the wait time\* after receiving a response of a command until sending the next command from the following:  
OFF, 5, 10, 15, 45, and 100 ms

\* When communicating using an RS-485 two-wire system, the signals may collide, because the master and slave devices driving the communication switch in half-duplex mode. If the communication does not work, increase the wait time.

Command type: R, R-M, W, W-M

Command setting: Set up to 16 commands

Command items: Read channel 201 to 440, C01 to C60  
Write channel 001 to 048, 101 to 160 (varies depending on the model)

Address: 1 to 247

Input register: 30001 to 39999, 300001 to 365535

Hold register: 40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465535

Access method: Same as the Modbus client.

Supported functions: Same as the Modbus client.

Data type: Same as the Modbus client.

## Modbus Slave Function

Serial Communication Specifications:

|                        |                                    |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
|                        | Same as the Modbus Master Function |
| Slave address:         | 1 to 99.                           |
| Supported functions:   | Same as the Modbus server.         |
| Register assignments:  | Same as the Modbus server.         |
| Modbus error response: | Same as the Modbus server.         |

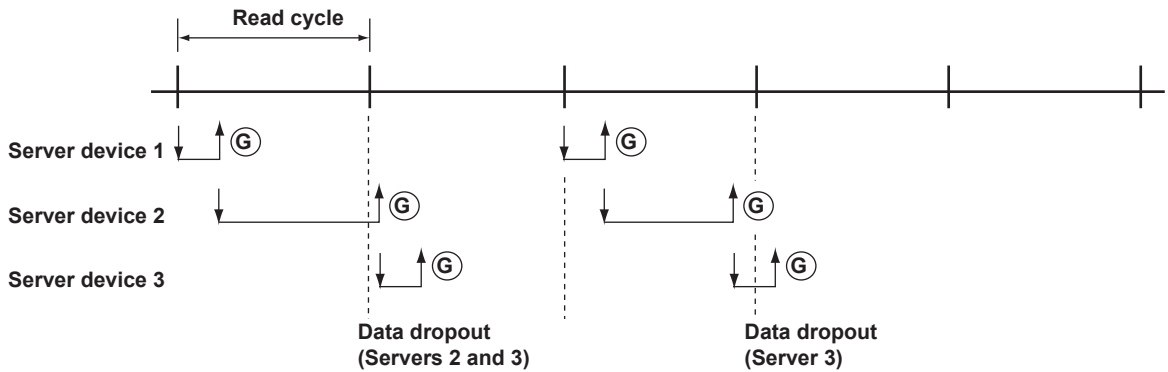
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# Appendix 1 Data Dropout during Modbus Communication

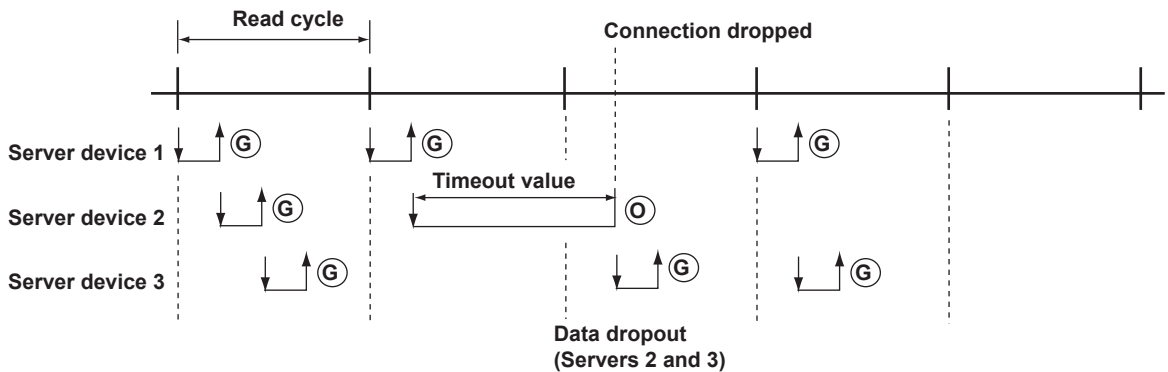
## Data Dropout during Modbus Client

If the response to the previous command is not complete when the DX attempts to issue a command to a server device, the DX command cannot issue the command causing a data dropout. Take appropriate measures by referring to the following figures.

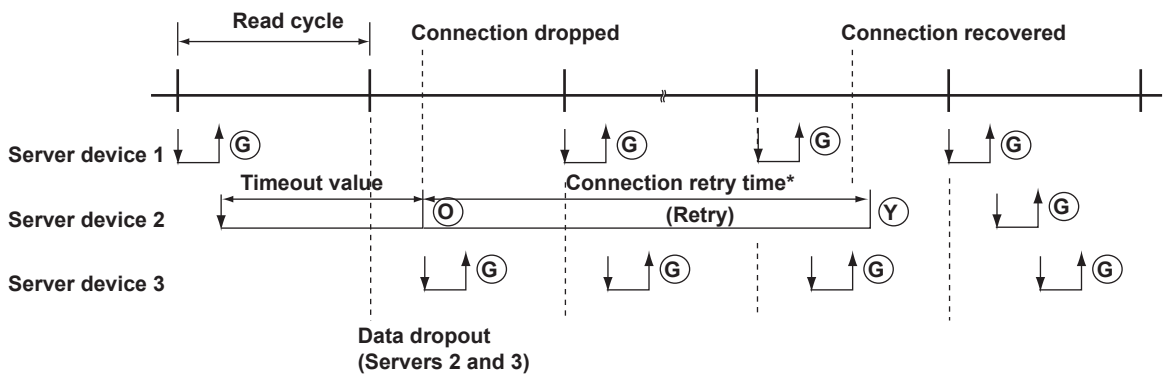
### 1. When the response from the server device takes a long time



### 2. When the connection is dropped because there is no response from the server device



### 3. When the communication recovers by connection retry



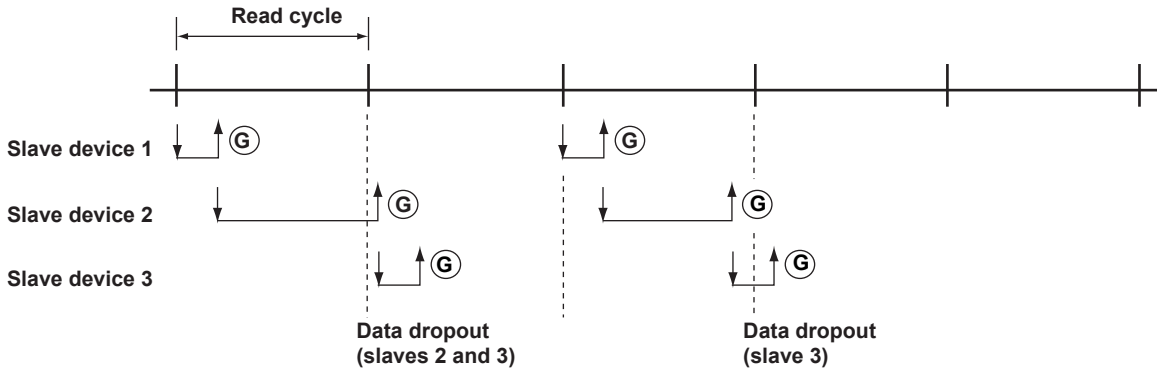
(G) (Y) (O) (R) : Status lamp  
 ↓ : Command from the DX  
 ↑ : Response from the server device

\* The first connection retry after the connection is dropped is shorter than the specified interval. The status lamp condition is an example when connection retry is configured.

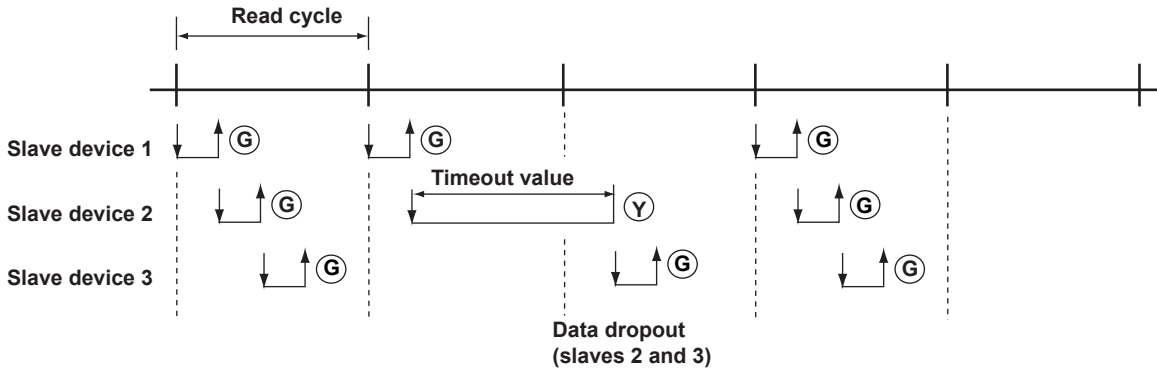
### Data Dropout during Modbus Master

If the response to the previous command is not complete when the DX attempts to issue a command to a slave device, the DX command cannot issue the command causing a data dropout. Take appropriate measures by referring to the following figures.

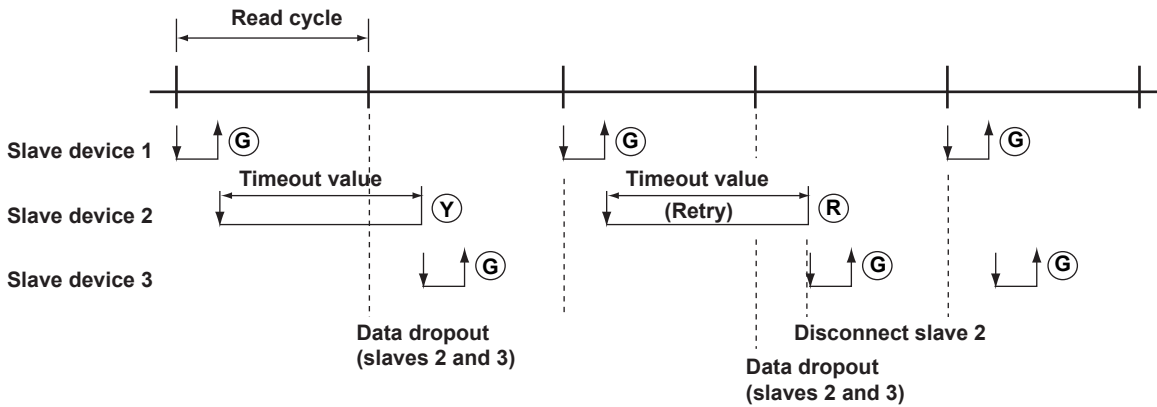
**1. When the response from the slave device takes a long time**



**2. When there is no response from the slave device**



**3. When the slave device that is not responding is disconnected (retry count is set to 1)**



(G) (Y) (R) Status lamp

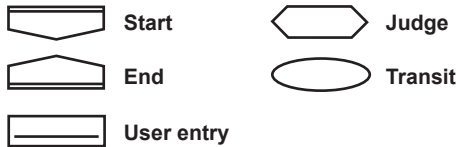
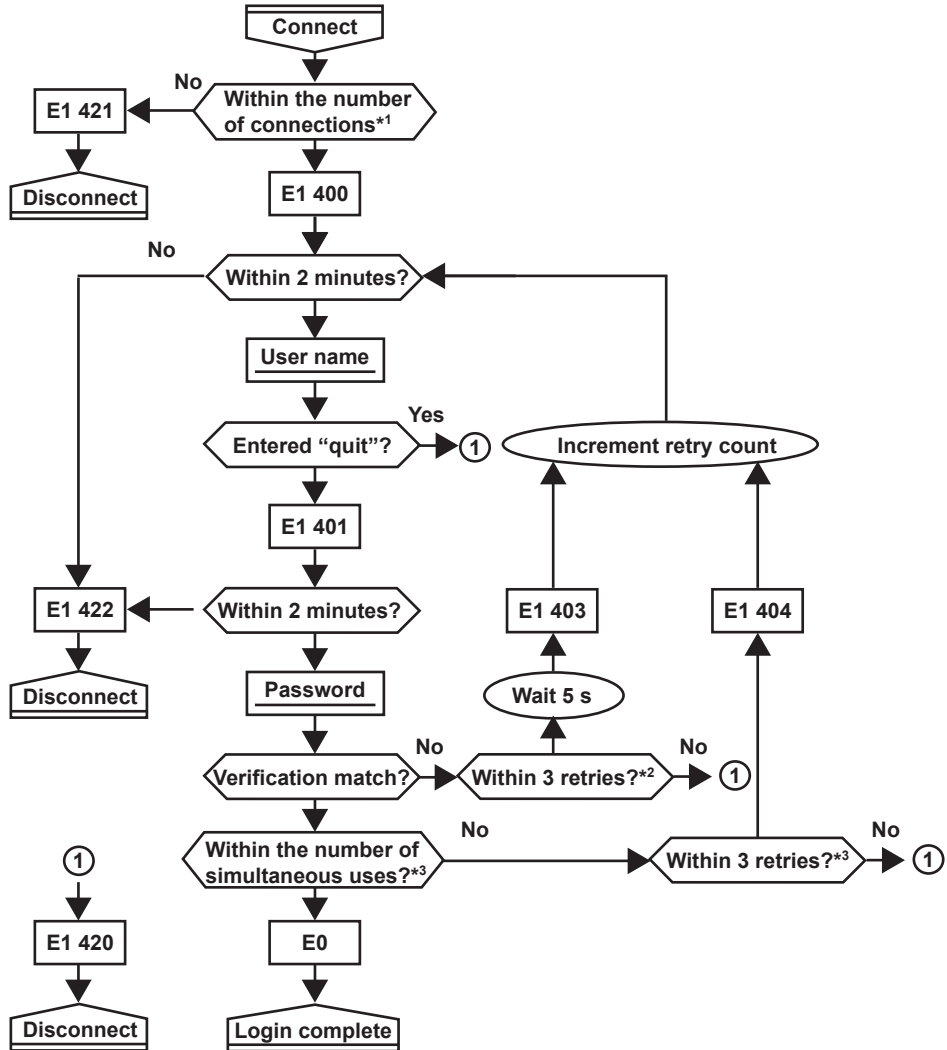
↓ : Command from the DX  
 ↑ : Response from the slave device



# Appendix 2 Login Procedure

You log into the DX from your PC to use the functionality of the setting/measurement server and the maintenance/test server via the Ethernet interface. If you complete the procedure successfully up to login complete in the following figure, the commands in chapter 3 become functional.

## When Using the Login Function (Standard Security Function) of the DX



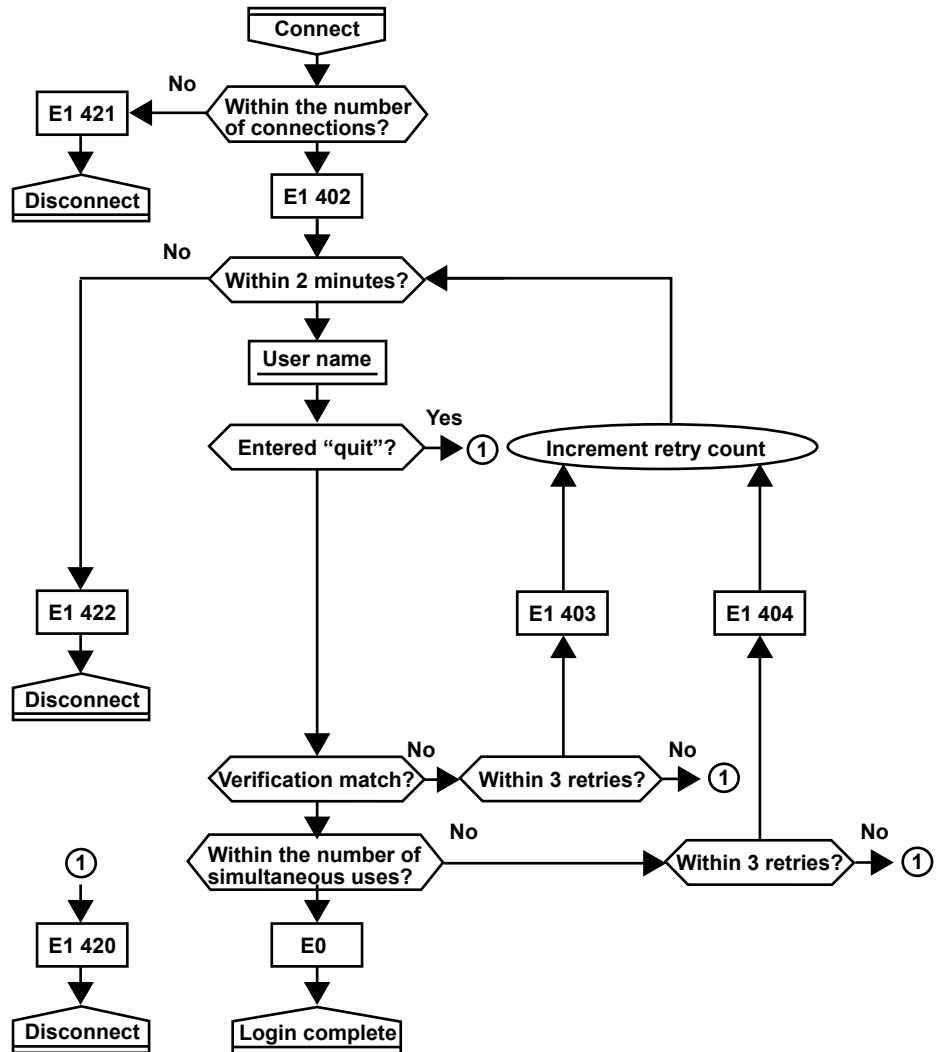
**E1 403** Response from the DX (message omitted)  
 For a description of the response format, see section 6.1.  
 Code (for a description of codes and messages, see page App-17)

- \*1 Connections cannot exceed the maximum number of connections (see section 2.1).
- \*2 If you try to log in using a wrong password four consecutive times, the communication is dropped (the number of retries for login is three).
- \*3 If you try to log in causing the number of simultaneous uses at the administrator or user level to be exceeded (see section 2.1) four consecutive times, the communication is dropped (even if the password is correct).

**When Not Using the Login Function of the DX**

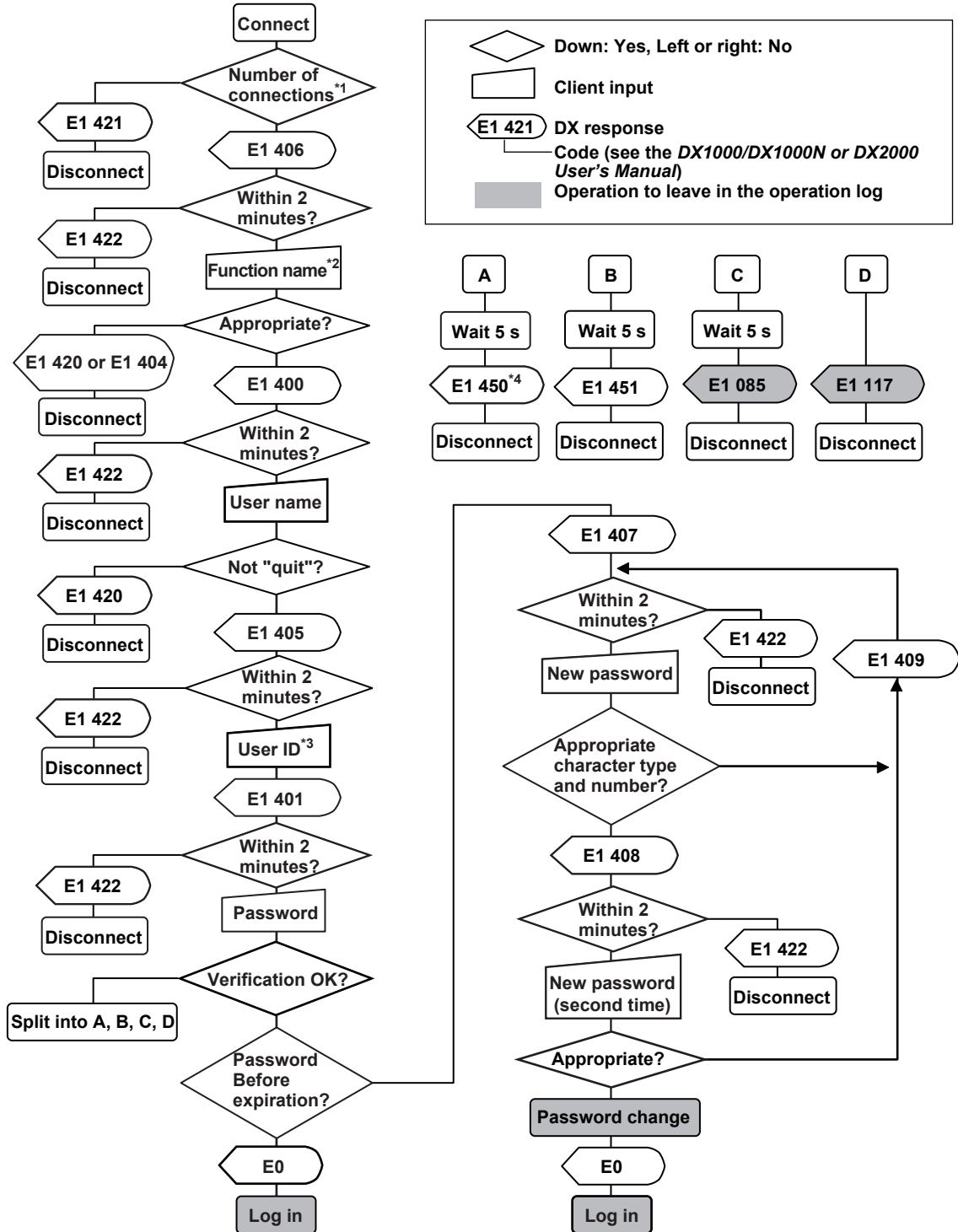
Login as "admin" or "user."

- The user name "admin" can be used to login to the DX as an administrator.
- The user name "user" can be used to access the DX as a user.



**When Using the Login Function on a DX With the /AS1 Advanced Security Option**

The following is the flow of the setting/measurement server login operation.



\*1 For information about the maximum number of simultaneous connections, see section 6.1.  
 \*2 Function name: Enter "setting" to select the setting function and "monitor" to select the monitoring function.  
 \*3 The user ID is requested even for settings that do not use it, but for these settings, you can enter anything you want to.  
 \*4 If using the password management function (/AS1 option), the following error code is also output.  
 006, 110, 114, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775  
 For information on login conditions, see section 1.12. For error codes, see chapter 10 (DX1000/DX1000N) or chapter 11 (DX2000) in the *DX1000/DX1000N* or *DX2000 User's Manual* (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).

## Appendix 3 ASCII Character Codes

|              |   | Upper 4 bits |     |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |              |   |   |   |   |
|--------------|---|--------------|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|---|---|---|---|
|              |   | 0            | 1   | 2  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B            | C | D | E | F |
| Lower 4 bits | 0 |              |     | SP | 0 | @ | P |   | p |   |   |   |              | À | Ð | à | ð |
|              | 1 |              |     |    | 1 | A | Q | a | q |   |   | i |              | Á | Ñ | á | ñ |
|              | 2 |              |     |    | 2 | B | R | b | r |   |   |   | <sup>2</sup> | Â | Ò | â | ò |
|              | 3 |              |     | #  | 3 | C | S | c | s |   |   |   | <sup>3</sup> | Ã | Ó | ã | ó |
|              | 4 |              |     |    | 4 | D | T | d | t |   |   |   |              | Ä | Ô | ä | ô |
|              | 5 |              |     | %  | 5 | E | U | e | u |   |   |   | μ            | Å | Õ | å | õ |
|              | 6 |              |     | &  | 6 | F | V | f | v |   |   |   |              | Æ | Ö | æ | ö |
|              | 7 |              |     |    | 7 | G | W | g | w |   |   |   |              | Ç | × | ç | ÷ |
|              | 8 |              |     | (  | 8 | H | X | h | x |   |   |   |              | È | Ø | è | ø |
|              | 9 |              |     | )  | 9 | I | Y | i | y |   |   |   |              | É | Ù | é | ù |
|              | A | LF           |     | *  | : | J | Z | j | z |   |   |   |              | Ê | Ú | ê | ú |
|              | B |              | ESC | +  | ; | K | [ | k |   |   |   |   |              | Ë | Û | ë | û |
|              | C |              |     | ,  |   | L |   | l |   |   |   |   |              | Ì | Ü | ì | ü |
|              | D | CR           |     | -  |   | M | ] | m |   |   |   |   |              | Í | Ý | í | ý |
|              | E |              |     | .  |   | N | ° | n |   |   |   |   |              | Î | Þ | î | þ |
|              | F |              |     | /  | ? | O | _ | o |   |   |   |   |              | Ï | ß | ï |   |

- The delimiter (,), sub delimiter (;), query symbol (?), and terminator (CR+LF) characters are reserved. You cannot use them as parameter characters.

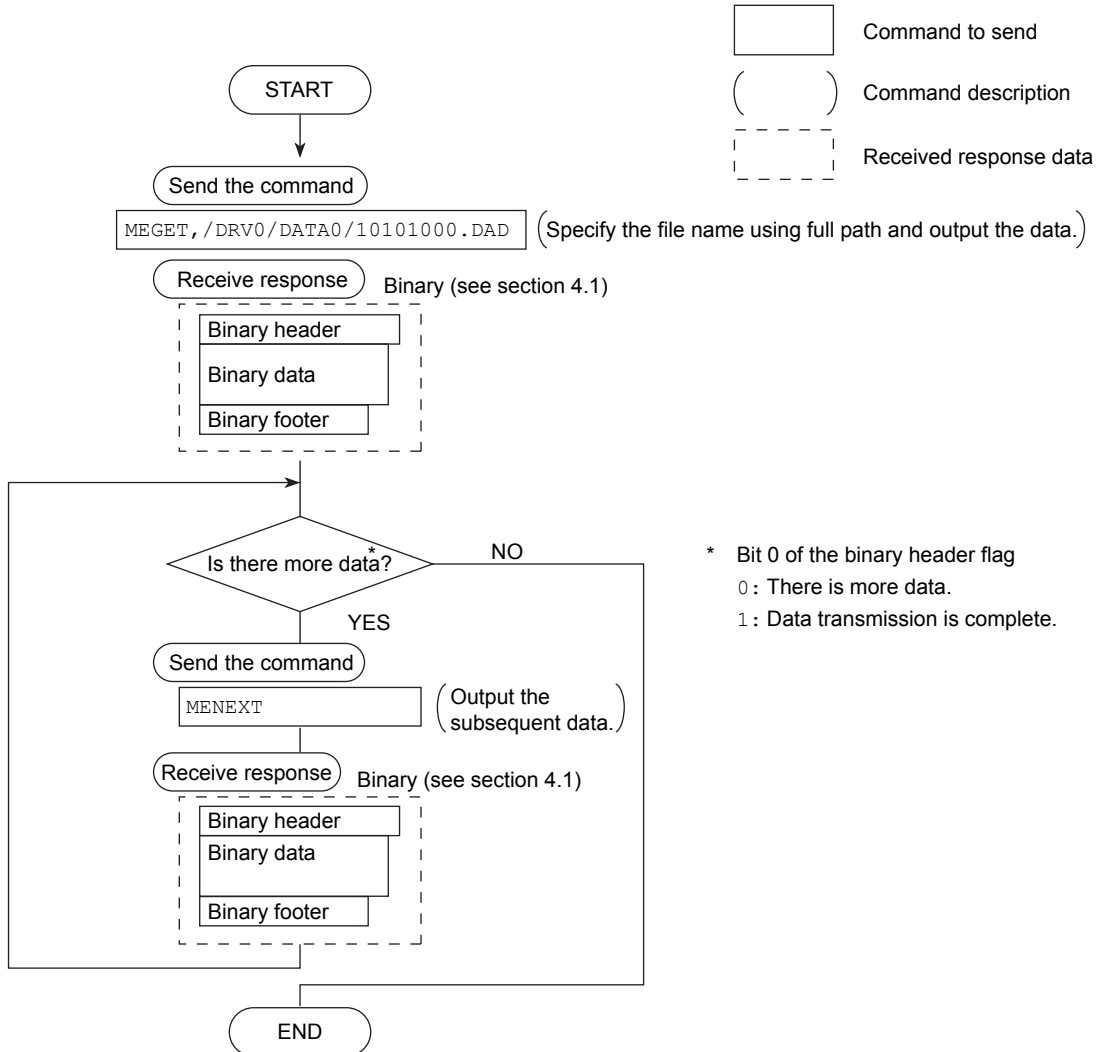
### German and French only

| Used for           |                                 | Command |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------|
| Tag                | Tag                             | ST      |
| Message            | Message                         | SG      |
| Arbitrary message  | Message                         | BJ      |
| Group              | Group name                      | SX      |
| File header        | File header                     | TZ      |
| Batch text field   | Field title<br>Field characters | BH      |
| Batch comment      | Comment character string        | BU      |
| Four panel display | Screen group name               | SY      |
| E-mail             | Header 1<br>Header 2            | YU      |

# Appendix 4 Output Flow of the File or the File List on the External Storage Medium and Internal Memory

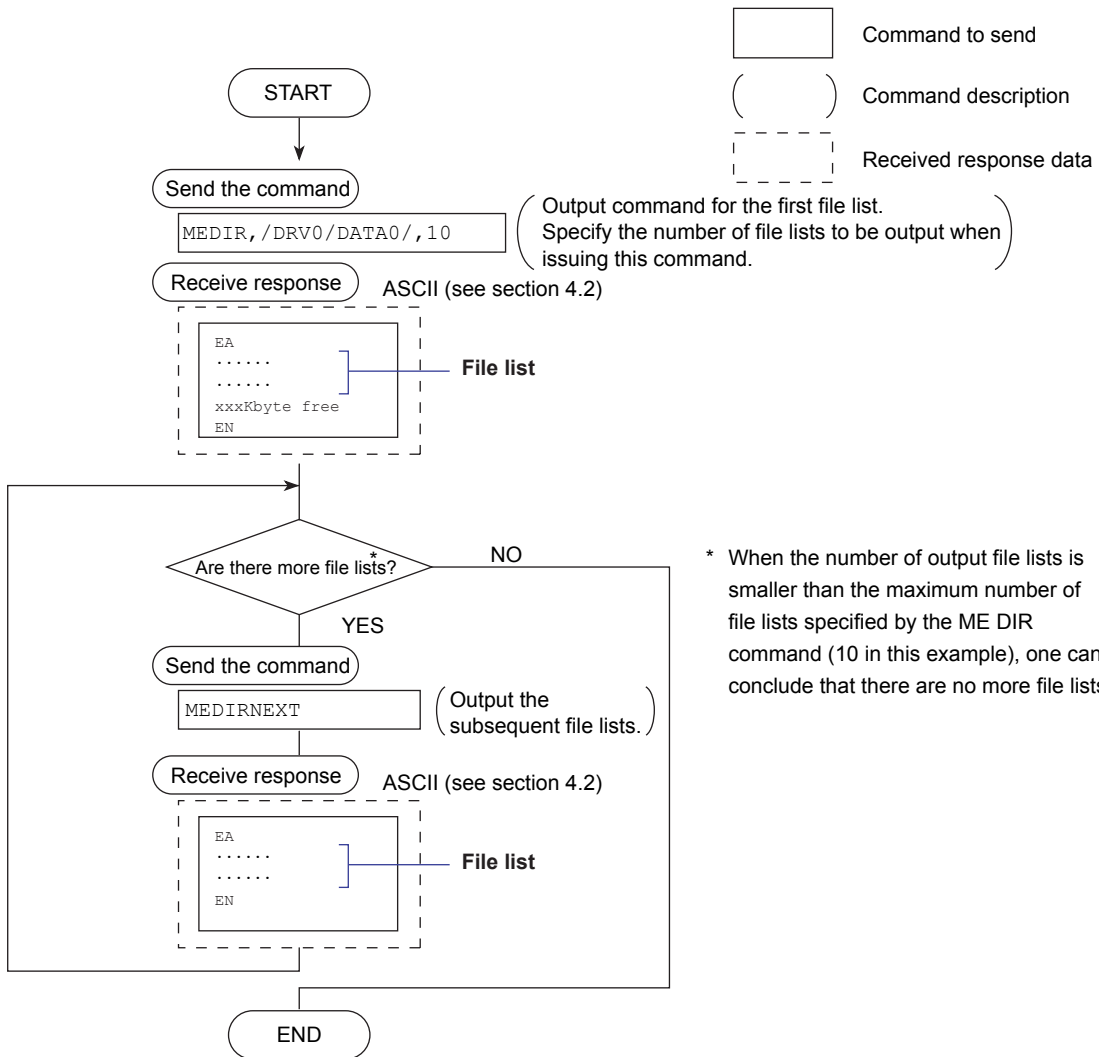
## Example in Which the File 10101000.DAD Is Output

The figure below shows the output flow of the file 10101000.DAD in the DATA0 directory of the external storage medium.



### Example in Which the File List Is Output 10 Files at a Time

The figure below shows the flow in which the file list in the DATA0 directory of the external storage medium is output 10 files at a time.

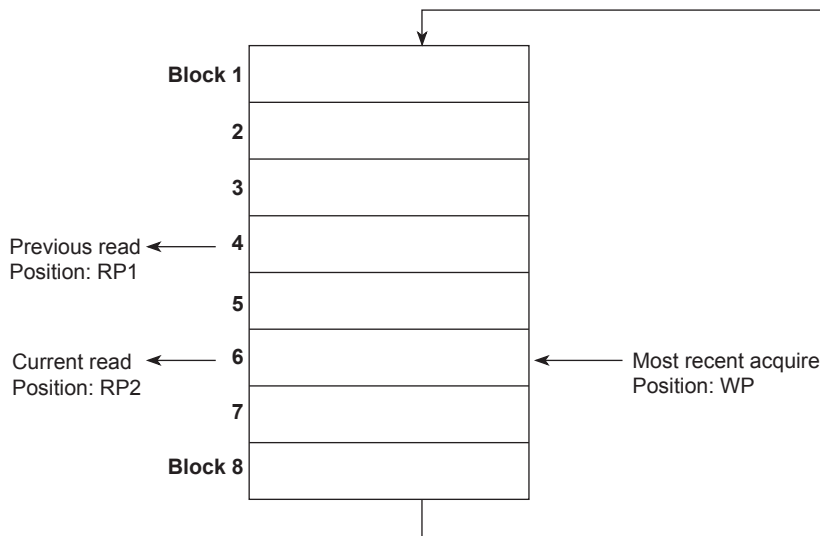


# Appendix 5 Flow Chart of the FIFO Data Output

## Overview of the FIFO Buffer

The DX has a dedicated internal memory for outputting measured/computed data. This memory is structured as a FIFO (First-In-First-Out). Measured/computed data are constantly acquired to the internal memory at the specified acquiring interval (FIFO acquiring interval, set with the FR command). By using this function, it is possible to read measured/computed data that have been saved at the specified intervals regardless of the frequency at which the PC periodically reads the measured/computed data.

The following example shows the case when the acquisition interval is 1 s and the capacity of the FIFO memory is for 8 intervals.



- **Acquiring of the Measured/Computed Data**

- The measured/computed data are acquired to the internal memory at 1 s intervals.
- Measured/computed data is acquired to positions 1 through 8 in order. After acquiring to position 8, the next data is acquired to position 1.

- **Reading the Measured/Computed Data (FF GET command is used)**

Outputs the data from the previous read position (RP1) to the most recent acquisition position (WP).

In this example, more than 2 s has elapsed from the previous read operation.

Therefore, data in blocks 5 and 6 are output.

The size of the internal memory reserved for FIFO (FIFO buffer data size) varies depending on the model.

| Model                                                      | Data size                                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DX1002, DX1004, DX2004, and DX2008                         | 1200 intervals (30 s at the fastest acquisition interval of 25 ms) |
| DX1006, DX1012, DX2010, DX2020, DX2030, DX2040, and DX2048 | 240 intervals (30 s at the fastest acquisition interval of 125 ms) |
| Models with the external channel input option              | 60 intervals (60 s at the fastest acquisition interval of 1 s)     |

---

Blank



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