ENGINEERING TOMORROW



User Guide

Controller for appliance control AK-CC 525A

ADAP-KOOL® Refrigeration control systems





Introduction

Application

Complete refrigeration appliance control.

Advantages

- Energy optimisation of the whole refrigeration appliance
- · Quick set-up with predefined settings
- Built-in data communication
- Built-in clock function with power reserve

Principle

The temperature in the appliance is registered by one or two temperature sensors which are located in the air flow before the evaporator (S3) or after the evaporator (S4) respectively. A setting for thermostat, alarm thermostat and display reading determines the influence the two sensor values should have for each individual function.

The temperature of the evaporator is registered with the S5 sensor which can be used as a defrosting sensor.

In addition to the outlet to the electronic injection valve of the type AKV, the controller has 5 relay outputs.

Functions

- Day/night thermostat with ON/OFF or modulating principle
- Switch between thermostat settings via digital input
- · Adaptive control of superheat
- Start of defrost via schedule, digital input or network
- · Natural or electric defrost
- Stop of defrost on time and/or temperature
- Coordination of defrosting among several controls
- \bullet Pulsing of fans when thermostat is satisfied
- Door function
- Light control
- Factory calibration that will guarantee a better measuring accuracy than stated in the standard EN 13485 without subsequent calibration (Pt 1000 ohm sensor)
- Integrated MODBUS communication with the option of mounting a LonWorks communication card.

Application

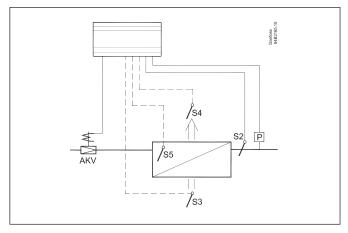
The controller can be set so that relay DO3 is used for one of the following functions:

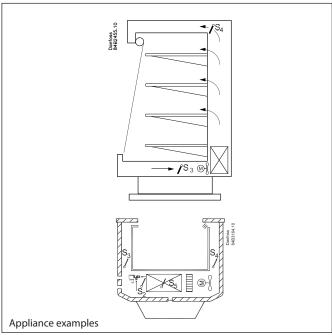
Cooling

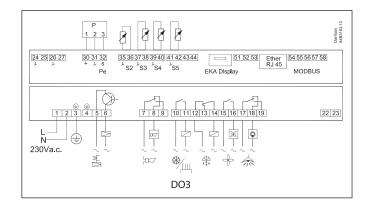
Here the relay is active when cooling is necessary.

• Rail heat

Here the relay controls the effect to the rail heat.







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Regulating functions

Liquid injection

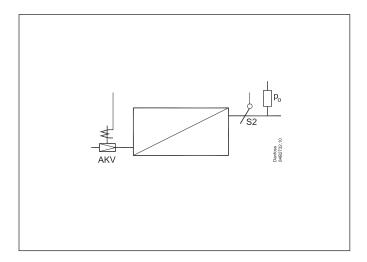
Liquid injection in the evaporator is controlled by an electronic injection valve of the type AKV. The valve functions as both expansion valve and solenoid valve. The valve opens and closes using signals from the controller.

The function contains an adaptive algorithm which independently adjusts the valve's opening so that the evaporator constantly supplies optimum refrigeration.

Superheat can be measured via:

Pressure sensor Po and temperature sensor S2
 For this use a correct measurement of superheat is achieved under all conditions which ensures a very robust and precise control.

The signal from one pressure transmitter can be used by several controllers, but only if there is no significant pressure difference between the evaporators in question.



Temperature control

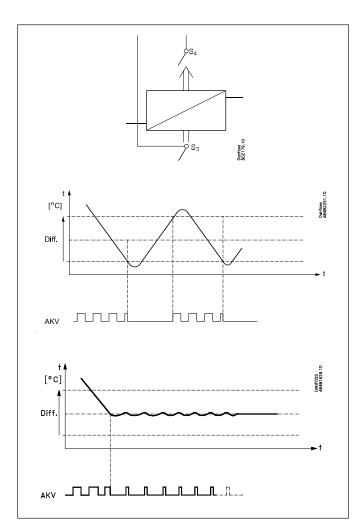
The temperature in the appliance is registered by one or two temperature sensors which are located in the air flow before the evaporator (S3) or after the evaporator (S4) respectively. A setting for the thermostat, alarm thermostat and display reading determines how much the two sensor values should influence each individual function, e.g. 50% will produce an equal value from both sensors.

The actual temperature control can take place in two ways: as an ordinary ON/OFF regulation with a differential, or as a modulating control there the temperature variation will not be nearly as great as in ON/OFF control. There is however a limit to the use of a modulating control as it can only be used in central plant. In a decentralised plant the thermostat function with ON/OFF control should be selected.

In a central plant the thermostat function may either be selected for ON/OFF control or modulating control.

Temperature monitoring

Just as is possible for the thermostat, the alarm monitoring can be set with a weighting between S3 and S4 so that you can decide how much the two sensor values should influence the alarm monitoring. Minimum and maximum limits can be set for alarm temperature and time delays. A longer time delay can be set for high temperature alarm. This time delay is active after defrosting and start-up.





Thermostat displacement

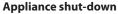
Thermostat displacement can be used beneficially for appliances where different product types are stored which require different temperature conditions. It is possible to change between two different thermostat settings via a contact signal on a digital input. During a thermostat displacement, the alarm limits will be displaced accordingly.



In refrigeration appliances there may be big load differences between the shop's opening and closing hours, especially if night lids/blinds are used. The thermostat reference may be raised here without it having any effect on the product temperature.

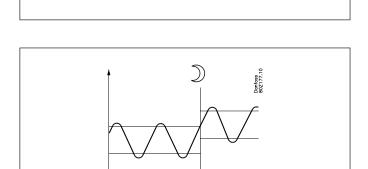
Change-over between day and night operation can take place, as follows:

- via an external switch signal.
- via a signal from the data communication system.
- Alarm limits are not displaced during night operation.



The function closes the AKV valve and all outputs are switched off. The cooling appliance is stopped like the "Main switch", but this happens without an "A45 standby alarm".

The function can be enabled by a switch on the DI input or via a setting through data communication.



Defrost

Depending on the application you may choose between the following defrost methods:

Natural: Here the fans are kept operating during the defrost

Electric: The heating element is activated

Gas: Simple hotgas defrost where compressor is running

during defrost.

Defrost sequence

- 1) Pump down
- 2) Defrost
- 3) Waiting position after defrost (coordinated defrost only)
- 4) Drip off
- 5) Delay of fan

Start of defrost

A defrost can be started in different ways

Interval: Defrost is started at fixed time intervals, say, every eighth hour. An interval must ALWAYS be set to a "higher" value than the period set between two defrostings when a schedule or network signal is used.

Refrigeration time: Defrost is started at fixed refrigeration time intervals, in other words, a low need for refrigeration will "postpone" the defrost

Schedule: Here defrost can be started at fixed times of the day and night. However, max. 6 times

Contact: Defrost is started with a contact signal on a digital input Network: The signal for defrost is received from a system unit via the data communication

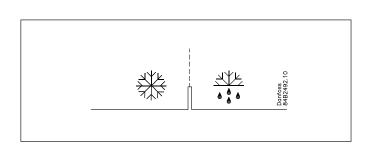
Manual: An extra defrost can be activated from the display lowermost button or via parameter setting

All the mentioned methods can be used at random – if just of them is activated a defrost will be started.

Stop of defrost

Defrosting can be stopped by either:

- Time
- Temperature (with time as safety).





Coordinated defrost

There are two ways in which coordinated defrost can be arranged. Either with wire connections between the controllers or via data communication

Wire connections

The digital input DI2 is connected between the current controllers. When one controller starts a defrost all the other controllers will follow suit and likewise start a defrost. After the defrost the individual controllers will move into waiting position. When all are in waiting position there will be a change-over to refrigeration.

Coordination via data communication

Here the system unit handles the coordination.

The controllers are gathered in defrosting groups and the system unit ensures that defrosting is started in the group according to a weekly schedule.

When a controller has completed defrosting, it sends a message to the system unit and then goes into a waiting position. When every controller in the group is in a waiting position, refrigeration is again permitted in all the individual controllers.

Defrost on demand

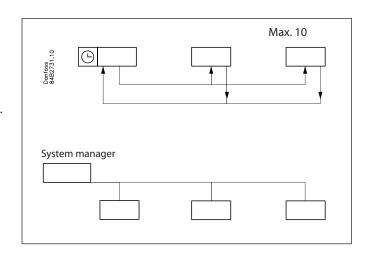
1 Based on refrigeration time When the aggregate refrigeration time has passed a fixed time, a defrost will be started.

Melting function

This function will stop the air flow in the evaporator from being reduced by frost created by uninterrupted operation for a long time. The function is activated if the thermostat temperature has remained in the range between -5°C and +10°C for a longer period than the set melting interval. The refrigeration will then be stopped during the set melting period. The frost will be melted so that the air flow and hence the evaporator's capacity will be greatly improved.

Real-time clock

The controller has a built-in real-time clock which can be used to start defrosts. This clock has a power reserve of four hours. If the controller is equipped with data communication, the clock will automatically be updated from the system unit.





Fan

Pulse control

To obtain energy savings it is possible to pulse control the power supply to the fans at the evaporators.

Pulse control can be accomplished in one of the following ways:

- during the thermostat's cutout period (cold room)
- during night operation and during the thermostat's cutout period (appliance with night lid)

(The function is not actual when r14=2, i.e. modulating regulation).

A period of time is set as well as the percentage of this period of time where the fans have to be operating.

Cutout of fans during plant breakdowns

If the refrigeration in a breakdown situation stops, the temperature in the cold room may rise quickly as a result of the power supply from large fans. In order to prevent this situation the controller can stop the fans if the temperature at S5 exceeds a set limit value.

Light function

The function can be used for controlling the light in a refrigeration appliance or in a cold room. It can also be used for controlling a motorised night blind.

The light function can be defined in three ways:

- the light is controlled via a signal from a door contact. Together with this function a time delay can be set so that the light is kept on for a period of time after the door has been closed.
- the light is controlled via the day/night function
- the light is controlled via the data communication from a system unit.

Here there are two operational options if data communication should fail:

- The light can go ON
- The light can stay in its current mode.

The light load must be connected to the NC switch on the relay. This ensures that the light remains on in the appliance if power to the controller should fail.

The light is switched off when "r12" (Main switch) is set to off (see o98).

Digital inputs

There are two digital inputs DI1 and DI2 with contact function and one digital input DI3 with high voltage signal.

They can be used for the following functions:

- Retransmission of contacts position via data communication
- Door contact function with alarm
- Starting a defrost
- Main switch start/stop of cooling
- Night setback
- Thermostat displacement
- General alarm monitoring
- Case shut down
- Coordinated defrost (DI2 only)
- Forced closing of valve (DI 3 only)

Period time	
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Inpu	ıt/Settings ı	Setting		
DI1	DI2	DI3		
o02	o37	o84		
+	+	+	0	
+	+	+	1	
+	+	+	2	
+	+	+	3	
+	+	+	4	
+	+	+	5	
+	+	+	6	
+	+	+	7	
+	+		8	
+	+		9	
	+		13	
		+	14	
+	+	+	15	
	DI1 002 + + + + + + + + + + +	DI1 DI2 002 037 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	002 037 084 + + + + + + + +	

Example

If DI1 is used to start a defrost cycle, o02 must be set to 4.



Forced closing

The AKV valves can be closed with an external signal ("Forced closing").

The function must be used in connection with the compressor's safety circuit, so that there will be no injection of liquid into the evaporator when the compressor is stopped by the safety controls. (However not at low pressure – LP).

If a defrost cycle is in progress, the forced closing status will not be re-established until the defrost is completed. Otherwise, the defrost cycle is stopped immediately once the signal is received. The function is defined in o90. The signal can be received from the DI3-input or via the data communication.

During a forced closing the fans can be defined to be stopped or in operation.

Door contact

The door contact function can via the digital inputs be defined for two different applications:

Alarm monitoring

The controller monitors the door contact and delivers an alarm message if the door has been opened for a longer period than the set alarm delay.

Alarm monitoring and stop of refrigeration

When the door is opened the refrigeration is stopped, i.e. the injection, the compressor and the fan are stopped and light switch on.

If the door remains open for a longer time than the set restart time, refrigeration will be resumed. This will ensure that refrigeration is maintained even if the door is left open or if the door contact should be defective. If the door remains open for a longer period than the set alarm delay an alarm will also be triggered.

Railheat (o61=2)

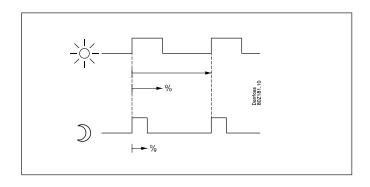
It is possible to pulse-control the power to the rail heat in order to save energy. Pulse control can be controlled according to day/night load.

Pulse control according to day and night

Various ON periods can be set for day and night operation. A period time is set as well as the percentage part of the period in which the rail heat is ON.

During defrosting

During defrosting rail heat will be active, as selected in setting d27.





Data communication

The controller has fixed built-in MODBUS data communication.

If there is a requirement for a different form of data communication, a Lon RS 485 or DANBUSS module can be inserted in the controller.

The connection must then be to terminal RS 485.

(To use a Lon RS 485 module and gateway type AKA 245 the AKA 245 must be Version 6.20 or higher.)

Display

The controller has one plug for a display. Here display type EKA 163B or EKA 164B (max. length 15m) can be connected. EKA 163B is a display for readings.

EKA 164B is both for readings and operation.

The connection between display and controller may be with a cable which has a plug at both ends.

If the distance between display and controller is greater than 15 m, the connection must take another form.

An extra module must also be mounted in the controller if data communication is used.

The built-in MODBUS data communication is used so that the display connection and the data communication to the other controllers must take place via a module. The module can be: Lon RS 485, DANBUSS or MODBUS.

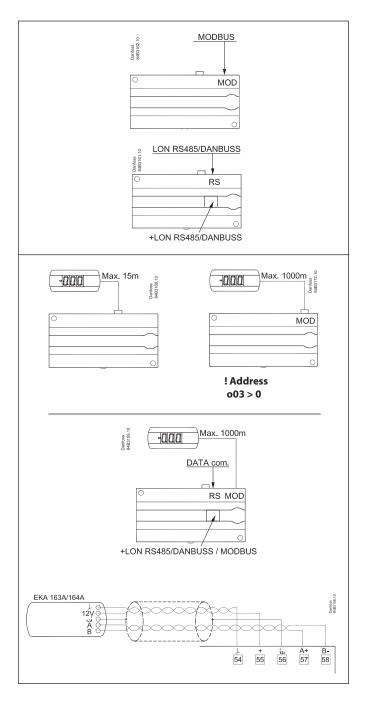
When a display is to be connected to the built-in MODBUS, the display can advantageously be changed to one of the same type, but with Index A (version with screw terminals).

The controllers address must be set higher than 0 in order for the display to be able to communicate with the controller.

If connection of two displays is required, one must be connected to the plug (max. 15 m) and the other must then be connected to the fixed data communication.

Important

All connections to the data communication MODBUS, DANBUSS and RS 485 must comply with the requirements for data communication cables. See literature: RC8AC.



Override

The controller contains a number of functions which can be used together with the override function in the master gateway/system manager.

Function via data communication	Function in gateway/system manager	Used parameters in AK-CC 525A
Start of defrosting	Defrost control / Time schedule / Defrost group	Def start
Coordinated defrost	Defrost control / Defrost group	HoldAfterDef / DefrostState
Prevent defrost start		Disable Def
Day/Night schedule	Day/Night control / Time schedule / Light zone	Night setback
Light control	Day/Night control / Time schedule	O39 light Remote
Forced closing	Forced Close / Injection ON / AKC ON	Forced cl.
P0 optimization	P0 Optimization	The controller supports P0 optimization
Case shutdown	Day/night control / Time schedule	Case shutdown



Survey of functions

Function	Para- meter	Parameter by operation via data communication
Normal display		
Normally the temperature value from one of the two thermostat sensors S3 or S4 or a mixture of the two measurements is displayed. In o17 the ratio is determined.		Display air (u56)
Thermostat	r	Thermostat control
Set point Regulation is based on the set value plus a displacement, if applicable. The value is set via a push on the centre button. The set value can be locked or limited to a range with the settings in r02 and r 03. The reference at any time can be seen in "u91 Cutout temp".	r00	Cutout °C
Differential When the temperature is higher than the reference + the set differential, the compressor relay will be cut in. It will cut out again when the temperature comes down to the set reference. Ref. Dif.	r01	Differential
Setpoint limitation The controller's setting range for the setpoint may be narrowed down, so that much too high or much too low values are not set accidentally - with resulting damages.		
To avoid a too high setting of the setpoint, the max. allowable reference value may be lowered.	r02	Max cutout °C
To avoid a too low setting of the setpoint, the min. allowable reference value may be increased.	r03	Min cutout °C
Correction of the display's temperature If the temperature at the products and the temperature received by the controller are not identical, an offset adjustment of the display temperature can be carried out.	r04	Disp. Adj. K
Temperature unit Set here if the controller is to show temperature values in °C or in °F.	r05	Temp. unit °C=0. / °F=1 (Only °C on AKM, whatever the setting)
Correction of signal from S4 Compensation possibility due to long sensor cable	r09	Adjust S4
Correction of signal from S3 Compensation possibility due to long sensor cable	r10	Adjust S3
Start / stop of refrigeration With this setting refrigeration can be started, stopped or a manual override of the outputs can be allowed. (For manual control the value is set at -1. Then the AKV outlet and the relay outlets can be force-controlled by the respective reading parameters (u23, u58, etc.). Here the read value can be overwritten.) Start / stop of refrigeration can also be accomplished with the external switch function connected to a DI input. Stopped refrigeration will give a "Standby alarm".	r12	Main Switch 1: Start 0: Stop -1: Manual control of outputs allowed
Night setback value The thermostat's reference will be the setpoint plus this value when the controller changes over to night operation. (Select a negative value if there is to be cold accumulation.)	r13	Night offset
Thermostat function Here it is defined how the thermostat is to operate. Either as an ordinary ON/OFF thermostat or as a modulating thermostat. 1: ON/OFF thermostat 2: Modulating	r14	Therm. mode
When operation is "modulating" the AKV valve will limit the flow of refrigerant so that the temperature variation will be less than for the ON/OFF thermostat. The differential (r01) must not be set lower than 2K for "modulating".		
In a decentralised plant you must select the ON/OFF thermostat setting.		
Selection of thermostat sensor Here you define the sensor the thermostat is to use for its control function. S3, S4, or a combination of them. With the setting 0%, only S3 is used (Sin). With 100%, only S4.	r15	Ther. S4 %



Melt function Only for control of refrigeration (-5 to $+10^{\circ}$ C). The function ensures that the evaporator will not be blocked by frost. Here you set how often the function is to stop the refrigeration and hence transform the frost to water (or ice if there is too much frost).	r16	MeltInterval
Melt period Here you set how long an on-going melt function is to last.	r17	Melt period
Thermostat displacement The thermostat reference can be displaced in a positive or negative direction when a signal is received on a DI input. The value is set in Kelvin. When the reference displacement is active, the two alarm limits, A13 and A14, will be displaced accordingly.	r40	Th. offset K
		Night setbck (start of nightsignal. 0=Day, 1=Night)
		Forced close (Forced stop of cooling)
Alarm	A	Alarm settings
The controller can give alarm in different situations. When there is an alarm all the light-emitting diodes (LED) will flash on the external display, and the alarm relay will cut in.		With data communication the importance of the individual alarms can be defined. Setting is carried out in the "Alarm destinations" menu via AKM.
Alarm delay (short alarm delay on air temperature) If the upper or the lower alarm limit values are exceeded, a timer function will commence. The alarm will not become active until the set time delay has been passed. The time delay is set in minutes.	A03	Alarm delay
Time delay for door alarm The time delay is set in minutes. The function is defined in o02, o37 or in o84.	A04	DoorOpen del
Time delay for cooling (long alarm delay) This time delay is used during start-up and during defrost. There will be change-over to the normal time delay (A03) when the temperature has dropped below the set upper alarm limit. The time delay is set in minutes.	A12	Pulldown del
Upper alarm limit Here you set when the alarm for high temperature is to start. The limit value is set in °C (absolute value). The limit value will be raised during night operation. The value is the same as the one set for night setback, but will only be raised if the value is positive.	A13	HighLim Air
Lower alarm limit Here you set when the alarm for low temperature is to start. The limit value is set in °C (absolute value).	A14	LowLim Air
Delay of a DI1 alarm A cut-out/cut-in input will result in alarm when the time delay has been passed. The function is defined in o02.	A27	Al.Delay DI1
Delay of a DI2 alarm A cut-out/cut-in input will result in alarm when the time delay has been passed. The function is defined in o37	A28	Al.Delay DI2
Signal to the alarm thermostat Here you have to define the ratio between the sensors which the alarm thermostat has to use. S3, S4 or a combination of the two. With setting 0% only S3 is used. With 100% only S4 is used	A36	Alarm S4%
		Reset alarm
Compressor	C	Compressor control
The compressor relay works in conjunction with the thermostat. When the thermostat calls for refrigeration the compressor relay be operated.		
Running times To prevent irregular operation, values can be set for the time the compressor is to run once it has been started. And for how long it at least has to be stopped. The running times are not observed when defrosts start.		
Min. ON-time (in minutes)	c01	Min. On time
Min. OFF-time (in minutes)	c02	Min. Off time
The LED on the display will show whether refrigeration is in progress.		u58 comp7/LLSV Here you can read the status of the compressor relay.



Defrost	d	Defrost control
The controller contains a timer function that is zeroset after each defrost start.		
The timer function will start a defrost if/when the interval time is passed.		
The timer function starts when voltage is connected to the controller, but it is dis-		
placed the first time by the setting in d05.		
If there is power failure the timer value will be saved and continue from here when		
the power returns.		
This timer function can be used as a simple way of starting defrosts, but it will always		
act as safety defrost if one of the subsequent defrost starts is not received. The controller also contains a real-time clock. By means of settings of this clock and		
times for the required defrost times, defrost can be started at fixed times of the day.		
Defrost start can also be accomplished via data communication, via contact signals or		
manual start-up.		
All starting methods will function in the controller. The different functions have to be		
set, so that multiple defrosts are avoided.		
The actual defrost will be stopped based on time or temperature with a signal from a		
temperature sensor.		
Defrost method	d01	Def. method
Here you set whether defrost is to be accomplished with electrical heaters, hotgas or		0 = Off
"Off".		1 = El
During defrost the defrost relay will be cut in.		2 = Gas
Defrost stop temperature	d02	Def. Stop Temp
The defrost is stopped at a given temperature which is measured with a sensor (the		
sensor is defined in d10).		
The temperature value is set.		
Interval between defrost starts	d03	Def Interval
The function is zeroset and will start the timer function at each defrost start. When		(0=off)
the time has expired the function will start a defrost.		
The function is used as a simple defrost start, or it may be used as a safeguard if the normal signal fails to appear.		
If master/slave defrost without clock function or without data communication is used,		
the interval time will be used as max. time between defrosts.		
If a defrost start via data communication does not take place, the interval time will be		
used as max. time between defrosts.		
When there is defrost with clock function or data communication, the interval time		
must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as the interval time will otherwise start a defrost which a little later will be followed by the		
planned one.		
In connection with power failure the interval time will be maintained, and when the		
power returns the interval time will continue from the maintained value.		
The interval time is not active when set to 0.		
Max. defrost duration	d04	Max Def. time
This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has not already been a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.		
(The setting is the defrost time if d10 is set to 0.)		
Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up	d05	Time Stagg.
The function is only relevant if you have several refrigeration appliances or groups	uos	Time stagg.
where you want the defrost to be staggered in relation to one another. The function is		
furthermore only relevant if you have chosen defrost with interval start (d03).		
The function delays the interval time d03 by the set number of minutes, but it only		
does it once, and this at the very first defrost taking place when voltage is connected		
to the controller. The function will be active after each and every power failure.		
Drip-off time	d06	DripOff time
Here you set the time that is to elapse from a defrost and until the compressor is to	400	
start again. (The time when water drips off the evaporator).		
	.107	F C44DI
Delay of fan start after defrost Here you set the time that is to elapse from compressor start after a defrest and until	d07	FanStartDel
Here you set the time that is to elapse from compressor start after a defrost and until the fan may start again. (The time when water is "tied" to the evaporator).		
	400	For Store Toron
Fan start temperature The fan may also be started a little earlier than mentioned under "Delay of fan start	d08	FanStartTemp
after defrost", if the defrost sensor S5 registers a lower value than the one set here.		
		1



Fan cut in during defrost Here you can set whether fan is to operate during defrost.	d09	FanDuringDef
0: Stopped (Runs during pump down)		
1: Running (stopped during "fan delay")		
2: Running during pump down and defrost. After that stopped		
Defrost sensor	d10	DefStopSens.
Here you define the defrost sensor. 0: None, defrost is based on time		
1: S5		
2: S4		
Pumpdown delay	d16	Pump dwn del.
Set the time where the evaporator is emptied of refrigerant prior to the defrost.		
Defrost on demand – aggregate refrigeration time Set here is the refrigeration time allowed without defrosts. If the time is passed, a	d18	MaxTherRunT
defrost will be started.		
With setting = 0 the function is cut out.		
Rail heat during defrost	d27	Railh. at def.
0=off. 1=on. 2=Pulsating		
Max. duration of -d- in the display	d40	Disp. d del.
Controls the readout of "-d-" after defrost, thus "-d-" is shown until the temperature is		
ok, set delay has expired, or a temperature alarm will occur.		Defined to the second
If you wish to see the temperature at the defrost sensor, push the controller's lower-most button. (May be changed to another function in o92.)		Defrost temp.
If you wish to start an extra defrost, push the controller's lowermost button for four		Def Start
seconds. You can stop an ongoing defrost in the same way		Here you can start a manual defrost
Tou can stop an ongoing denost in the same way		
		Hold After Def
		Shows ON when the controller is operating with coordinated defrost.
		Disable def.
		Defrost in progress can be stopped
		Defrost State
		Status on defrost 1= pump down / defrost
Fan	F	Fan control
Fan stop temperature The function stops the fans in an error situation, so that they will not provide power	F04	FanStopTemp.
to the appliance. If the defrost sensor registers a higher temperature than the one set		
here, the fans will be stopped. There will be re-start at 2 K below the setting.		
The function is not active during a defrost or start-up after a defrost.		
With setting +50°C the function is interrupted.		
Pulse operation of fan	F05	FanPulseMode
0: No pulse operation 1: Pulse operation when the thermostat does not call for refrigeration		
2: Pulse operation when the thermostat does not call for refrigeration, but only dur-		
ing night operation		
Pulse operation period for fan	F06	Fan cycle
Here the overall pulse time is set. The sum of ON-to and OFF time.		
ON time for fan	F07	Fan ON %
Here the % part of the period the fans are to be in operation is set.		
The LED on the external display will indicate whether a defrost is going on.		
Parameter for cooling function	n	
Max. value for the superheat reference	n09	Max SH
Min. value for the superheat reference	n10	Min SH
MOP temperature	n11	MOP temp
If no MOP function is required, select pos. OFF		(A value of 15 corresponds to OFF)
AKV valve's time period in seconds Should only be set to a lower value if it is a decentralised plant and the suction	n13	AKV Period
pressure fluctuates a lot and in line with the opening of the AKV valve.		
prostate interaction and the man the opening of the first valve.		



Miscellaneous	0	Miscellaneous
Delay of output signal after start-up After start-up or a power failure the controller's functions can be delayed so that over-loading of the electricity supply network is avoided. Here you can set the time delay.	o01	DelayOfOutp.
Digital input signal - DI1 The controller has a digital input 1 which can be used for one of the following functions:	o02	DI 1 Config. Definition takes place with the numerical value shown to the left.
Off: The input is not used 1) Status display of a contact function 2) Door function. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. The refrigeration and the fans are stopped and light switched on. When the time setting in "A04" is passed, an alarm will be given and refrigeration will be resumed (089). 3) Door alarm. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. When the time setting in "A04" is passed, there will be alarm. 4) Defrost. The function is started with a pulse signal. The controller will register when the DI input is activated. The controller will then start a defrost cycle. 5) Main switch. Regulation is carried out when the input is short-circuited, and regulation is stopped when the input is put in pos. OFF. 6) Night operation. When the input is short-circuited, there will be regulation for night operation. 7) Thermostat displacement. 8) Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is short-circuited. 9) Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is opened. (For 8 and 9 the time delay is set in A27) 15) Case shut down when the input is activated. If the controller is built into a network with data communication, it must have an address, and the master gateway of the data communication must then know this		(0 = off) DI state (Measurement) The DI input's present status is shown here. ON or OFF.
The address is set between 0 and 240, depending on the system unit and the selected data communication. If the system unit is gateway type AKA 245, the version must be 6.20 or higher.	003	
The address is sent to the gateway when the menu is set in pos. ON (The function is not used when the data communication is MODBUS)	o04	
Access code 1 (Access to all settings) If the settings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set a numerical value between 0 and 100. If not, you can cancel the function with setting 0. (99 will always give you access).	o05	Acc. code
Sensor type for S3, S4, S5 Normally a Pt 1000 sensor with great signal accuracy is used. But you can also use a PTC 1000 sensor with another signal accuracy. All the mounted sensors S3-S5 must be of the same type.	006	SensorConfig Pt = 0 PTC = 1
Local readout of software version	o08	SW version
Max. standby time after coordinated defrost When a controller has completed a defrost it will wait for a signal which tells that the refrigeration may be resumed. If this signal fails to appear for one reason or another, the controller will itself start the refrigeration when this standby time has elapsed.	o16	Max HoldTime
Select signal for the display S4% Here you define the signal to be shown by the display. S3, S4, or a combination of the two. With setting 0% only S3 is used. With 100% only S4.	o17	Disp. S4%
Pe. Working range for pressure transmitter - min. value	o20	MinTransPres
Pe. Working range for pressure transmitter - max. value	o21	MaxTransPres
Refrigerant setting (only if "r12" = 0) Before refrigeration is started, the refrigerant must be defined. You may choose between the following refrigerants 1=R12. 2=R22. 3=R134a. 4=R502. 5=R717. 6=R13. 7=R13b1. 8=R23. 9=R500. 10=R503. 11=R114. 12=R142b. 13=Userdefined. 14=R32. 15=R227. 16=R401A. 17=R507. 18=R402A. 19=R404A. 20=R407C. 21=R407A. 22=R407B. 23=R410A. 24=R170. 25=R290. 26=R600. 27=R600a. 28=R744. 29=R1270. 30=R417A. 31=R422A. 32=R413A. 33=R422D. 34=R427A. 35=R438A. 36=R513A. 37=R407F. 38=R1234ze. 39=R1234yf. 40=R448A. 41=R449A. 42=R452A. Warning: Wrong selection of refrigerant may cause damage to the compressor. Other refrigerants: Here Setting 13 is selected and then three factors -Ref.Fac a1, a2 and a3 - via AKM must be set.	o30	Refrigerant



Digital input signal - D2	o37	DI2 config.
The controller has a digital input 2 which can be used for one of the following func-		5
tions:		
Off: The input is not used.		
1) Status display of a contact function		
2) Door function. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. The refrig-		
eration and the fans are stopped. When the time setting in "A04" is passed, an alarm		
will be given and refrigeration resumed. (o89).		
3) Door alarm. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. When the time		
setting in "A04" is passed an alarm will be given.		
4) Defrost. The function is started with a pulse signal. The controller will register when		
the DI input is activated. The controller will then start a defrost cycle. If the signal		
is to be received by several controllers it is important that ALL connections are mounted the same way (DI to DI and GND to GND).		
5) Main switch. Regulation is carried out when the input is short-circuited, and regula-		
tion is stopped when the input is put in pos. OFF.		
6) Night operation. When the input is short-circuited, there will be regulation for		
night operation.		
7) Thermostat displacement		
8) Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is short-circuited.		
9) Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is opened.		
13) The input is used for coordinated defrost in conjunction with other controllers of		
the same type		
15) Case shut down when input is activated.		
Configuration of light function	o38	Light config
1) Light is controlled via day/night status		-
2) Light is controlled via data communication and "Light remote o39"		
3) Light is controlled by door contact, defined in either o02, o37 or o84 where the set-		
ting is selected to either 2 or 3. When the door is opened the relay will cut in. When		
the door is closed again there will be a time delay of two minutes before the light is		
switched off.		
4) As "2" but if there are any 15-minute network errors, the light will switch on.		
Activation of light relay		Light romets
	o39	Light remote
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2.	o39	Light remote
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2. Rail heat during day operation	o39 o41	Railh.ON day%
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2.		
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2. Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time		Railh.ON day%
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2. Rail heat during day operation	041	
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2. Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time	o41 o42	Railh.ON day%
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2. Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat cycle	041	Railh.ON day%
The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2. Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat cycle The period of time for the aggregate ON time + OFF time is set in minutes	o41 o42 o43	Railh.ON day% Railh.ON ngt% Railh. cycle
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The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2. Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat cycle The period of time for the aggregate ON time + OFF time is set in minutes Selection of application The controller can be defined in various ways. Here you set which of the 2 applications is required. This menu can only be set when regulation is stopped, i.e. "r12" is set to 0. Transfer a set of pre-settings to the controller An option exists to select quick settings for a number of parameters. This is based on	041 042 043 061	Railh.ON day% Railh.ON ngt% Railh. cycle
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Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat cycle The period of time for the aggregate ON time + OFF time is set in minutes Selection of application The controller can be defined in various ways. Here you set which of the 2 applications is required. This menu can only be set when regulation is stopped, i.e. "r12" is set to 0. Transfer a set of pre-settings to the controller An option exists to select quick settings for a number of parameters. This is based on whether an appliance or a room needs to be controlled or whether the defrosting must be stopped by time or by temperature. The overview can be seen on page 19. This menu can only be set when the control is stopped, i.e. When "r12" is set at 0. On setting the value will fall back to 0. A subsequent adjustment/setting of parameters can be carried out as required. Access code 2 (Access to adjustments) There is access to adjustments of values, but not to configuration settings. If the settings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set a numerical value between 0 and 100. If not, you can cancel the function with setting 0. If the function is used, access code 1 (005) must also be used.	o41 o42 o43 o61 o62	Railh.ON day% Railh.ON ngt% Railh. cycle Appl. Mode
Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat cycle The period of time for the aggregate ON time + OFF time is set in minutes Selection of application The controller can be defined in various ways. Here you set which of the 2 applications is required. This menu can only be set when regulation is stopped, i.e. "r12" is set to 0. Transfer a set of pre-settings to the controller An option exists to select quick settings for a number of parameters. This is based on whether an appliance or a room needs to be controlled or whether the defrosting must be stopped by time or by temperature. The overview can be seen on page 19. This menu can only be set when the control is stopped, i.e. When "r12" is set at 0. On setting the value will fall back to 0. A subsequent adjustment/setting of parameters can be carried out as required. Access code 2 (Access to adjustments) There is access to adjustments of values, but not to configuration settings. If the settings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set a numerical value between 0 and 100. If not, you can cancel the function with setting 0. If the function is used, access code 1 (o05) must also be used. Save as factory setting	o41 o42 o43 o61	Railh.ON day% Railh.ON ngt% Railh. cycle Appl. Mode
Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat cycle The period of time for the aggregate ON time + OFF time is set in minutes Selection of application The controller can be defined in various ways. Here you set which of the 2 applications is required. This menu can only be set when regulation is stopped, i.e. "r12" is set to 0. Transfer a set of pre-settings to the controller An option exists to select quick settings for a number of parameters. This is based on whether an appliance or a room needs to be controlled or whether the defrosting must be stopped by time or by temperature. The overview can be seen on page 19. This menu can only be set when the control is stopped, i.e. When "r12" is set at 0. On setting the value will fall back to 0. A subsequent adjustment/setting of parameters can be carried out as required. Access code 2 (Access to adjustments) There is access to adjustments of values, but not to configuration settings. If the settings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set a numerical value between 0 and 100. If not, you can cancel the function with setting 0. If the function is used, access code 1 (005) must also be used. Save as factory setting With this setting you save the controller's actual settings as a new basic setting (the	o41 o42 o43 o61 o62	Railh.ON day% Railh.ON ngt% Railh. cycle Appl. Mode
Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time Rail heat cycle The period of time for the aggregate ON time + OFF time is set in minutes Selection of application The controller can be defined in various ways. Here you set which of the 2 applications is required. This menu can only be set when regulation is stopped, i.e. "r12" is set to 0. Transfer a set of pre-settings to the controller An option exists to select quick settings for a number of parameters. This is based on whether an appliance or a room needs to be controlled or whether the defrosting must be stopped by time or by temperature. The overview can be seen on page 19. This menu can only be set when the control is stopped, i.e. When "r12" is set at 0. On setting the value will fall back to 0. A subsequent adjustment/setting of parameters can be carried out as required. Access code 2 (Access to adjustments) There is access to adjustments of values, but not to configuration settings. If the settings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set a numerical value between 0 and 100. If not, you can cancel the function with setting 0. If the function is used, access code 1 (o05) must also be used. Save as factory setting	o41 o42 o43 o61 o62	Railh.ON day% Railh.ON ngt% Railh. cycle Appl. Mode



Digital input signal - DI3 (high voltage input) The controller has a digital input 3 which can be used for one of the following func-	o84	DI3 config.
tions:		
Off: The input is not used.		
1) Status display of 230 V signal		
2) Door function. When the input is 0 V it signals that the door is open. The refrigeration and the fans are stopped. When the time setting in "A04" is passed, an alarm		
will be given and refrigeration resumed. (o89)		
3) Door alarm. When the input is 0 V it signals that the door is open. When the time		
setting in "A04" is passed an alarm will be given.		
4) Defrost. The function is started with a pulse signal. (puls on 230 V) 5) Main switch. Regulation is carried out when the input is 230 V, and regulation is		
stopped when the input is 0 V.		
6) Night operation. When the input is 230 V, there will be regulation for night opera-		
tion.		
7) Thermostat displacement 14) Cooling stopped with the function "Forced closing"		
15) Case shut down when the input is activated.		
Rail heat control	o85	Railh. mode
The rail heat can be controlled in several ways:		
0: The function is not used		
1: Pulse control is used with a timer function following the day/night operation (o41 and o42).		
Start of refrigeration when door is open	089	DoorInjStart
If the door has been left open, refrigeration must be started after a set time. That time	007	J som your
can be set here.		
Defrosting and fan operation during forced closing	o90	Fan ForcedCl
You can set whether fans should be operational or stopped if the function "Forced closing" is activated here.		
0: The fans will be stopped and defrosting will be permitted.		
1: The fans will run and defrosting will be permitted.		
2: The fans will be stopped and defrosting will not be permitted during a forced closing. 3: The fans will run and defrosting will not be permitted during a forced closing.		
Light definition	098	Light MS = Off
0: Light is switched off when the main switch is off	000	Light Mis = On
1: Light is independent of main switch.		
Configuration of alarm relay	P41	Al.Rel. Conf.
The alarm relay will be activated upon an alarm signal from the following groups: 1 - High temperature alarms		
2 - Low temperature alarms		
4 - Sensor error		
8 - Digital input enabled for alarm		
16 - Defrosting alarms 32 - Miscellaneous		
64 - Injection alarms		
The groups that are to activate the alarm relay must be set by using a numerical value		
which is the sum of the groups that must be activated.		
(E.g.: a value of 5 will activate all high temperature alarms and all sensor error and will cancel relay function		
currently function		Case shut down
Internal defrosting schedule/clock function	t	case strat down
(Not used if an external defrosting schedule is used via data communication.)	•	
Up to six individual times can be set for the defrost start throughout the day.		
Defrost start, hour setting	t01-t06	
Defrost start, minute setting (1 and 11 belong together, etc.)	t11-t16	
When all t01 to t16 equal 0 the clock will not start defrosts.		
Real-time clock:		
Setting the clock is only necessary when there is no data communication. In the event of a power failure of less than four hours, the clock function will be saved.		
Clock: Hour setting	t07	
Clock: Hour setting Clock: Minute setting	t08	
3		
Clock: Date setting	t45	
Clock: Month setting Clock: Year setting	t46	
	t47	ı



Service	u	Service
Temperature measured with S5 sensor	u09	S5 temp.
Status on DI1 input. on/1=closed	u10	DI1 status
Read the duration of the ongoing defrost or the duration of the last completed defrost.	u11	Defrost time
Temperature measured with S3 sensor	u12	S3 air temp
Status at the day-/night operation (night operation: on/off)	u13	Night Cond.
Temperature measured with S4 sensor	u16	S4 air temp
Thermostat temperature	u17	Ther. air
Read the ongoing cutin time for the thermostat or the duration of the last completed cutin	u18	Ther runtime
Read the temperature at the S2 sensor	u20	S2 temp.
Read superheat	u21	Superheat
Read the control's actual superheat reference	u22	SH ref.
Read the valve's actual opening degree	u23	AKV OD %
Read the evaporating pressure	u25	Evap.press Pe
Read the evaporating temperature	u26	Evap.temp Te
Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed	u37	DI2 status
Air temperature. Weighted S3 + S4	u56	Display air
Measured temperature for alarm thermostat	u57	Alarm air
Status on relay for cooling	u58	Comp1/LLSV
Status on relay for fan	u59	Fan relay
Status on relay for defrost	u60	Def. relay
Status on relay for railheat	u61	Railh. relay
Status on relay for alarm	u62	Alarm relay
Status on relay for light	u63	Light relay
Readout of the actual rail heat effect in %	u85	Rail DutyC %
Status on input DI3 (on/1 = 230 V)	u87	DI3 status
Readout of the actual cutin value for the thermostat	u90	Cutin temp.
Readout of the actual cut out value for the thermostat	u91	Cutout temp.



Operating status		(Measurement)
The controller goes through some regulating situations where it is just waiting for the next point of the regulation. To make these "why is nothing happening" situations visible, you can see an operating status on the display. Push briefly (1s) the upper button. If there is a status code, it will be shown on the display. The individual status codes have the following meanings:		Ctrl. state: (Shown in all menu displays)
Normal regulation	S0	0
Waiting for end of the coordinated defrost	S1	1
When the compressor is operating it must run for at least x minutes.	S2	2
When the compressor is stopped, it must remain stopped for at least x minutes.	S3	3
The evaporator drips off and waits for the time to run out	S4	4
Refrigeration stopped by main switch. Either with r12 or a DI-input	S10	10
Refrigeration stopped by thermostat	S11	11
Defrost sequence. Defrost in progress	S14	14
Defrost sequence. Fan delay — water attaches to the evaporator	S15	15
Refrigeration stopped due to open ON input or stopped regulation	S16	16
Door is open. DI input is open	S17	17
Melt function in progress. Refrigeration is interrupted	S18	18
Modulating thermostat control	S19	19
Emergency cooling due to sensor error	S20	20
Regulation problem in the injections function	S21	21
Start-up phase 2. Evaporator being charged	S22	22
Adaptive control	S23	23
Start-up phase 1. Signal reliability from sensors is controlled	S24	24
Manual control of outputs	S25	25
No refrigerant selected	S26	26
Delay on outputs during start-up	S32	32
Case shut down	S45	45
Other displays:		
The defrost temperature cannot be displayed. There is stop based on time	non	
Defrost in progress / First cooling after defrost where the temperature is still above the thermostat band.	-d-	
Password required. Set password	PS	
Regulation is stopped via main switch	OFF	

^{*)} Emergency cooling will take effect when there is lack of signal from a defined S3 or S4 sensor or signal from the pressure transmitter is outside signal range. The regulation will continue with a registered average cutin frequency. There are two registered values – one for day operation and one for night operation.



Fault message

In an error situation the LED's on the display will flash and the alarm relay will be activated. If you push the top button in this situation you can see the alarm report in the display.

There are two kinds of error reports - it can either be an alarm occurring during the daily operation, or there may be a defect in the installation. A-alarms will not become visible until the set time delay has expired.

E-alarms, on the other hand, will become visible the moment the error occurs.

(An A alarm will not be visible as long as there is an active E alarm).

Here are the messages that may appear:

Code / Alarm text via data communication	Description	Alarm relay groups (P41)
A1/ High t.alarm	High temperature alarm	1
A2/ Low t. alarm	Low temperature alarm	2
A4/ Door alarm	Door alarm	8
A5/ Max hold time	The "o16" function is activated during a coordinated defrost	16
A10/ Inject prob.	Control problem	64
A11/ No Rfg. sel.	No refrigerant selected	64
A15/ DI1 alarm	DI1 alarm	8
A16/ DI2 alarm	DI2 alarm	8
A45/ Standby mode	Standby position (stopped refrigeration via r12 or DI input)	-
E1/ Ctrl. error	Faults in the controller	32
E6/ RTC error	Check clock	32
E20/ Pe error	Error on pressure transmitter Pe	64
E24/ S2 error	Error on S2 sensor	4
E25/ S3 error	Error on S3 sensor	4
E26/ S4 error	Error on S4 sensor	4
E27/ S5 error	Error on S5 sensor	4
/ Max Def.Time	Defrost stopped based on time instead of, as wanted, on temperature	16

Data communication

The importance of individual alarms can be defined with a setting. The setting must be carried out in the group "Alarm destinations"

Settings from	Settings from	Log		Alarm relay		Send via
System manager	AKM (AKM destination)		Non	High	Low-High	Network
High	1	X		X	X	Χ
Middle	2	X			X	Χ
Low	3	X			X	Χ
Log only		X				
Disabled						



Operation (only external)

External display

The values will be shown with three digits, and with a setting you can determine whether the temperature is to be shown in °C or in °F.



Light-emitting diodes (LED)

The LED's on the external display will light up when the relevant relay is activated.

- o = Refrigeration
- o = Defrost
- o = Fan running

The light-emitting diodes will flash when there is an alarm. In this situation you can download the error code to the display and cancel/sign for the alarm by giving the top button a brief push.

The buttons

When you want to change a setting, the upper and the lower buttons will give you a higher or lower value depending on the button you are pushing. But before you change the value, you must have access to the menu. You obtain this by pushing the upper button for a couple of seconds - you will then enter the column with parameter codes. Find the parameter code you want to change and push the middle buttons until value for the parameter is shown. When you have changed the value, save the new value by once more pushing the middle button.

Examples

Set menu

- 1. Push the upper button until a parameter "cfg" is shown
- 2. Push the upper, middle or the lower button and find that parameter you want to change
- 3. Push the middle button until the parameter value is shown
- 4. Push the upper or the lower button and select the new value
- 5. Push the middle button again to freeze the value.

Cutout alarm relay / receipt alarm/see alarm code

A short press of the upper button
 If there are several alarm codes they are found in a rolling stack.

 Push the uppermost or lowermost button to scan the rolling stack.

Set temperature

- $1. \, Push \, the \, middle \, button \, until \, the \, temperature \, value \, is \, shown \,$
- 2. Push the upper or the lower button and select the new value
- 3. Push the middle button again to conclude the setting.

Reading the temperature at defrost sensor

• A short press of the lower button

Manuel start or stop of a defrost

• Push the lower button for four seconds.

Get a good start

With the following procedure you can start regulation very quick-ly:

cFg (System settings)

- 1 Open parameter r12 and stop the regulation (in a new and not previously set unit, r12 will already be set to 0 which means stopped regulation.)
- 2 Select the min. range for the pressure transmitter (o20)
- 3 Select the max. range for the pressure transmitter (o21)
- 4 Select refrigerant (o30)
- **5** Set application in o61: DO3 = Cooling or Rail heat.

6 Now select one of the preset settings from the table

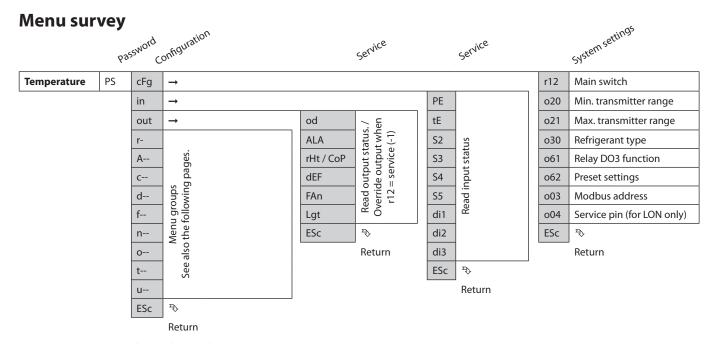
now select one of the preset settings from the table								
Auxiliary schedule for		Case			Room			
settings (quick-setup)	Det	frost stop	on	Def	rost stop	on		
	time	S	5	time	S	5		
Preset settings (o62)	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Temperature (SP)	2°C	-2°C	-28°C	4°C	0°C	-22°C		
Max. temp. setting (r02)	6°C	4°C	-22°C	8°C	5°C	-20°C		
Min. temp. setting (r03)	0°C	-4°C	-30°C	0°C	-2°C	-24°C		
Sensor signal for thermostat. S4% (r15)		100%			0%			
Alarm limit high (A13)	8°C	6°C	-15°C	10°C	8°C	-15°C		
Alarm limit low (A14)	-5°C	-5°C	-30°C	0°C	0°C	-30°C		
Sensor signal for alarm funct.S4% (A36)	0	%	100%		0%			
Interval between defrost (d03)	6 h	6h	12h	8h	8h	6h		
Defrost sensor: 0=time, 1=S5, 2=S4 (d10)	0	1	1	0	1	1		
DI1 config. (o02)		-		Door	r function	(=2)		
Sensor signal for display view S4% (017)			0	%				

- **7** Open parameter o62 and set the number for the array of presettings. The few selected settings will now be transferred to the menu.
- 8 For network. Set the address in o03
- **9** Send address to system unit:
 - MODBUS: Activate scan function in System unit
 - If another data communication card is used in the controller:
 - LON RS485: Activate the function o04
- 10 Open parameter r12 and start the regulation

(Menu groups)

11 Go through the survey of factory settings. The values in the grey cells are changed according to your choice of settings. Make any necessary changes in the respective parameters.





Close each group by pressing ESc (Return)

SW = 1.5x

Parameter / Function		Code	ode DO3 function (o61=)		Min value	Max value	Factory setting	Actual setting
			1 CoP	2 rHt				
Normal operation								
Temperature (setpoint)					-50°C	50°C	2	
Thermostat	r							
Temperature (setpoint)		r00			-50°C	50°C	2	
Differential		r01			0.1 K	20 K	2	
Max. limitation of setpoint setting		r02			-49°C	50°C	50	
Min. limitation of setpoint setting		r03			-50°C	49°C	-50	
Adjustment of temperature indication		r04			-10 K	10 K	0	
Temperature unit (°C/°F)		r05			0/°C	1/F	0/°C	
Correction of the signal from S4		r09			-10 K	10 K	0	
Correction of the signal from S3		r10			-10 K	10 K	0	
Manual service, stop regulation, start regulation (-1, 0, 1)		r12			-1	1	0	
Displacement of reference during night operation		r13			-50 K	50 K	0	
Define thermostat function 1=ON/OFF, 2=Modulating		r14			1	2	1	
Definition and weighting, if applicable, of thermostat sensors - S4% (100%=S4, 0%=S3)		r15			0 %	100 %	100	
Time between melt periods		r16			0 hrs	10 hrs	1	
Duration of melt periods		r17			0 min.	30 min.	5	
Thermostat displacement when signal on DI input		r40			-50 K	50 K	0	
Alarms	A							
Delay for temperature alarm		A03			0 min.	240 min.	30	
Delay for door alarm		A04			0 min.	240 min.	60	
Delay for temperature alarm after defrost		A12			0 min.	240 min.	90	
High alarm limit for thermostat		A13			-50°C	50°C	8	
Low alarm limit for thermostat		A14			-50°C	50°C	-30	
Alarm time delay or signal on the DI1 input		A27			0 min.	240 min.	30	
Alarm time delay or signal on the DI2 input		A28			0 min.	240 min.	30	
Signal for alarm thermostat. S4% (100%=S4, 0%=S3)		A36			0 %	100 %	100	
Compressor	C							
Min. ON-time		c01			0 min.	30 min.	0	
Min. OFF-time		c02			0 min.	30 min.	0	
Defrost	d							
Defrost method: 0=off, 1= EL, 2=Gas		d01			0/off	2/gAs	1/EL	
Defrost stop temperature		d02			0°C	50°C	6	
Interval between defrost starts	ĺ	d03			0 hrs/Off	240 hrs	8	
Max. defrost duration		d04			0 min.	360 min.	45	
Displacement of time on cutin of defrost at start-up		d05			0 min.	240 min.	0	
Drip off time		d06			0 min.	60 min.	0	



	1	107			I			
Delay for fan start after defrost		d07 d08			0 min. -50 °C	60 min.	-5	
Fan start temperature Fan cutin during defrost		d09			0	2	1	
0: Stopped		uus			0	2	'	
1: Running (stopped during "fan delay")								
2: Running during pump down and defrost								
Defrost sensor: 0 =Stop on time, 1=S5, 2=S4		d10			0	2	0	
Pump down delay		d16			0 min.	60 min.	0	
Max. aggregate refrigeration time between two defrosts		d18			0 hrs	48 hrs	0/OFF	
Rail heat during defrost		d27			0	2	2	
0=off. 1=on. 2=Pulsating		140				240 :	20 :	
Max. duration of -d- in display	F	d40			5 min.	240 min.	30 min.	
Fan stop temperature (S5)	F	F04			-50°C	50°C	50	
Pulse operation on fans: 0=No pulse operation, 1=At thermostat cuts out only, 2=		F05			0	2	0	
Only at thermostat cut outs during night operation		F03			0	2	0	
Period time for fan pulsation (on-time + off-time)		F06			1 min.	30 min.	5	
On-time in % of period time		F07			0 %	100 %	100	
Injection control function	n							
Max. value of superheat reference		n09			2°C	20°C	12	
Min. value of superheat reference		n10			2°C	20°C	3	
MOP temperature. Off if MOP temp. = 15.0 °C		n11			-50°C	15°C	15	
Period time of AKV pulsation		n13			3 sec	6 sec	6	
Only for trained personnel								
Miscellaneous	0							
Delay of output signals after start-up		o01			0 sec	600 sec	5	
Input signal on DI1. Function:		o02			0	15	0	
0=not used. 1=status on DI1. 2=door function with alarm when open. 3=door alarm								
when open. 4=defrost start (pulse-signal). 5=ext.main switch. 6=night operation 7=thermostat offset (activate r40). 8=alarm function when closed. 9=alarm function								
when open. 15=case shut down								
Network address (0 = off)		o03			0	240	0	
On/Off switch (Service Pin message)		o04			0/Off	1/On	0/Off	
IMPORTANT! o61 must be set prior to o04								
(used at LON 485 and DANBUSS only)								
Access code 1 (all settings)		o05			0	100	0	
Used sensor type for S3, S4 and S5: 0=Pt1000, 1=Ptc1000,		006			0/Pt	1/Ptc	0/Pt	
Readout of software version		008					1	
Max hold time after coordinated defrost		016			0 min.	360 min.	20	
Select signal for display view. S4% (100%=S4, 0%=S3)		o17			0 %	100 %	100	
Pressure transmitter working range – min. value	*	o20			-1 bar	5 bar	-1	
Pressure transmitter working range – max. value	*	o21			6 bar	200 bar	12	
Refrigerant setting:	*	o30			0	42	0	
1=R12. 2=R22. 3=R134a. 4=R502. 5=R717. 6=R13. 7=R13b1. 8=R23. 9=R500. 10=R503. 11=R114. 12=R142b. 13=User defined. 14=R32. 15=R227. 16=R401A.								
17=R507, 18=R402A, 19=R404A, 20=R407C, 21=R407A, 22=R407B, 23=R410A,								
24=R170. 25=R290. 26=R600. 27=R600a. 28=R744. 29=R1270. 30=R417A. 31=R422A.								
32=R413A. 33=R422D. 34=R427A. 35=R438A. 36=R513A(XP10). 37=R407F. 38=R1234ze.								
39=R1234yf. 40=R448A. 41=R449A. 42=R452A.								
Input signal on DI2. Function:		o37			0	15	0	
(0=not used. 1=status on DI2. 2=door function with alarm when open. 3=door alarm when open. 4=defrost start (pulse-signal). 5=ext. main switch 6=night operation								
7=thermostat offset (activate r40). 8=alarm function when closed. 9=alarm function								
when open. 13=coordinated defrost). 15=case shut down								
Configuration of light function: 1=Light follows day /night operation, 2=Light control		o38			1	4	1	
via data communication via 'o39', 3=Light control with a DI-input, 4=As "2", but light								
switch on if the network cut out for more than 15 minutes.	-							
Activation of light relay (only if o38=2) On=light	-	o39			0/Off	1/On	0/Off	
Rail heat On time during day operations		o41			0 %	100 %	100	
Rail heat On time during night operations		o42			0 %	100 %	100	
Rail heat period time (On time + Off time)		o43			6 min.	60 min.	10	
Selection of DO3 function.: 1=Cooling. 2=Rail heat		061	1	2	0	2	1	
Download a set of predetermined settings.	*	062			0	6	0	
Access code 2 (partial access)	***	064			0	100	0	
Replace the controllers factory settings with the present settings		067			0/Off	1/On	0/Off	
Input signal on DI3. Function: (high voltage input)		o84			0	15	0	
(0=not used. 1=status on DI2. 2=door function with alarm when open. 3=door alarm								
when open. 4=defrost start (pulse-signal). 5=ext. main switch 6=night operation,								
7=thermostat offset (activate r40). 14=Refrigeration stopped (forced closing)). 15=case shut down								
I SHUL UOWH								1
Rail heat control:		085			0	1	0	
		085			0	1	0	



Time delay from "open door" refrigeration is started		089	0 min.	240 min.	30	
Fan operation at stopped cooling (forced closing):		089	0 min.	3 3	1	
U= Stopped (defrost allowed)		090	"	3	'	
1= Running (defrost allowed)						
2= Stopped (defrost not allowed)						
3= Running (defrost not allowed)						
Light and night blinds defined		098	0	1	0	
0: Light is switch off and night blind is open when the main switch is off						
1: Light and night blind is independent of main switch						
Configuration of alarm relay		P41	0	127	111	
The alarm relay will be activated upon an alarm signal from the following groups:						
1 - High temperature alarms 2 - Low temperature alarms						
4 - Sensor error						
8 - Digital input enabled for alarm						
16 - Defrosting alarms						
32 - Miscellaneous						
64 - Injection alarms						
The groups that are to activate the alarm relay must be set by using a numerical value						
which is the sum of the groups that must be activated.						
(E.g.: a value of 5 will activate all high temperature alarms and all sensor error and 0 will cancel the relay function).						
Real time clock Six start times for defrost.	t	t01 -	Obra	23 hrs	0	
Setting of hours.		t01 -	0 hrs	23 1115	"	
0=OFF		100				
Six start times for defrost.		t11 -	0 min.	59 min.	0	
Setting of minutes.		t16	"	37 111111.		
0=OFF						
Clock - Setting of hours		t07	0 hrs	23 hrs	0	
Clock - Setting of minute		t08	0 min.	59 min.	0	
Clock - Setting of date		t45	1 day	31 day	1	
Clock - Setting of month		t46	1 mon.	12 mon.	1	
Clock - Setting of year		t47	0 year	99 year	0	
Service	u	• • •	7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	777		
Temperature measured with S5 sensor		u09		1		ı
Status on DI1 input, on/1=closed	_		-			
·	1	u10				
Actual defrost time (minutes)		u10	1			
Actual defrost time (minutes) Temperature measured with S3 sensor		u11	-			
Temperature measured with S3 sensor		u11 u12				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on		u11 u12 u13	-			
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor		u11 u12 u13 u16				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature		u11 u12 u13 u16 u17				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes		u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2)		u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator		u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control		u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative)	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated)	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated)	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat		u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56 u57				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling Status on relay for fan	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56 u57				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling Status on relay for defrost	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56 u57 u58				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on D12 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling Status on relay for fan Status on relay for railheat Status on relay for alarm	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56 u57 u58 u59 u60 u61				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on DI2 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling Status on relay for defrost Status on relay for alarm Status on relay for alarm Status on relay for alarm	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56 u57 u58 u59 u60 u61 u62				
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Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on D12 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling Status on relay for defrost Status on relay for darm Status on relay for alarm Status on relay for alarm Status on relay for light Readout of the actual rail heat effect Status on high voltage input D13	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56 u57 u58 u59 u60 u61 u62 u63 u85				
Temperature measured with S3 sensor Status on night operation (on or off) 1=on Temperature measured with S4 sensor Thermostat temperature Run time of thermostat (cooling time) in minutes Temperature of evaporator outlet temp. (S2) Superheat across evaporator Reference of superheat control Opening degree of AKV valve Evaporating pressure Po (relative) Evaporator temperature To (Calculated) Status on D12 output. on/1=closed Display air temperature. Weighted S3 and S4 Measured temperature for alarm thermostat Status on relay for cooling Status on relay for fan Status on relay for fan Status on relay for railheat Status on relay for alarm Status on relay for light Readout of the actual rail heat effect	**	u11 u12 u13 u16 u17 u18 u20 u21 u22 u23 u25 u26 u37 u56 u57 u58 u59 u60 u61 u62 u63 u85				

Factory setting

AK-CC 525A

^{*)} Can only be set when regulation is stopped (r12=0)
**) Can be controlled manually, but only when r12=-1
***) With access code 2 the access to these menus will be limited

If you need to return to the factory-set values, it can be done in this way:

- Cut out the supply voltage to the controller

- Keep upper and lower button depressed at the same time as you reconnect the supply voltage



Fault message
In an error situation the LED's on the front will flash and the alarm relay will be activated. If you push the top button in this situation you can see the alarm report in the display.

There are two kinds of error reports - it can either be an alarm occurring during the daily operation, or there may be a defect in the installation.

A-alarms will not become visible until the set time delay has expired.

E-alarms, on the other hand, will become visible the moment the error occurs.

(An A alarm will not be visible as long as there is an active E alarm).

Here are the messages that may appear.

Code / Alarm	Description	Alarm relay
text via data	Description .	groups (P41)
communication		groups (1 41)
A1/ High t.alarm	High temperature alarm	1
A2/ Low t. alarm	Low temperature alarm	2
A4/ Door alarm	Door alarm	8
A5/ Max hold time	The "o16" function is activated during a coordinated defrost	16
A10/ Inject prob.	Control problem	64
A11/ No Rfg. sel.	No refrigerant selected	64
A15/ DI1 alarm	DI1 alarm	8
A16/ DI2 alarm	DI2 alarm	8
A45/ Standby mode	Standby position (stopped refrigeration via r12 or DI input)	-
E1/ Ctrl. error	Faults in the controller	32
E6/ RTC error	Check clock	32
E20/ Pe error	Error on pressure transmitter Pe	64
E24/ S2 error	Error on S2 sensor	4
E25/ S3 error	Error on S3 sensor	4
E26/ S4 error	Error on S4 sensor	4
E27/ S5 error	Error on S5 sensor	4
/ Max Def.Time	Defrost stopped based on time instead of, as wanted, on temperature	16

Operating status		(Measurement)
The controller goes through some regulating situations where it is just waiting for the next point of the regulation. To make these "why is nothing happening" situations visible, you can see an operating status on the display. Push briefly (1s) the upper button. If there is a status code, it will be shown on the display. The individual status codes have the following meanings:		Ctrl. state: (Shown in all menu displays)
Normal regulation	S0	0
Waiting for end of the coordinated defrost	S1	1
When the compressor is operating it must run for at least x minutes.	S2	2
When the compressor is stopped, it must remain stopped for at least x minutes.	S3	3
The evaporator drips off and waits for the time to run out	S4	4
Refrigeration stopped by main switch. Either with r12 or a DI-input	S10	10
Refrigeration stopped by thermostat	S11	11
Defrost sequence. Defrost in progress	S14	14
Defrost sequence. Fan delay — water attaches to the evaporator	S15	15
Refrigeration stopped due to open ON input or stopped regulation	S16	16
Door is open. DI input is open	S17	17
Melt function in progress. Refrigeration is interrupted	S18	18
Modulating thermostat control	S19	19
Emergency cooling due to sensor error	S20	20
Regulation problem in the injections function	S21	21
Start-up phase 2. Evaporator being charged	S22	22
Adaptive control	S23	23
Start-up phase 1. Signal reliability from sensors is controlled	S24	24
Manual control of outputs	S25	25
No refrigerant selected	S26	26
Delay on outputs during start-up	S32	32
Case shutdown	S45	45
Other displays:		
The defrost temperature cannot be displayed. There is stop based on time	non	
Defrost in progress / First cooling after defrost	-d-	
Password required. Set password	PS	
Regulation is stopped via main switch	OFF	

^{*)} Emergency cooling will take effect when there is lack of signal from a defined S3 or S4 sensor or signal from the pressure transmitter is outside signal range. The regulation will continue with a registered average cutin frequency. There are two registered values – one for day operation and one for night operation.

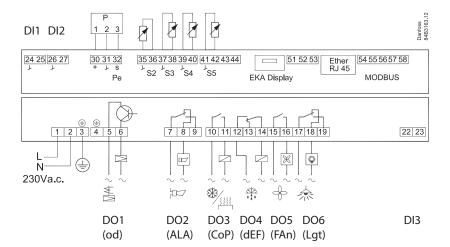
Data communication

The importance of individual alarms can be defined with a setting. The setting must be carried out in the group "Alarm destinations"

Settings from	Settings from	Log		Alarm relay		Send via
System manager	AKM (AKM destination)		Non	High	Low-High	Network
High	1	X		X	X	X
Middle	2	X			X	X
Low	3	X			X	X
Log only		X				
Disabled						



Connections



DI1

Digital input signal.

The defined function is active when the input is short-circuited/opened. The function is defined in o02.

כוח

Digital input signal.

The defined function is active when the input is short-circuited/opened. The function is defined in o37.

Pressure transmitter

AKS 32R

Connect to terminal 30, 31 and 32.

(Used cable 060G1034: Black=30, Blue=31, Brown=32)

The signal from one pressure transmitter can be received by up to 10 controllers. But only if there are no significant pressure decreases between the evaporators to be controlled.

S2

Pt 1000 ohm sensor

S3, S4, S5

Pt 1000 ohm sensor or PTC 1000 ohm sensor. All have to be of the same type.

- S3, air sensor, placed in the warm air before the evaporator
- S4, air sensor, placed in the cold air after the evaporator (the need for either S3 or S4 can be deselected in the configuration)
- S5, defrost sensor, placed on the evaporator.

EKA Display

If there is external reading/operation of the controller, display type EKA 163B or EKA 164B can be connected.

RS485 (terminal 51, 52, 53)

For data communication, but only if a data communication module is inserted in the controller. The module can be a LON RS485, DANBUSS or a MODBUS.

Terminal 51 = screen

Terminal 52 = A (A+)

Terminal 53 = B (B-)

(For LON RS485 and gateway type AKA 245 the gateway must be version 6.20 or higher.)

MODBUS

For data communication.

Terminal 56 = screen

Terminal 57 = A+

Terminal 58 = B-

(Alternatively the terminals can be connected to an external display type EKA 163A or 164A, but then they cannot be used for data communication. Any data communication must then be carried out by one of the other methods.)

Supply voltage

230 V a.c., 50/60 Hz

DO'

Connection of expansion valve type AKV or AKVA. The coil must be a $230\,\mathrm{V}$ a.c. coil.

DO2

Alarm

There is a connection between terminal 7 and 8 in alarm situations and when the controller is without power.

DO3

Refrigeration or Rail heat

There is connection between terminal 10 and 11 when the function must be active.

DO4

Defrost

There is connection between terminal 12 and 14 when defrosting takes place.

D05

Fan

There is connection between terminal 15 and 16 when the fan is on.

D06

Light

There is connection between terminal 17 and 18 when the light must be on.

DI3

Digital input signal.

The signal must have a voltage of 0 / 230 V a.c..

The function is defined in o84.



Data communication

If data communication is used, it is important that the installation of the data communication cable is performed correctly. See separate literature No. RC8AC...

Electric noise

Cables for sensors, DI inputs and data communication **must** be kept separate from other electric cables:

- Use separate cable trays
- Keep a distance between cables of at least 10 cm
- Long cables at the DI input should be avoided

Installation considerations

Accidental damage, poor installation, or site conditions, can give rise to malfunctions of the control system, and ultimately lead to a plant breakdown.

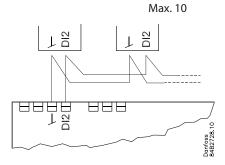
Every possible safeguard is incorporated into our products to prevent this. However, a wrong installation, for example, could still present problems. Electronic controls are no substitute for normal, good engineering practice.

Danfoss will not be responsible for any goods, or plant components, damaged as a result of the above defects. It is the installer's responsibility to check the installation thoroughly, and to fit the necessary safety devices.

Special reference is made to the necessity of signals to the controller when the compressor is stopped and to the need of liquid receivers before the compressors.

Your local Danfoss agent will be pleased to assist with further advice, etc.

Coordinated defrost via cable connections

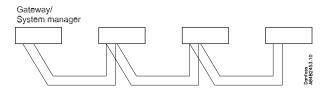


The following controllers can be connected up in this way:

EKC 204A, AK-CC 210, AK-CC 250, AK-CC 450, AK-CC 550A,

Refrigeration is resumed when all controllers have "released" the signal for defrost.

Coordinated defrost via data communication



The setting of controllers to coordinate their defrosting takes place in the gateway/system manager.

Refrigeration is resumed when all controllers have "released" the signal for defrost.



Data

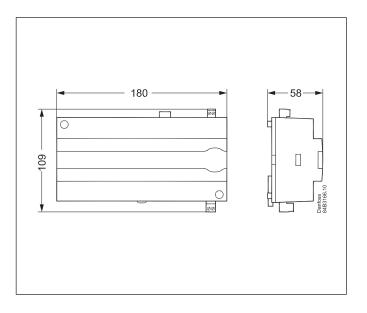
Commission les	2201/25/1151/	-) -10/150/51	/A FO/601!-			
Supply voltage	230 V a.c. (115 V a.	c.) +10/-15 %. 5\	/A, 50/60 Hz			
Sensor S2	Pt 1000					
Consor C2 C4 CE	Pt 1000 or PTC 1000 ohm					
Sensor S3, S4, S5	(All 3 must be of the same type)					
	Measuring range	7.				
		±1 K below -35°	°C			
Accuracy	Controller	±0.5 K between ±1 K above +25				
	Pt 1000 sensor	±0.3 K at 0°C ±0.005 K per gr	ad			
Measuring of Pe	Pressure transmitter	AKS 32R				
External display	EKA 163B or 164B	(any EKA 163A o	r 164A)			
, ,	Signal from conta					
Digital inputs	Requirements to o		ating			
DI1, DI2	Cable length must		is longer			
Digital input DI3	Use auxiliary relay 230 V a.c.	s writeri tile Cable	is luliger			
Electrical con-	230 V a.c.					
nection cable	Max.1.5 mm ² mult	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	DO1	Max. 240 V a.c. , Max. 0.5 A	Min. 28 V a.c.			
Solid state	(for AKV coil)	Leak < 1 mA				
output	,	Max. 1 pcs. AKV (2 pcs. if EEC coils				
		are used)				
		CE (250 V a.c.)	UL** (240 V a.c.)			
Relays*	DO3, DO4	4 (3) A	4 A Resistive 3 FLA, 18 LRA			
	DO2, DO5, DO6	4 (3) A	4 A Resistive 3 FLA, 18 LRA			
	0 to +55°C, During	•				
Environments	-40 to +70°C, Duri	· ·				
Liviloriments	20 - 80% Rh, not c					
	No shock influenc	e / vibrations				
Density	IP 20					
Mounting	DIN-rail or wall					
Weight	0.4 Kg		I			
	Fixed		MODBUS			
			LON RS485			
Data communication	Extension options	i	MODBUS			
Communication	<u> </u>		DANBUSS			
	The controller can ing unit type m2.	not be hooked u	p with a monitor-			
Power reserve for the clock	4 hours					
Approvals	EU Low Voltage Directive and EMC demands re CEmarking complied with LVD tested acc. EN 60730-1 and EN 60730-2-9, A1, A2 EMC tested acc. EN 61000-6-2 and EN 61000-6-3 UL file no. E31024					

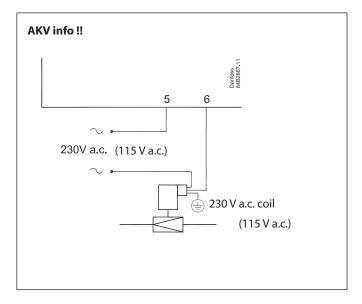
^{*} DO3 and DO4 are 16 A relays. DO2, DO5 and DO6 are 8 A relays. Max. load must be observed.
**) UL-approval based on 30000 couplings.

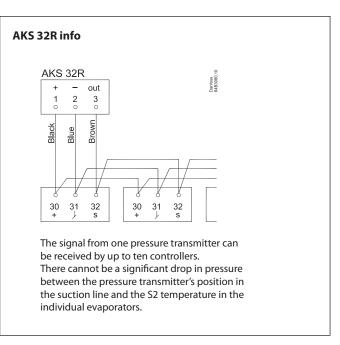
Capacitive load

The relays cannot be used for the direct connection of capacitive loads such as LEDs and on/off control of EC motors.

All loads with a switch mode power supply must be connected with a suitable contactor or similar.









Ordering

Туре		Function	Supply	Code no.
		Case controller with MODBUS data communication with connection plugs	2201/	084B8019
AK-CC 525A		Case controller with MODBUS data communication without connection plugs (industrial pack 12 pcs.)	230 V	084B8119
		Case controller with MODBUS data communication with connection plugs	115 V	084B8017
		Bag with 12 set connection plugs		084B8162
EKA 175		Data communication module LON RS 485		084B8579
EKA 178B		Data communication module MODBUS		084B8571
EKA 176		Data communication module DANBUSS for Gateway		084B8583
EKA 176A		Data communication module DANBUSS for AK-PI 200		084B8591
EKA 163B	FUND	External display with plug for direct connection		084B8574
EKA 164B		External display with operation buttons and plug for d nections	irect con-	084B8575
EKA 163A	E TOTAL	External display with screw terminals		084B8562
EKA 164A	(LOUIS)	External display with operation buttons and screw terr	ninals	084B8563

Order examples:

Installation	Data communication	Connection	Code no.
	MODBUS	MODBUS MODBUS MODBUS MOD	084B8019 (AK-CC 525A)
	LON	LON RS485 83 RS +LON RS485	084B8019 084B8579
	DANBUSS (gateway connection)	DANBUSS O RS +DANBUSS +DANBUSS	084B8019 084B8583
L < 15 m	MODBUS	Max. 15m MODELS A MOD	084B8019 084B8574 (Display) 084B7299 (Cable, 6 m)
	LON / DANBUSS	# LON RS485 / DANBUSS	084B8019 084B8574 (Display) 084B7299 (Cable, 6 m) 084Bxxxx (Data module)
L> 15	MODBUS / LON / DANBUSS	DATA com. RS MOD +LON RS485/DANBUSS / MODBUS	084B8019 084B8562 (Display) 084Bxxxx (Data module)

