SINUMERIK 840/840C SINUMERIK 880/880 GA2 Computer Link SINPS 231 Software Package

Planning Guide

09.95 Edition

Manufacturer Documentation

SINUMERIK 840/840C SINUMERIK 880/880 GA2 Computer Link SINPS 231 Software Package

Planning Guide

Manufacturer Documentation

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Preliminary Remarks

Notes for the reader

This documentation has been written for installation engineers and users of the SINUMERIK 840/880 computer link who wish to configure message frames on a CP 231 A interface.

The planning guide for the SINPS 231 configuring software should always be regarded in conjunction with SINEC NM(L) and other documentation on the computer link.

The documentation on the SINUMERIK 840/880 computer link is organized in three parts:

- General documentation
- Configuring
- Installation and Service Documentation

First-time users of the computer link are recommended to refer to the Description "SINUMERIK 840/880 Computer Link" as it includes basic information on configuring the data exchange.

For users who merely use the standard configuring data, it is sufficient to be familiar with the Start-Up Guide and the NML downloading.

Users who want to configure message frames themselves are requested to refer to Chapter 5, which includes a flow chart and serves, together with the relevant documentation, as an introduction.

SINUMERIK 840/880 is designated as 8x0 in the following sections.

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1 Notes on Configuring the CP 231 A

These introductory remarks shall provide an overview of the various configuring levels. Details are therefore not dealt with.

Fig. 1.1 is a schematic representation of the 8x0 computer link.

The ---- lines delimit the modules whereas

the ---- lines show the software levels for initializing the CP 231 A.

The SINEC NML software is also used to generate a "local data base". The "local data base" includes:

- Description of nodes and interfaces
- Transport link
- Application relation

Node: Symbolic name for Ethernet address

Transport link name:	The transport link is the assignment of the "local TSAP" to the "remote TSAP".
Application relation name:	Here the transport link is assigned a logic "SINUMERIK" partner (see Description "Computer link SINUMERIK 8x0", Sections 1.1.6 and 1.1.7).

The message frame data is generated by SINPS 231 and stored in input and output list 1, analogously to the CP 315.

Note:

In order to ensure correct data transfer between the CP 231A communications processor and the host computer, the minimum time between two message frames, i.e. between AP acknowledgement and AP new job, should be approx. 30 to 50 ms.





Fig. 1.1 "Comprehensive solution" for the SINUMERIK 8x0 computer link

2 Installation of SINEC NML and SINPS 231 on the PG 685/PG 750

Both software packages run under the PCP/M operating system on the PG 685/ PG 750. The NML software package is supplied on two diskettes. The SINPS 231 software package is available on one diskette. For installing the software care should be taken to load both packages in a user memory area where SINPS 315 has not been installed.

Procedure for installing the software on hard disk:



NML is now installed

Fig. 2.1



Fig. 2.2 Installation of SINPS 231



Fig. 2.3 Starting NML

3 General Description of the Operator Interface

3.1 Overview of screen forms

For configuring the various lists, the configuring data can be entered via menus. Fig. 3.1 gives an overview of the possible sequences of screen forms. Next to the connecting lines, the softkeys F1 to F8 appear which enable the user to proceed along the menu tree. Generally, F8 (RETURN) is used to return to the previous screen form.

NML - Selection of functions

SINEC NML/Basic menu



Fig. 3.1

3.2 General structure of screen forms

Screen form heading	SINPS 231
Context Context	
Working window	
Entry line	
Message line	
F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7	F8
Softkey text >>> READY F	RETURN

Fig. 3.2

The screen form is subdivided into five windows demarcated by horizontal lines.

The first window (one line) is a display window with two fixed entries: the program name on the right and screen form heading on the left. The second window (two lines) is also a display window. It is intended for the output of context information.

The working area is divided up into several entry/display windows or selection windows. Entries can thus be made direct or in the entry line.

The fourth window is the entry line which is not used in some screen forms.

This is followed by the message line which is also a display window for hints in response to operator entries.

The last three lines show the current assignments of function keys F1 to F8.

3.3 Global function keys F6 to F8

The softkeys will be described in detail in the next chapter. At this point reference is made to softkeys F6 to F8 which contain global functions. The functions of keys F1 to F8 differ according to the screen form. F6 (>>>) indicates multiple assignments of keys F1 to F5 (number of functions to be controlled greater than 5).

F7 is used for completing or transferring entries made in the entry line. Softkey F8 is used for going back in the sequence of screen forms.

3.4 Cursor control

Data can be selected and entered via the cursor (highlighted field).



The double-line arrow keys or the return key can be used to skip from one entry field to another.



Within an entry field, the cursor can be controlled via single-line arrow keys.

4 Description of the Screen Forms

The various screen forms with the relevant operator entries are described on the following pages. The following points are dealt with:

- Layout of the screen form
- Softkey assignments
- Functions of the data displayed or data to be entered

4.1 Screen form 1: Initial form

Screen form 1 is the starting point for configuring SINUMERIK-specific lists. When the user has finished configuring, the complete SINUMERIK data base can be saved or a backup version can be loaded.

SIEMENS AG					SINP	S 231 bus ir	nterface
Version Version	Version of the global database: Version of the SINUMERIK database:						
		SINU	JMERIK PS	S Versio Date:	n : 7 24.11. 88		
F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8
VB_TAB	CONFIG.	LOAD DB	SAVE DB			READY	END

Fig. 4.1

Meanings of function keys

F1 VB_TAB

Go to screen form 2 "VB data table"

Screen form 2 provides the user with an overview of those modules transferred in the communication area to which machine types must be assigned.

4.1 Screen form 1: Initial form

F2 Config.

Go to screen form 3 "Configuring machine type".

The user skips screen form 2 and starts with screen form 3 to generate a new machine type, supplement or modify existing entries of machine types.

F3 LOAD DB

Load SINUMERIK database

or

F4 SAVE DB

Save SINUMERIK database The user can create a backup copy of all the data configured and load this data again for making changes or additions.

After operating F1 or F2, the user is requested to enter drive and user area of the data volume.

4.2 Screen form 2: VB data table

In the VB data table, the interrelation between NML configuration (node name, TSAP, etc.) and SINPS configuration (input/output list) is defined. Here, each machine name is assigned a node (module).

In screen form 2, the user is provided with an overview of the modules (CP 231 A) for which he has already generated the necessary communication files. Window 2 additionally shows the machines that have already been configured.

Window 2 is a selection window. Window 1 is an input window.

Layout of screen form:

VB data table SINEC / SINUMERIK-PS						RIK-PS		
Version of Version of	Version of the global database: xxx , Version of the SINUMERIK database: yyy						,	
Machine s	Machine selection TCon		Machine 1)	Node name 2)		Interface name		ICon
<window 2<="" td=""><td colspan="3">; <window 2=""></window></td><td><window 1<="" td=""><td> ></td><td></td><td></td><td>'</td></window></td></window>	; <window 2=""></window>			<window 1<="" td=""><td> ></td><td></td><td></td><td>'</td></window>	>			'
\ ⊢ ! ! !			;========== 					=======
MACHINE	2 === ==f 3 == CONFIG.	= ==f 4 === == LINE -	f 5 === ==f 6 = LINE +		r + f 8 		READY	RETURN
F 1 TRANSFER		LINE -	LINE +					RETURN

Fig. 4.2

Meanings of function keys

F 1 MACHINE LIST

Assign machine to the module selected

In window 1, the user first positions the cursor on the node/interface name he wants to assign to a machine using the double-line arrow keys.

Operate F1 - the cursor jumps to window 2. Now the cursor must be positioned on the desired machine and the entry transferred using F1 (2nd softkey level).

F 2 CONFIG.

Go to screen form 3 "Machine name configuration"

The user changes over to screen form 3 to start generating a new configuring data set from there.

F 3 LINE -

The cursor jumps down one line

F4 LINE +

The cursor jumps up one line

2nd level

F1 TRANSFER

The desired machine assignment is transferred in window 1.

4.3 Screen form 3: Interface configuring

Version o Version o	f the global c f the SINUM	latabase: ERIK datab	ase: 4				,
Machine	name	Date 1s	t change	Status			
Machine 1 Machine 2 Machine 3		04. 04. 89 04. 04. 89 04. 04. 89		okw/o okw/o illeg			
F1	F2	F3	 F4		 F6	F7	F8
NEW ENTRY	PROCESS	LINE -	LINE +		>>>		RETURN
F1	F2	F3 DELETE	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8
			:	:	>>>	:	RETURN

SINPS 231 bus interface

Fig. 4.3

Description of the columns in the working window

Machine name

The machines equipped with a CP 231 are listed here (collective name for list files).

Date: 1st change

Date of last change.

Status

okw/o - Entries in list OK, yet without format list okw - Entries in list OK, with format list illeg - Entries in lists illegal empty - No entry has yet been made in list



When returning to screen form numbers < 3, machine names with the status "empty" are omitted.



4 Description of the Screen Forms

4.3 Screen form 3: Interface configuring

Description of function keys

F1 NEW ENTRY

A new entry can be made in the entry line.

F2 PROCESS

Calling screen form 4, standard data table

F3 /F4 LINE - /LINE + Cursor control

Extended softkey bar

F3 DELETE

Delete machine name selected with cursor:Acknowledgewith F1 YES orabort DELETE functionwith F3 NO.

4.4 Screen form 4: Standard data table

Stand	dard d	ata table									SINPS	231
Glo	bal IUMEF	DB RIK DB	: V : V	IL :	Cui ? OL	rrent : + F	mach L: ?	ine:				
No.	1/0	FNo	Identif.	Stat	Sa Po	s.	-L	Cont.	Format	name	Sta	atus
1 2 3 4 5	 0 0	10 120 121 1 13	T OK X RF X RF R NS R OK	+ ??++		0 8 10	0 2 2	AA BB	XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX			? ? ? ?
F1	1	F2	F3		F4	 	F5		F6	F7	 F	-8
PROC	ESS			г ¦					1		RET	URN
F1		F2	F3		F4	F	5		 F6	F7	F	8
ENTR	RY I	CHANGE I	i	D	ELETE	PRI	NT	;	>>> 		RET	URN
L2	·		ا ب			·		<u>-</u>				
F1		F2	F3		F4		F5		F6	F7	F	8
IL/C)L I		FL	i		1		;	>>>	1	RET	URN
L3			↓_			Ţ			+			
F1	Ŧ	F2	F3		F4		F5		F6	F7	F	8
ENTR	I RY	FUNCTID	FUNCT.						>>>	 	RET	URN
L4					₩							
F1	1	F2	F3		F4	 	F5		F6	F7	F	8
SEAF	RCH	 	i LINE	- 1	LINE +	i		i	>>>	i I	RET	URN

L=Level

Description of 2nd context line

IL : ?	OL : +	FL :?
	? =	List not yet complete
	+ =	List complete

Description of columns in the working window

- No. Consecutive numbering of entries
- I/O Input or output message frame
- **F No** Function number A function number is assigned to each standard message frame which clearly identifies the frame. Numbers 101 ... 255 are reserved for user message frames.

(For function number and the associated identifier for standard message frames see Chapter 6 of the SINUMERIK 8x0 Computer Link Planning Guide.)

Identif. Identifier

The first six characters of the message frame identification.

(The structure of the user identification and the use of the wild card character "?" are explained in Chapter 6 of the SINUMERIK 8x0 Computer Link Planning Guide.)

Stat. Status

- ? List not complete
- + List complete

The next three lines are available for configuring the subaddresses. They are required for describing functions in more detail, i.e. functions with the same identifier are classified according to the subaddress.

Sa. - Pos.

L

Subaddress	position	- Specifies the 1st byte of the subaddress within the standard data.
Range:	0 7 255	No subaddress Subaddress starts at x
Length of the Range: 0 4	subaddress	

Cont. Contents of the subaddress Range: A ... Z; ?; 0 ... 9; (Note: Justify entry to left margin).

These fields are unassigned for output message frames. In the case of identical identifiers, the values for the subaddress position and subaddress length must also be identical.

Exampl	e:		
Ident.	Sa-Pos.	L	Cont.
XRF	10	2	AA
XRF	10	2	BB

Format name

The format name is a symbolic name under which a description of the message frame format can be entered in the format list.

The format list is used for analyzing the message frame transfer (precondition: text tools). It is only required by the SINT test software for displaying the recorded messages.

Stat. Status ? without format list + with format list

Description of function keys

Level 0:

F1 ... F4 Change over to other softkey levels

Level 1: Processing level

F1 NEW ENTRY

If entries have already been made, the entry from the internal input memory is displayed in the entry line. (This entry can be overwritten or acknowledged by F7 - a new line will be generated)

F2 CHANGE

Use cursor for selecting the line to be modified.

F4 DELETE

Use cursor to select line Acknowledge with F1 YES or abort with F3 NO.

F5 PRINT

All the data configured in the table of standard data are printed.

Level 2: List selection level

F1 EL/AL

Branching off to screen form 5 "Input list" or screen form 6 "Output list", depending on preselection through cursor.

F3 FL

Calling format list, screen form 8

4 Description of the Screen Forms

4.4 Screen form 4: Standard data table

Level 3: Sorting level

F1 SORT ENTRY

The table of standard data is sorted into input and output messages.

F2 SORT FUNCT._ID

Arranging in alphabetical order according to identifications

F3 SORT FUNCT._NO

Listing function numbers in ascending order

Level 4: Position search level

F1 SEARCH

In case of entries extending over several pages, a message frame can be searched for when specifying the function number and/or identification.

F3/4 LINE - / LINE +

Cursor control

4.5 Screen form 5: Input list 1 - Configuring

	Bus interface SINPS 231				
Cell 1 Jump ba Machine 1 current:	ck to: 2 X RF 2 X RF				
INPUT MESSAGE					
X RF Function I I: 8 SUBADD xxx	number: 120 R.Length: 2 SUBADDRCont.: AA				
: PLC1 : 1. : DB. 200 : MAG1 : DW 1	Message type : P (DB/DX 0 to 255)				
:.	Permissible data length : 100				
F4 F5	F6 F7 F8 T READY RETURN				
	Cell 1 Jump ba Machine 1 current: INPUT MESSAGE X RF Function 8 SUBADD xxx : PLC1 : 1. : DB. 200 : MAG1 : DW 1 : . F4 F5 DUS NEXT PRIN				

Description of the working window

In this screen form, the working window is subdivided into two areas. Entries from the standard data table appear in the upper half of the window. The lower half is used for direct display of data.

SINUMERIK unit

COM

} Address of receiver of message frame
PLC 1 ... PLC 4
(only PLC 1 with SINUMERIK 840)

Message type

S = Standard (processed by standard software) P = Configured user message frame (processed by user software)

r = configured user message frame (processed by ds

Interface number

0 ... 31 UI for frame type P UI = User interface (DB 101)

DB/DX address

DB 150 ... 255 DX 100 ... 255 DB or DX where net data is entered

Logical partner (target)

Symbolic name for destination of message frame (at present only evaluated in tool message frames)

DW address

Value: 1 255	Start of net data in DB/DX
--------------	----------------------------

Permissible data length

Value: 0 ... 999 Byte equal to or greater than length of net data in message frame

Description of function keys

F3 PREVIOUS

Returns to previous entry from the standard data table

F4 NEXT

Next entry in standard data table (possible to proceed to output list)

F5 PRINT

Prints complete input list, arranged according to standard data and symbolic interface identifiers (machine names)

F7 READY

Transfers input

4.6 Screen form 6: Output list - Configuring

Output list 1 - Configu	Bus interface	SINPS 231				
Manufacturing island Current machine:	: Cell 1 Machine 1	Jump back to: current:	4 R NS 4 R NS			
OUTPUT MESSAGE						
Identifier: Function number: Format name:	R NS 1 xxx					
Repetition Flag:00 = default, 1 = do no 2 = repeat onceTime_Inst:00 = default, 1 to 254Time_Resp:0			repeat me in sec, 255 = er	ndless		
F1 F2 F	F3 F4 REVIOUS NEXT	F5 PRINT	F6 F7 READY	F8 RETURN		

Description of the working window

As in case of the input list, the working window is subdivided into two areas. The upper half shows the entries made in the list of standard data. The lower half is intended for direct entries.

Repetition - Flag:

The job repetition flag indicates whether jobs are to be repeated. Default value = 0

Time - Inst

The job handling time is the maximum permissible time that may be used for processing a job. If this time is exceeded, the job is rejected with a negative acknowledgement. Default value:

Time - Resp

The job response time is the interval after which a job that has not been acknowledged is repeated. Default value:

Description of function keys

F3 PREVIOUS

Returns to previous entry from the standard data table

F4 NEXT

Next entry from standard data table

F5 PRINT

Prints complete output list, arranged according to standard data and symbolic interface identifiers (machine names)

F7 READY

Transfers input

4.7 Screen form 7: Format list - Configuring

The format list forms an auxiliary list for the SINT test software.

Format list - Configuring				Bus i	nterface SIN	IPS 231		
Manufact Current n	uring isl nachine	and	: Cell 1 : Machir	ne 1	Jump ba Format:	ack to:	1 TOK LINK	Status: +
No.	KF		C	omment		NF	WF	
1 2 3	0	CASSETTE LOCATOR NUMBER TOOL TYPE			F F C	1 1 10		
F1	F2	2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8
INSERT	CHAN	IGE	PREVIOUS	NEXT	PRINT	DELETE		RETURN

In the context line you will find:

Jump back to: message number and identifier Format: format name from the standard data table.

Description of the working window

- No. Continuous numbers are automatically generated by the software.
- KF Repetition factor for format display (not yet implemented)

Comment

Text describing message frame data which is output by the text software (when calling a message).

A maximum of 64 data records is possible.

- NF Net data format
- **F** 2 bytes are interpreted as 16-bit fixed point number
- **D** 4 bytes are interpreted as 32-bit fixed point number
- H 2 bytes are interpreted as hexadecimal number
- M 2 bytes are interpreted as bit pattern
- **C** xxx bytes are interpreted as ASCII characters

4.7 Screen form 7: Format list - Configuring

- **O** 6 bytes are interpreted as BCD code (leading zeroes blanked)
- **G** 6 bytes are interpreted as BCD code (with sign and decimal point)
- WF Repetition factor of net data format

Description of function keys

- F1 INSERT Insertion or new entry depending on cursor position
- F2 CHANGE Modify entry on which cursor is currently positioned
- F3 PREVIOUS Cursor control

NEXT

Cursor control

F5 PRINT

F4

Prints a list containing all format names

F6 DELETE

Note: Deletes the entire format list. Formatlink_ERROR is entered in the table of standard data. This entry is, however, of no consequence and can be overwritten.

5 Configuring Examples of User Message Frames

Tasks

A message frame is to be received from a partner station. The net data is stored (length 4 bytes) in data block 200 from DW 20 onwards. UI DB 101 are to be defined as the user interface.

PLC program



Additional task

A message frame is sent to another node via user interface . The output list, together with the relevant message (standard data table) has already been configured. Therefore only the PLC program must be extended.

Net data DB 201 from DW DB 102 UI DB 99 Set default for logic partner in OB 2

Structure of the user message frame:

X_SM_ _ _ < > ANNA









Now a test can be carried out using SIM 850.

Edit message frame:

TSAP name _ X _ RM _ _ _

A_1234

- DB 200 Net data DB DW 20 0004 Data length DW 21 3132 Net data
- DW 22 3334

05.90	
-------	--

OB 1				
SEGMENT 1 0006 0007 NAME 0008 0009	: JU FB 2 : USER M : : BE	0000 200 MESS.	COMPUTER LINK	PAGE 1
OB 20				
SEGMENT 1 0000	:	0000		LEN= 31 ABS PAGE 1
0001 0002 NAME	· FINR-D	B		
0003 DBAN	:	KY 99,1		
0004 DWNR	:	KF +255		
0005 DBTY	:	KS DB		
0006	:			
0007	: C	DB 99		
8000	:L .T	KS PL		
000A	: I • I			
	. L . Т			
000E	:L	KS FL	LOGIC PARTNER -	DESTINATION
0010	: T	DW 2	(Application relation)
0011	: L	KS R_		,
0013	: T	DW 3		
0014	: L	KH 0011	1st INTERFACE	
0016	: T	DW 4		
0017	:			
0018	:			
0019	: BE			

FB 200

SEGMENT 1 NAME : USE	R MESS.	0000)		PAGE	1
0005	: JU FB		11			
0006 NAME	: EINR-D	ЭB				
0007 DBAN	:	KY 2	200,2	NET DATA DB		
0008 DWNR	:	KF ·	+255			
0009 DBTY	:	KS	DB			
000A	:					
000B	: C	DB	101	USER INTERFACE		
000C	:			RECEIVE		
000D	: A	D	28.0			
000F	:=	Q	15.0	MESSAGE FRAME PRESEN	NT	
0010	:					
0011	: A	I	3.0	RESET UI 0		
0012	: R	D	28.0			
0014	:					
0015	:0	DB 1	102			
0016	:			IRANSMII		
0017	: L . T	KH t	0520			
0019	: I . I		32			
001A	. L . т		2020			
0010	. I . I		 ℃000			
001D	. L . т		25			
0016	. I		30			
0020	. c		201			
0021	. 0		201	NET DATA DB		
0022	• 1	кн (004			
0025	. с • т		0			
0026	·	KS /	AN			
0028	. с • т		1			
0029	: L	KS	AN			
002B	: T	DW	2			
002C	:		_			
002D	: C	DB [·]	102	UI SEND		
002E	:		-			
002F	: AN	I	3.1	INITIATE		
0030	: R	F ′	150.0			
0031	: A	1	3.1			
0032	: AN	F ′	150.0	EDGE EVALUATION		
0033	: S	D	28.0			
0035	:					
0036	: A	1	3.1			
0037	: S	F ′	150.0			
0038	:					
0039	: BE					

ABS

LEN= 63